AGENDA



CITY OF HOPEWELL

Hopewell, Virginia 23860

AGENDA

(804) 541-2249

www.hopewellva.gov info@hopewellva.gov rarrington@hopewellva.gov

CITY COUNCIL

Jasmine E. Gore, Mayor, Ward #4
Patience Bennett, Vice Mayor, Ward #7
Debbie Randolph, Councilor, Ward #1
Arlene Holloway, Councilor, Ward #2
John B. Partin, Jr., Councilor, Ward #3
Janice Denton, Councilor, Ward #5
Brenda S. Pelham, Councilor, Ward #6

John M. Altman, Jr., City Manager Sandra. Robinson, City Attorney Ronnieye L. Arrington, City Clerk

July 23, 2019

COUNCIL CHAMBERS 300 N MAIN ST. HOPEWELL VA

Special Meeting: 6:30 PM

OPEN SPECIAL MEETING

6:30 p.m. Call to order, roll call, and welcome to visitors

Unfinished Business

UB-1 Modification of Existing Construction Contract

ISSUE: City Contract 10-18 was awarded in the amount of \$271,895.00 to complete two (2) separate VDOT Revenue Sharing Projects. During the execution of the first project (Route 156 Culvert Repair and Extension) unknown site conditions warranted additional storm drainage and slope repairs within the project limits. This additional work did not exceed the original contract value, but will exceed the modification increase of twenty-five (25) percent of the amount of the original contract once the second planned project (Industrial Street Turn Lane and Circle Improvements) is completed. Staff is seeking an additional \$77,686.90 above the allowable twenty-five (25) percent increase to offset the additional unexpected work and complete the second project. The required funds are in the recently approved FY 2020 Capital Improvement Program for VDOT Match Projects and was included as the number one priority project.

MOTION:							

Roll Call

<u>UB-2</u> Vote to approve the proposed Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) FY 2019-2020 Budget

ISSUE: The City of Hopewell has been notified that it will receive \$190,398 in CDBG funding for the FY 2018-2019. City Staff has reviewed all applications for funding submitted by various agencies and have developed a proposed CDBG budget for City Council's

consideration. City Administration provided City Council with three priorities for the 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan. They are housing /homelessness, early childhood development, and elder care. Funding recommendations for the upcoming year are based on these goals. The 19-20 Annual Action Plan describes the projects that will be funded in the fourth year of the Consolidated Plan.

MOTION:
Roll Call
Special Business
CAFR Update – FY2015 – Cherry Beckaert (include transmittal files, SEFAs)
ISSUE: Request previous auditors provide information and respond to Council questions regarding the FY2015 CAFR.
MOTION:
Roll Call
CAFR Update – FY2016 – PB Mares (include transmittal files, SEFAs)
ISSUE: Request auditors provide information and respond to Council questions regarding the FY2016 CAFR.
MOTION:
Roll Call
CAFR Update – FY2017 – PB Mares (include transmittal files, SEFAs)
ISSUE: Request auditors provide information and respond to Council questions regarding the FY2017 CAFR.

	MOTION:
	Roll Call
SB-5	Audit Update – CAFRs
	ISSUE: The City Manager and Finance Director are asked to provide an update on items that could not be updated on the 2017 CAFR.
	MOTION:
	Roll Call
<u>SB-</u> 6	Strategic Plan
	ISSUE: Request that Council determine a deadline for staff to complete draft tasks, costs, and time frame for items listed by Council in Part II of the Strategic Plan Advance. Request that Council set a work session to review cost and time frame to determine level of priority and approval.
	MOTION:
	Roll Call
SB-7	State of the City Address
	ISSUE: This item was in process prior to the Town Halls, but was never actually completed. Request that Council select a new date to conduct this event.
	MOTION:

SB-4 Audit Update – CPMT/CSA Office

SB-8 "I Love Hopewell" National Night Out City Council contribution.

ISSUE: The City Council Workforce Intern has been working with Hopewell citizens and City staff to develop the "I Love Hopewell" Community Showcase. City Council has been briefed on the idea to create a showcase to be supportive of the National League of Cities (NLC) Summer of Love- I Love My City initiative. This initiative is asking for all member City's to encourage civic engagement, work towards building a community for all generations, uplifting legacy cities and ensuring housing for all.

MOTION: _			

Roll Call

Reports of City Council:

Individual Councilors

- IR-1 Gore/Pelham Request a July 9th or 23rd Work Session with Financial auditors PB Mares for City Council to be briefed on FY17 audit results. Include staff briefing on Fy15, Fy16, Fy17-Fy19 Audits. To include Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)'s & consequences for that finial report not being completed. To include individual cost for each CAFR to date. (to include outside staff/temps not previously within Finance Department FY15-16 audits in particular) To include how many separate financial management systems are utilized by City Staff outside of MUNIS, and which ones do not currently integrate with the City's Financial System.
- IR-2 Gore/Pelham Request City Council vote to begin addressing material weaknesses found in City Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports (CAFR) and/or any other office/department audit immediately, as opposed to waiting until the FY19 or FY20 audit is completed as suggested and supported by some members of City Council. Council to begin with addressing repeat audit findings. Refer to previous Agenda Packets and IR Requests to address specific audit findings, accounts and departments to no avail. Request Council hire an internal auditor
- IR-3 Gore/Pelham Request City Council hire an internal auditor to begin work immediately on consolidating and investigating Council on audit findings and to provide an overview of the liabilities posed by not addressing material weaknesses and poor audit findings. Present plan on how to provide internal control structures/measures for Council to provide efficient finical oversight and to place the City in a better management status for upcoming financial/program audits.
- **IR-4 Gore** Request City Council adopt a citywide policy that requires monthly reconciliation of all public accounts and the elimination of budget transfers between City Departments.

Records must be supplied to City Council Finance Committee for review and then disseminated to all members of City Council. Request draft be submitted to City Council for review at July 9th Regular Meeting- at the start of the FY20 Fiscal year that begins on July 1st.

IR-5 Gore - Request all internal city policies existing policies and procedures over the billing, third-party booking, collections and accounting functions of the Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Storm Water Fund, social services department, and Beacon Theatre Fund. Request all internal city policies pertaining to all forms of reconciliations (credit card/account, etc.), repeated purchasing from same vendor/store (threshold/frequency) and requirements for supporting documents and/or purchase justifications. Deadline to submit to Council July 8th.

Citizen/Councilor Requests

Adjournment

UNFINISHED BUSINESS

UB-1



Councilor John B. Partin, Ward #3

Mayor Jasmine Gore, Ward #4

CITY OF HOPEWELL CITY COUNCIL ACTION FORM

Vice Mayor Patience Bennett, Ward #7

rategic Operating Plan Vision Theme: Civic Engagement Culture & Recreation Economic Development Education Housing Safe & Healthy Environment None (Does not apply)	Order of Business: Consent Agenda Public Hearing Presentation-Boards/Commissions Unfinished Business Citizen/Councilor Request Regular Business Reports of Council Committees	Action: Approve and File Take Appropriate Action Receive & File (no motion required) Approve Ordinance 1 st Reading Approve Ordinance 2 nd Reading Set a Public Hearing Approve on Emergency Measure
COUNCIL AGENDA ITEM T Modification of Existing Constru		
separate VDOT Revenue Sharin Culvert Repair and Extension) uslope repairs within the project I value, but will exceed the modification original contract once the second Improvements) is completed. Street, twenty-five (25) percent increases second project. The required further Program for VDOT Match Project.	yas awarded in the amount of \$27 g Projects. During the execution of nknown site conditions warranted slimits. This additional work did not ication increase of twenty-five (25) and planned project (Industrial Staff is seeking an additional \$77 see to offset the additional unexpends are in the recently approved Focts and was included as the number of recommends modification of the	of the first project (Route 156 additional storm drainage and of exceed the original contract percent of the amount of the street Turn Lane and Circle (686.90 above the allowable exted work and complete the Y 2020 Capital Improvement one priority project.
	twenty-five (25) percent increase to	
TIMING: Staff is seeking apprexecuted and work started.	roval on July 9, 2019 so that the	contract modification can be
BACKGROUND: Virginia Pub	lic Procurement Act § 2.2-4309	
ENCLOSED DOCUMENTS:		
• None		
STAFF:		
SUMMARY:		
Y N Councilor Debbie Randolph, Ward #1 Councilor Arlene Holloway, Ward #2		anice Denton, Ward #5 Brenda Pelham, Ward #6

Austin Anderson, Construction Manager

FOR	IN	MEE'	TING	USE	ONL	Y
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MODION	
MOTION:	
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Roll Call

SUMMARY:

Councilor Debbie Randolph, Ward #1 Councilor Arlene Holloway, Ward #2

Councilor John B. Partin, Ward #3

Mayor Jasmine Gore, Ward #4

Councilor Janice Denton, Ward #5 Councilor Brenda Pelham, Ward #6

Vice Mayor Patience Bennett, Ward #7

UB-2



CITY OF HOPEWELL CITY COUNCIL ACTION FORM

Strategic Operating Plan Vision Theme:	Order of Business:	Action:
Civic Engagement	Consent Agenda	Approve and File
⊠Culture & Recreation	☐Public Hearing	
Economic Development	Presentation-Boards/Commissions	Receive & File (no motion required)
Education	Unfinished Business	Approve Ordinance 1 st Reading
⊠Housing	Citizen/Councilor Request	Approve Ordinance 2 nd Reading
Safe & Healthy Environment	⊠Regular Business	Set a Public Hearing
None (Does not apply)	Reports of Council Committees	Approve on Emergency Measure

COUNCIL AGENDA ITEM TITLE:

Vote to approve the proposed Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) FY 2019-2020 Budget

ISSUE: The City of Hopewell has been notified that it will receive \$190,398 in CDBG funding for the FY 2018-2019. City Staff has reviewed all applications for funding submitted by various agencies and have developed a proposed CDBG budget for City Council's consideration. City Administration provided City Council with three priorities for the 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan. They are housing /homelessness, early childhood development, and elder care. Funding recommendations for the upcoming year are based on these goals. The 19-20 Annual Action Plan describes the projects that will be funded in the fourth year of the Consolidated Plan.

RECOMMENDATION: Re-appropriate \$62,961.12 of CDBG dollars. Approve and appropriate a total of \$253,359.12 for the FY2019-2020 CDBG Budget, and authorize the City Manager to submit the 2019-2020 Action Plan to the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

TIMING: City Council action is requested on July 23, 2019.

BACKGROUND: The City of Hopewell is a HUD entitlement community. Each year the City receives funding through the CDBG. Every five years the City must undergo a rigorous public input process to update the goals and priorities of the CDBG program. This process was completed in 2014. Each year a public hearing must be held by City Council to consider citizen comments regarding the proposed CDBG budget.

ENCLOSED DOCUMENTS:

- Proposed Budget Resolution
- Power Point Presentation

STAFF: Tevya W. Griffin, Director of Development Bill Dore, Housing and Grants Coordinator

SUMMARY:

Y N

Councilor Debbie Randolph, Ward #1

Councilor Arlene Holloway, Ward #2

□ Councilor John B. Partin, Ward #3
□ Mayor Jasmine Gore, Ward #4

Y N

□ □ Councilor Janice Denton, Ward #5
□ □ Councilor Brenda Pelham, Ward #6

□ □ Vice Mayor Patience Bennett, Ward #7

FOR IN MEETING USE ONLY

MOTION:		 	

Roll Call

SUMMARY:

N Councilor Debbie Randolph, Ward #1 Councilor Arlene Holloway, Ward #2

- Councilor John B. Partin, Ward #3
- Mayor Jasmine Gore, Ward #4

N

- Councilor Janice Denton, Ward #5
- Councilor Brenda Pelham, Ward #6
- Vice Mayor Patience Bennett, Ward #7

Community Development Block Grant Funding

Fiscal Year 2019-2020

Mission of HUD

HUD's mission is to create strong, sustainable, inclusive communities and quality affordable homes for all

Strategic Goals of the City Council (Adopted September 2014) Pertaining to CDBG Funding

- City Beautification
 - Rehabilitation of Housing
 - Education, primarily adult and pre-school literacy
 - Household Services including elderly and disabled
 - Public Safety

Impact of Federal Budget Increases

- Increase in total funding of 7.1 percent or \$12,550
- ▶ Public Service Funds increased \$1,882 (capped at 15% of total allocation)
- Administrative funds increased \$2,509 (capped at 20% of total allocation)
- ▶ Other funds are applied based on remaining amounts

FY 2019-2020 Proposed Budget

Budget Item	Amount by Rule	Funding Recommended	Change	Comments
HUD Allocation	\$190,398	\$190,398	0.0%	No Comments
Public Service at 15%	\$28,559	\$28,553	<0.1%	These items typically support homeless prevention, homelessness programs, victims of violence and potential child abuse and elderly projects
Administrative Planning	\$38,079	\$38,079	0.0%	Technical training of non-profits, numerous new HUD regulations to create operating procedures to be enacted,
Remaining Balance for Housing Rehabilitation	\$123,760	\$123,766	0.0%	Rehabilitate Housing for Qualified Owner- Occupants

HOWEVER Re-purposed Funds from Previous Years

- We are de-obligating funds that HUD has ruled have been for ineligible activities in the amount of 62,961.12. These funds will be re-allocated for use in FY 2019-2020. Funds for both Public Service and Administrative purposes are capped based on the actual allocation from HUD.
- Total APPROPRIATION IS \$253,359.12 for FY 2019-2020

FY 2019-2020 Proposed Budget

Budget Item	Amount by Rule	Funding Recommended	Change	Comments
HUD Allocation	\$190,398	\$253,359.12	10.0%	No Comments
Public Service at 15%	\$28,559	\$28,553	<0.1%	These items typically support homeless prevention, homelessness programs, victims of violence and potential child abuse and elderly projects
Administrative Planning	\$38,079	\$38,079	0.0%	Technical training of non-profits, numerous new HUD regulations to create operating procedures to be enacted.
Remaining Balance for Housing Rehabilitation	\$123,760	186,727.12	2.8%	Rehabilitate Housing for Qualified Owner-Occupants
Disaster Recovery (Preventive Measure)	\$0.00	\$0.00	0.0%	The activity is in our budget in case we have a disaster that HUD funds might be utilized in the future. Helps cut red tape.

2019-2020 Appropriation Recommendations



Public Service Funds (\$26,667)

Recommended Amount	Project	Organization	Description	Goal
\$4,079	Yellow Card Program	Hopewell Food Pantry (CD911)	Provides food on a monthly basis to seniors and disabled persons in Hopewell	Household Services
\$4,079	Respite Care Program - Elderly	Recs and Parks, City of Hopewell (CD909)	Provides funds for recreation, day care, education and cultural activities to the elderly and disabled their care givers	Household Services - Disabled and Elderly
\$4,079	Home Visitation	Hopewell-Prince Georges County Health Families (CD905)	Provides funds for early intervention to reduce incidences of child abuse in "at-risk"	Household Services

Public Service Funds (\$ 26,667)

Recommended Amount	Project	Organization	Description	Goal
\$4,079	Women's and Children's Shelters	CARES, Inc. (CD906)	Provides funds to provide emergency shelter for homeless women and children	Family Services
\$4,079	Domestic Violence Intervention	The James House (CD907)	Provides housing assistance and case management support for victims and families of violence.	Family Services
\$4,079	Family Resource Center	STORY (Formerly HRHA but now in a separate non-profit under HRHA umbrella (CD923)	Assists public housing residents in obtaining job skills as they work toward self-sufficiency	Family Services
\$4,079	Permanent Supportive Housing	COMMONWEALTH CATHOLIC CHARITIES (CD924)	Provides funds to prevent homelessness and to rapidly re-house households that have become homeless	Household Services

Housing Rehabilitation Funds (\$100,000)

Recommended Amount	Project	Organization	Description	Goal
\$93,363.56	Housing Rehabilitation	Rebuilding Together of Richmond (CD920)	Provides grant funds to rehabilitate homes owned by income eligible homeowner households	City Beautification; Neighborhood Revitalization
\$93,363.56	Emergency Housing Rehabilitation	PROJECT: Homes (CD919)	Provides grant funds to rehabilitate homes owned by income eligible homeowner households	City Beautification; Neighborhood Revitalization

General Administrative Funds (\$35,570)

Recommended Amount	Project	Organization	Description	Goal
\$38,079	General Administration	City of Hopewell- Department of Development (CD901)	Provides funds to manage all aspects of grants management for HUD funds including budgeting, written agreements, reporting, compliance management and monitoring, advertising and fair housing.	Maintain effective government with optimal management and service practices, fully compliant with federal programs

Recommendations

- 1. De-Obligate and Appropriate \$62,961.12 from previous years for FY 2019-2020
- 2. Approve our Fifth-Year Annual Action Plan with the Appropriations as presented
- 3. Provide Council Authorization for City Manager to submit the Fifth-Year Annual Action Plan to the Department of Housing and Urban Development

Department of Development

Tevya Griffin - Director

Thank You

SPECIAL MEETING

SB-1



□ □ Mayor Jasmine Gore, Ward #4

CITY OF HOPEWELL CITY COUNCIL ACTION FORM

tegic Operating Plan Vision Theme: Evic Engagement Sulture & Recreation Sconomic Development Sulture ducation Story Stor	Order of Business: Consent Agenda Public Hearing Presentation-Boards/Commissions Unfinished Business Citizen/Councilor Request Regular Business Reports of Council Committees	Action: Approve and File Take Appropriate Action Receive & File (no motion required) Approve Ordinance 1 st Reading Approve Ordinance 2 nd Reading Set a Public Hearing Approve on Emergency Measure
COUNCIL AGENDA ITEM T	TTLE:	
CAFR Update - FY2015 - Cher	ry Beckaert (include transmittal file	es, SEFAs)
ISSUE: Request previous au regarding the FY2015 CAFR.	ditors provide information and re	espond to Council questions
RECOMMENDATION:		
TIMING:		
BACKGROUND:		
ENCLOSED DOCUMENTS:		
• 2015 CAFR		
STAFF:		
John M. Altman, Jr., City Manag Michael Terry, Finance Director		
MOTION:	FOR IN MEETING USE ONLY	
Roll Call		
SUMMARY: Y N Councilor Debbie Randolph, Ward # Councilor Arlene Holloway, Ward #2 Councilor John B. Partin, Ward #3	2 🗆 🗆 Councilor I	fanice Denton, Ward #5 Brenda Pelham, Ward #6 r Patience Bennett, Ward #7

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Prepared by City of Hopewell, Virginia Department of Finance

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL (as of June 30, 2015)

Brenda S. Pelham, Mayor

Christina J. Luman-Bailey, Vice-Mayor

Jasmine E. Gore Arlene Holloway

Anthony Zevgolis K. Wayne Walton

Jackie M. Shornnak

CITY OFFICIALS (as of June 30, 2015)

Mark A. Haley, City Manager

Charles E. Dane, Assistant City Manager

David C. Fratarcangelo, City Attorney

Cynthia Y. Ames, City Clerk

Teresa L. Batton, City Treasurer

Debra A. Reason, Commissioner of Revenue

Richard K. Newman, Commonwealth's Attorney

Tamara J. Ward, Clerk of Circuit Court

Luther Sodat, Sheriff

Dr. John Fahey, Superintendent of Schools

Tevya W. Griffin, Director of Development

Raymond W. Spicer, Director of Social Services

Edward O. Watson, Director of Public Works

Eugenia E. Grandstaff, Director of Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility & Sewer System

Aaron A. Reidmiller, Director of Recreation

Donald R. Hunter, II, Chief, Fire Department

John F. Keohane, Chief, Police Department

Jerry L. Whitaker, CPA, Director of Finance

Herbert Bragg, Director of Governmental Affairs

Gail F. Vance, Director of Human Resources

MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL (as of August 31, 2017)

Jackie M. Shornak, Mayor

Jasmine E. Gore, Vice-Mayor

Christina J. Luman-Bailey Arlene Holloway

Anthony Zevgolis Janice Denton

Christina J. Luman-Bailey

CITY OFFICIALS (as of August 31, 2017)

Mark A. Haley, City Manager

Charles E. Dane, Assistant City Manager

Stefan M. Calos, City Attorney

Ronnieye L. Arrington, City Clerk

Teresa L. Batton, City Treasurer

Debra A. Reason, Commissioner of Revenue

Richard K. Newman, Commonwealth's Attorney

Tamara J. Ward, Clerk of Circuit Court

Luther Sodat, Sheriff

Dr. Melody D Hackney, Superintendent of Schools

Tevya W. Griffin, Director of Development

Raymond W. Spicer, Director of Social Services

Edward O. Watson, Director of Public Works

Eugenia E. Grandstaff, Director of Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility & Sewer System

Aaron A. Reidmiller, Director of Recreation

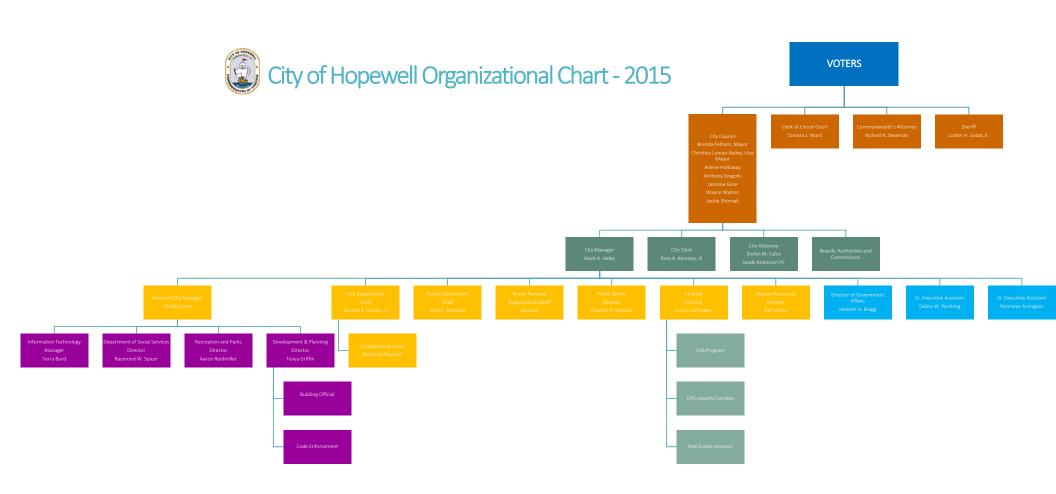
Donald R. Hunter, II, Chief, Fire Department

John F. Keohane, Chief, Police Department

Lance W. Wolff, CPA, Interim Director of Finance

Herbert Bragg, Director of Governmental Affairs

Renia Coles, Director of Human Resources





Mark A. Haley City Manager

mhaley@hopewellva.gov p: 804.541.2243 f: 804.541.2248 August 31, 2017

The Honorable Members of City Council City of Hopewell, Virginia:

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Hopewell, Virginia (the City) for the year ended June 30, 2015 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management of the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of federal financial assistance, findings and questioned costs, and independent auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in a compliance section.

The financial reporting entity includes all funds of the primary government (i.e., the City), as well as the component units for which the City is financially accountable. Effective June 30, 2003, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board titled Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments Financial Reporting Entity. Statement No. 34 established new standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The most significant changes resulting from the application of this statement was to include two additional financial statements: Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities along with management's discussion and analysis.

The City is governed by the city manager-city council form of government, whereby the city manager is responsible for carrying out the policy decisions of city council. City department directors manage individual departments and report to the city manager. Hopewell has two separate component units-Hopewell Schools and Comprehensive Services Act Board.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; sanitation services; health and social services; construction/maintenance of roads, streets, and other infrastructure; cultural events; and, recreational activities. In addition to these general government activities, the Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility is also a part of the primary government and is included in the reporting entity.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Hopewell is located approximately 25 miles southeast of Richmond, Virginia, the state capital. The City is considered developed out with respect to land use, except for several industrial zoned sites. Almost all new residential development is fill-in because the City has no large undeveloped land parcels. Until such time that the state General Assembly grants additional taxing authority, removes the annexation moratorium, assumes funding responsibility for state mandated services or some combination thereof, the City's revenue potential will remain limited. Hopewell is reported as one of the top ten fiscally stressed cities within the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The City has joined thirteen other Virginia cities to form the Virginia First Cities Coalition. This group is gathering and providing data to the General Assembly on the needs and issues facing Virginia's older inner cities. The issues facing this group are unique to older inner cities and not counties in Virginia and the General Assembly must address these problems. The City is poised for significant improvements in economic development in the near future.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The list below highlights some of the City's achievements/events for 2015:

- Defeated legislation eliminating Machinery & Tools Tax, saving city approximately \$5 million.
- Continued progress on police station design (90% complete) and fire station design (60%) for public safety building.

Commissioner of Revenue

• Received public service award from IRS for implementation of state VITA program.

Finance

• Completed implementation of a new MUNIS financial system replacing several software systems with one system to handle a majority of citywide operational and reporting needs

Fire

• Purchased two new fire equipment vehicles utilizing lease-purchase financing.

Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility

• Began construction on both Phase II nitrogen reduction project and sewage sludge incinerator (air pollution control) upgrade project.

Neighborhood Assistance and Planning

• Adopted new floodplain ordinance and maps in compliance with FEMA regulations.

Police

- 12% reduction in violent crime due to historic lows in aggravated assaults and robberies.
- Initiated new citywide radio project with estimated completion in January 2016.

Public Works

- Established storm water utility fee program.
- Continued implementation of pavement management program with major rehabilitation of streets.

Recreation & Parks

• Received the 2015 Playful Cities USA designation.

Human Resources

• Obtained more cost effective health insurance (health, dental and vision) for city and employees.

Social Services

 Met or exceeded state performance measures for timeliness and accuracy (97%) of processing applications for SNAP assistance.

Economic Development & Tourism

• Completed Ashland grant and expansion at \$92 million and completed preliminary deal on The Boathouse restaurant development.

• Completed deals for Luck Barbershop Building, Navigator's Den, and Broyhill Property.

Public Schools

- Fully implemented and converted to new HCPS accounting system.
- Increased SOL test results in most subjects and on-time graduation rates (from 80.5% to 81.9%).
- Completed fiber project and implementation of Wi-Fi wireless access in 100% of classrooms.
- Issued computer tablets to all 5th and 9th grade students.

External partnerships include:

Hopewell On-line – Hopewell is among the Tri-City area governments with local information on the Internet. Hopewell's home page is constantly expanding to include not only information about local government, but also links to their agencies, businesses, and organizations in Hopewell. It is a true partnership effort; check it out at http://www.hopewellva.gov.

Internal partnerships include:

Vision Committee – This is a standing committee whose primary charge is selecting an "employee of the quarter award"; "the spark plug award" which recognizes an individual for his/her contribution, and the "touch of class award" which recognizes a group or team for its contribution to a problem solution.

ASP-PROS – City staff engaged in administrative functions from a cross section of all departments routinely meet to receive training and exchange ideas and networking.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

City Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by City management.

As part of the City's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 will be provided under separate reporting.

Budgetary Controls

The City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. Activities of the general fund and special revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at departmental level within an individual fund. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Appropriations, except for encumbrances and project-length capital projects, lapse at year-end.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

General Governmental Functions

Total revenues from governmental funds, which includes the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds plus the School Board and the Comprehensive Services Act Board component units were approximately \$104,930,000 in 2015. This represents an increase of approximately \$4,860,000 from last year. Property taxes, other local taxes, and intergovernmental revenues accounted for approximately 90% of revenues in the governmental funds.

Assessed real property valuations of \$1,523,579,400 were consistent with the prior year. Current real property tax collections were 96.41% of the tax levy, which was a 3.6% increase in last year's ratio of 93.02%.

Total expenditures from governmental funds, which include General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects plus the School Board and Comprehensive Services Act Board component units, approximated \$109,650,000 in 2015. This represents an increase of approximately \$4,300,000, or 4.1%, over 2014.

Further detailed analysis of revenues and expenditures can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis section of this report

Fund Balances

Fund balances in the major operating funds were maintained at adequate levels. The General Fund balance saw a decrease this year. The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,231,581 on June 30, 2015. This represents a decrease of \$1,063,182. Obligated fund balances included: \$62,771 for non-spendable inventory, assigned fund balances include: \$400,000 for cemetery perpetual care, \$657,357 for fire equipment replacement, \$4,841,760 for a rainy day emergency fund, \$668,075 for the self-insurance fund, and \$1,316,500 for next year's budget.

The Virginia Public Assistance Fund's assigned fund balance was \$321,735 at year end.

Capital Projects Fund expenditures amounted to \$11,701,446, of which \$6,797,097 was spent on community development and infrastructure improvements and \$4,904,349 was for long-term debt service.

The fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund at June 30, 2015 was \$20,024,928, of which \$8,941,242 was assigned for bond proceeds for construction projects.

Proprietary Funds

The City's enterprise operations are comprised of four separate and distinct funds: the Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility Fund, the Sewer Service Fund, the Solid Waste Fund, and the Beacon Theater. Each activity is operated without any inter-fund transfers from the General Fund.

The Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility Fund had an increase in net position of \$21,777,364 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Sewer Service Fund had a decrease in net position of \$1,030,921 with unrestricted net position of \$16,859,921 as of June 30, 2015. The Solid Waste Fund had a decrease in net position of \$360,900, leaving unrestricted net position of \$1,459,553 as of June 30, 2015. The Storm Water Fund had an increase in net position of \$823,487, leaving unrestricted net position of \$823,487 as of June 30, 2015. The Beacon Theatre Fund had an increase in net position of \$158,492 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Debt Administration

40

The ratio of bonded debt to assessed valuation of taxable real property and the amount of bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the City's debt position to the City management, citizens, and investors. This data for the City at the end of fiscal year 2015 was as follows:

		Ratio of Debt	
	<u>Amount</u>	to Assessed <u>Value</u>	Debt per <u>Capita</u>
Bonded Debt	\$ 63,229,416	4.79%	\$ 2,799

Of the General Obligation bonded debt outstanding at June 30, 2015, \$23,592,601 was School bonds, \$2,547,600 was School literary loans, and \$37,010,075 represented City public improvement bonds. In addition to the bonded debt, general long-term obligations of the City at June 30, 2015 include \$973,828 for compensated absences, \$592,626 for landfill closure maintenance costs, \$14,106,970 for net pension liability, \$5,628,664 for OPEB liability and \$79,140 in unamortized bond premium.

Prospects for the Future

City Council adopted a budget of \$117,227,800 for its general governmental funds (General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Component Units, and Capital Projects Fund) for fiscal year 2016.

OTHER INFORMATION

Management, discussion and Analysis

Further detailed analysis review of the City's audited financial report can be found in the MD&A section of this report. The purpose of the MD&A is for management to summarize and report activities in more detail than you will find in the audit report, itself.

Independent Audit

City Manager

State Statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Cherry Bekaert LLP was selected by the City's audit committee. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and related OMB Circular A-133. The report of the independent auditor on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The report of the independent auditor related specifically to the Single Audit will be issued under separate reporting.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This report could not have been prepared and completed without a great deal of cooperation and assistance by the staff in a number of City departments and the Finance Department wishes to thank them. We would like to express our appreciation to the staff members of the Department of Finance who had a primary role in the preparation of this report. We also wish to thank the Commissioner of the Revenue, the City Treasurer, their staffs and members of the Real Estate Assessor's Office and the Department of Development who provided invaluable assistance in the preparation of this report. Finally, we would like to thank the Mayor and members of City Council for their continued interest in and support for planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in an efficient, responsible, and responsive manner.

Interim Director of Finance

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Hopewell, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hopewell, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and qualified audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit	Type of Opinion
Governmental Activities	Unmodified
Business-type Activities	Qualified
Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units	Unmodified
Governmental Fund – General Fund	Unmodified
Governmental Fund – Virginia Public Assistance Fund	Unmodified
Governmental Fund – Capital Projects Fund	Unmodified

Opinion Unit Type of Opinion

Enterprise Fund – Hopewell Regional Wastewater

Treatment Facilities Fund ("HRWTF")

Enterprise Fund – Sewer Service Fund

Enterprise Fund – Solid Waste Fund

Enterprise Fund – Storm Water Fund

Enterprise Fund – Beacon Theatre Fund

Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

Qualified

Unmodified

Unmodified

Unmodified

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Business-type Activities, HRWTF Fund and Sewer Service Fund

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, City management could not accurately determine the total amount of the business-type activities, the HRWTF Fund and the Sewer Service Fund changes in net position related to the revenue transaction cycle. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require net position at the end of a fiscal year to equal the years beginning net position plus the changes in net position occurring during the year. For the three opinion units noted, the City recorded unsupported adjustments to the yearly activity to enable net position at June 30, 2015 per the Statement of Net Position to equal net position per the Statement of Activities and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The amount by which this departure would affect the operating revenues, credits issued, bad debt expense, accounts receivables, unearned revenues and refund credits payable and related net position of the business-type activities, HRWTF Fund and Sewer Service Fund has not been substantiated.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Business-type Activities, HRWTF Fund and Sewer Service Fund* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities, HRWTF Fund and Sewer Service Fund of the City as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each governmental major fund, the Solid Waste Fund, the Storm Water Fund, the Beacon Theatre Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Notes 1 and 16 to the basic financial statements, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, effective July 1, 2014. As a result, related net position has been restated. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the net position as of June 30, 2014 of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the HRWTF Fund, the Sewer Service Fund, the Beacon Theatre Fund, and the School Board discretely presented component unit has been restated from the City's previously issued financial statements to reflect the correction of errors. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the Required Supplementary Information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Other Supplementary Information, and Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Other Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such Other Supplementary Information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such Other Supplementary Information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia August 31, 2017

Cheny Behart CCP

City of Hopewell, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

The Honorable Members of City Council:

This section of the City of Hopewell, Virginia's comprehensive annual financial report presents our management discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, notes to financial statements, and schedules, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (amounts rounded)

- Total net position for the City's Primary Government was \$68.2 million. Of this total, \$53.0 million was related to business-type activities.
- In the City's business-type activities, total operating and non-operating revenues plus capital contributions were \$45.7 million and total operating and non-operating expenses were \$23.8 million.
- The total cost of all the City's programs and services was \$80.4 million.
- During this year, the net position of the City's governmental activities decreased by \$.9 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts — management's discussion and analysis this section, the basic financial statements, required supplementary, and an optional section that presents the combining statements for non-major governmental funds and internal service funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present a different view of the City:

- The first two statements are the government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental funds statements tell how the general government services like public safety, public works and social services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant, Sewer Services, and Solid Waste operations.
 - ➤ Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships like the City's Special Welfare Fund in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to who the resources in question belong.

The financial statements include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

Ma	aior Features of City of H	Figure A-1 opewell Government-Wid	de and Fund Financial S	tatements
IVIC	ajor i catares or Oity Of Fi	Spewen Sovernment-vvii	Fund Statements	шыны
Coope	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds The activities of the	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds Instances in which
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses: solid waste, sewer services	the City is trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 	Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or sooner thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the City's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow of information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they changed. Net position — the difference between the City's assets and liabilities — is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, changes in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base or the condition of the City's streets or roads.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into three categories:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, public works, parks, and social services departments, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance the biggest share of these activities.
- Business-Type Activities The City charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The City's Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Plant, Sewer Services, Solid Waste, and Storm Water activities are included here. The Beacon Theatre is also included as a blended component unit in the Business-type activities section of the government-wide financial statements.
- Component Units The City includes two other entities in its report The Hopewell City School Board and the Comprehensive Services Act Board. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the City is financially accountable for them and there is a financial benefit/burden relationship with the City.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds — not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and others by legal requirements.
- The City Council may establish other funds to control and manage monies for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

The City has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds' statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like government-wide statements, provide both short-term and long-term financial information. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
- Fiduciary Funds The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the Special Welfare and the Healthy Families' Funds. It is responsible for these assets because of a trust arrangement; they can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities and Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities. These activities are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City reports under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), which requires the City to present comparative data for the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

Table A-1 summarizes the City's Statement of Net Position:

Table A-1

City of Hopewell, Virginia Summary of Net Position As of June 30, 2015

													Total
		Govern	me nt	al		Busines	ss-Ty	pe					Percentage
		Activ	ities			Activ	vities			To		Change	
		2014 *		2015		2014 *		2015		2014 *		2015	
Current and other assets	\$ 46,266,726 \$ 46,989,221 \$		\$	31,215,937	\$	40,088,694	\$	77,482,663	\$	87,077,915	12.38%		
Capital assets		66,669,512		67,345,369		41,970,850		60,752,815		108,640,362		128,098,184	17.91%
Total Assets		112,936,238	114,334,590			73,186,787		100,841,509		186,123,025		215,176,099	
Deferred outflows of		1,711,378		4,131,263		286,248		351,213		1,997,626		4,482,476	124.39%
Current Liabilities		5,939,344		3,386,622		3,613,326		4,020,456		9,552,670		7,407,078	(22.46%)
Long-term liabilities		82,666,699		84,531,501		38,197,079		43,270,950		120,863,778		127,802,451	5.74%
Total Liabilities		88,606,043		87,918,123		41,810,405		47,291,406		130,416,448		135,209,529	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,913,391		15,330,657		43,693		914,857		9,957,084		16,245,514	63.16%
Net Position:													
Net investment in capital assets	15,140,913 15,515,897			11,156,352		31,226,996		26,297,265		46,742,893	77.75%		
Restricted		464,911		400,000		-		-		464,911		400,000	(13.96%)
Unrestricted		522,358		(698,824)		20,462,585		21,759,463	20,984,943		21,060,639		0.36%
Total Net Position	\$	16,128,182	\$	15,217,073	\$	31,618,937	\$	52,986,459	\$	47,747,119	\$	68,203,532	

^{*} Restated to reflect adjustments - see Footnote 16

Total net position decreased approximately \$.9 million during the current fiscal year for the City's governmental activities.

Total net position increased approximately \$21.4 million for the business-type activities. These resources are not used to make up any net asset deficit in governmental activities. The City uses its net position to finance the continuing operations of the solid waste and sewer operations.

Changes in Net Position

Table A-2 and the narrative that follows will consider the operations of the governmental and business-type activities, separately.

Governmental Activities

Total governmental activities revenues decreased by 5% over 2014. At the same time, expenses increased by 5% over 2014. The combined revenues and expenses created a decrease in net position of \$.9 million.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

Business-Type Activities

Charges for services of the City's business-type activities decreased 6% and expenses increased by 13%. The combined revenues and expenses created an increase in net position of \$21.4 million driven by significant grants and contributed capital amounts in 2015.

Table A-2

City of Hopewell, Virginia Changes in Net Position For the Year ended June 30, 2015

	Govern	me ntal	Busine	ss-Type			Total Percentage
	Activ	ities		vities	Т	otal	Change
-	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 907,526	\$ 977,338	\$ 22,385,729	\$ 21,134,708	\$ 23,293,255	\$ 22,112,046	(5.07%)
Federal/state operating grants	9,987,193	10,615,538	-	-	9,987,193	10,615,538	6.29%
Federal/state capital grants	316,105	245,093	-	23,492,801	316,105	23,737,894	7409.50%
General revenues:							
Property taxes	25,585,445	29,559,595	-	-	25,585,445	29,559,595	15.53%
Other taxes	10,335,843	8,539,613	-	-	10,335,843	8,539,613	(17.38%)
Other	3,328,131	5,243,299	268,690	1,058,783	3,596,821	6,302,082	75.21%
Total Revenues	50,460,243	55,180,476	22,654,419	45,686,292	73,114,662	100,866,768	37.96%
Expenses							
General government	9,598,375	7,471,201	-	-	9,598,375	7,471,201	(22.16%)
Judicial	2,598,072	2,810,211	-	-	2,598,072	2,810,211	8.17%
Public safety	14,012,598	16,464,074	-	-	14,012,598	16,464,074	17.49%
Public works	1,540,362	3,227,810	-	-	1,540,362	3,227,810	109.55%
Health & welfare	5,363,582	5,532,202	-	-	5,363,582	5,532,202	3.14%
Education	13,266,424	15,202,676	-	-	13,266,424	15,202,676	14.60%
Parks, recreation, and cultural	2,530,959	2,408,566	-	-	2,530,959	2,408,566	(4.84%)
Community development	896,763	868,640	-	-	896,763	868,640	(3.14%)
Interest on long-term debt	1,325,884	2,608,205	-	-	1,325,884	2,608,205	96.71%
Public utilities	_		21,114,290	23,816,770	21,114,290	23,816,770	12.80%
Total Expenses	51,133,019	56,593,585	21,114,290	23,816,770	72,247,309	80,410,355	11.30%
Transfers, net	(407,326)	502,000	407,326	(502,000)			
Change in Net Position	(1,080,102)	(911,109)	1,947,455	21,367,522	867,353	20,456,413	
Net position - beginning of year, as restated	28,680,781	16,128,182	30,854,344	31,618,937	59,535,125	47,747,119	
Cumulative effect of error corrections *	(11,472,497)		(1,182,862)		(12,655,359)		
Net position - end of year	\$ 16,128,182	\$ 15,217,073	\$ 31,618,937	\$ 52,986,459	\$ 47,747,119	\$ 68,203,532	

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Restated to reflect adjustments - see Footnote 16

City of Hopewell, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

Table A-3 presents the costs of the City's larger programs — public safety, public works, education, health & welfare — as well as each program's net cost (total costs less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net costs show the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

- The total costs of these larger governmental activities represent 75% of the \$54.0 million total costs of services.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities was \$39.1 million. Some of the costs were paid by:
 - Those who directly benefited from the programs, or
 - Other governments and organizations subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.
- The City paid for the "public benefit" portion with taxes and with other revenues such as interest and unrestricted state aid.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Net Cost of Certain Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Table A-3

		Total of Se			Percentage Change	Net 0 of Ser	Percentage Change	
2014		2015			2014	2015		
Public Safety	\$	14,012,598	\$	16,464,074	17.49%	\$ 12,713,965	\$ 14,055,371	10.55%
Public Works		1,540,362		3,227,810	109.55%	(2,226,304)	(788,386)	(64.59%)
Health & Welfare		5,363,582		5,532,202	3.14%	2,229,467	1,848,225	(17.10%)
Education		13,266,424		15,202,676	14.60%	13,266,424	15,202,676	14.60%
Other		16,950,053		13,558,618	(20.01%)	13,938,643	12,060,418	(13.47%)
Total	\$ 51,133,019 \$ 53,985,		53,985,380		\$ 39,922,195	\$ 42,378,304		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY (FUND) BALANCE SHEETS

General Fund

The City closed the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 with the General Fund reporting total fund balance of \$10.8 million. The unassigned fund balance was \$2.2 million, which was approximately \$1.0 million less than last year.

Capital Projects Fund

The City closed the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 with its Capital Projects Fund reporting an assigned fund balance of \$4.9 million, which was approximately \$10.3 million less than last year.

Virginia Public Assistance Fund

The City closed the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 with its Virginia Public Assistance Fund reporting an assigned fund balance of \$.3 million. Revenues and operating transfers in exceeded expenditures revenues by approximately \$41,000.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the City Council amended the City budget. These budget amendments fall into three categories:

- Budget amendments and appropriations approved after the beginning of the fiscal year to reflect prior year encumbrances being re-authorized for the expenditure of funds in the "new" fiscal year.
- Changes made to the budget during the fiscal year to address budget priorities that reflect changes in the allocation of resources expected to be used during the remainder of the current fiscal year.
- Increases in budget amendments and appropriations for the expenditure of funds for items occurring in the current fiscal year that were not in the original budget adopted for the fiscal year.

Even with the increases in the total budget resulting from such budget amendments and appropriations, actual expenditures were approximately \$.3M under the final total budget amounts.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - Governmental and Business-Type Activities

At the end of fiscal year 2015, the City had invested \$128.1 million in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, sewer plants, and sewer lines. (See Table A-4).

City of Hopewell, Virginia Capital Assets Net of Depreciation At June 30, 2015

Table A-4

	Govern Activ	nme n vitie s		Busine: Activ		-		To	Total Percentage Change	
	2014 *		2015	2014		2015		2014 *	2015	
Land	\$ 6,622,991	\$	6,622,991	\$ 598,419	\$	598,419	\$	7,221,410	\$ 7,221,410	0.00%
Buildings, system improvements, and infrastructure	28,665,094		28,327,910	34,651,313		37,046,930		63,316,407	65,374,840	3.25%
Equipment	3,713,144		3,436,075	3,072,482		1,495,362		6,785,626	4,931,437	(27.33%)
Construction in progress	605,697		2,796,846	3,648,636		21,612,104		4,254,333	24,408,950	473.74%
Jointly-owned assets	 27,062,586		26,161,547			<u>-</u>		27,062,586	26,161,547	(3.33%)
Total	\$ 66,669,512	\$	67,345,369	\$ 41,970,850	\$ 60,752,815		\$ 108,640,362		\$ 128,098,184	

^{*} Restated to reflect adjustments - see Footnote 16

There were major capital asset additions in fiscal year 2015 for the business-type activities related to plant improvements. More detailed information on capital assets can be found in note 5 to the financial statements.

The City's fiscal year 2016 capital projects budget was \$6.9 million, of which \$4 million was for debt service and \$2.9 million was for infrastructure improvements and various equipment/vehicle purchases.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

Long-Term Debt - Governmental Activities

At year-end, the City had \$63.2 million in General Obligation bonds and Literary Loans outstanding, an increase of 4% over last year, as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in footnote 7 to the financial statements.

Table A-5

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Outstanding Debt At June 30, 2015

														Total	
		Gover	nme n	tal		В	usines	ss-Ty	pe					Percentage	
		Acti			Activ	ities			To	Change					
	2014			2015	2014			2015			2014	2015			
General obligation bonds *	\$	57,473,287	\$	60,602,676	\$;	-	9	3	_	\$ 57,473,287	\$	60,602,676	5.44%	
Literary loans		3,021,800		2,547,600			-			-	3,021,800		2,547,600	(15.69%)	
Revenue bonds		-				33,680	,000		38,210,0	000	33,680,000		38,210,000	13.45%	
Total	\$	60,495,087	\$	63,150,276	\$	33,680	,000	\$	38,210,0	000	\$ 94,175,087	\$	101,360,276		

^{*} Restated to reflect adjustments - see Footnote 16

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Unemployment in the City during calendar year 2015 was 7.6% versus 9.0% during 2014, as reported by the Virginia Employment Commission.
- Inflation in the tri-cities metropolitan areas continues to track the moderate increase in the national consumer price index during calendar year 2015 of .6%, due primarily to the flat residential housing market and lower energy costs.

These indicators and other goals were taken into account when adopting the General Fund's budget for 2016. Property taxes and public service corporation taxes are expected to provide the majority of General Fund revenues.

The General Fund's budgeted expenditures are expected to rise by almost \$2.4 million to \$48.4 million. The fund balance amount available for appropriation in the General Fund at June 30, 2015 was \$2.6 million.

It is estimated that the unassigned fund balance in the City's General Fund will decrease by \$1.3 million at the close of FY 2016 as a result of the adopted budget for FY 2016. As for the City's business-type activities, the FY 2016 results are expected to moderately improve their overall financial position.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have any questions about this financial report or if you need additional financial information, please contact the Finance Department either by mail at City of Hopewell, Virginia, 300 North Main Street, Hopewell, VA 23860 or by telephone at (804) 541-2306.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

			Pri	nary Governme	ent		C	Component Unit	C	omponent Unit
				Business-	•				Comprehensive Services Act Board	
	Go	vernmental		Type				School		
		Activities		Activities		Total		Board		
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	17,061,742	\$	24,758,124	\$	41,819,866	\$	7,555,777	\$	251,607
Taxes receivable		11,779,458		-		11,779,458		-		-
Accounts receivable		575,531		4,921,903		5,497,434		31,596		-
Note receivable		-		52,682		52,682		-		-
Interest receivable		108		53		161		-		-
Due from School Board, current portion		110,432		-		110,432		-		-
Due from Community Services Act Board		1,382,556				1,382,556				
Due from other governmental units		986,484		1,714,657		2,701,141		800,666		1,760,284
Internal balances		4,593,300		(4,593,300)		-		-		-
Inventories		62,771		969,315		1,032,086		53,131		-
Prepaid expenses		324		10,991		11,315		-		-
Restricted assets:										
Cash and investments (in custody of others)		8,941,242		9,342,700		18,283,942		-		-
Due from School Board, net of current portion		1,495,273		-		1,495,273		-		-
Note receivable, net of current portion		-		2,911,569		2,911,569		-		-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:										
Land		6,622,991		598,419		7,221,410		474,629		-
Work in progress		2,796,846		21,612,104		24,408,950		-		_
Buildings, system improvements, and Infrastructure		78,789,588		16,666,965		95,456,553		29.093.625		_
Machinery and equipment		11,565,335		54,738,789		66,304,124		7,451,600		_
Sewer main improvements		11,000,000		36,619,168		36,619,168		7,401,000		_
Accumulated depreciation		(32,429,391)		(69,482,630)		(101,912,021)		(11,584,794)		
Total assets		114,334,590		100,841,509		215,176,099		33,876,230		2,011,891
Total assets		114,334,390		100,641,509		215,176,099		33,670,230		2,011,091
Deferred outflows of resources										
Deferred outflows related to debt		2,458,702		-		2,458,702		-		-
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,672,561		351,213		2,023,774		3,575,278		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,131,263		351,213		4,482,476		3,575,278		-
12-1200										
Liabilities		4 040 000		0.40.005		0.050.040		050.075		040.055
Accounts payable		1,812,083		843,935		2,656,018		256,075		619,355
Accrued liabilities		993,368		201,113		1,194,481		4,669,245		3,841
Refund credits payable		-		1,756,081		1,756,081		-		-
Accrued interest payable		570,907		652,139		1,223,046		440.400		4 000 005
Due to Primary Government, current portion		-		-		40.004		110,432		1,388,695
Due to other governmental units		10,264		20		10,284		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		567,168		567,168		31,004		-
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year		4,185,702		1,556,726		5,742,428		486,307		-
Due to Primary Government, net of current portion		-		-		-		1,495,273		-
Due in more than one year		80,345,799		41,714,224		122,060,023		40,605,721		-
Total liabilities		87,918,123		47,291,406		135,209,529		47,654,057		2,011,891
Deferred inflows of resources										
				E 407		E 407				
Deferred inflows related to debt		11 000 007		5,487		5,487		-		-
Unearned revenues		11,000,027		-		11,000,027		6 040 000		-
Deferred inflows related to pensions		4,330,630		909,370		5,240,000		6,810,326		
Total deferred inflows of resources		15,330,657		914,857		16,245,514		6,810,326		-
Net position										
Net investment in capital assets		15,515,897		31,226,996		46,742,893		23,829,355		-
Restricted for:										
Grants		_		_		_		963,375		-
Perpetual care		400,000		_		400,000				_
Unrestricted		(698,824)		21,759,463		21,060,639		(41,805,605)		_
Total net position	\$	15,217,073	\$	52,986,459	\$	68,203,532	\$	(17,012,875)	\$	
i otal liet position	φ	10,211,013	Ψ	JZ,300,4J3	φ	00,200,002	Ψ	(17,012,073)	Ψ	

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

					D	B	_						ense) Revenue			
					Prog	ram Revenue	5				Primary Governmer	_	es in Net Positi	Component Units		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		harges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions		Capital Grants and ontributions	Go	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	<u>π</u>	Total	School Board	Comprehensive Services Act Board	
Primary Government: Governmental activities:																
Government activities. General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	7,471,201 2,810,211 16,464,074 3,227,810 5,532,202 15,202,676 2,408,566	\$	58,951 541,987 - - - 145,507	\$	582,239 660,730 1,866,716 3,790,219 3,683,977	\$	- - 225,977 - -	\$	(6,888,962) (2,090,530) (14,055,371) 788,386 (1,848,225) (15,202,676) (2,231,402)	\$ - - - - -	\$	(6,888,962) (2,090,530) (14,055,371) 788,386 (1,848,225) (15,202,676) (2,231,402)	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - - -	
Community development		868,640		- 10,007		-		19,116		(849,524)	_		(849,524)	_	_	
Interest on long-term debt		2,608,205		-		-		-		(2,608,205)	-		(2,608,205)	-	-	
Total governmental activities		56,593,585		746,445		10,615,538		245,093		(44,986,509)			(44,986,509)			
Business-Type activities:		44.455.000		0.700.544				00.400.004			04.774.047		04.774.047			
Hopewell Regional Wastewater Facilities Fund		11,455,028		9,736,544		-		23,492,801		-	21,774,317		21,774,317	-	-	
Sewer Service Fund		9,092,666		8,817,752		-		-		-	(274,914)		(274,914)	-	-	
Solid Waste Fund Storm Water Fund		2,020,591		2,161,514		-		-		-	140,923		140,923	-	-	
Beacon Theatre Fund		196,193 1,052,292		19,600 399,298		-		-		-	(176,593) (652,994)		(176,593) (652,994)	-	-	
Total Business-Type activities		23.816.770		21,134,708			_	23,492,801			20,810,739		20,810,739	<u>-</u>		
Total Primary Government	\$	80,410,355	\$	21,881,153	\$	10,615,538	\$	23,737,894	_	(44,986,509)	20,810,739	_	(24,175,770)			
•	<u> </u>	00,110,000	Ť	21,001,100	Ť	10,010,000	Ť	20,101,001	_	(11,000,000)	20,010,100		(2 1,110,110)			
Component units: School Board Comprehensive Services Act Board	\$	46,201,301 4,522,681	\$	443,313	\$	32,516,359 4,513,508	\$	- -		- -	<u> </u>		- -	(13,241,629)	(9,173)	
Total component units	\$	50,723,982	\$	443,313	\$	37,029,867	\$	-		-			-	(13,241,629)	(9,173)	
, ocal composion dillico	G Lc Bi Ci Ri O Ui Fi M Lc G	neral revenues eneral property ocal sales tax usiness license ommunications estuarant food ther local taxes increstricted fror ines and forfeit liscellaneous oss on debt ref	e tax s tax s tax taxes s m use cures fundin ributio	s of money and g ons not restrict	prop					29,559,595 1,960,808 1,756,407 840,974 1,808,956 2,403,361 93,151 1,545,064 1,478,001 2,127,083 502,000 44,075,400 (911,109)	247,297 - 811,486 - (502,000) 556,783 21,367,522		29,559,595 1,960,808 1,756,407 840,974 1,808,956 2,403,361 340,448 1,545,064 2,289,487 2,127,083	(15,211,025)	9,173 - 9,173	
		· ·								<u>.</u>						
		t position - beg t position - end		ı, as restated (Note	16)							(19,175,246) \$ (17,012,875)	\$ -		

City of Hopewell, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

Access		General		/irginia Public ssistance		Capital Projects		Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments	\$	11,197,566	\$	216,491	\$	5,428,833	\$	218,852	\$	17,061,742
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		44 770 450								44 770 450
Taxes receivable Accounts receivable		11,779,458 262,790		-		311,026		- 1,715		11,779,458
Interest receivable		202,790 94		_		311,020		1,715		575,531 108
Due from other funds		85,241		-		-		-		85,241
Due from School Board		-		_		1,605,705		_		1.605.705
Due from Comprehensive Service Act Board		1,382,556		-		-		-		1,382,556
Due from other governments		724,306		262,178		-		-		986,484
Advance to Beacon Theatre		-		-		4,593,300		-		4,593,300
Inventories		62,771		-		-		-		62,771
Prepaid items		324		-		-		-		324
Restricted assets:										
Temporarily restricted:						0.044.040				0.044.040
Cash and investments Total assets	\$	25,495,106	\$	478,669	\$	8,941,242 20,880,120	\$	220,567	\$	8,941,242 47,074,462
l Oldi doselo	Ψ	23,493,100	Ψ	470,009	Ψ	20,000,120	Ψ	220,307	Ψ	47,074,402
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	812,822	\$	120,488	\$	855,192	\$	23,581	\$	1,812,083
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	929,392	Ψ	36,446	Ψ	-	•	27,530	Ψ	993,368
Due to other funds		-		-		-		85,241		85,241
Due to other governments		10,264				-		<u> </u>		10,264
Total liabilities		1,752,478		156,934		855,192		136,352		2,900,956
Deferred inflama of recourses										
Deferred inflows of resources Unearned tax revenues		11,000,027								11,000,027
Unavailable tax revenues		1,918,598		-		-		-		1,918,598
Total deferred inflows of resources		12,918,625								12,918,625
Total acienta lillows of resources		12,510,025		_						12,510,025
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items		324		-		-		-		324
Inventories		62,771		-				-		62,771
Due from School Board Advance to Beacon Theatre		-		-		1,605,705 4,593,300		-		1,605,705 4,593,300
Perpetual care		400,000		-		4,595,500		-		400.000
Restricted for capital projects		-		-		8,941,242		-		8,941,242
Assigned:						-,- ,				-,- ,
Fire department equipment		657,357		-		-		-		657,357
Next year budget		1,316,500		-		-		-		1,316,500
Perpetual care		645,635		-		-		-		645,635
Rainy day emergency		4,841,760		-		-		-		4,841,760
Self-insurance		668,075		224 725		4 004 604		04.045		668,075
Assigned to funds Unassigned		- 2,231,581		321,735		4,884,681		84,215		5,290,631 2,231,581
Total fund balances		10,824,003		321,735		20,024,928		84.215		31,254,881
Total falla balanoco		10,024,000		021,700		20,027,020		07,210		51,207,001
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,										

Exhibit 4

City of Hopewell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds \$ 31,254,881 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 67,345,369 Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unearned in the funds. 1,918,598 Uncollected taxes receivable Deferred items: 2,458,702 Deferred outflow related to debt Deferred pension contributions 1,672,561 Deferred pension investment experience (4,330,630) (199, 367)Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the General obligation bonds payable (60,602,676) Bond issuance premium (79,140)State literary fund loans payable (2.547,600)Landfill closure liability (592,626)Accrued interest payable (570,907) Net pension liability (14,106,970)Other postemployment benefit obligations (5,628,664)Compensated absences (973,825)(85,102,408) Net position of governmental activities \$ 15,217,073

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		General	Virginia Public Assistance		Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES	\$	00 000 000	c	\$		œ.	æ	00 000 000
General property taxes	ф	29,022,830	\$ -	Ф	- 0.055.000	\$ -	\$	29,022,830
Other local taxes		6,056,010	-		2,255,888	-		8,311,898
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		230,893	-		-	-		230,893
Fines and forfeitures		1,545,064	-		-			1,545,064
Revenues from use of money and property		59,374	2		18,034	15,741		93,151
Charges for services		600,938	-			145,507		746,445
Miscellaneous		1,153,890	227		177,467	38,986		1,370,570
Recovered costs		382,500	-		-	-		382,500
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		6,655,860	1,358,909		366,457	26,351		8,407,577
Federal		119,299	2,199,813		-	24,422		2,343,534
Total revenues		45,826,658	3,558,951		2,817,846	251,007		52,454,462
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration		4,034,781	-		-	-		4,034,781
Judicial administration		2,582,149	-		-	-		2,582,149
Public safety		13,545,791	-		-	-		13,545,791
Public works		4,290,647	-		-	6,164		4,296,811
Health and welfare		1,356,127	4,109,207		-	-		5,465,334
Education		13,122,800	-		1,178,837	-		14,301,637
Parks, recreation, and cultural		604,300	-		-	1,641,789		2,246,089
Community development		830,372	-		-	38,256		868,628
Nondepartmental		1,563,876	-		-	-		1,563,876
Capital projects		-	-		5,618,260	-		5,618,260
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-	-		2,269,811	-		2,269,811
Interest and other fiscal charges		-	-		2,634,538	-		2,634,538
Total expenditures		41,930,843	4,109,207		11,701,446	1,686,209		59,427,705
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		,,.	.,,		,,			00,1=1,100
over (under) expenditures		3,895,815	(550,256)		(8,883,600)	(1,435,202)		(6,973,243)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		502,000	591,700		3,039,500	1,468,696		5,601,896
Operating transfers out		(4,951,971)	-		-	(147,925)		(5,099,896
Payments to escrow agent		(1,001,071)	_		(14,285,000)	(117,525)		(14,285,000
Proceeds from issuance of bonds		_	_		19,210,000	_		19,210,000
Total other financing sources (uses), net	_	(4,449,971)	591,700		7,964,500	1,320,771		5,427,000
Net change in fund balances		(554,156)	41,444		(919,100)	(114,431)		(1,546,243
Fund balance - beginning		11,378,159	280,291		20,944,028	198,646		32,801,124
5 5	Φ.	10,824,003		•	20,944,028		\$	31,254,881
Fund balance - ending	\$	10,024,003	\$ 321,735	\$	20,024,928	\$ 84,215	Ф	J1,254,681



Exhibit 6

City of Hopewell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes 536, The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Amortization of bond premium Principal payments on debt Proceeds on issuance of new debt (19,996) Amortization of deferred amount of refunding Principal payments on debt Proceeds in landfill closure liability (8,758) Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in interest payable Pocrease in interest payable Pocrease in net pension liability Pocrease in pension related deferred outflows Pocrease in pension related deferred inflows	let change in fund balances per Exhibit 5 - total governmental funds		\$ (1,546,243
Jointly-owned assets adjustment Depreciation expense Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes 536, The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Amortization of bond premium Principal payments on debt Principal payments on debt Proceeds on issuance of new debt Amortization of deferred amount of refunding Amortization of deferred amount of require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in interest payable Activities on the postemployment benefit payable Activities of the postemployment benefit payable Activit	assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which		
Depreciation expense (2.654,257) 675,4 Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes 536,7 The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Amortization of bond premium (9,996) Principal payments on debt (19,210,000) Amortization of deferred amount of refunding (2,214,274) Increase in landfill closure liability (8,758) (459,4) Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in interest payable (26,333) Increase in other postemployment benefit payable (729,484) Decrease in net pension liability (4,605,077) Increase in pension related deferred outflows (4,330,630)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	¥ -,,. = -	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes 536, The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Amortization of bond premium Principal payments on debt Proceeds on issuance of new debt (19,996) Amortization of deferred amount of refunding Principal payments on debt Proceeds in landfill closure liability (8,758) Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in interest payable Pocrease in interest payable Pocrease in net pension liability A,605,077 Increase in pension related deferred outflows Principal payable Pocrease in pension related deferred inflows Principal payable Pocrease in pension related deferred inflows Principal payable Pocrease in pension related deferred inflows Principal payable Principal		, , ,	
the funds. Property taxes Froperty taxes Property taxes Property taxes Froperty taxes Property taxes and select of these differencial resources and the reatment of harding taxes and the resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Property taxes and the property taxes and the postern ployment benefit payable to the postern play	Depreciation expense	(2,654,257)	675,857
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Amortization of bond premium Principal payments on debt Proceeds on issuance of new debt Amortization of deferred amount of refunding Amortization of deferred amount of refunding References in landfill closure liability Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in interest payable Rocease in other postemployment benefit payable Rocease in net pension liability References in pension related deferred outflows References in pension related deferred outflows References in pension related deferred inflows References in governmental funds.			
the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Amortization of bond premium Principal payments on debt Proceeds on issuance of new debt Amortization of deferred amount of refunding Amortization of the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in interest payable Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in interest payable Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	Property taxes		536,765
Principal payments on debt Proceeds on issuance of new debt Procee	the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and		
Proceeds on issuance of new debt Amortization of deferred amount of refunding Increase in landfill closure liability Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in interest payable Increase in other postemployment benefit payable Decrease in net pension liability Increase in pension related deferred outflows Increase in pension related deferred inflows (19,210,000) (8,758) (459,600)	Amortization of bond premium	(9,996)	
Amortization of deferred amount of refunding Increase in landfill closure liability Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in interest payable Increase in other postemployment benefit payable Decrease in net pension liability Increase in pension related deferred outflows Increase in pension related deferred inflows (4,330,630)	Principal payments on debt	16,554,811	
Increase in landfill closure liability Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in interest payable Increase in other postemployment benefit payable Decrease in net pension liability Increase in pension related deferred outflows Increase in pension related deferred inflows (4,330,630)			
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in interest payable Increase in other postemployment benefit payable Decrease in net pension liability Increase in pension related deferred outflows Increase in pension related deferred inflows (4,330,630)	<u>v</u>		
therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in interest payable Increase in other postemployment benefit payable Decrease in net pension liability Increase in pension related deferred outflows Increase in pension related deferred inflows (4,330,630)	Increase in landfill closure liability	(8,758)	(459,669
Increase in other postemployment benefit payable (729,484) Decrease in net pension liability 4,605,077 Increase in pension related deferred outflows 294,351 Increase in pension related deferred inflows (4,330,630)			
Decrease in net pension liability 4,605,077 Increase in pension related deferred outflows 294,351 Increase in pension related deferred inflows (4,330,630)	Decrease in interest payable	26,333	
Increase in pension related deferred outflows 294,351 Increase in pension related deferred inflows (4,330,630)	Increase in other postemployment benefit payable	(729,484)	
Increase in pension related deferred inflows (4,330,630)	Decrease in net pension liability	4,605,077	
·	·	,	
Decrease in compensated absences 16,534 (117,	·		
	Decrease in compensated absences	16,534	(117,819

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2015

		Busin	ess-Type Activit	ies - Enterprise	Funds	
	Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund	Sewer Service Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Storm Water Fund	Beacon Theatre Fund	Total
Assets						
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net of allowances	\$ 9,189,885	\$ 12,895,103	\$ 1,409,580	\$ 945,220	\$ 318,336	\$ 24,758,124
for uncollectibles Due from Commonwealth of Virginia	2,551,570 1,714,657	2,166,457	203,876	-	-	4,921,903 1,714,657
Note receivable	-	52,682	-	-	-	52,682
Interest receivable	-	35	12	6	-	53
Inventories	969,315	-	-	-		969,315
Prepaid expenses		-			10,991	10,991
Total current assets	14,425,427	15,114,277	1,613,468	945,226	329,327	32,427,725
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets:	5 004 007	0.744.000				0.040.700
Cash and investments	5,601,097	3,741,603			-	9,342,700
Total restricted assets	5,601,097	3,741,603			·	9,342,700
Note receivable Capital assets:	-	2,911,569	-	-	-	2,911,569
Land	216,026	97,920	-	-	284,473	598,419
Utility plant in service and buildings	10,503,236	501,878	-	-	5,661,851	16,666,965
Sewer main improvements	-	36,619,168	-	-	-	36,619,168
Machinery and equipment	53,457,629	899,308	51,075	-	330,777	54,738,789
Work in progress	21,612,104	(= 0.40 4.40)	- (40.040)	-	(070.007)	21,612,104
Accumulated depreciation	(61,240,304)	(7,848,440)	(19,919)		(373,967)	(69,482,630)
Total capital assets Total noncurrent assets	24,548,691 30,149,788	30,269,834	31,156 31,156		5,903,134	60,752,815 73,007,084
Total assets	44,575,215	36,923,006 52,037,283	1,644,624	945,226	5,903,134 6,232,461	105,434,809
, otal abboto	11,010,210	02,001,200	.,0.1,021	0.10,220	0,202,101	100,101,000
Deferred outflow of resources Pensions	302,888	42,389	5,936			351,213
Liabilities						
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	604,087	67,812	50,297	121,739		843,935
Accrued liabilities	195,866	07,012	867	121,739	4,380	201,113
Refund credits payable	1,756,081	_	-	_	-,500	1,756,081
Accrued interest payable	129,093	523,046	_	_	_	652,139
Compensated absences	198,858	26,868	4,600	-	-	230,326
Unearned revenues	567,168	-	-	-	-	567,168
Due to Appomattox Regional Library System	-	-	-	-	20	20
Bonds payable	805,554	520,846		- 101 700		1,326,400
Total current liabilities	4,256,707	1,138,572	55,764	121,739	4,400	5,577,182
Noncurrent liabilities:	40.044.000	04 004 007				07 540 440
Bonds payable, net of current portion	12,611,032	24,931,087 357,519	50,066	-	-	37,542,119
Net pension liability OPEB liability	2,554,673 1,026,850	114,093	38,032	_	_	2,962,258 1,178,975
Compensated absences, net of current portion	26,519	3,734	619	_	_	30,872
Advance from Capital Projects Fund	-	-	-	-	4,593,300	4,593,300
Total noncurrent liabilities	16,219,074	25,406,433	88,717	-	4,593,300	46,307,524
Total liabilities	20,475,781	26,545,005	144,481	121,739	4,597,700	51,884,706
Before Haffers (many						
Deferred inflow of resources	=0.4.0.4=	400 ===				600.0==
Pensions	784,245	109,755	15,370	-	-	909,370
Deferred charges on debt refunding	704.045	5,487	45.070			5,487
Total deferred inflows of resources	784,245	115,242	15,370		·	914,857
Not monition						
Net position						
Net position Net investment in capital assets	16,733,202	8,559,504	31,156	-	5,903,134	31,226,996
	16,733,202 6,884,875	8,559,504 16,859,921	31,156 1,459,553	823,487	5,903,134 (4,268,373)	31,226,996 21,759,463

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Busin	ess-Type Activit	ies - Enterprise	Funds	
	Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund	Sewer Service Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Storm Water Fund	Beacon Theatre Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services:	A 40 00 7 404		•	•	•	A 40 00 = 404
Wastewater treatment revenues	\$ 12,087,431	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,087,431
Wastewater treatment credits issued	(2,360,357)		-	-	-	(2,360,357)
Sewer revenues	-	8,530,228	- 104 54 4	-	-	8,530,228
Refuse collection	-	-	2,161,514	-	-	2,161,514
Fees	-	-	-	19,600	-	19,600
Rental income			-	-	399,298	399,298
Other	9,470	287,524				296,994
Total operating revenues	9,736,544	8,817,752	2,161,514	19,600	399,298	21,134,708
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services	2,774,044	360,086	65,810	-	410,760	3,610,700
Fringe benefits	1,015,049	124,538	42,434	-	-	1,182,021
Contractual services	1,506,502	2,275,727	1,197,326	193,507	177,251	5,350,313
Administrative services	9,489	382,500	-	-	1,092	393,081
Materials and supplies	896,821	95,247	22,506	_	26.752	1,041,326
Repairs and maintenance	46,847	447,334	26,658	-	13.710	534,549
Utilities	1,557,162	127,957	9,217	-	31,879	1,726,215
Fuel	318,455	11,665	1,374	-	· -	331,494
Insurance	· -	-	-	-	12,803	12,803
Bad debts	197,847	1,884,928	608,232	-	-	2,691,007
Chemicals	1,247,805	-	-	-	-	1,247,805
Miscellaneous	334,146	924,962	39,607	2,686	192,327	1,493,728
Depreciation	1,024,538	1,379,248	7,427		185,718	2,596,931
Total operating expenses	10,928,705	8,014,192	2,020,591	196,193	1,052,292	22,211,973
Operating income (loss)	(1,192,161)	803,560	140,923	(176,593)	(652,994)	(1,077,265)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment earnings	3,047	243,993	177	80	-	247,297
Tax credits	-	-	_	-	811,486	811,486
Governmental grants	18,047,639	-	-	-	-	18,047,639
Interest expense	(135,252)	(1,078,474)	-	-	-	(1,213,726)
Issuance costs	(391,071)	-	-	-	-	(391,071)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	17,524,363	(834,481)	177	80	811,486	17,501,625
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	16,332,202	(30,921)	141,100	(176,513)	158,492	16,424,360
Capital contributions	5,445,162	_	_	-	-	5,445,162
Operating transfers in (out)	· · · · -	(1,000,000)	(502,000)	1,000,000	_	(502,000)
Total contributions and transfers, net	5,445,162	(1,000,000)	(502,000)	1,000,000		4,943,162
Change in net position	21,777,364	(1,030,921)	(360,900)	823,487	158,492	21,367,522
Total net position - beginning, as restated (Note 16)	1,840,713	26,450,346	1,851,609	_	1,476,269	31,618,937
Total net position - beginning, as restated (Note 16)	\$ 23,618,077	\$ 25,419,425	\$ 1,490,709	\$ 823,487	\$ 1,634,761	\$ 52,986,459
rotal het position - enaing	\$ 23,010,077	φ 20,419,425	φ 1,490,709	φ 023,467	φ 1,034,761	ψ 32,900,439

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Busin	ess-Type Activi	ties - Enterprise	Funds	
	Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund	Sewer Service Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Storm Water Fund	Beacon Theatre Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities	Φ 0.000.075	# 5.550.000	A 0.504.000		# 500 500	# 40 000 7 04
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 9,282,975	\$ 5,650,382	\$ 2,521,236	\$ 19,600	\$ 588,508	\$ 18,062,701
Payments to suppliers	(4,609,208)	(4,693,282)	(1,913,354)	(74,454)	(458,915)	(11,749,213)
Payments to employees Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(3,731,786) 941,981	(467,885) 489,215	(104,782) 503,100	(54,854)	(410,760)	(4,715,213) 1,598,275
not out provided by (used in) operating determine		,2.10		(0.,00.)	(201,101)	.,000,2.0
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities						
Payments received from tax credit investors					811,486	811,486
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities				<u>-</u>	811,486	811,486
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Purchase of capital assets	(20,317,168)	(547,640)	(19,845)	-	(47,968)	(20,932,621)
Capital ocntributions and grants	21,778,144	-	-	-	-	21,778,144
Debt issuance	5,675,000	-	-	-	-	5,675,000
Principal payments on bonds and refunding	(665,000)	(480,000)	-	-	-	(1,145,000)
Interest payments	(89,312)	(1,081,957)	-	-	-	(1,171,269)
Issuance cost	(398,885)			.	-	(398,885)
Interfund note	(160,270)	(839,730)	(502,000)	1,000,000	-	(502,000)
Payments to other governmental unit	-	-	-	-	(175,529)	(175,529)
Advance from Capital Projects Fund Net cash provided by (used in) capital and			·		1,652	1,652
related financing activities	5,822,509	(2,949,327)	(521,845)	1,000,000	(221,845)	3,129,492
related imancing activities	5,022,509	(2,343,321)	(321,043)	1,000,000	(221,043)	5,125,452
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest and dividends received	3,047	262,320	165	74	-	265,606
Net cash provided by investing activities	3,047	262,320	165	74		265,606
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	6,767,537	(2,197,792)	(18,580)	945,220	308,474	5,804,859
Cash and investments - beginning, including restricted as restated (Note 16)	8,023,445	18,834,498	1,428,160		9,862	28,295,965
Cash and investments - ending, including restricted	\$ 14,790,982	\$ 16,636,706	\$ 1,409,580	\$ 945,220	\$ 318,336	\$ 34,100,824
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,192,161)	\$ 803,560	\$ 140,923	\$ (176,593)	\$ (652,994)	\$ (1,077,265)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation expense	1,024,538	1,379,248	7,427	-	185,718	2,596,931
Pension related	(105,721)	(9,314)	(2,073)	-	-	(117,108)
Other	239,877	(89,054)	-	-	-	150,823
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(35,734)	(1,193,388)	359,722	-	189,210	(680,190)
Decrease in notes receivable	-	50,117	-	-	-	50,117
Decrease in inventories	15,764	-	-	-	-	15,764
Increase in prepaid items	-	-	-	-	(1)	(1)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and				,		
accrued liabilities	1,321,300	(451,954)	(2,899)	121,739	(3,100)	985,086
Increase in unearned revenues	(325,882)	-	-		-	(325,882)
Total adjustments	2,134,142	(314,345)	362,177	121,739	371,827	2,675,540
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 941,981	\$ 489,215	\$ 503,100	\$ (54,854)	\$ (281,167)	\$ 1,598,275

Exhibit 10

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	Agency Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 68,064 \$ 68,064
Liabilities Amounts held for Social Services clients Total liabilities	\$ 68,064 \$ 68,064

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Hopewell, Virginia (the "City") was incorporated in 1916 and its current charter was granted in 1950. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government and provides a full range of services to its citizens. These services include public safety (police and fire), public works, health and welfare services, parks, recreation, cultural education, community and economic development, and judicial and general administrative services. The City owns and operates sewer, wastewater, and solid waste treatment systems.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts ("APA") of the Commonwealth of Virginia (the "Commonwealth") and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below. Unless otherwise stated, the accounting policies of the School Board and Comprehensive Services Act Board Component Unit are similar to those of the City.

Financial Statement Presentation

The City's financial report is prepared in accordance with GAAP which prescribes that the following section be presented:

- <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> GAAP requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A").
- Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Primary Government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the Primary Government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the Primary Government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the Primary Government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items are not properly included among program revenues as they are not levied for a particular program.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

• Required Supplementary Information ("RSI") - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GAAP reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports including the original budget, final budget and actual results. In addition to budgetary information, the RSI section also presents trend information related to the City and School Board's pension and other postemployment employee benefit programs.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a Primary Government's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability wherein the entity is both fiscally dependent on the Primary Government and provides either a benefit or creates a burden on the Primary Government. These financial statements present the City (Primary Government) and its component units. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that these units are legally separate from the City and each represents a functionally independent operation. These component units are fiscally dependent on the City and provide services primarily to the citizens of Hopewell.

B. Component Units

Blended:

During fiscal year 2012, the City formed a non-stock corporation named Beacon Theatre 2012 Manager Inc. ("Beacon"), which it owns 100%, to hold, construct, rehabilitate, manage, and operate the Beacon Theatre. Beacon Theatre 2012 Manager Inc. formed an LLC named Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC ("LLC"), which owns 99% of the LLC with the other 1% to be owned by future tax credit partner(s) when tax credits are sold. As the City appoints all members of the Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC Board of Directors, and the two entities have a financial benefit/burden relationship, the Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC is reported as a blended proprietary enterprise component unit of the City. Effective July 5, 2012, the City entered into a promissory note agreement with the Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC for up to \$4.1 million to be used for building renovations. The twenty-four month loan bears interest at a fixed annual rate of 6.5%, and allows for one six-month extension and three, one-year extensions in addition to three executable and consecutive 25-year term extensions. Additionally, the City conveyed the related property to LLC for tax credit purposes during fiscal year 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Discretely Presented:

The School Board members, appointed by the members of the City Council, are responsible for the operations of the City's School System within the City boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the City, which has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding of the School Board is from the General Fund of the City. As the School Board does not issue a separate financial report, the financial statements of the School Board are presented discretely in their own column within the City's government-wide financial statements.

The Comprehensive Services Act Board ("CSA") is responsible for providing family and youth services to the citizens of the City in accordance with the State Comprehensive Services Act. The CSA consists of members appointed by the City Council. The CSA is fiscally dependent on the City (i.e., the City Council must appropriate monies for this board to carry out its legal obligations), and the CSA has no power or authority to generate any revenue for its purposes required under state law. As the CSA does not issue a separate financial report, the financial statements of the CSA are presented discretely in their own column within the City's government-wide financial statements.

C. Other Related Organizations

<u>Joint Ventures</u> - The City is a participant with six other localities in a joint venture to operate the Riverside Regional Jail Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority is governed by a seven-member board comprised of one appointee from each locality. Each locality is obligated by contract to house its inmate population with the Authority up to its authorized slots. The City does not retain a financial interest in the Authority. Financial statements of the Authority can be obtained at its administrative offices at Superintendent, Riverside Regional Jail Authority, P.O. Box 1041, Hopewell, Virginia 23860.

The City is a participant with the County of Dinwiddie and County of Prince George in a joint venture to operate the Appomattox Regional Library (the "Library"). The Library is governed by an 11-member board comprised of five appointees from Hopewell and three each from Dinwiddie and Prince George. Each locality is obligated by contract to fund a percentage of the Library's approved budget. In accordance with the joint venture agreement, the City remitted \$551,300 to the Library for fiscal year 2015. The City has an ongoing financial responsibility to fund the Library but does not retain a financial interest in the Library. Financial statements for the Library can be obtained at its administrative offices at 245 East Cawson Street, Hopewell, Virginia 23860.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The City participates with eight other localities in the District 19 Community Services Board. The City also participates with five other localities in Virginia's Gateway Region, a regional economic development organization. The City provided funding of \$108,420 and \$29,620, respectively, during fiscal year 2015 to these entities. The City also participates with six other localities in the Crater Youth Care Commission and provided funding in the amount of \$263,192 during fiscal year 2015.

<u>Related Organizations</u> - The City is also responsible for appointing members of the boards of two organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making these appointments. Related organizations during the year ended June 30, 2015 are Hopewell Industrial Development Authority and Hopewell Redevelopment and Housing Authority.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in GAAP as applicable to governmental units. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied. Fiduciary funds financial statements are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and do not measure operations.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits, and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting; however, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 45 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the Commonwealth or public utilities and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the Commonwealth or public utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the City.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The City reports the General, Capital Projects, and Virginia Public Assistance Funds as major governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the School Board.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. Special Revenue Funds consist of one major fund (Virginia Public Assistance) and three non-major funds (Recreation, Community Development Block Grant, and Anti-Litter). The Virginia Public Assistance Fund accounts for the Social Services programs of the City and is funded primarily through intergovernmental revenues.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by Proprietary Funds.

 Proprietary Funds - The Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to that of private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The City's major Enterprise Funds consist of the following: Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities (HRWTF), Sewer Service, Solid Waste, Storm Water and the Beacon Theatre.

3. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - (Trust and Agency Funds) - These funds account for assets held by the City unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The City's only fiduciary fund is the Special Welfare Fund agency fund, which utilizes the accrual basis of accounting, and is not included in the government-wide financial statements. The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

F. <u>Investments</u>

Investments are stated at fair value, which approximates market. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$501,000 at June 30, 2015 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	June 15/December 5 (50% each date)	February 15
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The City bills and collects its own property taxes. The City follows the practice of reassessing real estate biennially and personal property annually.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements for the City and its component units. Capital assets are defined by the City as land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded as estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Primary Government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years					
Buildings	50					
Plant, equipment, and system	20-30					
Motor vehicles	5					
Equipment	3-10					
Infrastructure	30					

I. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources, which represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the government-wide and the Proprietary funds' Statement of Net Position resulting from pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources representing an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Currently, the City reports deferred inflows of resources related to unearned and unavailable revenues on the Balance Sheet resulting from revenue that is not recognized solely because it is not yet considered to be available and property taxes received prior to the period they are intended to finance. Deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and the Proprietary funds' Statement of Net Position represent amounts related to deferred charges on bond refundings and pensions resulting from changes in proportionate share of contributions, which are deferred and amortized over five years, and from pension experience and investment returns different than projected earnings, which are deferred and amortized over a period no greater than five years.

J. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Virginia Retirement System (VRS) participation and related additions to/deductions from the City's related net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

L. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance may be composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance. The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (e.g., inventory) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g., long-term amount of loans/note receivable). The noncurrent portion of the Capital Projects Fund's Due From School Board is offset equally by nonspendable fund balance to indicate that the asset does not constitute an expendable available financial resource and, therefore, is not available for appropriation.
- Restricted Fund Balance This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by external parties, constitutional provisions, or imposed by creditors (e.g., bond covenants).
- Committed Fund Balance This portion of fund balance can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council, before the close of the fiscal year and by majority vote of the City Council. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.
- Assigned Fund Balance The portion of fund balance that the City intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the governing body itself, the budget document, or delegated official, the City Manager. Fund balances in the General Fund are assigned by resolution of the City Council. For all government funds except the General Fund, assigned fund balances represent the amount that is not committed, restricted, or nonspendable. Specifically, the Rainy Day Emergency/Stabilization Reserve was approved by Council in 2003 and was created by segregating a portion of the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance. The purpose of this reserve is to provide an easy mechanism to tap reserves to address temporary revenue shortfalls resulting from temporary circumstances (e.g. economic cycles, weather-related emergencies, etc.). The City Council set the target at 10% of the next fiscal year's General Fund budget appropriation. The Rainy Day Emergency/Stabilization Reserve may be used in its entirety with City Council approval; however, replenishing the reserve will constitute the first priority for use of year-end fund balance in the General Fund.
- Unassigned Fund Balance The portion of the fund balance available for any purpose.
 Includes all spendable amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

N. Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

O. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

P. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the weighted average method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and is recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). In the Governmental Funds, inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that it does not constitute "currently expendable financial resources".

Q. Restricted Assets

The City reported restricted assets on the Balance Sheet in a governmental fund that represents bond proceeds that have not been spent at June 30, 2015 in accordance with the terms of the bond. These assets, in the amount of \$8,941,242 are to be used to fund future City public improvements.

R. Change in Accounting Principle

Effective July 1, 2014, the City and School Board adopted the provisions of the governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (Statement No. 68) and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 (Statement No. 71). This implementation required the recognition of a net pension liability for each qualified pension plan in which an entity participates, which represents the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the qualified pension plan. Changes in the net pension liability during the period are recorded as pension expense or as deferred inflows or deferred outflows of resources, depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. As a result, the adoption of this guidance required a restatement of net position was required, as described in Note 16.

Note 2—Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

All cash of the Primary Government and its discretely presented component units is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the *Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act*, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia* or covered by federal depository insurance.

B. Investments

Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development ("World Bank"), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP").

C. Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The City's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2015 were rated by Standard and Poor's and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale. The City's investment policy has an emphasis on high credit quality and known marketability. Holdings of commercial paper are not allowed to exceed 35% of the investment portfolio.

D. External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool ("SNAP") is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The fair value of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP") is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC-registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

City's Rated Debt Investment Values

			Fair	Qua	lity Ratings				
Investment Type	 Total	AAA	AAAm		AA	AA+	AA-	<u> </u>	Not Rated
LGIP	\$ 15,196,152	\$ -	\$ 15,196,152	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$	-
SNAP	5,497,191	-	5,497,191		-	-	-		-
U.S. Government Issues	5,029,179	-	-		-	1,285,116	-		3,744,063
Municipal/Public Bonds	260,507	60,014	-		-	50,059	-		150,434
Corporate Bonds	1,169,019	-	66,175		439,188	471,921	191,735		-
Total	\$ 27,152,048	\$ 60,014	\$ 20,759,518	\$	439,188 \$	1,807,096	\$ 191,735	\$	3,894,497

	Investment Maturities (in Years)											
Investment Type		Fair Value	Les	s than 1 Year		1-5 Years						
U.S. Government Issues Municipal/Public Bonds	\$	5,029,179 260,507		892,054 260,507	\$	4,137,125 -						
Corporate Bonds		1,169,019		826,605		342,414						
Total	\$	6,458,705	\$	1,979,166	\$	4,479,539						

E. Interest Rate Risk

According to the City's investment policy, at no time shall securities with maturity dates in excess of six months exceed 10% of the total budget of the City for the current fiscal year.

Note 3—Due from Other Governments

At June 30, 2015, the City had receivables from other governments as follows:

					Component Unit			
	General	VPA HRWTF		Primary	School	CSA		
	Fund Fund Fund		Government	Board	Board			
Commonwealth of Virginia:								
Local sales tax	\$ 338,533	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 338,533	\$ -	\$ -		
Communications tax	138,044	-	-	138,044	-	-		
E-911 wireless funds	8,954	_	-	8,954	-	-		
VPA funds	-	262,178	-	262,178	-	-		
State sales tax	-	-	-	-	690,088	-		
Consumption and utility tax	50,233	-	-	50,233	-	-		
Department of Environmental Quality	-	-	1,714,657	1,714,657	-	-		
Constitutional officer reimbursements	100,569	-	-	100,569	-	-		
Court fines and fees	64,388	-	-	64,388	-	-		
Comprehensive service	=	-	-	=	-	1,760,284		
Federal Government:								
School food grants	-	-	-	-	77,236	-		
Public Service Grant	23,585	-	-	23,585	-	-		
School fund grants	-	-	-	-	33,342	-		
Total due from other governments	\$ 724,306	\$ 262,178	\$1,714,657	\$2,701,141	\$ 800,666	\$1,760,284		

Note 4—Interfund Obligations

At June 30, 2015, CDBG Fund owed the General Fund \$85,241.

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) inter-fund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditure occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

At June 30, 2015, the Beacon Theatre Fund owed the Capital Projects Fund \$4,593,300 related to a promissory note entered into by the City and the blended component unit for the renovation of the Beacon Theatre. See Note 1(B) for further discussion.

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Note 5—Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance July 1, 2014			Balance
Conservation Activities	As Restated *	Increase	Decrease	June 30, 2015
Government Activities:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	ф 0.000.004	Φ.	•	Ф 0.000.004
Land	\$ 6,622,991	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,622,991
Work in progress	605,697	2,191,149		2,796,846
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	7,228,688	2,191,149		9,419,837
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure	43,863,710	1,048,654	<u>-</u>	44,912,364
Machinery and equipment	11,311,257	551,925	(297,847)	11,565,335
Jointly-owned assets	34,338,838	-	(461,614)	33,877,224
Total capital assets being depreciated	89,513,805	1,600,579	(759,461)	90,354,923
Total capital accord soming acpreciated		.,000,010	(100,101)	
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure	(15,198,616)	(1,385,838)	-	(16,584,454)
Machinery and equipment	(7,598,113)	(828,994)	297,847	(8,129,260)
Jointly-owned assets	(7,276,252)	(439,425)	-	(7,715,677)
Total accumulated depreciation	(30,072,981)	(2,654,257)	297,847	(32,429,391)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	59,440,824	(1,053,678)	(461,614)	57,925,532
Capital assets, net	\$ 66,669,512	\$ 1,137,471	\$ (461,614)	\$ 67,345,369
Component Unit - School Board	Balance July 1, 2014 As Restated *	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2015
Government Activities:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land	\$ 474,629	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 474,629
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	474,629			474,629
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	62,839,591	131,258	_	62,970,849
Machinery and equipment	6,709,972	860,028	(118,400)	7,451,600
Jointly-owned assets	(34,338,838)	-	461,614	(33,877,224)
Total capital assets being depreciated	35,210,725	991,286	343,214	36,545,225
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(14,574,253)	(780,399)	-	(15,354,652)
Machinery and equipment	(3,657,763)	(401,956)	113,900	(3,945,819)
Jointly-owned assets	7,276,252	439,425	-	7,715,677
Total accumulated depreciation	(10,955,764)	(742,930)	113,900	(11,584,794)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net				04 000 404
	24,254,961	248,356	457,114	24,960,431

^{*} See Footnote 16 for further detail.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs/funds as follows:

Governmental	Activities:
--------------	-------------

General government administration	\$	909,866
Judicial administration		239,290
Public safety		503,071
Public works		536,143
Health and welfare		113,269
Education		201,681
Parks, recreation, and cultural		150,937
Total governmental activities	\$ 2	2,654,257
Component Unit: School Board	\$	742,930

Under Section 15 of *The Code of Virginia 1950*, as amended, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the City for the year ended June 30, 2015, is School-financed assets in the amount of \$26,161,547 being reported by the Primary Government for financial reporting purposes.

A summary of changes in proprietary fund capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2015 follows:

Sewer Service Fund		Balance		Increase		Decrease		Balance June 30, 2015		
	. <u> </u>	uly 1, 2014		Ilicrease		Decrease		ine 30, 2013		
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	_		_		_		_			
Land	\$	97,920	\$	-	\$	-	\$	97,920		
Work in progress		2,744,458				(2,744,458)		-		
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation		2,842,378		<u> </u>		(2,744,458)		97,920		
Capital assets subject to depreciation:										
Utility plant in service		501,878		-		-		501,878		
Machinery and equipment		899,308		-		-		899,308		
Sewer main improvements		33,327,070		3,292,098				36,619,168		
Total capital assets being depreciated		34,728,256		3,292,098		-		38,020,354		
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Utility plant in service		(491,577)		(2,575)		-		(494,152)		
Machinery and equipment		(792,442)		(30,014)		-		(822,456)		
Sewer main improvements		(5,185,173)		(1,346,659)				(6,531,832)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(6,469,192)		(1,379,248)		-		(7,848,440)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		28,259,064		1,912,850		<u>-</u>		30,171,914		
Sewer Service Fund, net	\$	31,101,442	\$	1,912,850	\$	(2,744,458)	\$	30,269,834		

Solid Waste Fund		Balance uly 1, 2014		Increase	Dec	rease	_ Ju	Balance June 30, 2015		
Capital assets subject to depreciation:										
Machinery and equipment	\$	31,230	\$	19,845	\$	-	\$	51,075		
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Machinery and equipment		(12,492)		(7,427)				(19,919)		
Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net	\$	18,738	\$	12,418	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	31,156		
HRWTF		Balance		luana.	Dan			Balance		
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:		uly 1, 2014		Increase	Dec	rease	Ju	ne 30, 2015		
Land	\$	216,026	\$	_	\$	_	\$	216,026		
Construction in progress	Ψ	904,178	Ψ	20,707,926	Ψ		Ψ	21,612,104		
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation		1,120,204		20,707,926		_		21,828,130		
Capital assets subject to depreciation:										
Utility plant in service		10,484,614		18,622		_		10,503,236		
Machinery and equipment		53,420,734		36,895		_		53,457,629		
Total capital assets being depreciated		63,905,348		55,517		-		63,960,865		
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Utility plant in service		(8,808,459)		(109,063)		-		(8,917,522)		
Machinery and equipment		(51,407,307)		(915,475)		-		(52,322,782)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(60,215,766)		(1,024,538)		-		(61,240,304)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		3,689,582		(969,021)		_		2,720,561		
HRWTF Fund capital assets, net	\$	4,809,786	\$	19,738,905	\$	-	\$	24,548,691		
Beacon Theatre Fund		Balance		Inorogo	Doo	rease		Balance		
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:		uly 1, 2014		Increase	Dec	rease	Ju	ne 30, 2015		
Land	\$	284,473	\$	_	\$	_	\$	284,473		
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	Ψ	284,473	<u>Ψ</u>	-	Ψ		Ψ	284,473		
Capital assets subject to depreciation:										
Buildings		5,661,851		-		_		5,661,851		
Machinery and equipment		282,809		47,968		_		330,777		
Total cap assets being depreciated		5,944,660		47,968		-		5,992,628		
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		(150,216)		(145,481)		-		(295,697)		
Machinery and equipment		(38,033)		(40,237)		<u> </u>		(78,270)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(188,249)		(185,718)				(373,967)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		5,756,411		(137,750)				5,618,661		
Beacon Theatre Fund capital assets, net	\$	6,040,884	\$	(137,750)	\$		\$	5,903,134		

Note 6—Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfer for the year ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

Fund	Т	ransfers In	Tranfers Out		
Primary Government:					
General	\$	502,000	\$	4,951,971	
Capital Projects		3,039,500		=	
Recreation		1,468,696		147,925	
Virginia Public Assistance		591,700		=	
Solid Waste		-		502,000	
Storm Water		1,000,000		=	
Sewer Service		(1,000,000)		-	
	\$	5,601,896	\$	5,601,896	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 7—Long-term Obligations

A summary of changes in long-term obligations is as follows:

		Balance								
Deino and October and		uly 1, 2014				D		Balance		ue Within
Primary Government: Governmental Obligations:		s Restated		Increases	-	Decreases		ıne 30, 2015	One Year	
Governmental Obligations.										
Incurred by City:										
General obligation bonds	\$	33,432,500	\$	15,455,075	\$	(11,877,500)	\$	37,010,075	\$	1,277,663
Issuance premiums, net * Claims, judgments, and compen-		157,886		-		(78,746)		79,140		18,428
sated absences payable		990,359		1,286,550		(1,303,084)		973,825		900,640
Landfill closure liability		583,868		8,758		-		592,626		59,263
OPEB liability		4,899,178		1,174,396		(444,910)		5,628,664		-
Net pension liability *		18,712,047		7,134,900		(11,739,977)		14,106,970		-
Total incurred by City		58,775,838		25,059,679		(25,444,217)		58,391,300		2,255,994
Incurred for School Board:										
State Literary Loans payable		3,021,800		-		(474,200)		2,547,600		474,200
General obligation bonds payable		24,040,787		3,754,925		(4,203,111)		23,592,601		1,455,508
Total incurred for School Board		27,062,587		3,754,925		(4,677,311)		26,140,201		1,929,708
Total Government Obligations	\$	85,838,425	\$	28,814,604	\$	(30,121,528)	\$	84,531,501	\$	4,185,702
Enterprise Obligations:										
Revenue bonds payable	\$	33,680,000	\$	5,675,000	\$	(1,145,000)	\$	38,210,000	\$	1,300,000
Issuance premium	Ψ	692,559	Ψ	-	Ψ	(34,040)	Ψ	658,519	Ψ	26,400
Claims, judgments, and compen-		002,000				(0.,0.0)		000,0.0		20,.00
sated absences payable		249,290		324,005		(312,097)		261,198		230,326
OPEB liability		1,026,177		245,988		(93,190)		1,178,975		,
Net pension liability *		3,929,258		1,498,225		(2,465,225)		2,962,258		-
Total Enterprise Obligations	\$	39,577,284	\$	7,743,218	\$	(4,049,552)	\$	43,270,950	\$	1,556,726

^{*} See Footnote 16 for further discussion.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

	 City Obligations				
Year	 General C	bligation	on		
Ending	 Bonds I	Payable	•		
June 30	Principal		Interest		
2016	\$ 1,277,663	\$	1,034,652		
2017	911,811		1,174,292		
2018	1,081,466		1,140,045		
2019	1,238,697		1,094,938		
2020	1,546,003		1,040,894		
2021-2025	9,145,591		4,258,473		
2026-2030	11,164,521		2,574,318		
2031-2035	8,804,323		973,046		
2036-2040	 1,840,000		93,250		
Total	\$ 37,010,075	\$	13,383,908		

				School O	bligation	s		
Year	State Literary			General Obligation				
Ending		Fund	Loans			Bonds	Payable	
June 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2016	\$	474,200	\$	50,952	\$	1,455,508	\$	1,014,011
2017		474,200		41,468		1,657,440		1,038,080
2018		474,200		31,984		1,549,785		1,015,345
2019		375,000		22,500		1,560,088		994,472
2020		375,000		15,000		1,675,870		970,723
2021-2025		375,000		7,500		8,502,953		4,441,144
2026-2030		-		=		4,386,625		2,038,547
2031-2035		-		=		2,580,679		319,552
2036-2040		<u>-</u>				223,653		11,638
Total	\$	2,547,600	\$	169,404	\$	23,592,601	\$	11,843,512

	Enterprise Obligations				
Year		Reve	nue		
Ending		Bonds F	ayable	9	
June 30		Principal		Interest	
2016	\$	1,300,000	\$	1,647,852	
2017		1,330,000		1,610,892	
2018		1,375,000		1,571,124	
2019		1,410,000		1,528,010	
2020		1,460,000		1,481,615	
2021-2025		7,125,000		6,600,765	
2026-2030		5,235,000		5,257,032	
2031-2035		5,830,000		4,011,169	
2036-2040		7,410,000		2,441,647	
2041-2045		5,735,000		564,081	
Total	\$	38,210,000	\$	26,714,187	

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

General Obligations:

Incurred for City:

General Obligation Bonds:

\$13,730,000 general obligation public improvement bond Series 2008A, payable in various annual installment through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 4.63%.	\$ 2,890,000
\$4,480,000 general obligation public improvement bond, Series 2008B, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 5.25%.	3,415,000
\$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.88%.	y 15, 1,265,000
\$2,155,000 general obligation payable Series 2009B, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 4.00% to 5.00%.	y 15, 2,155,000
\$2,380,000 general obligation payable Series 2011, payable in various semi-annual installments through May 2022; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 2.00% to 3.75%.	1, 970,000
\$2,265,000 general obligation payable Series 2013A, payable in various annual installments through May 15, 2028; interest payable semi-annually at 2.10%.	2,265,000
\$895,000 general obligation payable Series 2013B, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 2028; interest payable semi-annually at 3.63%.	15, 895,000
\$7,700,000 general obligation payable Series 2013C, payable in various semi-annual installments through Ma 2022; interest payable semi-annually at 2.50%.	y 1, 7,700,000
\$2,500,000 general obligation payable Series 2015A, payable in various annual installments through January 2030; interest payable semi-annually at 2.275%.	15, 2,500,000
\$12,955,075 general obligation payable Series 2015B, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	12,955,075
Total General Obligation Bonds	37,010,075
Issuance premium	79,140
Landfill closure liability (payable from the General Fund)	592,626
Compensated absences (payable from the General Fund)	973,825
OPEB liability (payable from the General Fund)	5,628,664
Net pension liability (payable from the General Fund)	14,106,970
Total Incurred by City	\$ 58,391,300

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Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

Incurred for School Board:

State	Literary	/ ⊦	und	Loans:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
\$209,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued September 26, 1997, due in annual principal installments of \$10,450 through 2017; interest payable annually at 2%.	\$ 31,350
\$939,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued September 26, 1997, due in annual installments of \$46,950 through 2017; interest payable annually at 2%.	140,850
\$239,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued September 26, 1997, due in annual principal installments of \$11,950 through 2017; interest payable annually at 2%.	35,850
\$597,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued September 26, 1997, due in annual principal installments of \$29,850 through 2017; interest payable annually at 2%.	89,550
\$7,500,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued May 15, 2001, due in annual principal installments of \$375,000 through 2021; interest payable annually at 2%.	2,250,000
Total State Literary Fund Loans	2,547,600
Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) Subsidy and Other Bonds:	
\$4,862,705 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2001, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2021; interest payable annually at varying rates 3.10% - 5.35%.	1,966,957
\$858,896 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued in 2005, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2025; interest payable annually at varying rates 4.60% - 5.10%.	523,731
\$2,800,000 General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bond issued in 2009, due in annual installments of \$186,667 through 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%.	1,845,321
\$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%.	6,870,000
\$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.87%.	1,265,000
\$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%.	4,666,667
\$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%.	2,700,000
\$3,754,925 General Obligation payable Series 2015B split with the City, due in annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	3,754,925
Total Virginia Public Authority School Subsidy and Other Bonds	 23,592,601
Total Incurred for School Board	\$ 26,140,201

On June 29, 2015, the City issued a \$16,710,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bond, Series 2015B, with a true interest cost of 2.87%. The City issued these refunding bonds to advance refund a portion of the City's outstanding Series 2008A General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bonds and Series 2009A General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, as well as to pay a portion of the costs of issuance associated with this transaction. The City issued these refunding bonds in order to reduce its annual debt service expenditures. Due to the refunding, overall aggregate debt service payments were reduced by \$2,033,448. In addition, this resulted in an economic gain of \$1,547,022.

Enterprise Obligations:

Revenue	Bond	Obligation	າs:

\$8,640,000 revenue bond issued December 1, 2005, payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2025; interest payable semi-annually at varying rates 3.64% - 4.85%.	\$ 5,630,000
\$2,790,000 revenue bond issued August 1, 2012, payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2021; interest payable semi-annually at varying rates 2.135% - 2.38%.	2,105,000
\$4,160,000 Sewer System revenue bond issued December 2, 2010, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2025; interest payable semi-annually at 2.88% - 3.38%.	4,000,000
\$18,210,000 Sewer System bond issued December 7, 2011, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2042; interest payable semi-annually at 2% - 5%.	18,030,000
\$3,385,000 Sewer System bond issued December 7, 2011, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2022; interest payable semi-annually at 1.25% - 3.75%.	2,770,000
\$5,675,000 Series 2014, revenue bond payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2044; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 4.00%.	5,675,000
Total Revenue Bond Obligations	38,210,000
Issuance premium	658,519
Compensated absences (Payable from the Enterprise Funds)	261,198
OPEB liability (Payable from the Enterprise Funds)	1,178,975
Net pension liability (Payable from the Enterprise Funds)	 2,962,258
Total Enterprise Obligations	\$ 43,270,950
Advance from Capital Projects Fund	\$ 4,593,300

Component Unit School Board:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Component Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Jı	Balance uly 1, 2014 Restated	In	creases	D	ecreases	-	Balance at ine 30, 2015	 ue Within one Year
Claims, judgments and compensated absences payable	\$	668,563	\$	-	\$	(18,701)	\$	649,862	\$ 216,621
OPEB liability		1,104,138		260,217		(143,300)		1,221,055	269,686
Net pension liability *		45,924,126		-		(6,703,015)		39,221,111	-
Note Payable to the City	\$	1,711,123 49,407,950	\$	260,217	\$	(105,418) (6,970,434)	\$	1,605,705 42,697,733	\$ 110,432 596,739

Amounts are payable from the School Operating Fund.

Note 8—Reporting Entity Transactions

During fiscal year 2012, City Council approved a budget resolution to advance the School Board \$1,912,428 for energy conservation improvements. The School Board will repay the City over 15 years. The effective interest rate on the loan is 8.7%. At June 30, 2015, \$1,605,705 of the loan was still outstanding.

^{*} See Footnote 16 for further discusion.

Note 9—Landfill Post-Closure Costs

In October 1993, the City discontinued accepting solid waste at its landfill. In conjunction with the closing of the landfill, an environmental engineering firm was engaged to devise a closure plan in accordance with federal and state regulations. During fiscal year 2002, the City received a closing permit; however, the time period for maintaining the site has been extended through 2022. Total estimated costs of maintaining the site for this period is \$592,626. The total current cost of landfill post closure care is an estimate subject to change resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

The City demonstrates its financial assurance requirements closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the *Virginia Administrative Code*.

Note 10—Unearned and Unavailable Revenues

Unearned revenues represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available. Unearned revenues reported in governmental funds were comprised of the following:

General Fund Unearned Property Tax Revenue: Tax payments due in December that are not yet earned totaled \$11,000,027 at June 30, 2015.

<u>School Board Unearned Revenue:</u> Unearned state and federal grants totaled \$31,004 at June 30, 2015.

Unavailable revenues are resource inflows that represent amounts earned, but which are not available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues reported in governmental funds were comprised of the following:

<u>General Fund Unavailable Tax Revenues:</u> Uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$1,918,598 at June 30, 2015.

Note 11—Commitments, Contingencies, and Subsequent Event

Federal programs in which the City and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular, all major programs will be tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements and reported upon under separate reporting. Even if no matters of noncompliance are disclosed by audit, the Federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

On December 16, 2010, the City was informed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") that the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility (the "Facility") was in violation of the Clean Air Act for 32 days during January and February of 2010. The Facility is potentially subject to a \$37,500 administrative penalty and a \$37,500 civil action for injunctive relief and/or civil penalties for each day in violation. On September 30, 2016, the City signed two consent agreements – one for Clean Water Act violations and one for Clean Air Act violations. The total amount of penalties paid to EPA was \$150,000, which was paid to the federal government in October 2016. The cost of the penalty was billed to each of the five other Facility Commission members. The consent agreement expires on September 30, 2017.

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 12—Litigation

At June 30, 2015, there were no matters of litigation involving the City or which would materially affect the City's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

Note 13—Pension Plans

A. Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City and salaried permanent (nonprofessional) employees of the School Board are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of the School Board are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan, upon employment. Both plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria a defined in the Code of Virginia, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

VRS PLAN 1	VRS PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members").
		 The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.

Eligible Members	Eligible Members	In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees. Eligible Members
Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:
Hybrid Opt-In Election Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Hybrid Opt-In Election Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	 School division employees Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 – April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.
The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	members mas cary 1, 201 m
If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	
Retirement Contributions Members contribute up to 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. The School Board elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution; all employees have paid the full 5% by July 1, 2014. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Same as VRS Plan 1.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and employer to both the defined benefit and defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Creditable	Service
Creditable	servic

ditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.

Creditable Service

Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used determine their to eligibility for retirement and to their retirement calculate benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Defined Contributions Component:

Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Vesting

Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Vesting

Same as Plan 1.

Vesting

Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested defined benefit the component.

Defined Contributions Component:

Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be

		eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.

Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for members is 1.70%.	Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. The retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Defined Contribution Component: Not Applicable.
Normal Retirement Age Age 65.	Normal Retirement Age Normal Social Security retirement age.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: Age Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Cost-of-Living	<u>Adjustment</u>	(COLA)
in Retirement	-	

The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.

Eligibility:

For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.

For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:
The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:

- The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
- The member retires on disability.
- The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).
- The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
- The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.

Eligibility:

Same as Plan 1

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component:

Defined Contribution Component:
Not applicable.

Eligibility:

Same as Plan 2.

Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service,

regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a oneyear waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Disability Coverage

Employees of political subdivision and school divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. which the School Board has elected to provide. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Purchase of Prior Service

Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.

Purchase of Prior Service
Defined Benefit Component:
Same as VRS Plan 1, with the following exceptions:

- Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.
- The cost for purchasing refunded service is the highest of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.
- Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.

Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

B. <u>Employees Covered by Benefit Terms</u>

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

		Schools -
	City	Nonprofessional
Inactive members:		_
Receiving benefits	256	61
Vested inactive members	54	7
Non-vested inactive members	82	51
Active elsewhere in VRS	158	16
Total inactive members	550	135
Active Members	325	93
Total covered employees	875	228

C. Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to the City and the School Board by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

VRS Retirement Plan

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 15.45% of covered employee compensation. The School Board's non-professional plan contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 11.95% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 3013. The actuarial rate for the City's plan and the School Board's non-professional plan were 15.45% and 11.95%, respectively.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$2,023,774 and \$1,649,427 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively, and contribution to the pension plan from the School Board's non-professional plan were \$213,125 and \$159,179 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

Each School Board's professional plan contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$3,362,153 and \$2,676,054 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

D. Net Pension Liability

VRS Retirement Plan

The City's and School Board's nonprofessional plan net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014. There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms since the prior measurement period. Pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are allocated to funds based on their proportionate share of projected monthly benefits.

VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

At June 30, 2015, the School Board professional plan reported a liability of \$37,926,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms since the prior measurement period. There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective net pension liability and the School Board's reporting date. The School Board's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the School Board's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the School Board's proportion was .31383% as compared to .32065% at June 30, 2013.

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E. Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for the City and School Board was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, which were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012, and applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

		VRS General Employees	VRS Public Safety Employees	VRS School Board Teacher Retirement Plan Employees
•	Investment Rate of Return, net of pension plan investment expense,			
	including inflation	7.00%	7.00%	7.0%
•	Inflation *	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
•	Projected Salary Increases Mortality Rates (% of deaths assumed to be service	1.5% - 5.35%	3.5% - 4.75%	3.5% - 4.5%
	related)	14%	60%	N/A

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

General City Employees:

- Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.
- Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Public Safety Employees:

- Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years.
- Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.
- Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

Teacher Plan Employees:

- Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years.
- Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years.
- Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions for the VRS Local Plans as a result of the experience study include updating mortality tables; decreasing rates of service retirement; decreasing rates of disability retirement; reducing rates of salary increases by 0.25% per year and increasing rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service.

F. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		VRS Plans	
_		Arithmetic	Weighted
		Long-Term	Average
	Target	Expected	Long-Term
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	(1.50)%	(0.02)%
Total _	100.00%	<u>-</u>	5.83%
Inflation		<u>-</u>	2.50%
** Expected arithmetic nominal return		_	8.33%

^{**} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

G. <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia

General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the Long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H. Changes in Net Pension Liability

			City			
	 Total Pension Liability				Net Pension Liability	
Balance at July 1, 2013	\$ 98,491,794	\$	75,850,489	\$	22,641,305	
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost	1,860,421		-		1,860,421	
Interest	6,707,497		-		6,707,497	
Contributions - employer	-		1,649,427		(1,649,427)	
Contributions - employee	-		799,011		(799,011)	
Net investment income	-		11,756,144		(11,756,144)	
Benefit payments including refunds						
of employee contributions	(5,340,826)		(5,340,826)		-	
Admininstrative expense	-		(65,207)		65,207	
Other changes	 -		620		(620)	
Net Changes	 3,227,092		8,799,169		(5,572,077)	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$ 101,718,886	\$	84,649,658	\$	17,069,228	
	School Board - Nonprofessional					
	 Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
	 Liability		Net Position		Liability	
Balance at July 1, 2013	\$ 7,754,961	\$	6,002,835	\$	1,752,126	
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost	185,137		-		185,137	
Interest	524,469		-		524,469	
Contributions - employer	-		159,179		(159,179)	
Contributions - employee	-		88,108		(88,108)	
Net investment income	-		924,453		(924,453)	
Benefit payments including refunds						
of employee contributions	(525,083)		(525,083)		-	
Admininstrative expense	-		(5,167)		5,167	
Other changes	-		48		(48)	
Net Changes	184,523		641,538		(457,015)	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$ 7,939,484	\$	6,644,373	\$	1,295,111	

I. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1	1.00% Decrease		1.00% Decrease Cu		ent Discount Rate	1	l% Increase
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)		
City Net Pension Liability	\$	29,572,097	\$	17,069,228	\$	6,600,399		
School Board - Nonprofessional Net Pension Liability		2,107,056		1,295,111		603,522		
School Board - Professional Net Pension Liability		55,690,000		37,926,000		23,300,000		

J. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

VRS Retirement Plan

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City and School Board nonprofessional plan recognized pension expense of \$1,317,433 and \$113,490, respectively. At June 30, 2015, the City and School Board nonprofessional plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date
Total

	City					
Deferred Outflows of		De	ferred Inflows of			
F	Resources	Resources				
\$	2.023.774	\$	5,240,000			
\$	2,023,774	\$	5,240,000			

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date

Total

	School Board - Nonprofessional					
Defe	erred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of				
	Resources		Resources			
\$	- 213,125	\$	411,326			
\$	213,125	\$	411,326			

\$2,023,774 and \$213,125 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City and School Board, respectively, nonprofessional plans' contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

			School Board -
Year Ended June 30,	 City	N	lonprofessional
2016	\$ 1,310,000	\$	102,831
2017	1,310,000		102,831
2018	1,310,000		102,831
2019	 1,310,000		102,833
	\$ 5,240,000	\$	411,326

VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School Board professional plan recognized pension expense of \$2,830,000. At June 30, 2015, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date
Total

School Board - Professional				
Def	erred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
Resources			Resources	
Φ.		_	5 000 000	
\$	-	\$	5,629,000	
	-		770,000	
	3,362,153		-	
\$	3,362,153	\$	6,399,000	

\$3,362,153 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board professional plan's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 School Board - Professional		
2016	\$ 1,599,750		
2017	1,599,750		
2018	1,599,750		
2019	 1,599,750		
	\$ 6,399,000		

K. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 14—Surety Bonds

The following Surety bonds are maintained by the City with Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland – Surety (Faithful Performance of Duty Schedule Position Bond):

Tamara J. Ward, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 1,075,000
Teresa L. Batton, Treasurer	\$ 500,000
Debra A. Reason, Commissioner of the Revenue	\$ 3,000
Luther H. Sodat, Sheriff	\$ 30,000
The above constitutional officers and subordinate employees - blanket bond	\$ 50,000

VSBA - Surety (\$10,000): Dr. John Fahey, Superintendent of Schools, Monique Barnes, Clerk of School Board, Melody F. Bage, Deputy Clerk of School Board

Note 15—Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Plan Description

The City and the School Board each maintain a separate single employer defined benefit plan that offers eligible retirees postretirement health benefits if they retire directly from the City or Schools and are eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. Health benefits include medical coverage only for the City and medical, dental, and vision coverage for the School Board.

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Funding Policy

The City of Hopewell contributes toward the retiree's healthcare costs based on the following schedule:

Group

- A. Hired before July 1, 2003 and retired before January 1, 2004 with at least 15 years of service
- B. Hired before July 1, 2003 and retired after January 1, 2004 with at least 15 years of service
- C. Hired on or after July 1, 2004 with at least 11 years of service
- D. Hired on or after July 1, 2008 with at least 5 years of service

City Contribution					
Group	Retiree Only	Retiree and Spouse	Notes		
Α	\$534	\$948	Frozen contribution rate; will not change in future years		
В	\$553	N/A	2015 City contribution for a single active employee; will be adjusted in future years		
С	Varies	N/A	Percentage of City contribution for a single active employee, based on years of services. See following table.		
			Years of Service Percentage of Premium 0 - 10 0% 11 40% 16 - 20 60% 21 80%		
D	Varies	N/A	Percentage of City contribution for a single active employee based on years of services See table below:		
			Years of Service Percentage of Premium 0 - 5 \$ 50 per month 6 - 10 \$100 per month 11 - 20 \$150 per month 21 \$200 per month		

Note that the City contribution is limited to the actual premium rate and is offset by any VRS health insurance credit received by the retiree.

A retiree eligible for a City contribution may receive the credit even if he or she is not enrolled in a City-sponsored plan. The contribution may be applied toward the cost of other coverage.

Each year, retirees participating in the City's sponsored plans will be given the opportunity to change plans or drop coverage during an open enrollment period. The pre-Medicare retirees have a choice of three plans from United Healthcare: Choice Plan 049M, Choice Plan 044 and Choice Plus Plan 097M(POS). The majority of the participants are in Choice Plan 044. Medicare-eligible retirees and spouses must enroll In the Ovations AARP Medical Supplement Plan. Any City contribution for which the retiree is eligible will apply toward the Medicare Part D Premium in addition to the Ovations premium.

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

School Board professional retirees receive a \$55 per month credit from the School Board towards their premium. Nonprofessional retirees receive \$55 per month plus the amount of credit that they would have received from Virginia Retirement System Teachers Health Insurance Credit if they were eligible.

Pre-65 retirees may choose between four plans administered by Optima Health: two HMO HSA eligible plans, a PPO HSA eligible plan, and a co-pay plan. The Schools currently have 71 retirees without spouse coverage, 33 retirees with spouse coverage and 2 retirees with child coverage on their plan. The City has 68 retirees without spouse coverage and 31 retirees with spouse coverage participating in the plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City and School Board's annual other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer ("ARC"). The City and School Board have elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded portion of actuarial accrued liability in compliance with GAAP. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the City and School Board. The following table shows the components of the City and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City and School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

Government		School Board	
\$	1,432,100	\$	262,400
	207,387		38,645
	(219,103)		(40,828)
	1,420,384		260,217
	(538,100)		(143,300)
<u> </u>	882,284		116,917
	5,925,355		1,104,138
\$	6,807,639	\$	1,221,055
		Government \$ 1,432,100 207,387 (219,103) 1,420,384 (538,100) 882,284 5,925,355	Government Sc \$ 1,432,100 \$ 207,387 (219,103) 1,420,384 (538,100) 882,284 5,925,355

The City and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	c	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
City:					
June 30, 2015	\$	1,420,384	37.88%	\$	6,807,639
June 30, 2014		1,121,075	46.32%		5,925,355
June 30, 2013		1,079,866	39.36%		5,323,549
School Board:					
June 30, 2015	\$	260,217	55.07%	\$	1,221,055
June 30, 2014		344,304	57.86%		1,104,138
June 30, 2013		330,178	42.61%		959,034

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2015, the City's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$16,739,300, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$16,787,600, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 99,71%.

As of June 30, 2015, the School Board's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,994,800, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$22,015,900, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 13.60%.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Methods and Assumptions

Pension and postemployment benefits plan funding requirements are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the plan in effect at the time of each annual valuation and on the pattern of sharing between the employer and the plan member at that point. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and the actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective.

• Actuarial Cost Method - The cost method for valuation of liabilities used for this valuation is the Projected Unit Credit ("PUC") Actuarial Cost Method. A PUC accrued benefit is determined for each active member in the plan on the basis of the member's average final compensation projected to the assumed date of retirement and the member's creditable service at the valuation date. The actuarial liability for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value of the PUC accrued benefit of each active member. The normal cost for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value for the expected increase in the PUC accrued benefit during the plan year for each active member under the assumed retirement age.

The actuarial liability and the normal cost for termination benefits, disability benefits, and preretirement spouse's death benefits are determined in a similar manner by projecting the member's average final compensation to each assumed date of termination, disablement, or death. The actuarial liability and normal cost for the supplemental benefits are based upon the present value of the expected supplement expected to be paid to those covered employees attaining eligibility. The actuarial liability for inactive members is determined as the actuarial present value of the pension and supplemental benefits expected to be paid.

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

The difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of the assets is the unfunded actuarial liability. The annual required contribution is the sum of the normal cost and the amount necessary to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over the amortization period. The amortization amount is determined as a level percent of payroll.

Additionally, the following simplifying assumptions were made:

- Retirement Age for Active Employees Retirement age was estimated based on tables used for the VRS State Employees valuation and assumed that participants begin to retire when they become eligible to receive healthcare benefits.
- Mortality Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables for males and females with a one year setback in pre-retirement for males and females.
- Inflation The assumed inflation rate is 2.5%.
- Coverage Elections The actuary assumed that 70% of current actives of the Hopewell City
 Public Schools will elect medical coverage when they retire and that 30% of retirees who elect
 coverage will cover a spouse. The actuary assumed that 70% of current actives of the City of
 Hopewell will elect medical coverage when they retire and that 30% of retirees who elect
 coverage will cover a spouse.
- Investment Rate of Return Based on the historical and expected returns of the City and School Board's short-term investment portfolio, a discount of 3.50% was used. In addition, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used.
- Other Assumptions include:
 - Payroll increases of 3.00% per year.
 - Health Care Cost Trend of:
 - Pre-65: 5.20% in 2015, 6.20% in 2016, and 7.00% in 2017, then graded to 4.40% over 73 years
 - Post-65: 6.20% in 2015, 6.80% in 2016, and 7.10% in 2017, then graded to 4.60% over 78 years 7.00% graded to 4.80% over 80 years.
 - The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis over a remaining amortization period at June 30, 2015 of 30 years

Note 16—Accounting Changes and Restatements

The City restated beginning net position for Governmental Activities, Business Activities and the School Board Component Unit due to a change in accounting principle from the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No, 68. These pronouncements changed the accounting and financial reporting requirements of pension obligations by reporting pension obligations not only in the note disclosure and required supplementary information sections, but also on the face of the basic financial statements. Accordingly, the beginning net pension liability and net position were restated as of July 1, 2014 (see reference to GAAP in following tables).

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

The City also restated certain prior year balances after identifying instances during fiscal year 2015 where activities in the previous fiscal years were inaccurately recorded within the general ledger and issued financial statements as follows:

- A. Subsequent to the City's conversion of general ledger systems in September 2014, assets were identified that had been excluded from prior fiscal years' reported capital assets resulting in the restatement of the City's governmental activities' net position of \$766,477. Additionally, it was determined that the City's prior calculations of jointly-owned assets with the School Board had incorrectly not taken into account all related outstanding debt resulting in the City's governmental activities recording an additional \$4,567,500 (A-1) of net capital assets and net position with an equal reduction in the School Board's corresponding allocation. Additionally, the School Board identified that certain buildings were over depreciated in prior years and reduced accumulated depreciation, and increased net position, at June 30, 2014 by \$389,677 (A-2). The impact on the change in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was an increase of \$352,499.
- B. City Finance personnel determined that balances reported as prepaid bond principal at June 30, 2014 in the HRWTF and Sewer Service Funds, \$491,414 and \$478,964, respectively, were not City assets. However, the City noted unreported investments balances of \$586,001 and \$918,906, respectively, resulting in net increases of net position for HRWTF of \$94,587 and Sewer of \$439,942 at June 30, 2014, consistent with the impact on the change in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.
- C. City Finance personnel determined that HRWTF and Sewer Service Funds' accrued bond interest at June 30, 2014 was understated by \$83,153 and \$526,529, respectively, resulting in a reduction of net position for the funds at June 30, 2014, with the impact on the change in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 being a decrease of \$8,147 and an increase of \$3,672, respectively. In addition, Sewer Fund debt principal outstanding was overstated by \$86,585, resulting in a corresponding increase in net position at June 30, 2014, consistent with the impact on the change in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.
- D. City Finance personnel determined that the governmental activities' deferred inflows related to prior year refundings of debt were incorrectly calculated and presented in the 2014 CAFR. Accordingly, a deferred outflow of resources as of June 30, 2014 has been recorded in the amount of \$348,199 to adjust the previously reported deferred inflow of resources of \$121,999 for a total adjustment to net position of \$470,198. Additionally, premiums related to governmental activities' general obligation bonds were overstated at June 30, 2014 by \$72,196 resulting in an increase in net position at June 30, 2014 with an impact on the change in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 of an increase of \$13,617.
- E. City Finance personnel determined that HRWTF Fund's refund credits issued to customers, but not yet exercised, at June 30, 2014 had not been accurately tracked such that the amount of the related liability at June 30, 2014 was overstated by \$1,993,428, resulting in an increase in net position at June 30, 2014 by \$1,993,428, with no impact on the change in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.
- F. The Sewer Service Fund's accounts receivable at June 30, 2014 included activity actually related to the HRWTF Fund. Accordingly, \$107,519 of HRWTF Fund receivables and revenues, related to fiscal year 2014 and earlier, were reclassified from the Sewer Service Fund to the HRWTF Fund and net position was decreased and increased, respectively, as of June 30, 2014, consistent with the \$81,733 impact on the change in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 for each fund.

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

G. City Finance personnel determined that the Beacon Theatre Fund's accrued liabilities at June 30, 2014 were overstated by \$455,288, resulting in an increase in net position for the funds at June 30, 2014, consistent with the impact on the change in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

	Reference	Governmental Activities		Ви	ısiness-Type Activities		School Board		
Net position, June 30, 2014 balance,									
as previously reported		\$	27,600,679	\$	32,801,799	\$	28,240,912		
Change in GAAP pension accounting:	0445		(40.740.047)		(0.000.050)		(45.004.400)		
Net Pension Liability	GAAP GAAP		(18,712,047)		(3,929,258)		(45,924,126)		
Subsequent contributions made Capital assets reported in error	GAAP A		1,363,179 5,333,977		286,248		2,835,233 (4,327,265)		
Prepaid bond principle reported in error	В		5,333,977		(970,378)		(4,327,203)		
Investments reported in error	В		-		1,504,907		_		
Accrued interest reported in error	Č		-		(609,682)		_		
Debt activity reported in error	č		_		86,585		_		
Deferred flow of resources related to debt reported in error	D		470,198		-		_		
Debt net premiums reported in error	D		72,196		-		-		
Refunds payable reported in error	E		-		1,993,428		-		
Recorded liabilities in error	G				455,288				
Balance, as restated, June 30, 2014		\$	16,128,182	\$	31,618,937	\$	(19,175,246)		
					Proprie				
			HRWTF	Se	ewer Service	S	olid Waste	Bea	con Theatre
Net position, June 30, 2014 balance,									
as previously reported		\$	2,870,083	\$	26,997,553	\$	1,913,182	\$	1,020,981
Change in GAAP pension accounting:									
Net Pension Liability	GAAP		(3,388,613)		(474,234)		(66,411)		-
Subsequent contributions made	GAAP		246,862		34,548		4,838		-
Prepaid bond principle reported in error	В		(491,414)		(478,964)		-		-
Investments reported in error	В		586,001		918,906		-		-
Accrued interest reported in error	С		(83,153)		(526,529)		-		-
Deferred flow of resources related to debt reported in error	c		4 000 400		86,585		-		-
Refunds payable reported in error Recorded revenues in error	E F		1,993,428 107,519		- (107,519)		-		-
Recorded liabilities in error	r G		107,519		(107,519)		-		455,288
Balance, as restated, June 30, 2014	G	\$	1,840,713	\$	26,450,346	\$	1,851,609	\$	1,476,269
Balance, as restated, ounce ou, 2014		Ψ	1,040,710	Ψ	20,430,040	Ψ	1,001,000	Ψ	1,470,203
					Propriet	arv Fı	ınds		
					HRWTF		wer Service		
Cash and investments including restricted,									
as previously reported, June 30, 2014				\$	7,437,444	\$	17,915,592		
Investments reported in error	В				586,001		918,906		
Cash and investments including restricted,				-		_			

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

	Reference	June 30, 2014 Balance As Previously Reported	Adjustment	June 30, 2014 Balance As Restated
City Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land		\$ 6,622,991	\$ -	\$ 6,622,991
Work in progress	Α	-	605,697	605,697
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation		6,622,991	605,697	7,228,688
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure	Α	44,312,940	(449,230)	43,863,710
Machinery and equipment	Ā	10,209,823	1,101,434	11,311,257
Jointly-owned assets	A-1	29,696,617	4,642,221	34,338,838
Total capital assets being depreciated	A 1	84,219,380	5,294,425	89,513,805
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure	Α	(15,730,880)	532,264	(15,198,616)
Machinery and equipment	Â	(6,574,425)	(1,023,688)	(7,598,113)
Jointly-owned assets	A-1	(7,201,531)	(74,721)	(7,276,252)
Total accumulated depreciation	Α-1	(29,506,836)	(566,145)	(30,072,981)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		54,712,544	4,728,280	59,440,824
rotal depital accord being depreciated, not				00,110,021
Capital assets, net		\$ 61,335,535	\$ 5,333,977	\$ 66,669,512
School Board Governmental Activities:				
Jointly-owned assets	A-1	\$ (29,696,617)	\$ (4,642,221)	\$ (34,338,838)
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure	A-2	\$ (14,963,930)	\$ 389,677	\$ (14,574,253)
Jointly-owned assets	A-1	\$ 7,201,531	\$ 74,721	\$ 7,276,252
		June 30, 2014		
		Balance As		June 30, 2014
		Previously		Balance
	Reference	Reported	Adjustment	As Restated
City total long-term obligations		\$ 67,198,574	\$ 18,639,851	\$ 85,838,425
, - 3 3 3	GAAP	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	18,712,047	
	D		(72,196)	
	D		(12,190)	

Note 17—Subsequent Event

On September 8, 2015, the Council approved Resolution No. 15-0001611 authorizing the sale of Taxable Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, to be sold to the Virginia Resource Authority (VRA) in an amount not to exceed \$5,900,000. The City issued these refunding bonds to advance refund a portion of the City's outstanding Series 2005C Taxable Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bond and Series 2014 Taxable Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bond, as well as to pay a portion of the costs of issuance associated with this transaction. On November 18, 2015, the City sold to the VRA its Taxable Sewer System Revenue Bond, Series 2015D, in the par amount of \$5,445,000.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

General property taxes \$ 28,194,700 \$ 28,194,700 \$ 29,022,830 \$ 828,130 Other local taxes 5,867,000 5,868,100 6,056,010 186,910 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 8,65,00 146,550 23,083 384,393 Fines and forfeitures 1,701,800 1,701,800 1,545,064 (156,736) Revenues from use of money and property 60,030 638,200 600,938 62,738 Miscellaneous 1,261,100 1,279,171 1,153,890 (125,81) Recovered costs 382,500 382,500 382,500 382,500 382,500 Intergovernmental revenues: 318,600 6,316,500 6,655,860 339,360 Federal 318,600 339,122 119,299 (219,823) Total revenues 318,600 339,122 119,299 (219,823) Total revenues 31,53,000 4,023,222 4,034,781 (11,559) Judicial administration 3,153,000 4,023,222 4,034,781 (11,559) Judicial administration	REVENUES		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Other local taxes 5,867,000 5,869,100 6,056,010 186,910 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 86,500 1146,500 230,893 84,393 Fines and forfeitures 1,701,800 1,701,800 1,546,064 (156,736) Revenues from use of money and property 60,500 60,500 693,374 (1,126) Charges for services 600,300 538,200 600,938 62,738 Miscellaneous 1,261,100 1,279,171 1,153,890 (125,281) Recovered costs 382,500 382,500 382,500 382,500 Intergovernmental revenues: 6,316,500 6,316,500 6,655,860 339,60 Federal 318,600 339,122 119,299 (219,823) Total revenues 44,789,500 44,828,093 45,826,658 998,565 EXPENDITURES Current: Curr		Φ.	28 194 700	•	28 104 700	•	20 022 830	•	828 130
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 86,500 146,500 230,833 84,333 Fines and forfeitures 1,701,800 1,701,800 1,545,064 (156,736) Revenues from use of money and property 60,000 60,500 59,374 (1,126) Charges for services 600,300 538,200 600,938 62,738 Miscellaneous 1,261,100 1,279,171 1,153,890 (125,281) Recovered costs 382,500 44,82,803 44,82,803 44,82,803 <t< td=""><td> ,</td><td>Ψ</td><td></td><td>Ψ</td><td>, ,</td><td>Ψ</td><td>, ,</td><td>Ψ</td><td>,</td></t<>	,	Ψ		Ψ	, ,	Ψ	, ,	Ψ	,
Fines and forfeitures									
Revenues from use of money and property 60,500 60,500 50,374 (1,126) Charges for services 600,300 538,200 600,338 62,738 Miscellaneous 1,261,100 1,279,171 1,153,890 (125,281) Recovered costs 382,500 382,500 382,500 382,500 382,500 325			,		,		,		,
Charges for services 600,300 538,200 600,938 62,738 Miscellaneous 1,261,100 1,279,171 1,153,890 (125,281) Recovered costs 382,500 382,500 382,500 326,500 - Intergovernmental revenues: Commonwealth 6,316,500 6,316,500 6,655,860 339,360 Federal 318,600 339,122 119,299 (219,823) Total revenues 44,789,500 44,828,093 45,826,658 998,565 EXPENDITURES Current: S S 4,023,222 4,034,781 (11,559) Judicial administration 1,041,000 2,595,281 2,582,149 13,132 Public safety 12,693,000 14,088,410 13,545,791 542,619 Public works 3,916,000 4,218,292 4,290,647 (72,355) Health and welfare 1,144,700 1,915,861 1,366,127 559,734 Education 13,100,000 13,122,800 (22,800) Parks, recreation, and cultural			, ,						
Miscellaneous 1,261,100 1,279,171 1,153,890 (125,281) Recovered costs 382,500 382,500 382,500 - Intergovernmental revenues: 2 382,500 6,316,500 6,655,860 339,360 Federal 318,600 339,122 119,299 (219,823) Total revenues 44,789,500 44,828,093 45,826,658 998,565 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration 3,153,000 4,023,222 4,034,781 (11,559) Judicial administration 1,041,000 2,595,281 2,582,149 13,132,619 Public safety 12,683,000 14,088,410 13,545,791 542,619 Public works 3,916,000 4,218,292 4,290,647 (72,355) Health and welfare 1,144,700 1,915,881 1,356,127 559,734 Education 13,100,000 13,102,000 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604			,		,		,		
Recovered costs 382,500 382,50			,		,		,		,
Net change in fund balances Commonwealth Comm			, ,		, ,		, ,		(120,201)
Commonwealth 6,316,500 6,316,500 6,655,860 339,360 Federal 318,600 339,122 119,299 (219,823) Total revenues 44,789,500 44,828,093 45,826,658 998,565 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration 3,153,000 4,023,222 4,034,781 (11,559) Judicial administration 1,041,000 2,595,281 2,582,149 13,132 Public safety 12,693,000 14,088,410 13,545,791 542,619 Public works 3,916,000 4,218,292 4,290,647 (72,355) Health and welfare 1,144,700 1,915,861 1,356,127 559,734 Education 13,100,000 13,100,000 13,122,800 (22,800) Parks, recreation, and cultural 551,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300			302,300		302,300		302,300		
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EXPENDITURES 44,89,500 44,828,093 45,826,658 998,565 Current: General government administration 3,153,000 4,023,222 4,034,781 (11,559) Judicial administration 1,041,000 2,595,281 2,582,149 13,132 Public safety 12,693,000 14,088,410 13,545,791 542,619 Public works 3,916,000 4,218,292 4,290,647 (72,355) Health and welfare 1,144,700 1,915,861 1,356,127 559,734 Education 13,100,000 13,100,000 13,122,800 (22,800) Parks, recreation, and cultural 551,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 766,500 830,372 (63,872) 83,600 709,267 1,563,876 (593,609) 709,267 1,563,876 (593,609) 709,267 1,563,876 (593,609) 709,267 1,563,876 (593,609) 709,200 709,267 1,563,876 (593,609) 709,200 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td></td><td>,</td></t<>			, ,		, ,		, ,		,
EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration 3,153,000 4,023,222 4,034,781 (11,559) Judicial administration 1,041,000 2,595,281 2,582,149 13,132 Public safety 12,693,000 14,088,410 13,545,791 542,619 Public works 3,916,000 4,218,292 4,290,647 (72,355) Health and welfare 1,144,700 1,915,861 1,356,127 559,734 Education 13,100,000 13,100,000 13,122,800 (22,800) Parks, recreation, and cultural 551,300 604,300 604,300 - Community development 725,000 766,500 830,372 (63,872) Nondepartmental 5,245,000 970,267 1,563,876 (593,609) Total expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES Operating transfers in 502,000 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers out (4,813,000) <									
Current: General government administration 3,153,000 4,023,222 4,034,781 (11,559) Judicial administration 1,041,000 2,595,281 2,582,149 13,132 Public safety 12,693,000 14,088,410 13,545,791 542,619 Public works 3,916,000 4,218,292 4,290,647 (72,355) Health and welfare 1,144,700 1,915,861 1,356,127 559,734 Education 13,100,000 13,100,000 13,102,800 (22,800) Parks, recreation, and cultural 551,300 604,300 604,300 - Community development 725,000 766,500 830,372 (63,872) Nondepartmental 5,245,000 970,267 1,563,876 (593,609) Total expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES Operating transfers in 502,000 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers out (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) 1,105,340 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td></td><td>,===,===</td><td></td><td>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</td><td></td><td>555,555</td></t<>			, ,		,===,===		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		555,555
General government administration 3,153,000 4,023,222 4,034,781 (11,559) Judicial administration 1,041,000 2,595,281 2,582,149 13,132 Public safety 12,693,000 14,088,410 13,545,791 542,619 Public works 3,916,000 4,218,292 4,290,647 (72,355) Health and welfare 1,144,700 1,915,861 1,356,127 559,734 Education 13,100,000 13,100,000 13,122,800 (22,800) Parks, recreation, and cultural 551,300 604,300 604,300 - Community development 725,000 766,500 830,372 (63,872) Nondepartmental 5,245,000 970,267 1,563,876 (593,609) Total expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES Operating transfers in 502,000 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers out (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) 1,105,340 Total other	EXPENDITURES								
Judicial administration 1,041,000 2,595,281 2,582,149 13,132 Public safety 12,693,000 14,088,410 13,545,791 542,619 Public works 3,916,000 4,218,292 4,290,647 (72,355) Health and welfare 1,144,700 1,915,861 1,356,127 559,734 Education 13,100,000 13,100,000 13,102,800 (22,800) Parks, recreation, and cultural 551,300 604,300 604,300 - Community development 725,000 766,500 830,372 (63,872) Nondepartmental 5,245,000 970,267 1,563,876 (593,609) Total expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES Operating transfers in 502,000 502,000 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers out (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) 1,105,340 Total other financing uses (4,311,000) (5,555,311) (4,449,971) 1,105,340 <tr< td=""><td>Current:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	Current:								
Public safety 12,693,000 14,088,410 13,545,791 542,619 Public works 3,916,000 4,218,292 4,290,647 (72,355) Health and welfare 1,144,700 1,915,861 1,356,127 559,734 Education 13,100,000 13,100,000 13,122,800 (22,800) Parks, recreation, and cultural 551,300 604,300 604,300 604,300 - Community development 725,000 766,500 830,372 (63,872) Nondepartmental 5,245,000 970,267 1,563,876 (593,609) Total expenditures 41,569,000 42,282,133 41,930,843 351,290 Excess of revenues over expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES Operating transfers out (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) 1,105,340 Total other financing uses (4,311,000) (5,555,311) (4,449,971) 1,105,340 Net change in fund balances (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (554,156)	General government administration		3,153,000		4,023,222		4,034,781		(11,559)
Public works 3,916,000 4,218,292 4,290,647 (72,355) Health and welfare 1,144,700 1,915,861 1,356,127 559,734 Education 13,100,000 13,100,000 13,122,800 (22,800) Parks, recreation, and cultural 551,300 604,300 604,300 - Community development 725,000 766,500 830,372 (63,872) Nondepartmental 5,245,000 970,267 1,563,876 (593,609) Total expenditures 41,569,000 42,282,133 41,930,843 351,290 Excess of revenues over expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES Operating transfers in 502,000 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers out (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) 1,105,340 Total other financing uses (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (554,156) 2,455,195 Fund balances - beginning 15,107,304 14,946,028 11,378,159 (3,567,869) <	Judicial administration		1,041,000		2,595,281		2,582,149		13,132
Health and welfare 1,144,700 1,915,861 1,356,127 559,734 Education 13,100,000 13,100,000 13,122,800 (22,800) Parks, recreation, and cultural 551,300 604,300 604,300 - Community development 725,000 766,500 830,372 (63,872) Nondepartmental 5,245,000 970,267 1,563,876 (593,609) Total expenditures 41,569,000 42,282,133 41,930,843 351,290 Excess of revenues over expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES 502,000 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers in 502,000 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers out (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) 1,105,340 Total other financing uses (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (554,156) 2,455,195 Fund balances - beginning 15,107,304 14,946,028 11,378,159 (3,567,869)	Public safety		12,693,000		14,088,410		13,545,791		542,619
Education 13,100,000 13,100,000 13,122,800 (22,800) Parks, recreation, and cultural 551,300 604,300 604,300 - Community development 725,000 766,500 830,372 (63,872) Nondepartmental 5,245,000 970,267 1,563,876 (593,609) Total expenditures 41,569,000 42,282,133 41,930,843 351,290 Excess of revenues over expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES 502,000 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers in 502,000 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers out (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) 1,105,340 Total other financing uses (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (554,156) 2,455,195 Fund balances - beginning 15,107,304 14,946,028 11,378,159 (3,567,869)	Public works		3,916,000		4,218,292		4,290,647		(72,355)
Parks, recreation, and cultural 551,300 604,300 604,300 - Community development 725,000 766,500 830,372 (63,872) Nondepartmental 5,245,000 970,267 1,563,876 (593,609) Total expenditures 41,569,000 42,282,133 41,930,843 351,290 Excess of revenues over expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES 0perating transfers in 502,000 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers out (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) 1,105,340 Total other financing uses (4,311,000) (5,555,311) (4,449,971) 1,105,340 Net change in fund balances (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (554,156) 2,455,195 Fund balances - beginning 15,107,304 14,946,028 11,378,159 (3,567,869)	Health and welfare		1,144,700		1,915,861		1,356,127		559,734
Community development 725,000 766,500 830,372 (63,872) Nondepartmental 5,245,000 970,267 1,563,876 (593,609) Total expenditures 41,569,000 42,282,133 41,930,843 351,290 Excess of revenues over expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES Operating transfers in 502,000 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers out (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) 1,105,340 Total other financing uses (4,311,000) (5,555,311) (4,449,971) 1,105,340 Net change in fund balances (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (554,156) 2,455,195 Fund balances - beginning 15,107,304 14,946,028 11,378,159 (3,567,869)	Education		13,100,000		13,100,000		13,122,800		(22,800)
Nondepartmental Total expenditures 5,245,000 41,569,000 970,267 42,282,133 1,563,876 41,930,843 (593,609) 351,290 Excess of revenues over expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total other financing uses 502,000 (4,813,000) (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) (4,949,971) 502,000 (4,951,971) (4,444,971) 1,105,340 (4,444,971) Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning (1,090,500) (15,107,304) (15,107,304) (3,009,351) (14,946,028) (14,946,028) (11,378,159) (3,567,869) 2,455,195 (3,567,869)	Parks, recreation, and cultural		551,300		604,300		604,300		-
Total expenditures 41,569,000 42,282,133 41,930,843 351,290 Excess of revenues over expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES Operating transfers in 502,000 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers out (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) 1,105,340 Total other financing uses (4,311,000) (5,555,311) (4,4449,971) 1,105,340 Net change in fund balances (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (554,156) 2,455,195 Fund balances - beginning 15,107,304 14,946,028 11,378,159 (3,567,869)	Community development		725,000		766,500		830,372		(63,872)
Excess of revenues over expenditures 3,220,500 2,545,960 3,895,815 1,349,855 OTHER FINANCING USES Operating transfers in 502,000 502,000 - Operating transfers out (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) 1,105,340 Total other financing uses (4,311,000) (5,555,311) (4,444,971) 1,105,340 Net change in fund balances (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (554,156) 2,455,195 Fund balances - beginning 15,107,304 14,946,028 11,378,159 (3,567,869)	Nondepartmental		5,245,000		970,267		1,563,876		(593,609)
OTHER FINANCING USES Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total other financing uses 502,000 (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) (4,951,971) (1,105,340 (4,311,000) (5,555,311) (4,449,971) (4,449,971) 1,105,340 (4,311,000) (5,555,311) (4,449,971) (5,541,56) (2,455,195 (4,401)) Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (5,41,56) (3,567,869) (2,455,195 (4,945))	Total expenditures		41,569,000		42,282,133		41,930,843		351,290
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total other financing uses 502,000 (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) (4,951,971) (1,105,340 (4,311,000) (5,555,311) (4,449,971) (4,449,971) - 1,105,340 (4,449,971) (4,449,971) (4,449,971) (4,449,971) (4,449,971) Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (3,009,351) (554,156) (3,567,869) (3,567,869) 2,455,195 (3,567,869)	Excess of revenues over expenditures		3,220,500		2,545,960		3,895,815		1,349,855
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total other financing uses 502,000 (4,813,000) (6,057,311) (4,951,971) (4,951,971) (1,105,340) (4,311,000) (5,555,311) (4,449,971) - 1,105,340 (4,449,971) (4,449,971) (4,449,971) (4,449,971) Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (554,156) (3,567,869) (2,455,195) (3,567,869)	OTHER FINANCING USES								
Operating transfers out Total other financing uses (4,813,000) (4,311,000) (6,057,311) (5,555,311) (4,951,971) (4,449,971) 1,105,340 1,105,340 Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning (1,090,500) 15,107,304 (3,009,351) 14,946,028 (554,156) 11,378,159 2,455,195 (3,567,869)			502.000		502.000		502.000		-
Total other financing uses (4,311,000) (5,555,311) (4,449,971) 1,105,340 Net change in fund balances (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (554,156) 2,455,195 Fund balances - beginning 15,107,304 14,946,028 11,378,159 (3,567,869)			,		,		,		1.105.340
Net change in fund balances (1,090,500) (3,009,351) (554,156) 2,455,195 Fund balances - beginning 15,107,304 14,946,028 11,378,159 (3,567,869)									
Fund balances - beginning 15,107,304 14,946,028 11,378,159 (3,567,869)	•								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	•		(1,090,500)		(3,009,351)		(554,156)		2,455,195
f 44.040.004 ft 44.000.077 ft 40.004.000 ft (4.440.074)	Fund balances - beginning		15,107,304						(3,567,869)
Fund balances - ending \$ 14,016,804 \$ 11,936,677 \$ 10,824,003 \$ (1,112,674)	Fund balances - ending	\$	14,016,804	\$	11,936,677	\$	10,824,003	\$	(1,112,674)

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Virginia Public Assistance Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Name		Original Final Budget Budget					Actual		Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Commonwealth Federal \$ 1,163,100 \$ 1,358,909 \$ 195,809 Federal Federal 2,061,200 2,061,200 2,199,813 138,613 Revenues from use of money and property Total revenues - - 2.061,200 3,224,300 3,558,951 334,651 EXPENDITURES Current - Health and welfare Welfare and Social Services: Welfare Administration \$ 1,838,000 \$ 1,838,000 \$ 2,944,906 (1,106,906) Public assistance 1,778,000 1,778,000 1,102,885 675,115 Purchased services 200,000 200,000 61,416 138,584 Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Federal 2,061,200 2,061,200 2,199,813 138,613 Revenues from use of money and property - - - 229 229 Total revenues 3,224,300 3,224,300 3,558,951 334,651 EXPENDITURES Current - Health and welfare Welfare and Social Services: Welfare Administration \$ 1,838,000 \$ 2,944,906 (1,106,906) Public assistance 1,778,000 1,778,000 1,102,885 675,115 Purchased services 200,000 200,000 61,416 138,584 Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances -<	S	•	4 400 400	•	4 400 400	•	4.050.000	•	405.000
Revenues from use of money and property - - 2 229 229 Total revenues 3,224,300 3,224,300 3,558,951 334,651 EXPENDITURES Current - Health and welfare Welfare and Social Services: Welfare Administration \$1,838,000 \$1,838,000 \$2,944,906 (1,106,906) Public assistance 1,778,000 1,778,000 1,102,885 675,115 Purchased services 200,000 200,000 61,416 138,584 Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning		\$, ,	\$, ,	\$, ,	\$,
Total revenues 3,224,300 3,558,951 334,651 EXPENDITURES Current - Health and welfare Welfare and Social Services: Welfare Administration \$ 1,838,000 \$ 1,838,000 \$ 2,944,906 (1,106,906) Public assistance 1,778,000 1,778,000 1,778,000 1,102,885 675,115 Purchased services 200,000 200,000 61,416 138,584 Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - 280,291 280,291			2,061,200		2,061,200				,
EXPENDITURES Current - Health and welfare Welfare and Social Services: Welfare Administration \$ 1,838,000 \$ 1,838,000 \$ 2,944,906 (1,106,906) Public assistance 1,778,000 1,778,000 1,102,885 675,115 Purchased services 200,000 200,000 61,416 138,584 Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - 41,444 41,444			2 224 200		2 224 200				
Current - Health and welfare Welfare and Social Services: Welfare Administration \$ 1,838,000 \$ 1,838,000 \$ 2,944,906 (1,106,906) Public assistance 1,778,000 1,778,000 1,102,885 675,115 Purchased services 200,000 200,000 61,416 138,584 Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - 41,444 41,444	Total revenues		3,224,300		3,224,300		3,556,951		334,031
Current - Health and welfare Welfare and Social Services: Welfare Administration \$ 1,838,000 \$ 1,838,000 \$ 2,944,906 (1,106,906) Public assistance 1,778,000 1,778,000 1,102,885 675,115 Purchased services 200,000 200,000 61,416 138,584 Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - 41,444 41,444	EYPENDITURES								
Health and welfare Welfare and Social Services: Welfare Administration \$ 1,838,000 \$ 1,838,000 \$ 2,944,906 (1,106,906) Public assistance 1,778,000 1,778,000 1,102,885 675,115 Purchased services 200,000 200,000 61,416 138,584 Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 591,700 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - 41,444 41,444									
Welfare and Social Services: Welfare Administration \$ 1,838,000 \$ 1,838,000 \$ 2,944,906 (1,106,906) Public assistance 1,778,000 1,778,000 1,172,885 675,115 Purchased services 200,000 200,000 61,416 138,584 Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - 280,291 280,291									
Welfare Administration \$ 1,838,000 \$ 1,838,000 \$ 2,944,906 (1,106,906) Public assistance 1,778,000 1,778,000 1,102,885 675,115 Purchased services 200,000 200,000 61,416 138,584 Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - 280,291 280,291									
Public assistance 1,778,000 1,778,000 1,102,885 675,115 Purchased services 200,000 200,000 61,416 138,584 Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - 280,291 280,291		\$	1 838 000	\$	1 838 000	\$	2 944 906		(1 106 906)
Purchased services 200,000 200,000 61,416 138,584 Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - 280,291 280,291		•	, ,	Ψ.		Ψ			. , , ,
Total expenditures 3,816,000 3,816,000 4,109,207 (293,207) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (591,700) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 - - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - 280,291 280,291									,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - 280,291 280,291									
over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - 280,291 280,291	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-,-:-,		-,-:-,		.,,		(===,===)
over (under) expenditures (591,700) (591,700) (550,256) 41,444 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - 280,291 280,291	Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - beginning - - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - - 280,291 280,291			(591,700)		(591,700)		(550,256)		41,444
Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - beginning - - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - - 280,291 280,291	` , ,				, , ,		, , ,		
Total other financing sources 591,700 591,700 591,700 - Net change in fund balances - - - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - - - 280,291 280,291	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Net change in fund balances - 41,444 41,444 Fund balances - beginning - 280,291 280,291	Operating transfers in		591,700		591,700		591,700		-
Fund balances - beginning 280,291 280,291	Total other financing sources		591,700		591,700		591,700		-
Fund balances - beginning 280,291 280,291		-							
<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		-		,		,
Fund balances - ending \$ \$ 321,735 \$ 321,735			-		-		-		
	Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	321,735	\$	321,735

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Total Pension Liability		
Service cost	\$	1,860,421
Interest		6,707,497
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,340,826)
Net change in total pension liability		3,227,092
Plan total pension liability - beginning		98,491,794
Plan total pension liability - ending	\$	101,718,886
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	1,649,427
Contributions - employee	•	799,011
Net investment income		11,756,144
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,340,826)
Administrative expense		(65,207)
Other		620
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		8,799,169
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		75,850,489
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	84,649,658
Train haddary not position ording	Ψ	01,010,000
Total net pension liability - ending	\$	17,069,228
Total fiet perision liability enaling	<u>Ψ</u>	17,000,220
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		83.22%
Fian fluudiary fiet position as a percentage of total perision liability		03.22 /0
Covered employee payroll	\$	16,746,388
Covered employee payroll	φ	10,740,300
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		101.93%
Net perision hability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		101.93/6
Employer Contributions		
Employer Contributions	-	
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,023,774
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Ψ	2,023,774
Contribution excess	\$	2,023,774
Contribution caccas	Ψ	
Covered employee payroll	\$	16,746,388
	Ψ	12.08%
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		12.00%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year of this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in School Board's Nonprofessional Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Total Pension Liability		
Service cost	\$	185,137
Interest		524,469
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(525,083)
Net change in total pension liability		184,523
Plan total pension liability - beginning		7,754,961
Plan total pension liability - ending	\$	7,939,484
		, ,
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	159,179
Contributions - employee	Ψ.	88,108
Net investment income		924,453
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(525,083)
Administrative expense		(5,167)
Other		48
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		641,538
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,002,835
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	6,644,373
rian nadelary net position - chaing	<u>Ψ</u>	0,044,073
Total net pension liability - ending	\$	1,295,111
. Star Hot periods masking	<u> </u>	.,,
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		83.69%
Train haddlary flot position as a persontage of total policion hability		00.0070
Covered employee payroll		1,761,986
		.,,
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		73.50%
Employer Contributions		
Contractually required contribution	\$	213,125
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution		213,125
Contribution excess	\$	_
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,761,986
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		12.10%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year of this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability School Board Professional Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		2015
Proportionate of the net pension liability		0.31383%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	37,926,000
Covered employee payroll		22,938,444
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll		60.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.88%
Note: The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year.		
Employer Contributions	_	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution Contribution excess	\$	3,362,153 3,362,153 -
Covered employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	\$	22,938,444 14.66%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year of this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

22,193,161

15.22%

0.00%

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Funding Progress for Retiree Health Insurance Plan For the Year Ended June 30,

Valuation Date (1)	Val As (A			(AVA)		(Exc	Unfunded cess Funded) AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6) (7)
Primary Government City Health Plan:	nt:									
6/30/2015 6/30/2013 6/30/2011 6/30/2008	\$	- - -	15,5 14,3	39,300 63,800 63,300 91,293	\$	16,739,300 15,563,800 14,363,300 20,991,293	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 16,787,600 15,493,900 14,355,500 14,588,852	100.45% 100.05%	
Discretely Presente School Health Plan	ed Comp	onent U	Jnit:							
6/30/2015 6/30/2013 6/30/2011	\$	- - -	3,2	94,800 16,300 95,400	\$	2,994,800 3,216,300 4,495,400	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 22,015,900 23,136,200 24,583,200	13.90%	

3,377,368

3,377,368

6/30/2008

114

City of Hopewell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Budgetary Data

The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information:

- 1. The City Charter requires the City Manager to submit to the City Council an annual budget for the ensuing fiscal year at least 60 days prior to the beginning of such fiscal year.
- 2. A public hearing on the budget is held after a synopsis of the budget is published in a local newspaper of general circulation. After a public hearing, the City Council may change any item in the budget (other than debt service or items required by law). A budget resolution must be adopted by the City Council prior to June 30 or as soon thereafter as is practicable.
- 3. The City utilizes the budget resolution as a budgetary control whereby City Council adopts budgets for estimated revenues and expenditures on a departmental basis for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Capital Projects Funds are budgeted on a project-length basis. Adopted budgets may be amended or superseded by action of City Council.
- 4. Appropriation control is maintained at the function level within individual funds. Appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbrances and reserved fund balances outstanding at year-end are re-appropriated in the succeeding year. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the fiscal year.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Key Pension Assumptions

Actuarial cost method – Entry age normal cost method

Amortization method and period – Level percent closed, 30 years

Inflation rate – 2.5%

Projected salary increases (per annum, compounded annually) – City and Schools' General (1.5%-5.35%), City Safety (3.5%-4.75%), Schools' Professional (3.5%-4.5%)

Investment rate of return – 7.0% per annum, compounded annually

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Other level toward	¢ 0.550.00	o	r (004.440)	
Other local taxes	\$ 2,550,00	0 \$ 2,255,888	\$ (294,112)	
Intergovernmental revenues: Commonwealth	180,50	366,457	185,957	
Revenues from use of money and property	10,00	,	8,034	
Miscellaneous	125,00		52,467	
Total revenues	2,865,50		(47,654)	
EXPENDITURES				
Education	_	1,178,837	(1,178,837)	
Capital projects	1,299,00	, ,	(4,319,260)	
Debt service:	1,200,00	0,010,200	(1,010,200)	
Principal retirement	1,965,50	2,269,811	(304,311)	
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,812,00	2,634,538	(822,538)	
Total expenditures	5,076,50	11,701,446	(6,624,946)	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,211,00	0) (8,883,600)	(6,672,599)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	2,220,50	3,039,500	819,000	
Payments to escrow agent		- (14,285,000)	(14,285,000)	
Proceeds from issuance of bonds		- 19,210,000	19,210,000	
Total other financing sources, net	2,220,50	7,964,500	5,744,000	
Net change in fund balances	9,50) (919,100)	(928,600)	
Fund balances - beginning	(799,99	, , ,	21,744,026	
Fund balances - ending	\$ (790,49	3) \$ 20,024,928	\$ 20,815,426	

City of Hopewell, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2015

	R	ecreation Fund	Dev Blo	mmunity elopment ock Grant Fund	nti-Litter Fund	Total
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	203,915	\$	-	\$ 14,937	\$ 218,852
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles		1,715		-	 	 1,715
Total assets		205,630		-	 14,937	 220,567
Liabilities and fund balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		23,543		38	-	23,581
Accrued liabilities		27,530		-	-	27,530
Due to other funds		-		85,241	-	85,241
Total liabilities		51,073		85,279	-	136,352
Fund balances:						
Assigned		154,557		(85,279)	14,937	84,215
Total fund balances		154,557		(85,279)	 14,937	 84,215
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	205,630	\$	-	\$ 14,937	\$ 220,567

City of Hopewell, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Recreation Fund		De	ommunity velopment ock Grant Fund	Anti-Litter Fund			Total
REVENUES								
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	15.738	\$	_	\$	3	\$	15,741
Charges for services	•	145,507	•	_	•	_	•	145,507
Miscellaneous		38,986		_		_		38,986
Intergovernmental revenues:		,						,
Commonwealth		22,246		-		4,105		26,351
Federal		5,306		19,116		-		24,422
Total revenues		227,783		19,116		4,108		251,007
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public works		-		-		6,164		6,164
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,641,789		-		-		1,641,789
Community development		-		38,256		-		38,256
Total expenditures		1,641,789		38,256		6,164		1,686,209
Deficiency of revenues								
under expenditures		(1,414,006)		(19,140)		(2,056)		(1,435,202)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Operating transfers in		1,468,696		-		-		1,468,696
Operating transfers out		(147,925)		-		-		(147,925)
Total other financing sources, net		1,320,771		-		-		1,320,771
Net change in fund balances		(93,235)		(19,140)		(2,056)		(114,431)
Fund balance - beginning		247,792		(66,139)		16,993		198,646
Fund balance - ending	\$	154,557	\$	(85,279)	\$	14,937	\$	84,215

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Recreation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

DEVENUE		Final Budget		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES Revenues from use of money and property	\$	26,500	\$	15,738	\$	(10,762)
Charges for services	Ψ	20,300	Ψ	145,507	Ψ	(55,793)
Miscellaneous		95,400		38,986		(56,414)
Intergovernmental revenues:		,		,		(, ,
Commonwelath		21,000		22,246		1,246
Federal		5,000		5,306		306
Total revenues		349,200		227,783		(121,417)
EXPENDITURES Current - Parks, recreation, and cultural Total expenditures		1,714,824 1,714,824		1,641,789 1,641,789		73,035 73,035
Deficiency of revenues						
under expenditures		(1,365,624)		(1,414,006)		(48,382)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers out Operating transfers out		1,296,700		1,468,696 (147,925)		171,996 (147,925)
Total other financing sources, net		1,296,700		1,320,771		24,071
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	(68,924) 37,738 (31,186)	\$	(93,235) 247,792 154,557	\$	(24,311) 210,054 185,743

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Community Development Block Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Final Budget		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental revenues-	Ф	F22 000	Φ	40.440	Φ	(540,004)
Federal	\$	533,000	\$	19,116	\$	(513,884)
Total revenues		533,000		19,116		(513,884)
EXPENDITURES Current - Community development Total expenditures		533,000 533,000		38,256 38,256		494,744 494,744
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures				(19,140)		(19,140)
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(66,139) (85,279)	\$	(66,139) (85,279)

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Anti-Litter Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES						
Revenues from use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues -	\$ -	\$ 3	\$	3		
Commonwealth	5,000	4,105		(895)		
Total revenues	5,000	4,108		(892)		
EXPENDITURES Current -						
Public works	5,000	6,164		(1,164)		
Total expenditures	 5,000	6,164		(1,164)		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(2,056)		(2,056)		
Net change in fund balances	-	(2,056)		(2,056)		
Fund balances - beginning	12,622	16,993		4,371		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 12,622	\$ 14,937	\$	2,315		

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Be	alance ginning of Year	Additions		De	eductions	Salance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund: Assets -							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	81,438	\$	43,098	\$	60,385	\$ 64,151
Liabilities - Amounts held for social services clients	\$	81,438	\$	43,098	\$	60,385	\$ 64,151
Healthy Families Fund: Assets -							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,576	\$	149,937	\$	150,600	\$ 3,913
Liabilities - Amounts held for social services clients	\$	4,576	\$	149,937	\$	150,600	\$ 3,913
Total Agency Fund: Assets -							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	86,014	\$	193,035	\$	210,985	\$ 68,064
Liabilities - Amounts held for social services clients	\$	86,014	\$	193,035	\$	210,985	\$ 68,064

City of Hopewell, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2015

	1	School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund		Cafeteria		Textbook Fund		Cafeteria Textbook		Building and Bus Replacement Fund		Go	Total overnmental Funds	
ASSETS															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,130,967	\$	1,011,733	\$	796,028	\$	617,049	\$	7,555,777					
Receivables, net of allowance															
for uncollectibles		27,334		4,262		-		4 055 000		31,596					
Due from other funds		700 400		77 000		-		1,055,263		1,055,263					
Due from other governmental units nventories		723,430		77,236		-		-		800,666					
Total assets		5,881,731	_	53,131 1,146,362		796,028		1,672,312	_	53,131 9,496,433					
Total assets		3,001,731		1,140,302		790,020		1,072,312		9,490,433					
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
_iabilities:															
Accounts payable		254,866		1,209		-		-		256,075					
Accrued liabilities		4,571,602		97,643		-		-		4,669,245					
Due to other funds		1,055,263		-		-		-		1,055,263					
Unearned revenues		-		31,004		-		-		31,004					
Total liabilities		5,881,731		129,856		-		-		6,011,587					
Fund balances:				FO 404						E0 404					
Nonspendable		-		53,131		-		-		53,131					
Restricted		-		963,375		700.000		4 070 040		963,375					
Assigned				4.040.500		796,028		1,672,312		2,468,340					
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,881,731	\$	1,016,506 1,146,362	\$	796,028	\$	1,672,312	\$	3,484,846					
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u> </u>	5,001,731	Φ	1,140,302	Φ	796,028	Φ	1,672,312	<u> </u>	9,496,433					
Fotal fund balances per above									\$	3,484,846					
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	the Stateme	nt of Net Posit	ion a	re different be	cause	:									
Capital assets used in governmental activities a	re not financ	ial resources a	ınd, t	herefore, are i	not rep	oorted in the	funds								
Capital assets							\$	37,019,854							
Less: accumulated depreciation								(11,584,794)		25,435,060					
·															
Long-term liabilities, including compensated abs therefore, are not reported in the funds.	ences payal	ole, are not du	e and	I payable in th	e curr	ent period an	ıd,								
Compensated absences							\$	(649,862)							
Net pension liability								(39,221,111)							
Deferred outflow - pension								3,575,278							
Deferred inflow - pension								(6,810,326)							
								(4 004 055)							
OPEB obligations								(1,221,055)							
								(1,221,055)		(45,932,781					

City of Hopewell, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Intergovernmental revenues: Local government 15,394,448		School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund	Textbook Fund	Building and Bus Replacement Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Charges for services 86,995 356,318 443,313 Miscellaneous 9,052 - 120 - 9,172 Intergovernmental revenues:	REVENUES					
Miscollaneous 9,052 - 120 - 9,172		\$ 319	\$ 135	\$ 161	\$ 84	\$ 699
Intergovernmental revenues: Local government 15,394,448	Charges for services	86,995	356,318	-	-	443,313
Local government	Miscellaneous	9,052	-	120	-	9,172
Commonwealth 26,650,599	Intergovernmental revenues:					
Federal 3,550,630 1,976,167 5,526,797 Total revenues 45,692,043 2,375,374 296,490 84 48,363,991	Local government	15,394,448	-	-	-	15,394,448
EXPENDITURES	Commonwealth	26,650,599		296,209	-	26,989,562
EXPENDITURES	Federal					5,526,797
Current:	Total revenues	45,692,043	2,375,374	296,490	84	48,363,991
Administration	EXPENDITURES Current:					
Instruction		1.414.428	-	-	_	1.414.428
Operating Capital projects 8,996,049 (a.) 2,246,014 (a.) - - - 1,242,063 Capital projects Total expenditures 44,636,780 (a.) 2,309,296 (a.) 401,353 (a.) 349,039 (a.) 412,321 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,055,263 (a.) 66,078 (104,863) (a.) 348,955) (a.) 667,523 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 1 420,180 (1.475,443) - 0. (420,180) (1.895,623) (a.) 1,475,443 (a.) 1,055,263				401.353	_	, ,
Capital projects Total expenditures 44.636.780 2.309.296 401,353 349.039 412,321 Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Expenditures 1,055,263 66,078 (104,863) 348,955) 667,523 CTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 420,180 1,475,443)		, ,		-	_	, ,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	Capital projects	· · ·	63,282	-	349,039	412,321
Activities 1,055,263 66,078 (104,863) (348,955) 667,523	Total expenditures	44,636,780	2,309,296	401,353	349,039	47,696,468
Activities 1,055,263 66,078 (104,863) (348,955) 667,523	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
Transfers in Transfers out Transfers out (1,475,443) 420,180 - - 1,475,443 1,895,623 Total other financing sources and (uses), net (1,055,263) (1,475,443) - - (1,055,263) - - 1,055,263 - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - <	` ',	1,055,263	66,078	(104,863)	(348,955)	667,523
Transfers in Transfers out Transfers out (1,475,443) 420,180 - - 1,475,443 1,895,623 Total other financing sources and (uses), net (1,055,263) (1,475,443) - - (1,055,263) - - 1,055,263 - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - - - 1,055,263 - <	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out		420 180	_	_	1 475 443	1 895 623
Total other financing sources and (uses), net (1,055,263) 1,055,263 - 1,016,506 - 1,055,263 - 1,016,506 - 1,055,263 - 1,016,506 - 1,05,208 - 1,072,312 - 1,072,31		,		_	, ,	, ,
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending - 950,428 900,891 966,004 \$2,817,323 \$3,484,846 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above Amount reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay, net of disposals Net change in City interest in School assets Depreciation expense Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in claims and compensated absences Increase in OPEB liability Decrease in note payable to the Primary Government Testing 1900,891 966,004 1,672,312 3,484,846 Referent because: \$ 18,701 (116,917) Testing 1900,002 1,002 1,003 1,				-		-
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending - 950,428 900,891 966,004 \$2,817,323 \$3,484,846 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above Amount reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay, net of disposals Net change in City interest in School assets Depreciation expense Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in claims and compensated absences Increase in OPEB liability Decrease in note payable to the Primary Government Testing 1900,891 966,004 1,672,312 3,484,846 Referent because: \$ 18,701 (116,917) Testing 1900,002 1,002 1,003 1,	Net change in fund halances	_	66.078	(104.863)	706 308	667 523
Fund balances - ending \$\frac{\\$ - \\$ 1,016,506} \\$ \\$ 796,028} \\$ 1,672,312} \\$ 3,484,846\$ Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above \$\frac{667,523}{667,523}\$ Amount reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay, net of disposals Net change in City interest in School assets Depreciation expense \$\frac{986,586}{461,614}\$ Depreciation expense reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in claims and compensated absences Increase in OPEB liability Decrease in pension activity Decrease in note payable to the Primary Government Tenuncy 1,016,506 \$\frac{11,016,506}{51,016,506}\$ \$\frac{11,016,506}{51,016,506}\$ \$\frac{116,701}{51,016,506}\$ \$\frac	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,-	, , ,	,	
Amount reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay, net of disposals Net change in City interest in School assets Ae1,614 Depreciation expense Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in claims and compensated absences Increase in OPEB liability Decrease in pension activity Decrease in note payable to the Primary Government 789,378	Fund balances - ending	\$ -				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay, net of disposals Net change in City interest in School assets Depreciation expense Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in claims and compensated absences Increase in OPEB liability Decrease in pension activity Decrease in note payable to the Primary Government 789,378	Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund	s - per above				\$ 667,523
Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay, net of disposals Net change in City interest in School assets Depreciation expense Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in claims and compensated absences Increase in OPEB liability Decrease in pension activity Decrease in note payable to the Primary Government Testimated useful lives and reported as expenditures and reported as expenditures in governmental funds. \$ 18,701 (116,917) 782,176 (116	Amount reported for governmental activities in the Sta	tement of Activities	s are different becau	ıse:		
Net change in City interest in School assets Depreciation expense Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in claims and compensated absences Increase in OPEB liability Decrease in pension activity Decrease in note payable to the Primary Government 105,418 461,614 (742,730) 705,470 18,701 (116,917) 782,176 789,378	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expendit Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation in the current period.	ures. However, in eir estimated usefu	the Statement of Il lives and reported		\$ 986 586	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in claims and compensated absences Increase in OPEB liability Decrease in pension activity Tecrease in note payable to the Primary Government	Net change in City interest in School assets				461,614	705,470
Decrease in note payable to the Primary Government 105,418 789,378	financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as Decrease in claims and compensated absen- Increase in OPEB liability	expenditures in g			(116,917)	
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 2.162.371	,	rernment			,	789,378
	Change in net position of governmental activities					\$ 2,162,371

		School Op	erating Fund				
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES							
Revenues from use of money and property	\$ 2,000	+ ,	\$ 319	\$ (1,681)			
Charges for services	379,039	,	86,995	(292,044)			
Miscellaneous	28,550	33,550	9,052	(24,498)			
Intergovernmental revenues: Local government	15,440,468	15,440,468	15,394,448	(46,020)			
Commonwealth	26,446,453	, ,	26,650,599	(261,751)			
Federal	4,827,591	, ,	3,550,630	(806,064)			
Total revenues	47,124,101		45,692,043	(1,432,058)			
Total revenues	47,124,101	47,124,101	45,092,043	(1,432,036)			
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Education	44,302,107	44,302,107	41,814,787	2,487,320			
Debt service	2,821,994	2,821,994	2,821,993	1			
Total expenditures	47,124,101	47,124,101	44,636,780	2,487,321			
Excess of revenues over expenditures		<u> </u>	1,055,263	1,055,263			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	420,180	420,180	420,180	-			
Transfers out	(420,180	(420,180)	(1,475,443)	(1,055,263)			
Total other financing uses, net			(1,055,263)	(1,055,263)			
Net change in fund balance		-	_	-			
Fund balance - beginning		_	-	_			
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Š							

		School Cafeteria Fund								
		Budgeted Original	ed Amounts Final			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES										
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	600	\$	600	\$	135	\$	(465)		
Charges for services		521,850		521,850		356,318		(165,532)		
Intergovernmental revenues:										
Commonwealth		47,761		47,761		42,754		(5,007)		
Federal		1,513,170		1,513,170		1,976,167		462,997		
Total revenues		2,083,381		2,083,381		2,375,374		291,993		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Education		2,239,851		2,506,851		2,020,141		486,710		
Operations and maintenance		746,707		458,707		225,873		232,834		
Capital projects		96,823		117,823		63,282		54,541		
Total expenditures		3,083,381		3,083,381		2,309,296		774,085		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,000,000)		(1,000,000)		66,078		1,066,078		
Net change in fund balance		(1,000,000)		(1,000,000)		66,078		1,066,078		
Fund balance - beginning		1,000,000		1,000,000		950,428		(49,572)		
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$		\$	1,016,506	\$	1,016,506		

				School Tex	tbool	k Fund		
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
REVENUES								
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	161	\$	(1,839)
Miscellaneous		· -		, <u> </u>		120		120
Intergovernmental revenues -								
Commonwealth		292,729		292,729		296,209		3,480
Total revenues		294,729		294,729		296,490		1,761
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education		650,000		650,000		401,353		248,647
Total expenditures		650,000		650,000		401,353		248,647
		(055.074)		(055.074)		(404.000)		050 400
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(355,271)		(355,271)		(104,863)		250,408
Net change in fund balance		(355,271)		(355,271)		(104,863)		250,408
Fund balance - beginning		552,000		552,000		900,891		348,891
Fund balance - ending	\$	196,729	\$	196,729	\$	796,028	\$	599,299

		Buildi	ng and Bus I	Replac	cement Fund	d	
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final					riance with al Budget Positive Vegative)
REVENUES							
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	- \$	-	\$	84	\$	84
Total revenues		<u> </u>			84		84
EXPENDITURES Capital projects: Capital outlay Total expenditures		0,000 0,000	422,618 422,618		349,039 349,039		73,579 73,579
Total experiultures		7,000	422,010		343,033		73,379
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(190	,000)	(422,618)		(348,955)		73,663
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	420),180	420,180		1,475,443		1,055,263
Transfers out	(420),180)	(420,180)		(420, 180)		
Total other financing sources, net					1,055,263		1,055,263
Net change in fund balances	(190	,000)	(422,618)		706,308		1,128,926
Fund balances - beginning		9,860	532,478		966,004		433,526
Fund balances - ending	\$ 109	9,860 \$	109,860	\$	1,672,312	\$	1,562,452



Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - Comprehensive Services Act Board June 30, 2015

ASSETS Cash Due from other governmental units	\$ 251,607 1,760,284
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,011,891</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to Primary Government Total liabilities	\$ 619,355 3,841 1,388,695 2,011,891
Fund balances: Unassigned Total fund balance Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,011,891



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Discretely Presented Component Unit - Comprehensive Services Act Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES		
Miscellaneous	\$	9,173
Intergovernmental revenues:		
Local government		1,035,707
Commonwealth		3,477,801
Total revenues		4,522,681
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Health and welfare		4,522,681
Total expenditures	-	4,522,681
Excess of revenues over expenditures		
Not about a fund halance		
Net change in fund balance		-
Fund balance - beginning	<u> </u>	
Fund balance - ending	<u> </u>	-

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual Recreation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_	Final Budget	Actual		/ariance rith Final Positive legative)
Revenues:					
Revenues from local sources:					
Revenues from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of property	\$	12,500	\$ 15,738	\$	3,238
Total revenues from use of money and property		12,500	 15,738		3,238
Charges for services -					
Charges for services		215,700	145,507		(70,193)
Total charges for services		215,700	145,507		(70,193)
Miscellaneous revenues:					
Donations		8,700	8,071		(629)
Miscellaneous refunds and grants		100,700	30,915		(69,785)
Total miscellaneous revenues		109,400	38,986		(70,414)
Total revenues from local sources		337,600	 200,231		(137,369)
Revenue from the Commonwealth					
Other state aid		21,000	22,246		1,246
Revenue from the federal government Categorical aid -					
Summer feeding program		5,000	5,306		306
Total categorical aid		5,000	5,306		306
Total revenues from the federal government		5,000	5,306		306
Total revenues	\$	363,600	\$ 227,783	\$	(135,817)
Expenditures: Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation:					
Recreation centers and playgrounds	\$	652,880	\$ 428,216	\$	224,664
Community division		78,000	120,629		(42,629)
Athletics division		153,954	182,143		(28,189)
Seniors' division		141,100	163,663		(22,563)
Pool center		207,000	226,883		(19,883)
Parks		413,900	435,169		(21,269)
Marina		14,400	45,451		(31,051)
Grants		67,990	39,635		28,355
Total parks and recreation		1,729,224	1,641,789		87,435
Total expenditures	\$	1,729,224	\$ 1,641,789	\$	87,435

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Revenues from other governments -			
Commonwealth	\$ 180,500	\$ 366,457	\$ 185,957
Total revenues from other governments	180,500	366,457	185,957
Local sources -			
Other local taxes:			
Hotel and motel room taxes	750,000	610,447	(139,553)
Restaurant food taxes	1,800,000	1,645,441	(154,559)
Total other local taxes	2,550,000	2,255,888	(294,112)
Revenues from use of money and property -			
Revenue from the use of money	10,000	18,034	8,034
Total revenues from use of money and property	10,000	18,034	8,034
Miscellaneous revenues -			
Other miscellaneous	125,000	177,467	52,467
Total miscellaneous revenues	125.000	177,467	52,467
Total Misocilanous revenues	120,000	177,407	02,401
Total revenue from local sources	2,685,000	2,451,389	(233,611)
Total revenues	\$ 2,865,500	\$ 2,817,846	\$ (47,654)
Expenditures Education	\$ -	\$ 1,178,837	\$ (1,178,837)
Capital Projects:	Ψ	Ψ 1,170,007	Ψ (1,170,007)
Equipment	509,000	2,573,679	(2,064,679)
Parks and recreation	200,000	338,026	(138,026)
Economic development	-	1,122,215	(1,122,215)
Other projects	220,000	193,985	26,015
Streets, curbs, and gutters	370,000	1,390,355	(1,020,355)
Total capital projects	1,299,000	5,618,260	(4,319,260)
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	1,965,500	2,248,464	(282,964)
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,812,000	2,655,885	(843,885)
Total debt service	3,777,500	4,904,349	(1,126,849)
Total expenditures	\$ 5,076,500	\$11,701,446	\$ (6,624,946)

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fund, Major, and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:					
School Operating Fund:					
Revenues from local sources:					
Revenues from use of money and property -					
Revenues from the use of money	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 319	\$ (1,681)	
Charges for services -					
Charges for education	379,039	379,039	86,995	(292,044)	
Miscellaneous revenues -					
Other miscellaneous	28,550	33,550	9,052	(24,498)	
Total revenues from local sources	409,589	414,589	96,366	(318,223)	
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Revenues from local governments -					
Contribution from the City of Hopewell, Virginia	15,440,468	15,440,468	15,394,448	(46,020)	
Total revenues from local governments	15,440,468	15,440,468	15,394,448	(46,020)	
Revenues from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Share of state sales tax	3,758,631	3,811,515	3,812,602	1,087	
Basic school aid	12,760,727	12,928,624	12,929,161	537	
ISAEP	15,717	15,717	15,717	-	
Remedial summer education	95,234	109,234	109,742	508	
Regular foster care	-	13,000	13,338	338	
Special education foster care	25,397	25,397	-	(25,397)	
Homebound education	14,077	16,077	16,222	145	
Gifted and talented	142,988	142,988	144,688	1,700	
Remedial education	1,006,998	1,017,998	1,018,970	972	
Special education	1,685,429	1,705,429	1,705,466	37	
Vocational	7,114	8,114	8,049	(65)	
Vocational adult	6,684	-	-	-	
Vocational education	219,045	221,645	221,649	4	
Social security fringe benefits	851,841	861,841	861,968	127	
Retirement fringe benefits	1,746,274	1,751,274	1,751,643	369	
Group life insurance benefits	57,804	57,804	55,412	(2,392)	
Early reading intervention	119,662	136,662	136,756	94	
At-risk payments	1,160,498	1,174,198	1,174,284	86	
Primary class size	1,433,155	1,433,155	1,357,616	(75,539)	
At-risk four year olds	827,195	827,195	665,453	(161,742)	
Education technology	321,200	345,200	345,200	(0.505)	
Standards of Learning algebra readiness	100,137	100,137	97,572	(2,565)	
National board certified teacher	4.600	5,000	5,000	-	
Mentor teacher program	4,660	5,160 85,986	5,195 85,877	35	
English as a second language School Security Equipment Grant	85,986	100,000	100,000	(109)	
STEM Recruitment	-	5,000	5,000	-	
Industry certification costs	-	8,000	8,019	19	
Total categorical aid	26,446,453	26,912,350	26,650,599	(261,751)	
Total revenues from the Commonwealth	\$ 26,446,453	\$ 26,912,350	\$ 26,650,599	\$ (261,751)	

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fund, Major, and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenue from the federal government:									
Categorical aid:									
Title I	\$	1,949,947	\$	1,593,016	\$	1,103,483	\$	(489,533)	
Impact Aid		38,640		38,640		34,064		(4,576)	
Special Ed		940,930		864,916		861,895		(3,021)	
Vocational Education		99,329		49,329		49,094		(235)	
Title II		286,010		228,605		229,766		1,161	
Title III		61,271		41,271		37,148		(4,123)	
E-Rate Funds		95,000		95,000		57,688		(37,312)	
Head Start		1,181,964		941,964		665,050		(276,914)	
JROTC		59,500		59,500		67,819		8,319	
AP Test Fees		-		-		4,242		4,242	
Medicaid Reimbursements		115,000		269,585		270,277		692	
School Improvement Grant		-		174,868		170,104		(4,764)	
Total categorical aid		4,827,591		4,356,694		3,550,630		(806,064)	
Total School Operating Fund	\$	47,124,101	\$	47,124,101	\$	45,692,043	\$	(1,432,058)	
School Cafeteria Fund: Revenues from local sources: Revenues from use of money and property - Revenue from the use of money	\$	600	\$	600	\$	135	\$	(465)	
Charges for services -									
Cafeteria sales		521,850		521,850		356,318		(165,532)	
Total revenues from local sources		522,450		522,450		356,453		(165,997)	
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid -									
School food program grant		47,761		47,761		42,754		(5,007)	
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:									
School food program grant		1,513,170		1,513,170		1,856,392		343,222	
USDA commodities		-		-		119,775		119,775	
Total categorical aid		1,513,170		1,513,170		1,976,167		462,997	
Total revenues from the federal government		1,513,170		1,513,170		1,976,167		462,997	
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	2,083,381	\$	2,083,381	\$	2,375,374	\$	291,993	

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fund, Major, and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Textbook Fund:									
Revenues from use of money and property -									
Revenues from the use of money	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	161	\$	(1,839)	
Total revenues from use of money and property		2,000		2,000		161		(1,839)	
Miscellaneous revenues -									
Other miscellaneous						120		120	
Total miscellaneous revenues		<u>-</u>				120		120	
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenues from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid -									
Textbook funds		292,729		292,729		296,209		3,480	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth		292,729		292,729		296,209		3,480	
Total School Textbook Fund	\$	294,729	\$	294,729	\$	296,490	\$	1,761	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Capital Projects Fund Building and Bus Replacement Fund									
Revenues from use of money and property:									
Revenues from the use of money	\$		\$	-	\$	84	\$	84	
Total revenues from use of money and property						84		84	
Total Building and Bus Replacement Fund	\$		\$		\$	84	\$	84	
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	49,502,211	\$	49,502,211	\$	48,363,991	\$	(1,138,220)	

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board School Operating Fund									
Education:									
Administration of schools -	•				•		•		
Administration	\$	1,520,478	\$	1,508,719	\$	1,414,428	\$	94,291	
Total administration of schools		1,520,478		1,508,719		1,414,428		94,291	
Instruction costs:									
Compensation		32,731,681		32,064,693		31,051,943		1,012,750	
Supplies		1,459,782		1,171,121		882,659		288,462	
Equipment		559,489		714,941		703,781		11,160	
Purchased services		1,432,002		1,846,694		1,587,920		258,774	
Total instruction costs		36,182,954		35,797,449		34,226,303		1,571,146	
Operating costs:									
Attendance and health services		851,269		895,811		789,650		106,161	
Pupil transportation		1,271,168		1,462,940		1,316,218		146,722	
Operation and maintenance of school plant		4,476,238		4,637,188		4,068,188		569,000	
Total operating costs		6,598,675		6,995,939		6,174,056		821,883	
Total education		44,302,107		44,302,107		41,814,787		2,487,320	
		44,302,107	-	44,302,107		41,014,707		2,407,320	
Operating costs - Debt service		2,821,994		2,821,994		2,821,993		1	
Total School Operating Fund	\$	47,124,101	\$	47,124,101	\$	44,636,780	\$	2,487,321	
Total ochool operating Fund	Ψ	77,127,101	Ψ	77,124,101	Ψ	44,000,700	Ψ	2,407,021	
School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services - Administration of school food program Total education	\$	2,239,851 2,239,851	\$	2,506,851 2,506,851	\$	2,020,141 2,020,141	_\$	486,710 486,710	
	-							,.	
Operations:									
Repair and replacement of equipment		688,829		382,339		196,720		185,619	
Other		57,878		76,368		29,153		47,215	
Total Operations and Maintenance		746,707		458,707		225,873		232,834	
Capital project expenditures -									
Capital projects		96,823		117,823		63,282		54,541	
Total capital projects		96,823		117,823		63,282		54,541	
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	3,083,381	\$	3,083,381	\$	2,309,296	\$	774,085	
Textbook Fund:									
Education:									
Instruction	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$	401,353	\$	248,647	
Total education		650,000		650,000		401,353		248,647	
Total School Textbook Fund	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$	401,353	\$	248,647	
Capital Projects Fund: Building and Bus Replacement Fund Education:									
Capital project expenditures: Capital projects	\$	190,000	\$	422,618	\$	349,039		73,579	
	Ψ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	Ψ_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total capital projects		190,000	_	422,618	_	349,039		73,579	
Total Building and Bus Replacement Fund	\$	190,000	\$	422,618	\$	349,039	\$	73,579	
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	51,047,482	\$	51,280,100	\$	47,696,468	\$	3,583,632	

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section of the City of Hopewell, Virginia's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report provides readers with additional detailed information as a context to assist in understanding what the information in the financial statements, accompanying notes, and required supplementary information indicates about the City's economic condition over an extended period of time. Information is presented in the following five categories:

	<u>Table</u>
Financial trends information Financial trends information is intended to help the reader understand and assess how the City's financial position has changed over time.	1 to 4
Revenue capacity information Revenue capacity information is intended to help the reader understand and access the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	5 to 8
Debt capacity information Debt capacity information is intended to help the reader understand and assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	9 to 11
Demographic and economic information Demographic and economic information is intended to help the reader understand the socioeconomic environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	12 to 14
Operating information Operating information is intended to provide information about the City's services and capital asset resources to help the reader understand how the information in the financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	15 to 16

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City of Hopewell, Virginia

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	 2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Government activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (5,034,392)	\$ 1,080,980	\$ 2,846,179	\$ (5,421,549)	\$ 2,462,560	\$ 409,366	\$ 2,934,686	\$ 8,237,548	\$ 9,806,936	\$ 15,515,897
Restricted	6,623,230	1,238,289	983,265	11,016,079	1,054,321	1,024,445	469,962	472,833	464,911	400,000
Unrestricted	 25,290,215	29,341,147	25,589,865	20,864,117	22,001,951	21,485,263	20,049,644	20,446,091	17,328,832	(698,824)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 26,879,053	\$ 31,660,416	\$ 29,419,309	\$ 26,458,647	\$ 25,518,832	\$ 22,919,074	\$ 23,454,292	\$ 29,156,472	\$ 27,600,679	\$ 15,217,073
Business-Type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,169,665	\$ 2,001,382	\$ 379,108	\$ (1,881,277)	\$ 833,056	\$ 3,522,077	\$ 4,439,464	\$ 5,573,075	\$ 11,156,352	\$ 31,226,996
Restricted	395,641	395,641	395,641	395,641	395,641	395,641	502,351	-	-	-
Unrestricted	 18,665,589	20,590,674	21,410,651	21,695,483	20,822,720	20,539,183	24,658,155	25,967,344	21,645,447	21,759,463
Total Business-Type activities net position	\$ 23,230,895	\$ 22,987,697	\$ 22,185,400	\$ 20,209,847	\$ 22,051,417	\$ 24,456,901	\$ 29,599,970	\$ 31,540,419	\$ 32,801,799	\$ 52,986,459
Primary Government:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (864,727)	\$ 3,082,362	\$ 3,225,287	\$ (7,302,826)	\$ 3,295,616	\$ 3,931,443	\$ 7,374,150	\$ 13,810,623	\$ 20,963,288	\$ 46,742,893
Restricted	7,018,871	1,633,930	1,378,906	11,411,720	1,449,962	1,420,086	972,313	472,833	464,911	400,000
Unrestricted	 43,955,804	49,931,821	47,000,516	42,559,600	42,824,671	42,024,446	44,707,799	46,413,435	38,974,279	21,060,639
Total Primary Government net position	\$ 50,109,948	\$ 54,648,113	\$ 51,604,709	\$ 46,668,494	\$ 47,570,249	\$ 47,375,975	\$ 53,054,262	\$ 60,696,891	\$ 60,402,478	\$ 68,203,532

City of Hopewell, Virginia

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

_	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Expenses										
Government activities:										
General government	\$ 2,912,135 \$						8,303,573 \$		9,598,375 \$	7,471,201
Judicial administration	1,677,436	1,778,649	1,959,936	2,115,285	2,084,915	1,643,680	2,107,894	2,217,984	2,598,072	2,810,211
Public safety	11,047,707	12,332,692	12,594,747	13,815,831	12,847,039	10,761,188	11,841,600	11,720,652	14,012,598	16,464,074
Public works	2,887,052	1,772,710	4,720,713	5,032,124	4,705,675	5,338,658	4,203,248	711,805	1,540,362	3,227,810
Health and welfare	5,264,756	5,322,346	5,764,789	6,082,016	5,486,078	5,514,230	5,548,091	5,259,409	5,363,582	5,532,202
Education	11,543,304	12,264,674	12,419,569	12,641,913	14,587,637	15,960,520	14,701,888	13,675,250	13,266,424	15,202,676
Parks, recreation and cultural	1,896,638	2,342,189	2,893,300	2,771,191	2,396,107	1,187,879	2,311,175	2,462,345	2,530,959	2,408,566
Community development	1,074,519	947,666	1,097,051	1,426,189	1,499,806	2,885,797	735,236	729,140	896,763	868,640
Interest on long-term debt	2,097,330	1,810,935	1,623,712	1,942,319	1,624,907	2,228,636	1,836,461	1,655,027	1,325,884	2,608,205
Total governmental activities expenses	40,400,877	41,947,347	46,429,126	48,832,118	49,692,517	51,625,534	51,589,166	46,913,985	51,133,019	56,593,585
Business-Type activities:										
Public utilities	16,272,912	16,961,532	17,697,147	21,188,607	17,709,774	16,348,442	16,193,605	18,163,995	21,114,290	23,816,770
Total Primary Government expenses	56,673,789	58,908,879	64,126,273	70,020,725	67,402,291	67,973,976	67,782,771	65,077,980	72,247,309	80,410,355
Program Revenues										
Government activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government administration	-	-	201,555	-	1,991	7,620	3,913	4,464	3,718	
Judicial administration	99,974	82,948	200,543	362,032	26,273	31,532	35,492	37,325	66,938	58,95
Public Safety	439,608	549,021	293,746	454,764	414,833	463,133	580,930	534,761	555,568	541,987
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	19	1	3	7	
Parks, recreation and cultural	231,592	141,640	177,568	102,269	308,350	296,931	253,921	245,420	198,885	145,507
Community development	-	-	-	-	78,193	70,194	58,448	51,959	82,410	
Operating grants and contributions	9,554,091	9,801,482	10,170,554	10,925,941	10,089,840	10,569,646	10,125,073	10,227,954	9,987,193	10,615,538
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	262,809	197,033	380,537	361,697	2,400,955	481,634	316,105	245,093
Total governmental activities program revenues	10,325,265	10,575,091	11,306,775	12,042,039	11,300,017	11,800,772	13,458,733	11,583,520	11,210,824	11,607,076
Business-Type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Public utilities	14,567,448	16,219,446	16,017,671	18,808,470	18,400,410	18,537,642	17,775,706	18,358,264	22,385,729	21,134,708
Operating grants and contributions	160,762	-	33,661	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	513,084	82,284	3,100,000	1,160,000	-	23,492,80
Total Business-Type activities program revenues	14,728,210	16,219,446	16,051,332	18,808,470	18,913,494	18,619,926	20,875,706	19,518,264	22,385,729	44,627,509
Total Primary Government program revenues	25,053,475	26,794,537	27,358,107	30,850,509	30,213,511	30,420,698	34,334,439	31,101,784	33,596,553	56,234,58
Net (expense) / revenue:										
Governmental activities	(30,075,612)	(31,372,256)	(35,122,351)	(36,790,079)	(38,392,500)	(39,824,762)	(38,130,433)	(35,330,465)	(39,922,195)	(44,986,509
Business-Type activities	(1,544,702)	(742,086)	(1,645,815)	(2,380,137)	1,203,720	2,271,484	4,682,101	1,354,269	1,271,439	20,810,739

City of Hopewell, Virginia Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Revenues and other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 21,436,449	\$ 23,466,018 \$	21,003,914 \$	23,548,847 \$	24,953,126 \$	5 24,183,723 \$	24,250,333	\$ 25,324,405 \$	25,585,445	\$ 29,559,595
Local sales and use taxes	1,890,963	1,992,012	1,872,972	1,752,105	1,904,436	1,866,495	1,921,273	1,989,128	2,048,011	1,960,808
Consumer utility taxes	1,141,121	914,129	665,210	349,751	350,230	376,118	347,966	355,950	348,009	389,249
Business licenses taxes	1,541,460	1,537,086	1,621,535	1,671,362	1,871,513	1,766,087	1,568,560	1,738,831	1,773,174	1,756,407
Other local taxes	3,017,610	3,184,311	3,970,017	4,212,375	5,345,796	5,754,161	6,583,703	6,331,024	6,166,649	6,208,306
Unrestricted grants and contributions	1,777,831	1,801,786	1,407,833	1,534,464	1,618,030	1,618,030	1,968,030	1,768,999	1,628,873	-
Unrestricted revenues from use										
of money and property	1,736,958	2,033,562	1,768,070	593,272	127,687	154,399	98,440	110,552	78,461	93,151
Gain on disposal of capital assets	-	-	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate subsidy	-	-	-	-	-	363,750	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	550,795	266,383	266,593	167,241	1,281,867	1,142,241	1,927,346	1,736,852	1,620,797	1,478,801
Loss on debt refunding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,127,083
Transfers		-	-	=	-	-	-	(66,495)	(407,326)	502,000
Total governmental activities	33,093,187	35,195,287	33,576,144	33,829,417	37,452,685	37,225,004	38,665,651	39,289,246	38,842,093	44,075,400
Business-Type activities:										
Transfers	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	66,495	407,326	(502,000)
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	216,311	-	811,486
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	798,307	951,842	843,518	404,584	36,210	134,000	460,967	303,374	268,690	247,297
Total Business-Type activities	798,307	951,842	843,518	404,584	36,210	134,000	460,967	586,180	676,016	556,783
Total Primary Government	33,891,494	36,147,129	34,419,662	34,234,001	37,488,895	37,359,004	39,126,618	39,875,426	39,518,109	44,632,183
Special item - loss on capital contributed		-	-	-	-	-	_	(1,160,000)	-	-
Change in Net Position:										
Governmental activities	1,772,703	5,119,675	(1,546,207)	(2,960,662)	(939,815)	(2,599,758)	535,218	2,798,781	(1,080,102)	(911,109)
Business-Type activities	(17,869)	(592,860)	(802,297)	(1,975,553)	1,239,930	2,405,484	5,143,068	1,940,449	1,947,455	21,367,522
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,754,834	\$ 4,526,815 \$	(2,348,504) \$	(4,936,215) \$	300,115 \$	(194,274) \$	5,678,286	\$ 4,739,230 \$	867,353	\$ 20,456,413

City of Hopewell, Virginia Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund: Reserved Unreserved	\$ 1,486,858 10,815,318	\$ 2,145,977 10,681,284	\$ 1,305,385 10,508,586	\$ 1,085,023 9,484,371	\$ 1,146,496 10,168,180					
Total General Fund	\$ 12,302,176	\$ 12,827,261	\$ 11,813,971	\$ 10,569,394	\$ 11,314,676					
All other governmental funds: Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds	\$ 15,440,761 405,094 12,850,203	\$ 3,553,176 221,901 15,342,304	\$ 1,116,638 228,810 12,321,255	\$ 55,109 157,004 20,995,610	\$ 35,436 346,795 22,131,546					
Total all other Governmental funds	\$ 28,696,058	\$ 19,117,381	\$ 13,666,703	\$ 21,207,723	\$ 22,513,777					
General Fund: Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned						\$ 352,873 7,433,145 4,355,131	\$ 484,090 7,185,036 4,084,446	\$ 507,710 7,185,036 6,110,082	\$ 506,019 7,577,377 3,294,763	\$ 463,095 8,129,327 2,231,581
Total General Fund						\$ 12,141,149	\$ 11,753,572	\$ 13,802,828	\$ 11,378,159	\$ 10,824,003
All other Governmental funds: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned						\$ - 10,098,751 14,338,352 (248)	\$ - 5,789,508 8,694,433 (247)	\$ - 5,789,508 7,758,080	\$ - 5,789,508 15,633,457 -	\$ 6,199,005 8,941,242 5,290,631
Total all other Governmental funds						\$ 24,436,855	\$ 14,483,694	\$ 13,547,588	\$ 21,422,965	\$ 20,430,878

Note: Fiscal years 2006 through 2010 have not been restated per GASB 54.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues:										
General property taxes	\$ 22,011,460	\$ 22,262,298	\$ 24,259,295	\$ 22,831,071	\$ 27,157,780	\$ 23,818,310	\$ 23,481,976	\$ 26,459,832	\$ 25,308,595	\$ 29,022,830
Other local taxes	7,591,154	7,627,538	8,129,734	7,985,593	8,405,033	8,494,183	8,425,201	8,707,937	8,595,179	8,311,898
Permits, privilege fees/regulatory licenses	179,406	204,618	206,454	135,509	352,348	31,956	41,144	42,889	105,139	230,893
Fines and Forfeitures	74,318	69,921	155,217	282,130	714,594	1,288,030	1,866,202	1,544,560	1,561,049	1,545,064
Revenue from use of money and property	1,736,958	2,033,562	1,407,833	593,272	349,168	369,081	293,153	275,553	220,657	93,151
Charges for services	517,450	499,070	511,741	501,426	536,670	587,937	680,400	662,134	684,206	746,445
Miscellaneous	549,450	271,236	266,593	167,241	471,399	227,644	1,148,605	2,323,369	2,083,113	1,370,570
Recovered costs	996,392	824,000	823,000	872,000	872,000	884,500	884,500	884,500	884,500	382,500
Intergovernmental	11,331,922	11,603,268	10,583,403	12,657,438	12,096,593	12,485,977	14,502,537	12,491,935	11,938,140	10,751,111
Total revenues	44,988,510	45,395,511	46,343,270	46,025,680	50,955,585	48,187,618	51,323,718	53,392,709	51,380,578	52,454,462
Expenditures:										
General government administration	2,869,051	3,207,029	3,471,465	3,555,998	3,529,854	2.836.083	2,946,336	3,038,151	3,887,357	4,034,781
Judicial administration	1,436,093	1,500,445	1,707,438	1,724,389	1,765,448	1,603,353	1,839,894	1,916,116	2,347,692	2,582,149
Public safety	10,594,210	11,715,197	12,235,866	12,549,248	12,864,356	10,220,079	11,107,197	10,966,050	13,363,832	13,545,791
Public works	3,736,617	3,682,520	4,161,179	4,248,535	3,953,139	3,414,050	3,468,258	3,570,454	3,927,276	4,296,811
Health and welfare	5,143,541	5,198,729	5,577,319	5,673,538	5,470,641	5,514,230	5,442,824	5,154,545	5,259,251	5,465,334
Education	9,708,817	9,800,130	10,507,034	11,045,621	15,691,522	20,957,047	21,060,268	11,102,916	10,787,674	14,301,637
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,283,280	2,255,777	2,302,038	2,300,336	2,083,326	2,080,477	2,273,806	2,114,530	2,165,055	2,246,089
Community development	1,164,345	978,544	1,078,552	1,003,857	1,040,742	793,509	657,839	718,234	889,540	868,628
Nondepartmental	746,960	903,500	968,612	864,074	1,025,073	5,075,563	4,866,933	5,153,440	1,056,007	1,563,876
Capital projects	6,254,211	10,846,799	3,823,661	1,837,201	1,098,458	4,167,481	3,552,164	3,003,770	4,190,524	5,618,260
Debt service:	-,,	, ,	-,,	.,,	1,000,100	.,,	-,,	-,,	.,	-,,
Principle	3,427,039	2,379,916	2,513,941	3,648,595	1,390,172	4,155,218	1,696,274	2,510,773	5,456,424	2,248,464
Interest	2,168,868	1,980,517	2,975,833	1,610,185	1,793,289	2,779,947	2,752,663	2,964,085	3,052,165	2,655,885
Total expenditures	49,533,032	54,449,103	51,322,938	50,061,577	51,706,020	63,597,037	61,664,456	52,213,064	56,382,797	59,427,705
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,544,522)	(9,053,592)	(4,979,668)	(4,035,897)	(750,435)	(15,409,419)	(10,340,738)	1,179,645	(5,002,219)	(6,973,243)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfer in	4,394,863	4,369,935	3,636,893	3,401,401	6,199,463	3,986,103	3,493,901	4,688,553	6,663,226	5,601,896
Transfer out	(4,394,863)	(4,369,935)	(3,636,893)	(3,401,401)	(6,199,463)	(3,986,103)	(3,493,901)	(4,755,048)	(7,070,552)	(5,099,896)
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	18,210,000	2,155,000	-	-	-	(1,100,010)	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-
Bonds issued	858.896	-	-	10,000,000	_	17,715,000	_	_	10,860,253	19,210,000
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	303,340	2,801,771	80,220	_	_	-	-
Refunded bonds redeemed	-	-	(20,000,000)	(2,126,000)	-	-	-	_	-	(14,285,000)
Interest rate subsidy	-	-		-	-	363,750	_	_	_	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	1,000,000	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses), net	858,896		(790,000)	10,332,340	2,801,771	18,158,970		(66,495)	10,452,927	5,427,000
- '			<u> </u>					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,685,626)	\$ (9,053,592)	\$ (5,769,668)	\$ 6,296,443	\$ 2,051,336	\$ 2,749,551	\$ (10,340,738)	\$ 1,113,150	\$ 5,450,708	\$ (1,546,243)
Debt service as a percentage										
of noncapital expenditures	13.06%	9.60%	11.10%	10.61%	6.29%	11.77%	7.66%	11.70%	15.70%	9.11%

City of Hopewell, Virginia Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Property Direct Tax Rate	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property Direct Tax Rate	Personal Property	M & T Property Direct Tax Rate	Machinery and Tools		Public Service	Total Direct Rate	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2015	1.13	\$ 1,523,579,400	3.50	\$ 135,036,57	71 3.05	\$ 229,392,1	18 \$	366,490,488	1.47	\$ 2,254,498,607	\$ 2,243,226,114	100.50%
2014	1.08	1,515,543,600	3.50	108,045,35	3.05	175,948,8	56	351,700,185	1.36	2,151,237,995	2,140,481,805	100.50%
2013	1.08	1,500,249,500	3.50	108,045,35	3.05	154,636,0	72	351,556,622	1.35	2,114,487,548	2,103,915,110	100.50%
2012	1.02	1,330,768,380	3.50	122,695,51	2 3.05	131,032,3	92	331,805,550	1.32	1,916,301,834	1,906,720,325	100.50%
2011	0.99	1,359,312,700	3.50	129,530,48	3.05	179,114,4	67	344,749,605	1.33	2,012,707,258	2,002,643,728	100.50%
2010	0.99	1,357,143,000	3.05	128,089,03	3.05	142,657,5	10	344,073,128	1.27	1,971,962,677	1,932,523,430	102.04%
2009	0.96	1,338,397,100	3.05	113,630,55	3.05	140,866,8	28	344,073,128	1.23	1,936,967,611	1,898,228,265	102.04%
2008	1.09	1,145,283,664	3.05	127,665,22	9 3.05	119,046,5	93	308,044,862	1.37	1,700,412,530	1,649,400,154	103.09%
2007	1.09	1,122,108,000	3.05	124,658,77	70 3.05	129,341,1	14	324,304,640	1.38	1,700,412,524	1,683,408,399	101.01%
2006	1.20	929,194,800	3.05	117,351,94	3.05	142,128,7	58	365,796,979	1.51	1,554,472,481	1,476,648,400	105.27%

Source: Commissioner of Revenue for the City. Assessed values for Public Service are established by the State Corporation Commission and include both real estate and personal property values.

⁽¹⁾ Real Estate assessed value includes both residential and commercial values, a breakdown is currently not available.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Direct Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

				 Public U	tility		
Fiscal Year	Real state	rsonal perty(2)	chinery d Tools	Real state	Personal Property	Total Direct Rate (3)	
2006	\$ 1.20	\$ 3.05	\$ 3.05	\$ 1.20 \$	3.05	\$	1.51
2007	1.09	3.05	3.05	1.09	3.05		1.38
2008	1.09	3.05	3.05	1.09	3.05		1.37
2009	0.96	3.05	3.05	0.96	3.05		1.23
2010	0.99	3.50	3.05	0.99	3.50		1.27
2011	0.99	3.50	3.05	0.99	3.50		1.33
2012	1.02	3.50	3.05	1.02	3.50		1.20
2013	1.08	3.50	3.05	1.08	3.50		1.20
2014	1.11	3.50	3.05	1.08	3.50		1.20
2015	1.13	3.50	3.05	1.02	3.50		1.20

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

⁽²⁾ Personal property taxes are applied to the National Automobile Dealers Association (NADA) loan value.

⁽³⁾ Weighted average for tax levy.

The City of Hopewell has no overlapping taxes.

City of Hopewell, Virginia **Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and the Period Nine Years Prior**

	Fiscal Y	/ear 2015	Fiscal Y	ear 2006
Тахрауег	 2014 Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation	2005 Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
Virginia Electric & Power Company / Dominion Virginia Power	\$ 131,765,233	6.60%	\$ 52,576,169	3.48%
Honeywell International	126,812,248	6.36%	131,339,563	8.70%
Hopewell Cogentric Limited Partnership	94,440,110	4.73%	151,420,482	10.03%
Columbia HCA / John Randolph Hospital	90,835,635	4.55%	40,990,634	2.72%
Rock Tenn / Alliance Division (1)	81,613,932	4.09%	86,613,062	5.74%
Evoniks Industries (2)	60,981,462	3.06%	56,150,653	3.72%
Ashland, Inc. / Aqualon Company (3)	56,022,025	2.81%	37,015,420	2.45%
Virginia American Water Company	43,576,268	2.18%	21,699,752	1.44%
James River Genco LLC	29,695,329	1.49%	52,227,285	3.46%
Future Fuels	 21,643,300	1.08%	 427,900	0.03%
Total of Principal Property Taxpayers	\$ 737,385,542	36.95%	\$ 630,460,920	41.77%
Grand Total of All Taxpayers	\$ 1,995,246,802		\$ 1,509,735,580	

⁽¹⁾ In 2005, Rock Tenn was Stone Container.

Sources: (a) Debra K. Reason, Commissioner of Revenue - 8/24/17

(b) Patrizia Waggoner, Real Estate Assessor - 8/24/17

⁽²⁾ In 2005, Evoniks Industries was Goldschmidt Chemical Corp.

⁽³⁾ In 2005, Ashland, Inc. was Aqualon Company.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy **Total Collections to Date Total Tax Levy** Collections in Fiscal Percentage Percentage for Fiscal Year of Levy Subsequent Years of Levy Year Amount Amount 2015 \$ \$ 27,452,021 97.37% \$ \$ 27,452,021 97.37% 28,194,700 2014 27,263,306 25,359,477 93.02% 453,922 25,813,399 94.68% 2013 25,910,451 25,275,937 97.55% 605,682 25,881,619 99.89% 2012 25,502,328 24,389,663 95.64% 1,206,657 25,596,320 100.37% 2011 25,806,316 24,573,947 25,795,739 99.96% 95.22% 1,221,792 2010 25,365,543 24,277,032 95.71% 920,407 25,197,439 99.34% 2009 25,394,983 21,359,404 84.11% 2,986,970 24,346,374 95.87% 2008 23,544,869 21,035,463 89.34% 2,251,967 23,287,430 98.91% 2007 23,967,262 21,167,844 88.32% 2,511,366 23,679,210 98.80% 2006 23,704,873 21,430,559 90.41% 2,043,391 23,473,950 99.03%

Source: Municipal Tax Assessor

City of Hopewell, Virginia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Bus	siness-Type Activi	ities						
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Literary Fund Loans	Other Notes/ Bonds	General Obligation Bond Premium	Capital Leases	 Revenue Bonds	Revenue Bond Premium	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
2015	\$ 60,602,676	\$ 2,547,600	\$ -	\$ 79,140	\$	\$ 38,210,000	\$ 658,519	\$ -	\$ 102,097,935	13.12%	4,519
2014	57,473,287	3,021,800	-	157,886		33,680,000	692,558	-	95,025,531	12.21%	4,206
2013	51,595,511	3,496,000	-	248,510	-	34,830,000	718,958	-	90,888,979	11.68%	4,023
2012	53,632,083	3,970,200	-	266,938		35,405,000	725,736	-	93,999,957	12.08%	4,161
2011	54,854,157	4,444,400	-	279,072		32,205,000	387,480	-	92,170,109	8.44%	4,080
2010	40,597,744	5,093,600	-	291,206		28,580,000	661,103	-	75,223,653	10.14%	3,365
2009	39,329,300	5,821,300	-	303,340		11,245,000	-	-	56,698,940	7.73%	2,536
2008	31,342,111	6,559,000	-	-		11,735,000	-	-	49,636,111	6.77%	2,220
2007	34,814,452	7,390,000	-	259,485		12,200,000	-	-	54,663,937	8.16%	2,445
2006	36,363,368	8,221,000	-	389,227		12,685,000	-	28,334	57,658,595	8.96%	2,579

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 12

City of Hopewell, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Bo	Gross nded Debt	Les Amounts F for Debt S	Reserved	Bon	Net ided Debt (3)	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value (2	Bonded Debt
2015	\$	63,229,416	\$	-	\$	63,229,416	4.79%	2,799
2014		60,725,169		-		60,725,169	4.66%	2,688
2013		55,340,021		-		55,340,021	4.24%	2,450
2012		57,869,221		-		57,869,221	4.35%	2,562
2011		59,577,629		-		59,577,629	4.38%	2,637
2010		45,982,550	4	4,500,000		41,482,550	2.09%	1,856
2009		45,453,940	4	4,500,000		40,953,940	2.10%	1,832
2008		37,901,111	4	4,500,000		33,401,111	1.96%	1,494
2007		42,463,937	4	4,500,000		37,963,937	2.22%	1,698
2006		44,973,595	4	4,500,000		40,473,595	2.36%	1,811

⁽¹⁾ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 12.

⁽²⁾ See schedule of Real Estate Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Table 5.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Literacy Fund Loans, excludes revenue bonds, capital lease, and compensated absences.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Debt limit	\$ 92,919,480	\$112,210,800	\$114,528,366	\$133,839,710	\$135,714,300	\$ 135,931,270	\$ 133,076,838	\$130,445,020	\$ 133,262,850	\$ 130,418,300
Total net debt applicable to limit	44,973,595	42,463,937	37,901,111	45,453,940	45,982,550	59,577,629	57,869,221	55,112,856	60,516,432	63,150,276
Legal debt margin	\$ 47,945,885	\$ 69,746,863	\$ 76,627,255	\$ 88,385,770	\$ 89,731,750	\$ 76,353,641	\$ 75,474,555	\$ 75,332,164	\$ 72,746,418	\$ 67,268,024
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	48.40%	37.84%	33.09%	33.96%	33.88%	43.83%	43.49%	42.25%	45.41%	48.42%
Source: Valuation bases were obtained from the Hope (a) Limit set by Virginia Statute.	ewell Real Estate A	Assessor's office.			Legal Debt Marg	in calculation for F	Fiscal Year 2015			
					Assessed val	ue empt real property				\$ 1,304,183,000
					Total assesse					1,304,183,000
					Debt limit (10 ^o Net debt appl Legal debt ma		ed value) (a)			130,418,300 63,150,276 \$ 67,268,024

City of Hopewell, Virginia Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (a)	Personal Income (b)	Per Capita Personal Income (c)	Unemployment Rate (d)
2015	22,591	\$ 778,341,324	\$ 34,454	7.60%
2014	22,591	778,341,324	34,454	7.90%
2013	22,591	778,341,324	34,454	8.80%
2012	22,591	778,341,324	34,454	9.10%
2011	22,591	778,341,324	34,454	11.40%
2010	22,354	762,550,318	34,112	10.90%
2009	22,354	755,000,314	33,775	11.40%
2008	22,354	733,010,014	32,791	6.30%
2007	22,354	670,307,044	29,986	4.50%
2006	22,354	643,303,412	28,778	5.10%

Source:

- (a) Population information provided by the U.S. Census Bureau.
- (b) Personal income estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita income presented.
- (c) Per capita personal income by municipality estimated based upon the 2000 census published by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- (d) Unemployment data provided by the Virginia Employment Commission.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Principal Employers Current Year and Period Nine Years Prior

	Fiscal Yea	r 2015	Fiscal Year 2006				
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank	Employment		
City of Hopewell School System	500 to 999	1	N/A	N/A	0.00%		
Honeywell International	500 to 999	2	N/A	N/A	0.00%		
Columbia HCA / John Randolph Hospital	500 to 999	3	N/A	N/A	0.00%		
City of Hopewell	250 to 499	4	N/A	N/A	0.00%		
Rock Tenn / Alliance Division (1)	250 to 499	5	N/A	N/A	0.00%		
Ashland, Inc. / Aqualon Company (2)	100 to 249	6	N/A	N/A	0.00%		
Evonik Industries (3)	100 to 249	7	N/A	N/A	0.00%		
Shaw Services LLC	100 to 249	8	N/A	N/A	0.00%		
Hopewell Healthcare Center	100 to 249	9	N/A	N/A	0.00%		
River View on the Appomattox	100 to 249	10	N/A	N/A	0.00%		

Source: Virginia's Gateway Region.

N/A - Information not currently available.

⁽¹⁾ In FY 2006, Rock Tenn/Alliance Division was Stone Container.

⁽²⁾ In FY 2006, Ashland, Inc./Aqualon Company was Aqualon Company.

⁽³⁾ In FY 2006, Evonik Industries as Goldschmidt Chemical Corporation.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Full-Time City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Government:							·			
City Clerk	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
City Attorney	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
City Manager	7	3	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7
Finance Department	14	18	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	14
City Treasurer	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Commissioner of Revenue	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Voter Registrar	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Judicial Administration:										
Clerk of Circuit Court	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Commonwealth Attorney	7	7	9	9	7	7	7	6	6	6
Court Services	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
General District Court	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
Public Safety:										
Sheriff Department	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	12
Fire & Rescue	43	43	43	43	46	46	46	45	45	45
Building inspections	5	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6
Police Department	73	73	73	73	76	76	78	81	82	84
Animal Control	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	2
Emergency Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works:										
General Maintenance	39	39	36	36	34	34	34	34	34	36
Landfill	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Engineering	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Sewer Services	63	63	63	64	60	60	60	61	61	61
Health & Welfare:										
Department of Social Services	41	41	41	41	40	40	40	40	40	40
Community Services Act	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Culture and Recreation:										
Parks and Recreation	17	17	17	17	15	15	15	15	15	15
Tourism	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Community Development	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Planning	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Totals	362	364	362	361	351	351	356	358	359	365

Source: Full-time city government employee positions authorized as part of the annual budget approval by City Council.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Public safety										
Police department:										
E911 calls answered	-	22,906	22,381	19,764	14,101	17,075	17,329	24,655	14,205	19,516
Animal calls answered	1,805	1,847	1,912	1,361	1,856	2,757	3,028	2,818	2,917	2,960
Physical arrests	1,154	1,362	1,233	1,048	1,412	1,753	1,388	1,031	1,394	1,297
Civil papers										
Fire and rescue:										
Fire calls	1,117	1,225	1,232	1,164	3,130	3,430	3,687	3,213	3,352	3,138
EMS calls	1,623	1,993	2,046	1,944	3,557	3,505	3,615	3,545	3,556	1,296
Building inspections:										
Permits issued (all)	1,270	1,535	1,482	2,568	1,783	855	957	957	958	1,029
Inspections done (all)	915	1,264	1,174	2,895	4,607	482	2,560	2,560	2,297	4,007
Public works										
General maintenance:										
Work orders issued	N/A	N/A	2,720	2,002	1,898	1,429	2,346	2,501	3,196	2,688
Health and welfare										
Department of Social Services:										
Caseload*	8,336	8,600	8,436	9,087	10,378	10,707	10,911	10,911	11,446	12,324
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation:										
Community center visits	44,099	43,369	55,066	55,046	45,253	57,556	55,565	55,565	59,845	49,167
Summer program participants	452	421	425	320	1,058	1,303	N/A	N/A	N/A	223
Youth sports participants	N/A	N/A	4,039	4,627	5,314	4,461	N/A	N/A	2,235	737
Community development										
Planning:										
Zoning permits issued	989	1,142	1,346	1,376	496	218	291	291	539	167

Source: Individual city department workload counts.

^{*} Average total case count.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Government										
Adminisration buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Vehicles	4	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5
Public Works										
Vehicles	-	43	43	43	43	43	43	46	48	48
Public Safety										
Police Department:										
Vehicles	-	61	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	53
Sheriff Department:										
Vehicles	-	11	13	14	14	14	14	16	18	18
Fire Department:										
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire trucks	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5
Other vehicles	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	10
Building Inspectors:										
Vehicles	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	9	10	9
Culture and Recreation										
Parks and Recreation:										
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Parks acreage	161	161	161	161	161	161	161	161	161	161
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Ballfields	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Soccerfields	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8

Source: City Fixed Asset System by City departments

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

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Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Hopewell, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hopewell, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2017. Our report included an emphasis paragraph indicating that the business-type activities, the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund ("HRWTF"), and the Sewer Service Fund opinion units' financial statement opinions are qualified due to a scope limitation over our testing. Our report included an emphasis paragraph indicating that the net position as of June 30, 2014 of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the HRWTF Fund, the Sewer Service Fund, the Beacon Theatre Fund, and the School Board discretely presented component unit has been restated from the City's previously issued financial statements to reflect the correction of errors. Our report recognizes that the City implemented two new accounting standards effective July 1, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as 2015-001 through 2015-003, which we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as 2015-004.

Management's Responses to Findings

Cherry Behart CCP

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia August 31, 2017

Schedule of Findings and Responses

2015-001: Material Weakness – Internal Control Over Financial Reporting – Annual External Financial Reporting In Accordance With Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP")

Criteria: In order to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP, accurate and complete general and subsidiary ledgers, along with supporting records, must be maintained to support the existence, completeness, accuracy, and valuation of all assets and liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses to ensure an accurate presentation of the financial position and activity of the City for the fiscal year just ended.

Condition: Yearly, the City's Finance Department oversees the preparation, processing, and recordation of thousands of financial transactions that ultimately will be reflected in the yearly Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") produced within the Finance Department. In order to ensure the transactions are fairly presented, procedures must be in place and functioning effectively to produce complete and accurate financial information. During the year end closing and CAFR audit processes, errors related to prior fiscal years and to the misapplication of GAAP were identified by City and School Board Finance Department management, which were considered material to the financial statement presentation by City management, resulting in the adjustment to the City's financial records. Specifically, examples of the adjustments and approximated amounts recorded included:

- City management could not accurately determine the total amount of the business-type activities, the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund ("HRWTF") and the Sewer Service Fund changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2015. GAAP requires net position at the end of a fiscal year to equal the years beginning net position plus the changes in net position occurring during the year. For the three opinion units noted, the City recorded unsupported adjustments to the yearly activity to enable net position at June 30, 2015 per the Statement of Net Position to equal net position per the Statement of Activities and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Although amounts needed to roll net position forward were made (HRWTF \$320,000; Sewer Service Fund \$580,000), the source and cause of the adjustment could not be suitably substantiated by City Finance management to a degree of accuracy and completeness to allow for related audit testing to support an opinion on their fair presentation in accordance with GAAP and, accordingly, a qualified audit opinion due to a scope limitation was rendered.
- During fiscal year 2015, multiple instances were identified where activities in the previous fiscal years were inaccurately recorded within the general ledger and issued financial statements as follows:
 - Subsequent to the City's conversion of general ledger systems in September 2014, assets were identified that had been excluded from prior fiscal years' reported capital assets resulting in the restatement of the City's governmental activities' net position of \$766,500. Also, School Board Finance Department management identified that certain buildings were over depreciated in prior years and reduced accumulated depreciation, and increased net position, at June 30, 2014 by \$390,000. Additionally, it was determined that the City's prior calculations of jointly-owned assets with the School Board had incorrectly not taken into account all related outstanding debt resulting in the City's governmental activities recording additional \$4,567,500 of net capital assets and net position with an equal reduction in the School Board's corresponding allocation.
 - City Finance personnel determined that balances reported as prepaid bond principle at June 30, 2014 in the HRWTF and Sewer Service Funds, \$491,000 and \$479,000, respectively, were not City assets. However, the City noted unreported investments balances of \$586,000 and \$918,000, respectively, resulting in net increases in net position for HRWTF Fund (\$95,000) and Sewer Service Fund (\$440,000) at June 30, 2014.

- City Finance personnel determined that the HRWTF and Sewer Service Funds' accrued bond interest at June 30, 2014 was understated by \$83,000 and \$526,000, respectively, resulting in a reduction of net position for the funds at June 30, 2014. In addition, Sewer Service Fund debt principal outstanding was overstated by \$87,000, resulting in a corresponding increase in Net Position at June 30, 2014.
- City Finance personnel determined that the Governmental Activities' deferred inflows related to prior year refundings of debt were incorrectly calculated and presented in the 2014 CAFR. Accordingly, a deferred outflow of resources as of June 30, 2014 has been recorded in the amount of \$348,000 to adjust the previously reported deferred inflow of resources of \$122,000 for a total adjustment to net position of \$470,000. Additionally, premiums related to Governmental Activities' general obligation bonds were overstated at June 30, 2014 by \$72,000 resulting in an increase in net position at June 30, 2014.
- City Finance personnel determined that HRWTF Fund's refund credits issued to customers, but not yet exercised, at June 30, 2014 had not been accurately tracked such that the amount of the related liability at June 30, 2014 was overstated by \$1,993,000, resulting in an increase in net position at June 30, 2014 by \$1,993,000.
- The Sewer Service Fund's accounts receivable at June 30, 2014 included activity actually related to the HRWTF Fund. Accordingly, \$108,000 of HRWTF Fund receivables and revenues, related to fiscal year 2014 and earlier, were reclassified from the Sewer Service Fund to the HRWTF Fund and net positon was decreased and increased, respectively, as of June 30, 2014.
- City Finance personnel determined that the Beacon Theatre Fund's accrued liabilities at June 30, 2014 were overstated by \$455,000, resulting in an increase in net position for the fund at June 30, 2014.
- Recording of the governmental activities' compensated absences as a fund liability in the governmental funds even though GAAP requires only the portion to be paid with current resources to be recorded as a fund liability. As the entire balance was considered to be a long-term obligation, \$900,000 of expenditures and payables were adjusted out of the General Fund and \$73,000 was adjusted out of the remaining governmental funds.
- Recording of operational funding from the Sewer Service Fund to the Storm Water Fund as a loan between the two funds when there was no requirement for repayment from the Storm Water Fund, which is inconsistent with GAAP (\$1M).

Cause: The City's Finance Department lacks the technical critical mass to analyze the myriad of transactions the City enters into yearly in order to effectively, efficiently, and compliantly prepare the City's CAFR in accordance with GAAP. This material weakness is manifested in many ways to include the inability to effectively analyze accounting transactions, research related accounting principles for propriety and reporting options within the standards, and to understand internal relationships within the general ledger and the CAFR to be able to know when an amount or disclosure is wrong based on the given relationship between the two accounts/disclosures. As the requirements of GAAP evolve and change yearly, the lack of technical strength in the City Finance Department is a detriment and impedance to timely and compliant external financial reporting and efficient internal reporting to support effective financial management.

Effect: The controls in place to close the year-end books, reconcile the balances, analyze the period transactions, and accumulate and assimilate such data into a timely, GAAP compliant financial report simply did not function, leading to the inefficient use of City Finance personnel, hours that would have been better served in other City Finance operations, and significant additional costs incurred related to external accounting services and for hours incurred for the external audit per the City's approved engagement scope.

Recommendation: We recommend the City address this people-centric need by considering the identification, hiring, and retaining of experienced accountants as a mission-critical, long-term objective. During the 2015 reporting process, the ineffective monitoring of financial activity, unfamiliarity with GAAP, and staff turnover exacerbated the City's inability to provide auditable and timely financial records. Over the years, the City has struggled to hire and retain experienced accountants within the Finance Department. There remains an ongoing struggle to fill vacancies with candidates possessing the skill sets needed for a fully-functioning financial accounting and reporting operation. This is consistent with our recommendation after the Fiscal Year 2014 financial audit and we cannot stress enough the need for the City to identify, hire, and retain experienced governmental accountants, specifically Certified Public Accountants, in key finance management positions and to strive to maintain a minimum of two such designations consistently within the financial operations. Additionally, a structured cross-training program should be implemented within financial operational functions (e.g., general accounting, accounts payable) aimed at expanding the skill sets of available team members to be utilized in periods of staff turnover or increased demands in a particular area.

Views of Responsible Officials:

The City intends to comply with this request fully by hiring as soon as possible an Accounting Professional with a CPA to lead the department as the Director of Finance. City Council has also authorized the hiring of another higher level Accounting Professional to serve in an assistant's role to the Director as a Budget/Audit Specialist. Additionally, we have two current temporary Accounting Professionals who we will utilize to help complete the FY2016 and FY2017 CAFR's as soon as possible. It is our desire and intent to have all past due CAFR's completed and filed in time for the FY2018 audit cycle to flow normally and on-time.

2015-002: Material Weakness – Year-end Completeness and Accuracy of Account Balances

Criteria: In order to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP, accurate and complete general and subsidiary ledgers, along with supporting records, must be maintained to support the existence, completeness, accuracy, and valuation of all assets and liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses to ensure an accurate presentation of the financial position and activity of the City for the fiscal year just ended. The efficient, effective, and timely preparation of the CAFR depends heavily on personnel from various City departments and includes closing the City's general ledger, performing appropriate financial analyses and reconciliations of yearly activity, and accumulating the required data for reporting. In order to verify that the transactions are fairly presented, procedures must be in place and functioning effectively to ensure the financial information is complete, accurate, and in accordance with GAAP.

Condition: Yearly, the City's Finance Department oversees the preparation, processing, and recordation of thousands of financial transactions that ultimately will be reflected in the yearly CAFR produced within the Finance Department. In order to ensure the transactions are fairly presented, procedures must be in place and functioning effectively to produce complete and accurate financial information. During the year end external audit and financial reporting processes, multiple instances were identified where the complete and accurate recordation of financial transactions within the General Ledger did not occur such as the following, with approximated amounts:

- As of June 30, 2015, the City was unable to reconcile the City's cash balances with financial institutions to the balance per the general ledger, to ensure accuracy and completeness, until September 2016 (\$26.8M).
- As of June 30, 2015, funding receipts from the Commonwealth of Virginia to the City had not been reconciled to the general ledger, to verify accuracy and completeness of the transactions, until March of 2016 (>\$10M).
- For the year ended June 30, 2015, the unadjusted trial balance provided for testing noted \$20.2M of HRWTF Fund capital asset additions recorded as expense and not as capitalized assets.

- When requested for audit testing, City personnel did not have available a reconciliation that verified the investment balances with financial institutions had been analyzed and reconciled to the general ledger (\$40M).
- As a result of audit testing, it was determined that General Fund property tax related receivables and deferred revenues were inaccurately allocated between real property, personal property and machinery and tools and City Finance recorded adjustments accordingly (>\$1M)
- During the conversion of general ledger systems, City Finance personnel identified that balances from GEMS were not brought over to MUNIS completely and accurately, such that adjustments to fiscal year 2015 beginning balances were needed for several funds - General Fund (\$63,000 understated); HRWTF Fund (\$7,000 overstated); Sewer Service Fund (\$89,000 overstated).
- As a result of audit testing, it was determined that expenditures/expenses and accounts payables in the HRWTF Fund, the Sewer Service Fund, and the Recreation Fund were incorrectly recorded in the yearend general ledger by \$133,000 (under accrued), \$81,000 (over accrued), and \$8,000 (under accrued), respectively.
- As a result of audit testing, it was determined that accounts receivable and bad debt expenses in the Sewer Service Fund were under recorded in the year-end general ledger by \$916,000 and \$333,000, respectively.
- Recordation of debt and related issuance activities:
 - When general obligation debt was issued, City Finance recorded the liability (credit entry) properly
 in the general ledger; however, the proceeds of the issuance were recorded as a direct reduction to
 net position (debit entry) and not to appropriate investment accounts. Consequently, bond proceed
 investment asset balances at US Bank were never recorded in the General Ledger (HRWTF \$5.5M);
 - Recording general obligation debt issuance costs as an asset and not expense in the General Fund (\$45,000), and
 - Calculation of Governmental Activities' deferred gains on debt issuance and the amortization of premiums were not recorded until evidence of the amounts was requested for audit (\$2.5M).
- Recording of intra-City amounts due to/from and transferred to/from various funds such that the overall activity did not net to zero, as required by GAAP.
- An HRWTF fund accrual for receivables and revenues due from the Commonwealth for the nitrogen project was never recorded within the general ledger (\$1.7M).
- HRWTF and Sewer Service Funds' related accounts receivable balances had not been reviewed for collectability such that allowances for doubtful accounts (bad debt expense) had to be recorded (HRWTF - \$198,000; Sewer Service - \$1,220,000).

Cause: The City's Finance Department lacks the technical critical mass to analyze the myriad of transactions the City enters into yearly. Internal control processes were not in place to monitor related account activities to ensure the existence, completeness, accuracy, and valuation of all assets and liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Effect: The controls in place to close the year-end books, reconcile the balances, analyze the period transactions, and accumulate and assimilate such data into a timely, GAAP compliant financial report simply did not function, leading to the inefficient use of City Finance personnel, hours that would have been better served in other City Finance operations, and significant additional costs incurred related to external accounting services and for hours incurred for the external audit per the City's approved engagement scope.

Recommendation: We recommend the City address this people-centric need by considering the identification, hiring, and retaining of experienced accountants as a mission-critical, long-term objective. During the 2015 reporting process, the ineffective monitoring of financial activity, unfamiliarity with GAAP, and staff turnover exacerbated the City's inability to provide auditable and timely financial records. Over the years, the City has struggled to hire and retain experienced accountants within the Finance Department. There remains an ongoing struggle to fill vacancies with candidates possessing the skill sets needed for a fully-functioning financial accounting and reporting operation. This is consistent with our recommendation after the Fiscal Year 2014 financial audit and we cannot stress enough the need for the City to identify, hire, and retain experienced governmental accountants, specifically Certified Public Accountants, in key finance management positions and to strive to maintain a minimum of two such designations consistently within the financial operations. Additionally, a structured cross-training program should be implemented within financial operational functions (e.g., general accounting, accounts payable) aimed at expanding the skill sets of available team members to be utilized in periods of staff turnover or increased demands in a particular area.

Specific to certain functions, we recommend the City perform bank reconciliations monthly and reconcile intergovernmental activity quarterly with reconciling items being resolved within 45 days from the date that they are identified. We also recommend the City enhance its procedures for the review of cutoff activity between fiscal years and confirmation of amounts owed with key service providers and vendors to ensure all activity is properly accounted for and reported.

Views of Responsible Officials:

The City intends to comply with this request fully by hiring as soon as possible an Accounting Professional with a CPA to lead the department as the Director of Finance. City Council has also authorized the hiring of another higher level Accounting Professional to serve in an assistant's role to the Director as a Budget/Audit Specialist. Additionally, we have two current temporary Accounting Professionals who we will utilize to help complete the FY2016 and FY2017 CAFR's as soon as possible. It is our desire and intent to have all past due CAFR's completed and filed in time for the FY2018 audit cycle to flow normally and on-time.

The City will implement over the current fiscal year internal processes and procedures to mirror this recommendation. Many of these activities are now being performed as recommended but they will be memorialized through written SOP's.

2015-003: Material Weakness – Segregation of Duties and System Based Logical Access Controls

Criteria: Segregation of duties ("SOD") is fundamental to fraud risk management. Users with the ability to administer security to the financial applications should be segregated from users with the ability to administer the financial application's database and from those with end user capabilities to the financial applications. Information technology general computer controls related to access and system security must be evaluated periodically (at least annually), but especially in the year of a material change to the system of internal control.

Condition: The City implemented MUNIS in September 2014. During our review of the IT internal control environment, we noted that the City does maintain proper segregation of duties over security, administration, and end user access to the financial application and database. Specifically, the City's Database Administrator has access to administer security within the MUNIS application, as well as being the administrator over the MUNIS database. Additionally, other end users of financial applications, including the Director of Finance, also have administrative permissions. These permissions could result in users having inappropriate access.

We noted that the City does not perform an annual review of access privileges to the MUNIS application. Access privileges to the MUNIS application should be periodically reviewed by the users' management to verify that the level of access still accurately reflects the minimum level required for the user to perform their job function and accurately reflects an appropriate level of segregation of duties within logical access.

We noted that the City's password and account lockout settings for the network do not match the settings defined within the City's Information Security Policy. Current settings include network password length of seven (7) characters and an account lockout threshold of seven (7) invalid attempts.

Cause: The implementation of new financial systems is a complex process and represents a material change to the system of internal control. After the initial implementation, system based roles and responsibilities require an evaluation to determine whether inherent conflicts exist within the system based roles and responsibilities and then whether system roles and responsibilities are appropriately assigned to User Accounts based on the City's segregation of duties requirements and complimentary control elements in the City anti-fraud program of controls. The City had not re-evaluated its MUNIS system based roles and responsibilities for inherent conflicts and potential conflicts with assigned User Accounts and functional job responsibilities. Further, the City had not re-established periodic access review controls to ensure system based access continues to align with appropriate segregation of duties.

Effect: Without a thorough review of system based roles, responsibilities, and end user access, the City is subject to an increased exposure to unintended consequences in the form of error and fraud until the control environment matures on the MUNIS environment and controls are placed in service.

Recommendation: We recommend the City:

- Segregate users with the ability to administer security to the financial application from users with the ability to administer the financial application's database. In addition, the City should segregate access for users with the ability to administer security to the financial application from those with end user capabilities to the financial application. If access cannot be segregated, a mitigating control should be implemented to log all security changes made by the personnel and be periodically reviewed by an independent group.
- Perform scheduled periodic reviews of user access for the MUNIS application on an annual basis in order to identify unauthorized/inappropriate access based on job function, as well as to identify any terminated users who have remained active in the application. These reviews should be documented and changes identified during the access review should be processed in accordance with the access provisioning procedures. Also, the City should:
 - Perform a fraud risk assessment and verify functional segregation of duties and related anti-fraud control elements considered important.
 - Identify and verify key MUNIS forms and functions important to the segregation of duties and ensure that they are limited to only the desired MUNIS responsibilities consistent with the City's expectations.
 - Review end users' logical access against the end users' MUNIS responsibilities containing the
 aforementioned key forms and functions to ensure they remain appropriate given the
 employee/user's job responsibilities and duties, and the City's requirements for segregation of
 duties.
 - Design controls to operate on a quarterly basis to ensure all end user access remains appropriate considering a given employee's current job responsibilities, changes in employee status such as, new hires, terminations, and employee job rotation in the normal course of business.
 - Ensure that Information Technology personnel 1) do not have the responsibility for transaction and accounting duties normally performed by end users in the functional area and that 2) personnel administering security do not have responsibilities for programming, database management, or computer operations
 - Ensure controls are in place to ensure that all users are uniquely identified (i.e., there are no shared user IDs except for limited, read-only access).

 Consistent with industry best practices, we recommend password and account lockout settings should be set to the following to reflect the City's Information Security Policy - password length of eight (8) characters and an account lockout threshold of three (3) invalid attempts.

Views of Responsible Officials:

The City will rewrite our security and access policies as part of the policies and procedures mentioned in the prior response. All recommendations above will be considered and implemented when the rewrite occurs. Some of these recommendations have already been implemented, but will be memorialized in policy.

2015-004: Instance of Noncompliance - Commonwealth of Virginia Yearly Financial Reporting

Criteria: Per Section 15.2-2510 of the *Code of Virginia*, local governments must submit their audited financial report to the Commonwealth of Virginia's Auditor of Public Accounts ("APA") by November 30 of each year.

Condition: The City did not submit its audited financial report to the APA by the required date.

Cause: The City's controls in place to close the year end books, reconcile the balances, analyze the period transactions, and assimilate and accumulate such data into a timely, GAAP compliant financial report simply did not function timely to meet the required deadline.

Effect: Non-compliance with Commonwealth's requirements may result in sanctions.

Recommendation: The City should implement corrective action aimed at enhancing internal controls to ensure that financial reporting is made in accordance with Section 15.2-2510 of the *Code of Virginia*.

Views of Responsible Officials:

The City has brought in additional temporary staff and will be hiring permanent accounting professionals as well at the earliest convenience in order to work towards getting the late CAFR's (FY2016 and FY2017) completed prior to the end of the current fiscal year and to start and finish the FY2018 CAFR on time. The rewrite of our policies and procedures into a SOP will memorialize the finance and accounting processes so that repeats of the current issues will not occur.

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SB-2



□ □ Mayor Jasmine Gore, Ward #4

CITY OF HOPEWELL CITY COUNCIL ACTION FORM

rategic Operating Plan Vision Theme: Civic Engagement Culture & Recreation Economic Development Education Housing Safe & Healthy Environment None (Does not apply)	Order of Business: Consent Agenda Public Hearing Presentation-Boards/Commissions Unfinished Business Citizen/Councilor Request Regular Business Reports of Council Committees	Action: Approve and File Take Appropriate Action Receive & File (no motion required) Approve Ordinance 1 st Reading Approve Ordinance 2 nd Reading Set a Public Hearing Approve on Emergency Measure
COUNCIL AGENDA ITEM T	TITLE:	
CAFR Update – FY2016 – PB M	Mares (include transmittal files, SE	EFAs)
ISSUE: Request auditors prov FY2016 CAFR.	ide information and respond to C	Council questions regarding the
RECOMMENDATION:		
TIMING:		
BACKGROUND:		
ENCLOSED DOCUMENTS:		
• 2016 CAFR		
STAFF:		
John Altman, City Manager		
Michael Terry, Finance Director	•	
MOTION:	FOR IN MEETING USE ONLY	
Roll Call		
SUMMARY: Y N Councilor Debbie Randolph, Ward # Councilor Arlene Holloway, Ward #2 Councilor John B. Partin, Ward #3	2	r Janice Denton, Ward #5 r Brenda Pelham, Ward #6 yor Patience Bennett, Ward #7



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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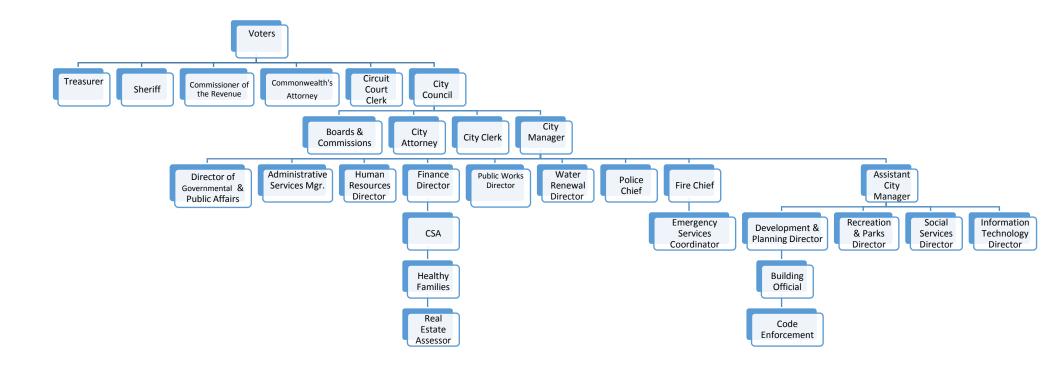
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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA CITY COUNCIL AND CITY OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2016

CITY COUNCIL Brenda S. Pelham Mayor Christina J. Luman-Bailey......Vice Mayor Jasmine E. GoreCouncilor Arlene HollowayCouncilor Anthony ZevgolisCouncilor K. Wayne WaltonCouncilor Jackie M. ShornakCouncilor **CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS** Teresa L. BattonCity Treasurer Debra A. ReasonCommissioner of Revenue Richard K. NewmanCommonwealth's Attorney Tamara J. WardClerk of the Circuit Court Luther SodatSheriff **CITY ADMINISTRATION** Mark A. HaleyCity Manager Charles E. DaneAssistant City Manager Stefan M. CalosCity Attorney Ross A. Kearney, IIICity Clerk Tevya W. Griffin......Planning and Neighborhood Services Director Raymond W. SpicerSocial Services Director Aaron A. ReidmillerRecreation & Parks Director Edward O. WatsonPublic Works Director Aimee Francoeur......Human Resources, Interim Director Eugenia E. GrandstaffRegional Wastewater Treatment Facility & Sewer System Director Jerry L. WhitakerFinance Director Donald R. Hunter, IIFire Department Chief John F. KeohanePolice Department Chief **CITY SCHOOLS**

Dr. Melody D. HackneySchool Superintendent





John M. Altman, Jr. City Manager

maltman@hopewellva.gov p: (804) 541-2243 f: (804) 541-2248

300 North Main Street Suite 216 Hopewell, VA 23860

www.hopewellva.gov

October 24, 2018

The Honorable Members of City Council City of Hopewell, Virginia:

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Hopewell, Virginia (the City) for the year ended June 30, 2016 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management of the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Internal Control: City Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Compliance Section: The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of federal financial assistance, findings and questioned costs, and independent auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations will be included in a separate report.

CITY GOVERNMENT

The City is governed by the city manager-city council form of government, whereby the city manager is responsible for carrying out the policy decisions of city council. City department directors manage individual departments and report to the city manager. Hopewell has two separate component units-Hopewell Schools and Children's Services Act Board.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; sanitation services; health and social services; construction/maintenance of roads, streets, and other infrastructure; cultural events; and, recreational activities. In addition to these general government activities, the Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility is also a part of the primary government and is included in the reporting entity.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Hopewell is located approximately 25 miles southeast of Richmond, Virginia, the state capital. The City is considered developed out with respect to land use, except for several industrial zoned sites. Almost all new residential development is fill-in because the City has no large undeveloped land parcels. Until such time that the state General Assembly grants additional taxing authority, removes the annexation moratorium, assumes funding responsibility for state mandated services or some combination thereof, the City's revenue potential will remain limited.

The City has joined thirteen other Virginia cities to form the Virginia First Cities Coalition. This group is gathering and providing data to the General Assembly on the needs and issues facing Virginia's older inner cities. The issues facing this group are unique to older inner cities and not counties in Virginia and the General Assembly must address these problems. The City is poised for significant improvements in economic development in the near future.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by City management.

As part of the City's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 will be provided under separate reporting.

Budgetary Controls

The City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. Activities of the general fund and special revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at departmental level within an individual fund. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Appropriations, except for encumbrances and project-length capital projects, lapse at year-end.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

OTHER INFORMATION

Management, Discussion and Analysis

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Independent Audit

State Statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of PBMares, LLP was selected by the City's audit committee. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the related Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. The report of the independent auditor on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The report of the independent auditor related specifically to the Single Audit will be issued under separate reporting.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This report could not have been accomplished without a great deal of cooperation and assistance by staff in both the City departments and Hopewell Schools. Also, we would like to thank the Mayor and members of City Council for their continued interest and support.

John M. Altman, Jr.

City Manager

Michael Terry
Finance Director

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Hopewell, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We were engaged to audit the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hopewell, Virginia (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions on the governmental activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, each major governmental fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. Because of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, however, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for audit opinions for the business-type activities and enterprise funds.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinions on the Business-type Activities and the Enterprise Funds Consisting of the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund (HRWTF), Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Storm Water Fund and Beacon Theatre Fund

The City and staff of the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities were not able to provide sufficient appropriate audit evidence for multiple elements of the HRWTF's financial statements including accounts receivable, accrued liabilities, refund credits payable, and charges for services. The City and third-party management company were not able to provide sufficient appropriate audit evidence for multiple elements of the Beacon Theatre Fund including capital assets, accumulated depreciation, unearned revenue, and operating expenses. The City was not able to provide sufficient appropriate audit evidence for multiple elements of the Sewer Service, Solid Waste and Storm Water funds including accounts receivable and charges for services.

Disclaimer of Opinions

Because of the significance of the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinions paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for audit opinions. Accordingly, we do not express opinions on the financial statements of the business-type activities and enterprise funds consisting of the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund, Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Storm Water Fund and Beacon Theatre Fund.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of the governmental activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, each major governmental fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each governmental major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the City restated net position of the business-type activities, Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund, the Sewer Service Fund and the Beacon Theatre Fund to correct prior year errors in recording capital assets and depreciation. The City restated fund balance of the General Fund and net position of the governmental activities to record a liability to the Commonwealth of Virginia for disallowed prior year Children's Services Act expenditures and to correct prior year errors by recording an amount due to the Community Development Block Grant Fund and an amount due from the School Board. The City restated the fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund and net position of the governmental activities for a prior year advance reclassified to a capital contribution and to correct prior year errors by recording an amount due from the Community Development Block Grant Fund and recording adjustments to the recording of bond issuance costs and cash. The City restated the fund balance of the Community Development Block Grant Fund and net position of the governmental activities to correct prior year errors by recording an amount due to other funds and an amount due from the Federal government. The School Board Component Unit restated net position to record adjustments to capital assets, to record an amount due to the City and to correct a prior year error in grant recording. The net position of the business-type activities and the Beacon Theatre Fund was restated for a prior year advance reclassified to a capital contribution. Our opinions for the governmental activities, General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Community Development Block Grant Fund and School Board Component Unit are not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information on pages 13-20 and 80-86, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules listed in the table of contents as introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such other supplementary information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 24, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PBMares, 77P

Harrisonburg, Virginia October 24, 2018

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Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016



The Honorable Members of City Council:

This section of the City of Hopewell, Virginia's comprehensive annual financial report presents our management discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, notes to financial statements, and schedules, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (amounts rounded)

- Total net position for the City's Primary Government was \$112.7 million. Of this total, \$98.2 million was related to business-type activities.
- In the City's business-type activities, total operating and non-operating revenues plus capital contributions were \$63.1 million and total operating and non-operating expenses were \$21.3 million.
- The total cost of all the City's programs and services was \$75.8 million.
- During this year, the net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$1.7 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts — management's discussion and analysis this section, the basic financial statements, required supplementary, and an optional section that presents the combining statements for non-major governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present a different view of the City:

- The first two statements are the government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - ➤ The governmental funds statements tell how the general government services like public safety, public works and social services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant, Sewer Services, and Solid Waste operations.
 - ➤ Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships like the City's Special Welfare Fund in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to who the resources in question belong.

The financial statements include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

Ma	Figure A-1 Major Features of City of Hopewell Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements									
			Fund Statements	1						
Scope	Government-Wide Statements Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's	Governmental Funds The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, and	Proprietary Funds Activities the City operates similar to private businesses, such as solid waste and sewer services	Fiduciary Funds Instances in which the City is trustee or agent for someone else's resources						
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities						
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus						
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or sooner thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the City's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can						
Type of inflow/outflow of information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid						

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they changed. Net position — the difference between the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources — is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, changes in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base or the condition of the City's streets or roads.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into three categories:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, public works, parks, and social services departments, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance the biggest share of these activities.
- Business-Type Activities The City charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The City's Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Plant, Sewer Services, Solid Waste, and Storm Water activities are included here. The Beacon Theatre is also included as a blended component unit in the Business-type activities section of the government-wide financial statements.
- Component Units The City includes two other entities in its report The Hopewell City School Board and the Children's Services Act Board. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the City is financially accountable for them and there is a financial benefit/burden relationship with the City.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds — not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and others by legal requirements.
- The City Council may establish other funds to control and manage monies for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

The City has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds' statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like government-wide statements, provide both short-term and long-term financial information. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
- Fiduciary Funds The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the Special Welfare, Healthy Families', and Police Evidence Funds. It is responsible for these assets because of a trust arrangement; they can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate

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Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities and Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities. These activities are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City reports under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), which requires the City to present comparative data for the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

Table A-1 summarizes the City's Statement of Net Position:

Table A-1

City of Hopewell, Virginia Summary of Net Position As of June 30, 2016

							Total
	Gove	rnmental	Busine	ss-Type			Percentage
	Ac	tivities	ies Activities		To	Change	
	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	
Current and other assets	\$ 44,174,645	\$ 44,296,267	\$ 40,088,694	\$ 44,146,644	\$ 84,263,339	\$ 88,442,911	4.96%
Capital assets	67,688,310	67,359,187	63,226,161	104,289,566	130,914,471	171,648,753	31.12%
Total Assets	111,862,955	111,655,454	103,314,855	148,436,210	215,177,810	260,091,664	
Deferred outflows of Resources	4,131,263	4,005,932	351,213	524,657	4,482,476	4,530,589	1.07%
Current Liabilities	3,386,622	2,965,189	7,683,111	7,556,717	11,069,733	10,521,906	(4.95%)
Long-term liabilities	84,531,501	85,069,422	38,677,950	42,736,632	123,209,451	127,806,054	3.73%
Total Liabilities	87,918,123	88,034,611	46,361,061	50,293,349	134,279,184	138,327,960	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	15,330,657	13,159,794	914,857	475,487	16,245,514	13,635,281	(16.07%)
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	15,858,838	42,341,331	30,037,385	70,349,924	45,896,223	112,691,255	145.53%
Restricted	400,000	-	-	2,928,418	400,000	2,928,418	632.10%
Unrestricted	(3,513,400)	(27,874,350)	26,352,765	24,913,689	22,839,365	(2,960,661)	(112.96%)
Total Net Position	\$ 12,745,438	\$ 14,466,981	\$ 56,390,150	\$ 98,192,031	\$ 69,135,588	\$ 112,659,012	

Total net position increased approximately \$1.7 million during the current fiscal year for the City's governmental activities.

Total net position increased approximately \$41.8 million for the business-type activities. These resources are not used to make up any net asset deficit in governmental activities. The City uses its net position to finance the continuing operations of the solid waste and sewer operations.

Changes in Net Position

Table A-2 and the narrative that follows will consider the operations of the governmental and business-type activities, separately.

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Table A-2

Total

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

Governmental Activities

Total governmental activities revenues increased by 2% over 2015. At the same time, expenses decreased by 8% over 2015. The combined revenues and expenses created an increase in net position of \$1.7 million.

Business-Type Activities

Charges for services of the City's business-type activities increased 30% and expenses decreased by 15%. The combined revenues and expenses created an increase in net position of \$41.8 million driven by significant grants and contributed capital amounts in 2016.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Changes in Net Position

For the Year ended June 30, 2016

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss_Tyne		Percentage		
	Activ		Activ		т	otal	Change	
	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016		
Revenues				1				
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 977,338	\$ 1,123,375	\$21,134,708	\$27,574,838	\$22,112,046	\$ 28,698,213	29.79%	
Federal/state operating grants	10,272,432	11,244,004	-	21,906,801	10,272,432	33,150,805	222.72%	
Federal/state/local capital grants	245,093	593,982	28,086,103	13,305,001	28,331,196	13,898,983	(50.94%)	
General revenues:								
Property taxes	29,559,595	31,221,372	-	-	29,559,595	31,221,372	5.62%	
Other taxes	8,539,613	9,125,946	-	-	8,539,613	9,125,946	6.87%	
Other	5,243,299	2,889,676	1,058,783	318,470	6,302,082	3,208,146	(49.09%)	
Total Revenues	54,837,370	56,198,355	50,279,594	63,105,110	105,116,964	119,303,465	13.50%	
Expenses								
General government	7,602,095	5,065,483	-	-	7,602,095	5,065,483	(33.37%)	
Judicial	2,810,211	2,694,035	-	-	2,810,211	2,694,035	(4.13%)	
Public safety	16,464,074	14,031,657	-	-	16,464,074	14,031,657	(14.77%)	
Public works	3,563,432	5,794,089	-	-	3,563,432	5,794,089	62.60%	
Health & welfare	6,989,444	5,899,170	-	-	6,989,444	5,899,170	(15.60%)	
Education	12,045,499	13,995,712	-	-	12,045,499	13,995,712	16.19%	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	7,001,866	2,421,366	-	1,376,547	7,001,866	3,797,913	(45.76%)	
Community development	182,390	2,323,189	-	-	182,390	2,323,189	1173.75%	
Interest on long-term debt	2,741,666	2,252,111	-	-	2,741,666	2,252,111	(17.86%)	
Public utilities		-	25,006,381	19,926,682	25,006,381	19,926,682	(20.31%)	
Total Expenses	59,400,677	54,476,812	25,006,381	21,303,229	84,407,058	75,780,041	(10.22%)	
Transfers, net	502,000		(502,000)		_	_		
Change in Net Position	(4,061,307)	1,721,543	24,771,213	41,801,881	20,709,906	43,523,424		
Net position - beginning of year (restated)	16,806,745	12,745,438	31,618,937	56,390,150	48,425,682	69,135,588		
Net position - end of year	\$12,745,438	\$14,466,981	\$56,390,150	\$98,192,031	\$69,135,588	\$ 112,659,012		

Table A-3 presents the costs of the City's larger programs — public safety, public works, education, health & welfare — as well as each program's net cost (total costs less fees generated by the activities and

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

intergovernmental aid). The net costs show the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

- The total costs of these larger governmental activities represent 76% of the \$52.2 million total costs of services.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities was \$29.4 million. Some of the costs were paid by:
 - Those who directly benefited from the programs, or
 - Other governments and organizations subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.
- The City paid for the "public benefit" portion with taxes and with other revenues such as interest and unrestricted state aid.

City of Hopewell, Virginia **Net Cost of Certain Governmental Activities** For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Table A-3

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Total	Cost	Percentage	Net (Cost	Percentage
of Se	rvices	Change	of Ser	vices	Change
2015	2016		2015	2016	
\$ 16,464,074	\$ 14,031,657	(14.8%)	\$ 14,055,371	\$ 12,059,661	(14.2%)
3,563,432	5,794,089	62.6%	(452,764)	1,196,801	(364.3%)
6,989,444	5,899,170	(15.6%)	2,229,467	2,141,557	(3.9%)
12,045,499	13,995,712	16.2%	12,045,499	13,995,712	16.2%
17,596,562	12,504,073	(28.9%)	16,801,506	10,457,159	(37.8%)
\$ 56,659,011	\$ 52,224,701		\$ 44,679,079	\$ 39,850,890	
	of Second 2015 \$ 16,464,074 3,563,432 6,989,444 12,045,499 17,596,562	\$ 16,464,074 \$ 14,031,657 3,563,432 5,794,089 6,989,444 5,899,170 12,045,499 13,995,712 17,596,562 12,504,073	of Services Change 2015 2016 \$ 16,464,074 \$ 14,031,657 (14.8%) 3,563,432 5,794,089 62.6% 6,989,444 5,899,170 (15.6%) 12,045,499 13,995,712 16.2% 17,596,562 12,504,073 (28.9%)	of Services Change of Services 2015 2016 2015 \$ 16,464,074 \$ 14,031,657 (14.8%) \$ 14,055,371 3,563,432 5,794,089 62.6% (452,764) 6,989,444 5,899,170 (15.6%) 2,229,467 12,045,499 13,995,712 16.2% 12,045,499 17,596,562 12,504,073 (28.9%) 16,801,506	of Services Change of Services 2015 2016 2015 2016 \$ 16,464,074 \$ 14,031,657 (14.8%) \$ 14,055,371 \$ 12,059,661 3,563,432 5,794,089 62.6% (452,764) 1,196,801 6,989,444 5,899,170 (15.6%) 2,229,467 2,141,557 12,045,499 13,995,712 16.2% 12,045,499 13,995,712 17,596,562 12,504,073 (28.9%) 16,801,506 10,457,159

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY (FUND) BALANCE SHEETS

General Fund

The City closed the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 with the General Fund reporting total fund balance of \$14.6 million. The unassigned fund balance was \$6.6 million, which was approximately \$4.4 million more than last year.

Capital Projects Fund

The City closed the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 with its Capital Projects Fund reporting the following fund balances; nonspendable of \$1.5 million, restricted of \$9.8 million, and assigned of \$ 2.6 million totaling \$13.9 million which was approximately \$1.6 million less than last year.

Virginia Public Assistance Fund

The City closed the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 with its Virginia Public Assistance Fund reporting an assigned fund balance of \$0. Revenues and operating transfers did not exceed expenditures for the year. The City only transferred to the fund amounts sufficient to cover expenditures not covered from other sources as its mandated local share.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City Council amended the City budget. These budget amendments fall into three categories:

- Budget amendments and appropriations approved after the beginning of the fiscal year to reflect prior year encumbrances being re-authorized for the expenditure of funds in the "new" fiscal year.
- Changes made to the budget during the fiscal year to address budget priorities that reflect changes in the allocation of resources expected to be used during the remainder of the current fiscal year.
- Increases in budget amendments and appropriations for the expenditure of funds for items occurring in the current fiscal year that were not in the original budget adopted for the fiscal year.

Even with the increases in the total budget resulting from such budget amendments and appropriations, actual expenditures were approximately \$3.8 million under the final total budget amounts.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - Governmental and Business-Type Activities

At the end of fiscal year 2016, the City had invested \$171.6 million in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, sewer plants, and sewer lines. (See Table A-4).

Table A-4

City of Hopewell, Virginia Capital Assets Net of Depreciation At June 30, 2016

							Total
	Govern	ımental	Busine	ss-Type			Percentage
	Activ	vities	Activ	ities	To	tal	Change
	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	
Land	\$ 6,776,914	\$ 7,166,135	\$ 598,419	\$ 598,419	\$ 7,375,333	\$ 7,764,554	5.28%
Buildings, system improvements, and infrastructure	27,432,725	26,708,763	36,141,214	36,093,079	63,573,939	62,801,842	(1.21%)
Equipment	3,863,060	3,661,570	2,227,749	1,936,793	6,090,809	5,598,363	(8.09%)
Construction in progress	2,796,846	5,590,879	24,258,779	65,661,275	27,055,625	71,252,154	163.35%
Jointly-owned assets	26,818,765	24,231,840	-	-	26,818,765	24,231,840	(9.65%)
Total	\$ 67,688,310	\$ 67,359,187	\$ 63,226,161	\$104,289,566	\$130,914,471	\$171,648,753	

There were major capital asset additions in fiscal year 2016 for the business-type activities related to plant improvements. More detailed information on capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

The City's fiscal year 2016 capital projects budget was \$18 million, of which \$4 million was for debt service and \$14 million was for infrastructure improvements and various equipment/vehicle purchases.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

Long-Term Debt - Governmental Activities

At year-end, the City had \$60 million in General Obligation bonds and Literary Loans outstanding, a decrease of 5% over last year, as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Table A-5

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Outstanding Debt At June 30, 2016

		mental ities	Busine Activ	ss-Type vities	To	tal	Total Percentage Change
	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	
General obligation bonds	\$ 60,602,676	\$ 57,890,852	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60,602,676	\$ 57,890,852	(4.47%)
Literary loans	2,547,600	2,073,400	-	-	2,547,600	2,073,400	(18.61%)
Revenue bonds	-	-	38,210,000	37,130,000	38,210,000	37,130,000	(2.83%)
Total	\$ 63,150,276	\$ 59,964,252	\$ 38,210,000	\$ 37,130,000	\$101,360,276	\$ 97,094,252	

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have any questions about this financial report or if you need additional financial information, please contact the Finance Department either by mail at City of Hopewell, Virginia, 300 North Main Street, Hopewell, VA 23860 or by telephone at (804) 541-2306.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

			Prir	nary Governme	ent		c	omponent Unit	C	omponent Unit
				Business-					Children's	
		vernmental	Type				School		Services	
Assets		Activities		Activities	_	Total		Board		Act Board
Cash and investments	\$	13.753.564	\$	24,407,813	\$	38,161,377	\$	8,762,858	\$	1,032,758
Taxes receivable	•	11,948,259	•		•	11,948,259	•	-,,	•	-
Accounts receivable		191.075		6.891.652		7.082.727		26,277		_
Notes receivable		115,591		55,369		170,960				3
Interest receivable		2,187		10,697		12,884		_		-
Due from School Board		5,497,890		10,001		5,497,890		_		_
Due from Primary Government		0,407,000		_		0,407,000		_		54.663
Due from other governmental units		1,543,287		2,183,069		3,726,356		3,401,465		591,053
•						3,720,330		3,401,403		391,033
Internal balances		27,500		(27,500)		4 400 000		47.000		-
Inventories		58,398		1,044,940		1,103,338		47,028		-
Prepaid expenses Restricted assets:		3,316		10,991		14,307		-		-
Cash and investments (in custody of others)		9,775,518		6,713,413		16,488,931		-		-
Note receivable, net of current portion Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		1,379,682		2,856,200		4,235,882		-		-
Land		7,166,135		598,419		7,764,554		474,629		_
Work in progress		5,590,879		65,661,275		71,252,154		· -		_
Buildings, system improvements, and Infrastructure		78,048,470		11,261,285		89.309.755		30,732,388		_
Machinery and equipment		11,926,812		55,725,158		67,651,970		8,019,427		
Sewer main and storm water improvements		11,020,012		43,426,226		43,426,226		0,010,421		
Accumulated depreciation		(25 272 400)		(72,382,797)				(14,291,341)		-
		(35,373,109)				(107,755,906)				4 070 477
Total assets		111,655,454		148,436,210		260,091,664		37,172,731		1,678,477
Deferred outflows of resources										
Deferred outflows related to debt		2,285,044		31,518		2,316,562		_		_
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,720,888		493,139		2,214,027		3,555,449		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,005,932		524,657		4,530,589		3,555,449	-	_
		, ,		,		, ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Liabilities										
Accounts payable		1,020,726		854,595		1,875,321		265,487		218,304
Accrued liabilities		997,924		5,358,683		6,356,607		4,440,485		2,952
Refund credits payable		-		730,847		730,847		-		-
Accrued interest payable		539,626		612,592		1,152,218		-		-
Due to Primary Government		-		-		-		5,155,904		-
Due to Children's Services Act Board		54,663		-		54,663		-		-
Due to other governmental units		352,250		-		352,250		-		1,457,221
Unearned revenues		´ -		_		´ <u>-</u>		23,332		· · · -
Long-term liabilities:								,		
Due within one year		3,265,855		1,425,547		4,691,402		336,026		_
Due in more than one year		81,803,567		41,311,085		123,114,652		44,196,796		_
Total liabilities		88,034,611		50,293,349		138,327,960		54,418,030		1,678,477
		00,001,011		00,200,010		.00,021,000		0.,,		.,0.0,
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unearned tax revenues		11,205,983		-		11,205,983		-		-
Deferred inflows related to pensions		1,953,811		475,487		2,429,298		3,946,030		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		13,159,794		475,487		13,635,281		3,946,030		-
Net a caltina										-
Net position		40.044.00:		70.040.00:		440.004.0==		04.00= 10=		
Net investment in capital assets		42,341,331		70,349,924		112,691,255		24,935,103		-
Restricted		-		2,928,418		2,928,418		1,109,122		-
Unrestricted		(27,874,350)		24,913,689		(2,960,661)		(43,680,105)		-
Total net position	\$	14,466,981	\$	98,192,031	\$	112,659,012	\$	(17,635,880)	\$	-

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Program Revenues Changes in Net Position Primary Government Component Units** Operating Capital Comprehensive Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental **Business-Type** Services Functions/Programs **Expenses** Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total **School Board** Act Board **Primary Government:** Governmental activities: General government administration 5,065,483 395,800 656,407 (4,013,276) (4,013,276) \$ \$ \$ Judicial administration 2,694,035 53,913 589,807 (2,050,315)(2,050,315)Public safety 14,031,657 520,413 1,451,583 (12,059,661)(12,059,661)Public works 5.794.089 4.126.801 470.487 (1,196,801)(1,196,801)Health and welfare 5.899.170 3,757,613 (2,141,557)(2,141,557)Education 13,995,712 (13,995,712)(13,995,712)Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,421,366 153,249 74,243 (2,193,874)(2,193,874)Community development 2,323,189 123,495 (2,199,694)(2,199,694)Interest on long-term debt 2,252,111 587,550 (1,664,561)(1,664,561)Total governmental activities 54,476,812 1,123,375 11,244,004 593,982 (41,515,451) (41,515,451) Business-Type activities: Hopewell Regional Wastewater Facilities Fund 10,669,795 16,211,416 21,811,801 13,305,001 40,658,423 40,658,423 Sewer Service Fund 7.499.348 8.336.903 837.555 837,555 Solid Waste Fund 1,383,631 1,634,126 250,495 250,495 Storm Water Fund 373,908 628,685 254,777 254,777 Beacon Theatre Fund 1,376,547 763.708 95.000 (517,839)(517.839)13.305.001 Total Business-Type activities 21.303.229 27,574,838 21.906.801 41.483.411 41.483.411 **Total Primary Government** 75,780,041 28,698,213 33.150.805 13,898,983 (41,515,451) 41,483,411 (32,040)Component units: School Board 46,206,127 302,921 33,479,179 (12,424,027)\$ Children's Services Act Board 2,665,278 2,665,278 Total component units 302,921 36,144,457 (12,424,027) 48,871,405 General revenues: General property taxes 31,221,372 31,221,372 Local sales tax 2,075,150 2,075,150 Business license tax 1,844,640 1,844,640 Communications tax 770.254 770.254 1,836,183 Restuarant food taxes 1,836,183 Other local taxes 2,599,719 2,599,719 Unrestricted from use of money and property 121,552 318,470 440,022 149 Fines and forfeitures 46.087 1,173,179 1,173,179 14,403,458 Miscellaneous 1,594,945 1,594,945 Total general revenues 43,236,994 318.470 43,555,464 14,449,694 Change in net position 1,721,543 41,801,881 43,523,424 2,025,667 Net position - beginning, as restated (Note 16) 12,745,438 56,390,150 (19,661,547)14,466,981 98,192,031 Net position - ending \$ 112,659,012 \$ (17,635,880)



City of Hopewell, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

		General		Virginia Public Assistance		Capital Projects	Gov	Other /ernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments	\$	8,858,758	\$	_	\$	4,443,811	\$	450,995	\$	13,753,564
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	·		·		·	, ,	·	,		
Taxes receivable		11,948,259		-		-		4 700		11,948,259
Accounts receivable Interest receivable		177,579 40		-		11,776 2,147		1,720		191,075 2.187
Due from other funds		2.371.408		114.358		370.606		_		2.856.372
Due from School Board		5,497,890		-		1,495,273		_		6,993,163
Due from other governments		797,874		287,903		400,000		57,510		1,543,287
Inventories		58,398				-		-		58,398
Prepaid items		3,316		-		-		-		3,316
Restricted assets:										
Cash and investments						9,775,518		_		9,775,518
Total assets	\$	29,713,522	\$	402,261	\$	16,499,131	\$	510,225	\$	47,125,139
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	765,201	\$	21,918	\$	181,299	\$	52,308	\$	1,020,726
Accrued liabilities		912,845		58,608		-		26,471		997,924
Due to other funds		114,358		321,735		2,049,673		343,106		2,828,872
Due to School Board		-		-		341,986		-		341,986
Due to Children's Services Act Board		54,663		-		-		-		54,663
Due to other governments		10,264						-		10,264
Total liabilities		1,857,331		402,261		2,572,958		421,885		5,254,435
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unearned tax revenues		11,205,983		-		-		-		11,205,983
Unavailable tax revenues		2,079,169						_		2,079,169
Total deferred inflows of resources		13,285,152			_					13,285,152
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items		3,316		-		-		-		3,316
Inventories		58,398		-		-		-		58,398
Due from School Board		-		-		1,495,273		-		1,495,273
Restricted for capital projects Committed		-		-		9,775,518		-		9,775,518
Perpetual care		887,776		_		_		_		887,776
Assigned:		33.,3								33.,
Fire department equipment		160,000		-		-		_		160,000
Next year budget		1,347,740		-		-		-		1,347,740
Rainy day emergency		4,993,036		-		-		-		4,993,036
Self-insurance		500,000		-		-		-		500,000
Recreation		-		-		-		73,864		73,864
Anti-Litter		-		-		-		14,476		14,476
Capital projects		- 000 770		-		2,655,382		-		2,655,382
Unassigned Total fund balances		6,620,773				12 006 170		88.340		6,620,773
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,		14,571,039			_	13,926,173		00,340		28,585,552
and fund balances	\$	29,713,522	\$	402,261	\$	16,499,131	\$	510,225	\$	47,125,139

Exhibit 4

City of Hopewell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 28,585,552
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		67,359,187
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unearned in the funds.		
Uncollected taxes receivable		2,079,169
Deferred items:		
Deferred outflow related to debt	\$ 2,285,044	
Deferred pension contributions	1,652,988	
Deffered change in assumptions	(1,953,811)	
Deferred pension investment experience	67,900	2,052,121
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not		
reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds payable	(59,964,252)	
Bond issuance premium	(65,154)	
Capital leases	(1,280,852)	
Landfill closure liability	(597,960)	
Accrued interest payable	(539,626)	
Net pension liability	(15,947,580)	
Other postemployment benefit obligations	(6,377,495)	
Compensated absences	(836,129)	(85,609,048)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 14,466,981

Exhibit 5

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General	Virginia Public Assistance	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES General property taxes	\$ 31,060,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,060,801
Other local taxes	6,299,591	φ -	2,620,804	φ -	8,920,395
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	205.552	-	2,020,004	-	205,552
Fines and forfeitures	1,173,179	-	-	-	1,173,179
Revenues from use of money and property	66,786	4	43,587	11,174	121,551
	587,626	4	43,367	153,249	740,875
Charges for services		22.602	204.476		,
Miscellaneous	1,330,239	33,692	204,476	26,537	1,594,944
Recovered costs	382,500	-	-	-	382,500
Intergovernmental revenues:	0.070.000	4 400 570	050 544	04.004	0.504.054
Commonwealth	6,679,606	1,190,570	656,514	64,661	8,591,351
Federal	87,953	2,438,054	587,550	133,079	3,246,636
Total revenues	47,873,833	3,662,320	4,112,931	388,700	56,037,784
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government administration	4.542.624				4.542.624
Judicial administration	,- ,-	-	-	-	,- ,-
	2,400,080	-	-	-	2,400,080
Public safety	13,624,877	-	-	0.704	13,624,877
Public works	4,404,590	-	-	6,764	4,411,354
Health and welfare	1,354,237	4,418,327	-	=	5,772,564
Education	11,408,787	-	-	-	11,408,787
Parks, recreation, and cultural	590,081	-	-	1,685,292	2,275,373
Community development	914,428	-	-	123,498	1,037,926
Nondepartmental	1,284,415	-	-	-	1,284,415
Capital projects	-	-	5,105,645	-	5,105,645
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	3,186,024	-	3,186,024
Interest and other fiscal charges	-	-	2,100,120	-	2,100,120
Bond issuance costs			23,600		23,600
Total expenditures	40,524,119	4,418,327	10,415,389	1,815,554	57,173,389
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	7,349,714	(756,007)	(6,302,458)	(1,426,854)	(1,135,605)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Operating transfers in	-	434,272	3,437,400	1,345,700	5,217,372
Operating transfers out	(5,217,372)	, <u>-</u>	-	-	(5,217,372)
Proceeds from capital leases	-	-	1,280,852	-	1,280,852
Total other financing sources (uses), net	(5,217,372)	434,272	4,718,252	1,345,700	1,280,852
Net change in fund balances	2,132,342	(321,735)	(1,584,206)	(81,154)	145,247
Fund balance - beginning (Restated see Note 16)	12,438,697	321,735	15,510,379	169,494	28,440,305
Fund balance - ending	\$ 14,571,039	\$ -	\$ 13,926,173	\$ 88,340	\$ 28,585,552

Exhibit 6

City of Hopewell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		\$ 145,247
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay, net of dispositions of \$8,012	\$ 4,542,690	
Jointly-owned assets adjustment	(1,908,361)	
Depreciation expense	(2,963,452)	(329,123
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes		160,571
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Amortization of bond premium	13,986	
Principal payments on debt	3,186,024	
Proceeds from capital lease	(1,280,852)	
Amortization of deferred amount of refunding	(173,658)	1 740 166
Increase in landfill closure liability	(5,334)	1,740,166
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Increase in interest payable	31,281	
Increase in other postemployment benefit payable	(748,831)	
1 2 4 2 12 120	(1,840,610)	
Increase in net pension liability	40.007	
Increase in pension related deferred outflows	48,327	
Increase in pension related deferred outflows Increase in pension related deferred inflows	2,376,819	
Increase in pension related deferred outflows		 4,682

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

				Busines	s-Ty	pe Activities	s - E	nterprise Fu	unds	3	
		Hopewell Regional Vastewater Treatment cilities Fund		Sewer Service Fund		Solid Waste Fund	n <u>. </u>	Storm Water Fund		Beacon Theatre Fund	Total
Assets											
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$	7,007,261	\$	14,965,526	\$	1,792,236	\$	642,790	\$	_	\$ 24,407,813
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	*	.,00.,20.	Ψ	,000,020	٠	.,. 02,200	*	0.2,.00	Ψ.		Ψ = 1, 101, 010
for uncollectibles		5,534,430		1,024,321		149,085		183,816		-	6,891,652
Due from Commonwealth of Virginia		2,183,069		-		-		-		-	2,183,069
Notes receivable Interest receivable		-		55,369		10		3		-	55,369 10,697
Inventories		1,044,940		10,684		-		-		-	1,044,940
Prepaid expenses				-		-		-		10,991	10,991
Total current assets		15,769,700		16,055,900		1,941,331		826,609		10,991	34,604,531
Noncurrent assets:											
Restricted assets:											
Cash and investments		3,137,978		3,575,435				-		_	6,713,413
Total restricted assets		3,137,978		3,575,435		-		-			6,713,413
Note receivable, net of current portion Capital assets:		-		2,856,200		-		-		-	2,856,200
Land		216,026		97,920		-		-		284,473	598,419
Utility plant in service and buildings		5,097,556		501,878		-		-		5,661,851	11,261,285
Sewer main and storm water improvements Machinery and equipment		5,751,837 53,924,058		37,644,234		- 51.075		30,155 20.090		275 502	43,426,226
Work in progress		65,321,054		1,354,433 114,916		51,075		225,305		375,502	55,725,158 65,661,275
Accumulated depreciation		(62,032,972)		(9,744,131)		(30,134)		(2,469)		(573,091)	(72,382,797)
Total capital assets		68,277,559		29,969,250		20,941		273,081		5,748,735	104,289,566
Total noncurrent assets		71,415,537		36,400,885		20,941		273,081		5,748,735	113,859,179
Total assets		87,185,237		52,456,785		1,962,272		1,099,690		5,759,726	148,463,710
Deferred outflow of resources											
Loss on refunding		31,518		-		-		-		-	31,518
Pensions		365,343		54,790		233		72,773		-	493,139
Total deferred outflow of resources		396,861		54,790		233		72,773		-	524,657
Liabilities											
Current liabilities:											
Accounts payable		557,029		163,360		112,085		22,121		-	854,595
Accrued liabilities		5,296,910		6,851		927		4,492		49,483	5,358,663
Refund credits payable		730,847		-		-		-		-	730,847
Accrued interest payable		94,499		518,093		-		-		-	612,592
Due to other funds		27,500		4 704		400		420		-	27,500
Compensated absences Due to Appomattox Regional Library System		18,287		1,721		109		430		20	20,547 20
Bonds payable		900,000		505,000		-		-		20	1,405,000
Total current liabilities		7.625.072		1.195.025		113,121		27,043		49,503	9.009.764
Noncurrent liabilities:		7,020,072		1,100,020		110,121		27,010		10,000	0,000,701
Bonds payable, net of current portion		11,930,823		24,420,332		-		-		-	36,351,155
Net pension liability		2,965,531		413,363		2,164		54,276		-	3,435,334
OPEB liability		1,166,099		133,503		38,133		2,549		-	1,340,284
Compensated absences, net of current portion		163,978		15,489		978		3,867		-	184,312
Total noncurrent liabilities		16,226,431		24,982,687		41,275		60,692		-	41,311,085
Total liabilities		23,851,503		26,177,712		154,396		87,735		49,503	50,320,849
Deferred inflow of resources											
Pensions		352,944		49,197		66,886		6,460		-	475,487
Total deferred inflows of resources		352,944		49,197		66,886		6,460		-	475,487
Net position											
Net investment in capital assets		57,676,414		6,630,753		20,941		273,081		5,748,735	70,349,924
Restricted		908,300		2,020,118		. =00		-		-	2,928,418
Unrestricted		4,792,937		17,633,795		1,720,282		805,187		(38,512)	24,913,689
Total net position	\$	63,377,651	\$	26,284,666	\$	1,741,223	\$	1,078,268	\$	5,710,223	\$ 98,192,031

Exhibit 8

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	V	Hopewell Regional Vastewater Treatment cilities Fund	Sewer Service Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Storm Water Fund		Beacon Theatre Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for services:										
Wastewater treatment revenues	\$	16,211,416	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 16,211,416
Sewer revenues		-	8,336,903		4 604 406		-		-	8,336,903
Refuse collection Fees		-	-		1,634,126		- 628,685		-	1,634,126 628,685
Rental income		-	-		-		020,000		763,708	763,708
Total operating revenues	-	16,211,416	8,336,903		1,634,126		628.685		763,708	27,574,838
Total operating revenues		10,211,410	0,000,000		1,004,120		020,003		700,700	27,574,000
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Personnel services		2,929,651	385,380		24,205		57,095		696,155	4,092,486
Fringe benefits		1,009,769	132,497		28,225		4,528		· -	1,175,019
Contractual services		657,258	2,381,729		1,292,823		260,479		169,741	4,762,030
Administrative services		6,213	-		-		336		2,523	9,072
Materials and supplies		145,240	87,733		6,623		35,123		41,152	315,871
Repairs and maintenance		232,602	344,004		825		5,534		9,219	592,184
Utilities Fuel		1,873,432 5,281	117,397 7,205		19,142 808		-		26,641	2,036,612 13,294
Insurance		5,261	7,205		-		-		10,892	10,892
Chemicals		2,365,334	-		-		_		10,032	2,365,334
Miscellaneous		279,855	1,315,441		765		8,344		221,100	1,825,505
Depreciation		806,236	1,622,337		10,215		2,469		199,124	2,640,381
Total operating expenses		10,310,871	6,393,723		1,383,631		373,908		1,376,547	19,838,680
Operating income (loss)		5,900,545	1,943,180		250,495		254,777		(612,839)	7,736,158
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Investment earnings		17,408	301,039		18		5			318,470
Governmental grants		21,811,801	301,039		-		-		_	21,811,801
Interest expense		(358,924)	(1,105,625)		-		-		-	(1,464,549)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net		21,470,285	(804,586)		18		5		-	20,665,722
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		27,370,830	1,138,594		250,513		254,782		(612,839)	28,401,880
Capital contributions		13,305,001	_		_		_		95,000	13,400,001
Total contributions and transfers, net		13,305,001		_				_	95,000	13,400,001
Change in net position		40,675,831	1,138,594		250,513		254,782		(517,839)	41,801,881
Total net position - beginning (Restated see Note 16)		22,701,820	25,146,072		1,490,710		823,486		6,228,062	56,390,150
Total net position - ending	\$	63,377,651	\$ 26,284,666	\$	1,741,223	\$	1,078,268	\$	5,710,223	\$ 98,192,031

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
	F Wa T	lopewell Regional astewater reatment ilities Fund		Sewer Service Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Storm Water Fund		Beacon Theatre Fund		Total	
Cash flows from operating activities													
Receipts from customers and users	\$, , -	\$	9,479,039	\$, , -	\$,	\$	772,644	\$	24,021,620	
Payments to suppliers		(5,687,898)		(4,283,162)		(1,259,198)		(409,434)		(443,248)		(12,082,940)	
Payments to employees		(4,036,495)		(522,123)		(47,084)		(62,321)		(698,008)		(5,366,031)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,911,761		4,673,754		382,635		(26,889)		(368,612)		6,572,649	
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities													
Due to other funds		27,500		_		_		_		_		27,500	
Net cash provided by noncapital		2.,000										21,000	
financing activities		27,500		-		<u> </u>				-		27,500	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities													
Purchase of capital assets		(40,240,003)		(1,469,905)		_		(275,549)		(44,724)		(42,030,181)	
Capital contributions and grants		34,648,390		(1,400,500)		_		(275,545)		95,000		34,743,390	
Debt issuance		5,445,000		_		_				33,000		5,445,000	
Principal payments on bonds and refunding		(6,030,000)		(495,000)		_				_		(6,525,000)	
Interest payments		(425,799)		(1,147,666)		_		_		_		(1,573,465)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and		(420,700)		(1,147,000)								(1,070,400)	
related financing activities		(6,602,412)		(3,112,571)		_		(275,549)		50,276		(9,940,256)	
Cash flows from investing activities													
Interest and dividends received		17,408		290,407		21		8				307,844	
Purchase of investments		17,400		,		21		0		-			
		_		(3,973,748)		-		-		-		(3,973,748)	
Sale of investments Prinicipal payments received on notes receivable		-		3,945,407 52,682		-		-		-		3,945,407 52,682	
Net cash provided by investing activities		17,408		314,748	_	21		8				332,185	
Net cash provided by investing activities		17,400		314,740	_							332,103	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments		(4,645,743)		1,875,931		382,656		(302,430)		(318,336)		(3,007,922)	
Cash and investments - beginning, including restricted		14,790,982		11,529,291		1,409,580		945,220		318,336		28,993,409	
Cash and investments - ending, including restricted	\$	10,145,239	\$	13,405,222	\$	1,792,236	\$	642,790	\$		\$	25,985,487	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$	5.900.545	\$	1,943,180	\$	250.495	\$	254.777	\$	(612,839)	e	7,736,158	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	Ψ	3,900,343	Ψ	1,943,100	Ψ	250,495	Ψ	254,777	Ψ	(012,039)	Ψ	7,730,130	
Depreciation expense		806,236		1,622,337		10,215		2,469		199,124		2,640,381	
Pension related		56,351		2,295		9,418		(12,037)		-		56,027	
Other		-		-		-		2,549		-		2,549	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(2,982,860)		1,142,136		54,791		(183,819)		-		(1,969,752)	
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(75,625)		-		-		-		-		(75,625)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and													
accrued liabilities		(200,484)		(36,194)		57,716		(90,828)		45,103		(224,687)	
Increase (decrease) in refunds payable		(1,025,234)		-		-		-		-		(1,025,234)	
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues		(567,168)		-		<u>-</u>						(567,168)	
Total adjustments		(3,988,784)		2,730,574		132,140		(281,666)		244,227		(1,163,509)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	1,911,761	\$	4,673,754	\$	382,635	\$	(26,889)	\$	(368,612)	\$	6,572,649	

Exhibit 10

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

		Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	90,663
Total assets	\$	90,663
Liabilities Amounts held for others Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	90,663
i Otal liabilities	<u>\$</u>	90,663

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Hopewell, Virginia (the "City") was incorporated in 1916 and its current charter was granted in 1950. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government and provides a full range of services to its citizens. These services include public safety (police and fire), public works, health and welfare services, parks, recreation and cultural, education, community and economic development, and judicial and general administrative services. The City owns and operates sewer, wastewater, and solid waste treatment systems.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts ("APA") of the Commonwealth of Virginia (the "Commonwealth") and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below. Unless otherwise stated, the accounting policies of the School Board and Children's Services Act Board Component Unit are similar to those of the City.

Financial Statement Presentation

The City's financial report is prepared in accordance with GAAP which prescribes that the following sections be presented:

- <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> GAAP requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A").
- Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Primary Government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the Primary Government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the Primary Government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the Primary Government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items are not included among program revenues as they are not levied for a particular program.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

• Required Supplementary Information ("RSI") - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GAAP reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports including the original budget, final budget and actual results. In addition to budgetary information, the RSI section also presents trend information related to the City and School Board's pension and other postemployment employee benefit programs.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a Primary Government's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability wherein the entity is both fiscally dependent on the Primary Government and provides either a benefit or creates a burden on the Primary Government. These financial statements present the City (Primary Government) and its component units. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that these units are legally separate from the City and each represents a functionally independent operation. These component units are fiscally dependent on the City and provide services primarily to the citizens of Hopewell.

B. Component Units

Blended:

During fiscal year 2012, the City formed a non-stock corporation named Beacon Theatre 2012 Manager Inc. ("Beacon"), which it owns 100%, to hold, construct, rehabilitate, manage, and operate the Beacon Theatre. Beacon Theatre 2012 Manager Inc. formed an LLC named Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC ("LLC"), which owns 99% of the LLC with the other 1% to be owned by future tax credit partner(s) when tax credits are sold. As the City appoints all members of the Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC Board of Directors, and the two entities have a financial benefit/burden relationship, the Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC is reported as a blended proprietary enterprise component unit of the City. Additionally, the City conveyed the related property to LLC for tax credit purposes during fiscal year 2013.

Discretely Presented:

The School Board members, appointed by the members of the City Council, are responsible for the operations of the City's School System within the City boundaries. The School Board is fiscally

dependent on the City, which has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding of the School Board is from the General Fund of the City. As the School Board does not issue a separate financial report, the financial statements of the School Board are presented discretely in their own column within the City's government-wide financial statements.

The Children's Services Act Board ("CSA") is responsible for providing family and youth services to the citizens of the City in accordance with the State Children's Services Act. The CSA consists of members appointed by the City Council. The CSA is fiscally dependent on the City (i.e., the City Council must appropriate monies for this board to carry out its legal obligations), and the CSA has no power or authority to generate any revenue for its purposes required under state law. As the CSA does not issue a separate financial report, the financial statements of the CSA are presented discretely in their own column within the City's government-wide financial statements.

C. Other Related Organizations

<u>Joint Ventures</u> - The City is a participant with six other localities in a joint venture to operate the Riverside Regional Jail Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority is governed by a seven-member board comprised of one appointee from each locality. Each locality is obligated by contract to house its inmate population with the Authority up to its authorized slots. The City does not retain a financial interest in the Authority. The City provided funding in the amount of \$2,129,520 during fiscal year 2016.

Financial statements of the Authority can be obtained at its administrative offices at Superintendent, Riverside Regional Jail Authority, P.O. Box 1041, Hopewell, Virginia 23860.

The City is a participant with the County of Dinwiddie and County of Prince George in a joint venture to operate the Appomattox Regional Library (the "Library"). The Library is governed by an 11-member board comprised of five appointees from Hopewell and three each from Dinwiddie and Prince George. Each locality is obligated by contract to fund a percentage of the Library's approved budget. In accordance with the joint venture agreement, the City remitted \$576,081 to the Library for fiscal year 2016. The City has an ongoing financial responsibility to fund the Library but does not retain a financial interest in the Library. Financial statements for the Library can be obtained at its administrative offices at 245 East Cawson Street, Hopewell, Virginia 23860.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The City participates with eight other localities in the District 19 Community Services Board. The City also participates with five other localities in Virginia's Gateway Region, a regional economic development organization. The City provided funding of \$108,420 and \$29,620, respectively, during fiscal year 2016 to these entities. The City also participates with six other localities in the Crater Youth Care Commission and provided funding in the amount of \$334,673 during fiscal year 2016.

<u>Related Organizations</u> - The City is also responsible for appointing members of the boards of two organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making these appointments. Related organizations during the year ended June 30, 2016 are Economic Development Authority and Hopewell Redevelopment and Housing Authority.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP as applicable to governmental units. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied. Fiduciary funds financial statements are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and do not measure operations.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits, and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting; however, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the Commonwealth or public utilities and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the Commonwealth or public utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the City.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

 Governmental Funds - Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The City reports the General, Capital Projects, and Virginia Public Assistance Funds as major governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the School Board.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. Special Revenue Funds consist of one major fund (Virginia Public Assistance) and three non-major funds (Recreation, Community Development Block Grant, and Anti-Litter). The Virginia Public Assistance Fund accounts for the Social Services programs of the City and is funded primarily through intergovernmental revenues.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by Proprietary Funds.

 Proprietary Funds - The Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to that of private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The City's major Enterprise Funds consist of the following: Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities (HRWTF), Sewer Service, Solid Waste, Storm Water and the Beacon Theatre.

3. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - (Trust and Agency Funds) - These funds account for assets held by the City unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The City's fiduciary funds are the Special Welfare Fund, Healthy Families Fund, and Police Evidence Fund, (each agency funds), which utilize the accrual basis of accounting, and are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements.

F. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, which approximates market. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$173,500 at June 30, 2016 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	June 15/December 5 (50% each date)	February 15
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The City bills and collects its own property taxes. The City follows the practice of reassessing real estate biennially and personal property annually.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements for the City and its component units. Capital assets are defined by the City as land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Primary Government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years	
Buildings	50	
Plant, equipment, and system	20-30	
Motor vehicles	5	
Equipment	3-10	
Infrastructure	30	

I. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources, which represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions in the government-wide and the Proprietary funds' Statement of Net Position

In addition to liabilities, the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources representing an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Currently, the City reports deferred inflows of resources related to unearned and unavailable revenues on the Balance Sheet resulting from revenue that is not recognized solely because it is not yet considered to be available and property taxes received prior to the period they are intended to finance. Deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and the Proprietary Funds' Statement of Net Position represent amounts related to deferred charges on bond refundings and pensions resulting from changes in assumptions amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan, changes in proportionate share of contributions, which are deferred and amortized over five years, and from pension experience and investment returns different than projected earnings, which are deferred and amortized over a period no greater than five years.

J. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Virginia Retirement System (VRS) participation and related additions to/deductions from the City's related net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance may be composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance. The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (e.g., inventory) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g., long-term amount of loans/note receivable). The noncurrent portion of the Capital Projects Fund's Due from School Board is offset equally by nonspendable fund balance to indicate that the asset does not constitute an expendable available financial resource and, therefore, is not available for appropriation.
- Restricted Fund Balance This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by external parties, constitutional provisions, or imposed by creditors (e.g., bond covenants).
- Committed Fund Balance This portion of fund balance can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council, before the close of the fiscal year and by majority vote of the City Council. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.
- Assigned Fund Balance The portion of fund balance that the City intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the governing body itself, the budget document, or delegated official, the City Manager. Fund balances in the General Fund are assigned by resolution of the City Council. For all government funds except the General Fund, assigned fund balances represent the amount that is not committed, restricted, or nonspendable. Specifically, the Rainy Day Emergency/Stabilization Reserve was approved by Council in 2003 and was created by segregating a portion of the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance. The purpose of this reserve is to provide an easy mechanism to tap reserves to address temporary revenue shortfalls resulting from temporary circumstances (e.g. economic cycles, weather-related emergencies, etc.). The City Council set the target at 10% of the next fiscal year's General Fund budget appropriation. The Rainy Day Emergency/Stabilization Reserve may be used in its entirety with City Council approval; however, replenishing the reserve will constitute the first priority for use of year-end fund balance in the General Fund.
- Unassigned Fund Balance The portion of the fund balance available for any purpose.
 Includes all spendable amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

N. Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt and deferred inflows and outflows related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

O. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

P. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the weighted average method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and is recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). In the Governmental Funds, inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that it does not constitute "currently expendable financial resources".

Q. Restricted Assets

The City reported restricted assets on the Balance Sheet in a governmental fund and Statement of Net Position of the proprietary funds of \$9,775,518 and \$6,713,413 respectively that represents bond proceeds that have not been spent at June 30, 2016 in accordance with the terms of the bond.

Note 2—Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

All cash of the Primary Government and its discretely presented component units is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the *Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act*, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia* or covered by federal depository insurance.

B. Investments

Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development ("World Bank"), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP").

C. Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The City's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2016 were rated by Standard and Poor's and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale. The City's investment policy has an emphasis on high credit quality and known marketability. Holdings of commercial paper are not allowed to exceed 35% of the investment portfolio.

D. External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool ("SNAP") is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The fair value of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP") is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC-registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

City's Rated Debt Investment Values

	Fair Quality Ratings											
Investment Type	Total		AAA		AAAm		AA		AA+		AA-	
LGIP	\$ 15,245,233	\$	-	\$	15,245,233	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	
SNAP	16,488,930		-		16,488,930		-		-		-	
U.S. Government Issues	4,632,509		-		-		-		4,632,509		-	
Corporate Bonds	503,230		-		-		236,950		-		266,280	
Total	\$ 36,869,902	\$	-	\$	31,734,163	\$	236,950	\$	4,632,509	\$	266,280	

	Investment Maturities (in Years)										
	Less than 1										
Investment Type	F	air Value		Year	1	1-5 Years					
U.S. Government Issues	\$	4,632,509	\$	1,958,703	\$	2,673,806					
Corporate Bonds		503,230		277,263		225,967					
Total	\$	5,135,739	\$	2,235,966	\$	2,899,773					

E. Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

- Corporate Bonds of \$.50 million are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- U.S. Government Issues of \$4.6 million are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).

F. Interest Rate Risk

According to the City's investment policy, at no time shall securities with maturity dates in excess of six months exceed 10% of the total budget of the City for the current fiscal year.

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 3—Due from Other Governments

At June 30, 2016, the City had receivables from other governments as follows:

											Co	mponeı	nt Units	3
	(General	VP	A	Capital Projects	CDBG	;	HRWTF	F	Prim ary	Sch	ool	С	SA
		Fund	Fun	d	Fund	Fund		Fund	Go	vernment	Boa	ard	Во	ard
Commonwealth of Virginia:														
Local sales tax	\$	354,339	\$	-		\$	-	\$ -	\$	354,339	\$	-	\$	-
Communications tax		133,300		-			-	-		133,300		-		-
E-911 w ireless funds		9,057		-			-	-		9,057		-		-
VPA funds		-	287	,903			-	-		287,903		-		-
State sales tax		-		-			-	-		-	70	3,973		-
Consumption and utility tax		45,924		-			-	-		45,924		-		-
Department of Environmental Quality		-		-			-	2,183,069		2,183,069		-		-
Constitutional officer reimbursements		96,479		-			-	-		96,479		-		-
Court fines and fees		132,757		-			-	-		132,757		-		-
Railroad rolling stock tax		23,941		-			-	-		23,941		-		-
DMV rental tax		2,077		-			-	-		2,077		-		-
Children's Services Act Board		-		-			-	-		-		-	59	1,053
Federal Government:														
Community development block grants		-		-		57,5°	10	-		57,510		-		-
School fund grants											2,69	7,492		
Hopewell Economic Development														
Authority		-		-	400,000		-	-		400,000		-		-
Total due from other governments	\$	797,874	\$ 287	,903	\$ 400,000	\$ 57,5	10	\$2,183,069	\$	3,726,356	\$ 3,40	1,465	\$ 59	1,053

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 4—Interfund Obligations

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditure occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

At June 30, 2016 the due to and from funds are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Amount	
Virginia Public Assistance Fund	General Fund	\$ 114,358
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	2,049,673
General Fund	Virginia Public Assistance Fund	321,735
Capital Projects Fund	HRWTF	27,500
Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds - CDBG	343,106
		\$ 2,856,372

Note: Represents the reclass of cash deficits in the nonmajor governmental funds to Due To the the General Fund and a reduction of cash in the General Fund. Amounts owed to the Capital Projects were for expendures that were paid on behalf of the other funds.

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 5—Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance July 1, 2015 (restated)	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2016
Government Activities:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land	\$ 6,776,914	\$ 389,221	\$ -	\$ 7,166,135
Work in progress	2,796,846	2,794,033	-	5,590,879
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	9,573,760	3,183,254		12,757,014
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure	44,673,157	746,638	(12,540)	45,407,255
Machinery and equipment	11,580,258	620,810	(274,256)	11,926,812
Jointly-ow ned assets	35,211,850	-	(2,570,635)	32,641,215
Total capital assets being depreciated	91,465,265	1,367,448	(2,857,431)	89,975,282
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure	(17,240,432)	(1,462,588)	4,528	(18,698,492)
Machinery and equipment	(7,717,198)	(822,300)	274,256	(8,265,242)
Jointly-ow ned assets	(8,393,085)	(678,564)	662,274	(8,409,375)
Total accumulated depreciation	(33,350,715)	(2,963,452)	941,058	(35,373,109)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	58,114,550	(1,596,004)	(1,916,373)	54,602,173
Capital assets, net	\$ 67,688,310	\$ 1,587,250	\$ (1,916,373)	\$ 67,359,187

Component Unit Cabool Board	Balance July 1, 2015	lnovo oo o	Decrease	Balance
Component Unit - School Board Government Activities:	(restated)	Increase	Decrease	June 30, 2016
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:		_	_	
Land	\$ 474,629	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 474,629
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	474,629			474,629
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	63,039,717	333,886	-	63,373,603
Machinery and equipment	7,382,732	653,693	(16,998)	8,019,427
Jointly-ow ned assets	(35,211,850)	-	2,570,635	(32,641,215)
Total capital assets being depreciated	35,210,599	987,579	2,553,637	38,751,815
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(17,389,496)	(1,364,342)	-	(18,753,838)
Machinery and equipment	(3,526,049)	(437,327)	16,498	(3,946,878)
Jointly-ow ned assets	8,393,085	678,564	(662,274)	8,409,375
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,522,460)	(1,123,105)	(645,776)	(14,291,341)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,688,139	(135,526)	1,907,861	24,460,474
Capital assets, net	\$ 23,162,768	\$ (135,526)	\$ 1,907,861	\$ 24,935,103

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs/funds as follows:

General government administration	\$	511,113
Judicial administration		291,131
Public safety		395,306
Public works		824,486
Health and welfare		118,110
Education		678,564
Parks, recreation, and cultural		144,742
Total governmental activities	\$ 2	2,963,452
Component Unit: School Board	\$ 1	,123,105

Under Section 15 of *The Code of Virginia 1950*, as amended, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the City for the year ended June 30, 2016, is School-financed assets in the amount of \$24,231,840 being reported by the Primary Government for financial reporting purposes.

A summary of changes in proprietary fund capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2016 follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015			Balance
HRWTF	(restated)	Increase	Decrease	June 30, 2016
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	A 040 000	•		A 040.000
Land	\$ 216,026	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 216,026
Construction in progress	24,258,779	41,062,275		65,321,054
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	24,474,805	41,062,275		65,537,080
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Utility plant in service	10,177,158	672,235	-	10,849,393
Machinery and equipment	53,898,332	59,526	(33,800)	53,924,058
Total capital assets being depreciated	64,075,490	731,761	(33,800)	64,773,451
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Utility plant in service	(9,223,806)	(56,899)	_	(9,280,705)
Machinery and equipment	(52,031,097)	(749,337)	28,167	(52,752,267)
Total accumulated depreciation	(61,254,903)	(806,236)	28,167	(62,032,972)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,820,587	(74,475)	(5,633)	2,740,479
HRWTF Fund capital assets, net	\$ 27,295,392	\$ 40,987,800	\$ (5,633)	\$ 68,277,559
	Balance			
Sewer Service Fund	July 1, 2015	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2016
Sewer Service Fund Capital assets not subject to depreciation:		Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2016
Sewer Service Fund Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land	July 1, 2015 (restated)			June 30, 2016
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land	July 1, 2015	Increase	Decrease	
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	July 1, 2015 (restated)	\$ -		June 30, 2016 \$ 97,920
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Work in progress Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	July 1, 2015 (restated) \$ 97,920	\$ - 114,916	\$ -	June 30, 2016 \$ 97,920 114,916
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Work in progress Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation:	July 1, 2015 (restated) \$ 97,920	\$ - 114,916	\$ -	June 30, 2016 \$ 97,920 114,916
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Work in progress Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	July 1, 2015 (restated) \$ 97,920 - 97,920	\$ - 114,916	\$ -	\$ 97,920 114,916 212,836
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Work in progress Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Utility plant in service Machinery and equipment	\$ 97,920 - 97,920 - 501,878 899,308	\$ - 114,916 114,916	\$ -	\$ 97,920 114,916 212,836 501,878 1,354,433
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Work in progress Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Utility plant in service	\$ 97,920 - 97,920 501,878	\$ - 114,916 114,916	\$ -	\$ 97,920 114,916 212,836
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Work in progress Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Utility plant in service Machinery and equipment Sew er main improvements	July 1, 2015 (restated) \$ 97,920	\$ - 114,916 114,916 - 455,125 1,025,066	\$ - - - - -	\$ 97,920 114,916 212,836 501,878 1,354,433 37,644,234
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Work in progress Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Utility plant in service Machinery and equipment Sew er main improvements Total capital assets being depreciated	July 1, 2015 (restated) \$ 97,920	\$ - 114,916 114,916 - 455,125 1,025,066	\$ - - - - -	\$ 97,920 114,916 212,836 501,878 1,354,433 37,644,234
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Work in progress Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Utility plant in service Machinery and equipment Sew er main improvements Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	July 1, 2015 (restated) \$ 97,920	\$ - 114,916 114,916 - 455,125 1,025,066 1,480,191	\$ - - - - -	\$ 97,920 114,916 212,836 501,878 1,354,433 37,644,234 39,500,545
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Work in progress Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Utility plant in service Machinery and equipment Sew er main improvements Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Utility plant in service	July 1, 2015 (restated) \$ 97,920 97,920 501,878 899,308 36,619,168 38,020,354 (494,152)	\$ - 114,916 114,916 - 455,125 1,025,066 1,480,191 (2,575)	\$ - - - - -	\$ 97,920 114,916 212,836 501,878 1,354,433 37,644,234 39,500,545 (496,727)
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Work in progress Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Utility plant in service Machinery and equipment Sew er main improvements Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Utility plant in service Machinery and equipment	July 1, 2015 (restated) \$ 97,920	\$ - 114,916 114,916 - 455,125 1,025,066 1,480,191 (2,575) (37,361)	\$ - - - - -	\$ 97,920 114,916 212,836 501,878 1,354,433 37,644,234 39,500,545 (496,727) (859,817)
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Work in progress Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Utility plant in service Machinery and equipment Sew er main improvements Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Utility plant in service Machinery and equipment Sew er main improvements	July 1, 2015 (restated) \$ 97,920	\$ - 114,916 114,916 - 455,125 1,025,066 1,480,191 (2,575) (37,361) (1,582,401)	\$ - - - - -	\$ 97,920 114,916 212,836 501,878 1,354,433 37,644,234 39,500,545 (496,727) (859,817) (8,387,587)

	В	Balance					E	Balance
Solid Waste Fund	Jul	ly 1, 2015	Ir	icrease	Decr	ease	Jun	e 30, 2016
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Machinery and equipment	\$	51,075	\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,075
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Machinery and equipment		(19,919)		(10,215)				(30,134)
Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net	\$	31,156	\$	(10,215)	\$		\$	20,941
	В	Balance					E	Balance
Stormwater Fund	Jul	ly 1, 2015	Ir	crease	Decr	ease	Jun	e 30, 2016
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:			•					
Work in progress	\$	-	\$	225,305	\$	-	\$	225,305
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation		-		225,305		-		225,305
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Machinery and equipment		-		20,090		-		20,090
Stormw ater improvements		-		30,155				30,155
Total capital assets being depreciated		-		50,245		-		50,245
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Machinery and equipment		-		(2,343)		-		(2,343)
Stormw ater improvements		-		(126)		-		(126)
Total accumulated depreciation		-		(2,469)				(2,469)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net				47,776				47,776
Stormwater Fund capital assets, net	\$		\$	273,081	\$		\$	273,081

		Balance						Balance
Beacon Theatre Fund	Jı	uly 1, 2015	lı	ncrease	Dec	rease	Ju	ne 30, 2016
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$	284,473	\$	-	\$		\$	284,473
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation		284,473						284,473
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Buildings		5,661,851		-		-		5,661,851
Machinery and equipment		330,777		44,725		-		375,502
Total capital assets being depreciated		5,992,628		44,725		-		6,037,353
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(295,697)		(133,590)		-		(429,287)
Machinery and equipment		(78,270)		(65,534)		-		(143,804)
Total accumulated depreciation		(373,967)		(199,124)		-		(573,091)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		5,618,661		(154,399)				5,464,262
Beacon Theatre Fund capital assets, net	\$	5,903,134	\$	(154,399)	\$		\$	5,748,735

Note 6—Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfer for the year ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Transfer Out	Transfer in	Purpose	Amount
General Fund	Virginia Public Assistance Fund	Local Share	\$ 434,272
General Fund	Recreation Fund	Budgetary Transfer	1,345,700
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Budgetary Transfer	3,437,400
Total			\$5,217,372

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 7—Long-term Obligations

A summary of changes in long-term obligations is as follows:

Primary Government:	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
Governmental Obligations:	ca.y ., 20.0				
Incurred by City:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 37,010,075	\$ -	\$ (1,277,663)	\$ 35,732,412	\$ 911,811
Issuance premiums, net *	79,140	-	(13,986)	65,154	-
Capital Leases	-	1,280,852	-	1,280,852	138,791
Claims, judgments, and compen-					
sated absences payable	973,825	-	(137,696)	836,129	83,613
Landfill closure liability	592,626	56,922	(51,588)	597,960	-
OPEB liability	5,628,664	748,831	-	6,377,495	-
Net pension liability *	14,106,970	1,840,610		15,947,580	
Total incurred by City	58,391,300	3,927,215	(1,480,933)	60,837,582	1,134,215
Incurred for School Board:					
State Literary Loans payable	2,547,600	_	(474,200)	2.073.400	474.200
General obligation bonds	23,592,601		(1,434,161)	22,158,440	1,657,440
Total incurred for School Board	26,140,201		(1,908,361)	24,231,840	2,131,640
Total Governmental Obligations	\$ 84,531,501	\$ 3,927,215	\$ (3,389,294)	\$ 85,069,422	\$ 3,265,855
Enterprise Obligations:					
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 38,210,000	\$ 5,445,000	\$ (6,525,000)	\$ 37,130,000	\$ 1,405,000
Issuance premium	658,519	-	(32,364)	626,155	-
Claims, judgments, and compen-	,		(,,	,	
sated absences payable	261,198	-	(56,339)	204,859	20,547
OPEB liability	1,178,975	161,309	-	1,340,284	· -
Net pension liability *	2,962,258	473,076		3,435,334	
Total Enterprise Obligations	\$ 43,270,950	\$ 6,079,385	\$ (6,613,703)	\$ 42,736,632	\$ 1,425,547

^{*} See Footnote 13 for further discussion.

Component Unit School Board:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Component Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
Claims, judgments and compensated absences payable	\$ 649,862	\$ 272,530	\$ -	\$ 922,392	\$ 220,435
OPEB liability	1,221,055	137,686	-	1,358,741	-
Net pension liability *	39,221,111	1,535,305	-	40,756,416	-
Note Payable to the City	1,605,705 \$ 42,697,733	- \$ 1,945,521	(110,432) \$ (110,432)	1,495,273 \$ 44,532,822	115,591 \$ 336,026

Amounts are payable from the School Operating Fund.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

	City Obligations									
Year		General Obligation								
Ending		Bonds	Payable	e						
June 30		Principal		Interest						
2017	\$	911,811	\$	1,174,292						
2018		1,081,466		1,140,045						
2019		1,238,697		1,094,938						
2020		1,546,003		1,040,894						
2021		1,497,011		983,084						
2022-2026		9,919,572		3,926,887						
2027-2031		10,719,215		2,237,249						
2032-2036		7,423,637		699,055						
2037-2039		1,395,000		52,813						
Total	\$	35,732,412	\$	12,349,257						

School	Oblid	ations

State Literary Fund Loans						
Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
\$ 474,200	\$	41,468	\$	1,657,440	\$	1,038,080
474,200		31,984		1,549,785		1,015,345
375,000		22,500		1,560,088		994,472
375,000		15,000		1,675,870		970,723
375,000		7,500		1,730,499		944,594
-		-		8,238,919		4,316,026
-		-		3,454,476		1,320,915
 _				2,291,363		229,346
\$ 2,073,400	\$	118,452	\$	22,158,440	\$	10,829,501
	Fund Principal \$ 474,200 474,200 375,000 375,000	Fund Loans Principal \$ 474,200 \$ 474,200 375,000 375,000	Fund Loans Principal Interest \$ 474,200 \$ 41,468 474,200 31,984 375,000 22,500 375,000 15,000 375,000 7,500 - - -	Fund Loans Principal Interest \$ 474,200 \$ 41,468 474,200 31,984 375,000 22,500 375,000 15,000 375,000 7,500 - - -	Fund Loans Bonds Principal Interest Principal \$ 474,200 \$ 41,468 \$ 1,657,440 474,200 31,984 1,549,785 375,000 22,500 1,560,088 375,000 15,000 1,675,870 375,000 7,500 1,730,499 - - 8,238,919 - - 3,454,476 - - 2,291,363	Fund Loans Bonds Payable Principal Interest Principal \$ 474,200 \$ 41,468 \$ 1,657,440 \$ 474,200 \$ 375,000 \$ 22,500 \$ 1,560,088 \$ 375,000 \$ 15,000 \$ 1,675,870 \$ 375,000 \$ 7,500 \$ 1,730,499 - \$ 8,238,919 - \$ 3,454,476 - \$ 2,291,363

	Enterprise Obligations						
Year		Reve	nue				
Ending		Bonds I	Payable	•			
June 30		Principal		Interest			
2017	\$	1,405,000	\$	1,495,787			
2018		1,440,000		1,468,901			
2019		1,460,000		1,438,631			
2020		1,500,000		1,403,302			
2021		1,530,000		1,363,065			
2022-2026		7,065,000		6,129,250			
2027-2031		4,815,000		4,928,716			
2032-2036		6,115,000		3,622,188			
2037-2041		7,780,000		1,941,713			
2042-2045		4,020,000		236,616			
Total	\$	37,130,000	\$	24,028,169			

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Primary Government Capital Leases

During the fiscal year 2016, the City entered into a noncancellable master tax exempt lease purchase agreement for equipment. The cost of equipment purchased during the year was \$1,257,252. At June 30, 2016, the equipment had not been placed in service.

Fiscal Year	Governmental		
Ending June 30,	Activities		
2017	\$	162,414	
2018		162,145	
2019		162,414	
2020		162,415	
2021		162,414	
2022-2023		572,607	
Total minimum lease payments	'	1,384,409	
less amounts representing interest		(103,827)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,280,582	

Primary Government : (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

General Obligations:

Incurred for City:

General Obligation Bonds:

General Gonganen Zenach	
\$13,730,000 general obligation public improvement bond Series 2008A, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 4.63%.	\$ 2,655,000
\$4,480,000 general obligation public improvement bond, Series 2008B, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 5.25%.	3,415,000
\$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.88%.	1,155,000
\$2,155,000 general obligation payable Series 2009B, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 4.00% to 5.00%.	2,155,000
\$2,380,000 general obligation payable Series 2011, payable in various semi-annual installments through May 1, 2022; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 2.00% to 3.75%.	495,000
\$2,265,000 general obligation payable Series 2013A, payable in various annual installments through May 15, 2028; interest payable semi-annually at 2.10%.	895,000
\$895,000 general obligation payable Series 2013B, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2028; interest payable semi-annually at 3.63%.	2,265,000
\$7,700,000 general obligation payable Series 2013C, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2038; interest payable semi-annually at 2.50%.	7,680,000
\$2,500,000 general obligation payable Series 2015A, payable in various annual installments through January 15, 2030; interest payable semi-annually at 2.275%.	2,345,317
\$12,955,075 general obligation payable Series 2015B, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	12,672,095
Total General Obligation Bonds	35,732,412
Issuance premium	65,154
Landfill closure liability (payable from the General Fund)	597,960
Compensated absences (payable from the General Fund)	836,129
OPEB liability (payable from the General Fund)	6,377,495
Net pension liability (payable from the General Fund)	15,947,580
Total Incurred for City	\$ 59,556,730

Primary Government : (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows: (Continued)

Incurred for School Board:

State	ī	iterary	Fund	Loans:
Juaic	_	LILCI AI V	i unu	Luaiis.

Total State Literary Fund Loans Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) Subsidy and Other Bonds: \$4,862,705 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2001, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2021; interest payable annually at varying rates 3.10% - 5.35%. \$858,896 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued in 2005, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2025; interest payable annually at varying rates 4.60% - 5.10%. \$2,800,000 General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bond issued in 2009, due in annual installments of \$186,667 through 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%. \$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%. \$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.87%. \$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%.	
through 2017; interest payable annually at 2%. \$239,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued September 26, 1997, due in annual principal installments of \$11,950 through 2017; interest payable annually at 2%. \$597,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued September 26, 1997, due in annual principal installments of \$29,850 through 2017; interest payable annually at 2%. \$7,500,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued May 15, 2001, due in annual principal installments of \$375,000 through 2021; interest payable annually at 2%. Total State Literary Fund Loans Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) Subsidy and Other Bonds: \$4,862,705 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2001, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2021; interest payable annually at varying rates 3.10% - 5.35%. \$858,896 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2005, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2025; interest payable annually at varying rates 4.60% - 5.10%. \$2,800,000 General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bond issued in 2009, due in annual installments of \$186,667 through 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%. \$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%. \$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 1.80%. \$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%. \$3,754,925 General Obligation payable Series 2015B split with the City, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%.	20,900
\$11,950 through 2017; interest payable annually at 2%. \$597,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued September 26, 1997, due in annual principal installments of \$29,850 through 2017; interest payable annually at 2%. \$7,500,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued May 15, 2001, due in annual principal installments of \$375,000 through 2021; interest payable annually at 2%. Total State Literary Fund Loans Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) Subsidy and Other Bonds: \$4,862,705 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2001, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2021; interest payable annually at varying rates 3.10% - 5.35%. \$858,896 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued in 2005, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2025; interest payable annually at varying rates 4.60% - 5.10%. \$2,800,000 General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bond issued in 2009, due in annual installments of \$186,667 through 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%. \$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%. \$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.87%. \$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%.	93,900
\$29,850 through 2017; interest payable annually at 2%. \$7,500,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued May 15, 2001, due in annual principal installments of \$375,000 through 2021; interest payable annually at 2%. Total State Literary Fund Loans 2 Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) Subsidy and Other Bonds: \$4,862,705 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2001, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2021; interest payable annually at varying rates 3.10% - 5.35%. \$858,896 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued in 2005, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2025; interest payable annually at varying rates 4.60% - 5.10%. \$2,800,000 General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bond issued in 2009, due in annual installments of \$186,667 through 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%. \$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%. \$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.87%. \$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%.	23,900
Total State Literary Fund Loans Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) Subsidy and Other Bonds: \$4,862,705 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2001, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2021; interest payable annually at varying rates 3.10% - 5.35%. \$858,896 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued in 2005, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2025; interest payable annually at varying rates 4.60% - 5.10%. \$2,800,000 General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bond issued in 2009, due in annual installments of \$186,667 through 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%. \$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%. \$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.87%. \$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%.	59,700
Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) Subsidy and Other Bonds: \$4,862,705 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2001, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2021; interest payable annually at varying rates 3.10% - 5.35%. \$858,896 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued in 2005, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2025; interest payable annually at varying rates 4.60% - 5.10%. \$2,800,000 General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bond issued in 2009, due in annual installments of \$186,667 through 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%. \$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%. \$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.87%. \$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%.	1,875,000
\$4,862,705 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2001, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2021; interest payable annually at varying rates 3.10% - 5.35%. \$858,896 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued in 2005, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2025; interest payable annually at varying rates 4.60% - 5.10%. \$2,800,000 General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bond issued in 2009, due in annual installments of \$186,667 through 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%. \$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%. \$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.87%. \$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%.	2,073,400
2021; interest payable annually at varying rates 3.10% - 5.35%. \$858,896 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued in 2005, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2025; interest payable annually at varying rates 4.60% - 5.10%. \$2,800,000 General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bond issued in 2009, due in annual installments of \$186,667 through 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%. \$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%. \$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.87%. \$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%.	
2025; interest payable annually at varying rates 4.60% - 5.10%. \$2,800,000 General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bond issued in 2009, due in annual installments of \$186,667 through 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%. \$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%. \$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.87%. \$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%. \$3,754,925 General Obligation payable Series 2015B split with the City, due in annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	1,708,363
of \$186,667 through 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%. \$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%. \$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.87%. \$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%. \$3,754,925 General Obligation payable Series 2015B split w ith the City, due in annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	482,170
June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%. \$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, payable in various semi-annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.87%. \$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%. \$3,754,925 General Obligation payable Series 2015B split with the City, due in annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	1,155,000
July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various coupon rates from 3.00% to 5.87%. \$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%. \$3,754,925 General Obligation payable Series 2015B split with the City, due in annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	6,260,000
June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%. \$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%. \$3,754,925 General Obligation payable Series 2015B split with the City, due in annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	1,680,000
20, 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%. \$3,754,925 General Obligation payable Series 2015B split with the City, due in annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	4,500,002
varying amounts through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	2,700,000
Total Virginia Public Authority School Subsidy and Other Bonds 22	3,672,905
	22,158,440
Total Incurred for School Board \$ 24	24,231,840

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows: (Continued)

Enterprise Obligations:

Revenue Bond Obligations:

\$5,445,000 Series 2015, revenue refunding bond payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2026; interest payable semi-annually at 0.97% - 3.37%.	\$ 5,445,000
\$5,675,000 Series 2014, revenue bond payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2044; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 4.00%.	5,560,000
\$2,790,000 revenue bond issued August 1, 2012, payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2021; interest payable semi-annually at varying rates 2.135% - 2.38%.	1,820,000
\$18,210,000 Sew er System bond issued December 7, 2011, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2042; interest payable semi-annually at 2% - 5%.	17,935,000
\$3,385,000 Sew er System bond issued December 7, 2011, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2022; interest payable semi-annually at 1.25% - 3.75%.	2,455,000
\$4,160,000 Sew er System revenue bond issued December 2, 2010, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2025; interest payable semi-annually at 2.88% - 3.38%.	3,915,000
Total Revenue Bond Obligations	37,130,000
Issuance premium	626,155
Compensated absences (Payable from the Enterprise Funds)	204,859
OPEB liability (Payable from the Enterprise Funds)	1,340,284
Net pension liability (Payable from the Enterprise Funds)	3,435,334
Total Enterprise Obligations	\$ 42,736,632

On November 18, 2015, the City issued a \$5,445,000 Taxable Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2015, with a true interest cost of 3.413%. The City issued a refunding bond to advance refund a portion of the City's outstanding Series 2005 Sewer System Revenue Bond, as wells as to pay the costs of issuance associated with this transaction. The City issued this refunding bond in order to reduce its annual debt service expenditures. Due to the refunding, overall aggregate debt service payments were reduced by \$399,838. In addition, this resulted in an economic gain of \$350,949.

Note 8—Reporting Entity Transactions

During fiscal year 2012, City Council approved a budget resolution to advance the School Board \$1,912,428 for energy conservation improvements. The School Board will repay the City over 15 years. The effective interest rate on the loan is 8.7%. At June 30, 2016, \$1,495,273 of the loan was still outstanding.

Note 9—Landfill Post-Closure Costs

In October 1993, the City discontinued accepting solid waste at its landfill. In conjunction with the closing of the landfill, an environmental engineering firm was engaged to devise a closure plan in accordance with federal and state regulations. During fiscal year 2002, the City received a closing permit; however, the time period for maintaining the site has been extended through 2022. Total estimated costs of maintaining the site for this period is \$597,960. The total current cost of landfill post closure care is an estimate subject to change resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

The City demonstrates its financial assurance requirements closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the *Virginia Administrative Code*.

Note 10—Unearned and Unavailable Revenues

Unearned revenues represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available. Unavailable revenues are resource inflows that represent amounts earned, but which are not available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Unearned revenues and unavailable revenues reported in governmental funds were comprised of the following:

	Unavailable	Unearned	
Tax Type	Revenue	Revenue	Total
General Fund			
Real Estate Tax	\$ 1,242,397	\$ 7,504,837	\$ 8,747,234
Personal Property	652,353	-	652,353
Machinery & Tools Tax	184,419	3,701,146	3,885,565
	\$ 2,079,169	\$11,205,983	\$13,285,152

Note 11—Commitments, Contingencies, and Subsequent Event

Federal programs in which the City and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of the *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Pursuant to the provisions of *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, all major programs will be tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements and reported upon under separate reporting. Even if no matters of noncompliance are disclosed by audit, the Federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

On December 16, 2010, the City was informed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") that the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility (the "Facility") was in violation of the Clean Air Act for 32 days during January and February of 2010. The Facility is potentially subject to a \$37,500 administrative penalty and a \$37,500 civil action for injunctive relief and/or civil penalties for each day in violation. On September 30, 2016, the City signed two consent agreements – one for Clean Water Act violations and one for Clean Air Act violations. The total amount of penalties paid to EPA was \$150,000, which was paid to the federal government in October 2016. The cost of the penalty was billed to each of the five other Facility Commission members. The consent agreement expired on September 30, 2017.

Note 12—Litigation

At June 30, 2016, there were no matters of litigation involving the City or which would materially affect the City's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

Note 13—Pension Plans

A. Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City and salaried permanent (nonprofessional) employees of the School Board are automatically covered by the VRS the Retirement Plan upon employment. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of the School Board are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan, upon employment. Both plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the Code of Virginia, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

VRS PLAN 1	VRS PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members"). • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
		In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:
Hybrid Opt-In Election Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Hybrid Opt-In Election Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	 School division employees Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 – April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.

T		
The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned	
If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	
Retirement Contributions Members contribute up to 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. The School Board elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution; all employees have paid the full 5% by July 1, 2014. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Same as VRS Plan 1.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and employer to both the defined benefit and defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit.

		Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.

Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½. Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component:
on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.		See definition under Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for members is 1.70%.	Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. The retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Defined Contribution Component: Not Applicable.
Normal Retirement Age Age 65.	Normal Retirement Age Normal Social Security retirement age.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component:

		Members are eligible to receive
		distributions upon leaving
		employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement	Earliest Unreduced Retirement	Earliest Unreduced Retirement
Eligibility	Eligibility	Eligibility
Age 65 with at least five years (60	Normal Social Security retirement age	Defined Benefit Component:
months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of	with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age	Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least
creditable service.	and service equal 90.	five years (60 months) of
		creditable service or when their
		age and service equal 90.
		Defined Contribution Component:
		Members are eligible to receive
		distributions upon leaving
		employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement
Eligibility Age 55 with at least five years (60	Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Eligibility Defined Benefit Component:
months) of creditable service or age		Age Members may retire with a
50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.		reduced benefit as early as age
creditable service.		60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
		Defined Contribution
		Component:
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving
		employment, subject to
		restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement
The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Defined Benefit Component:
(COLA) matches the first 3%	(COLA) matches the first 2% increase	Same as Plan 2.
increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-	in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum	Defined Contribution
U) and half of any additional	COLA of 3%.	Component:
increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.		Not applicable.
Eligibility:	Eligibility:	Eligibility:
For members who retire with an	Same as Plan 1	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of		
creditable service, the COLA will go		
into effect on July 1 after one full		
calendar year from the retirement date.		
For members who retire with a		
reduced benefit and who have less		
than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1		
and does thin go into check on odly 1		

after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.		
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. • The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
 The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-inservice benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. 		
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivision and school divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members, which the School Board has elected to provide. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component:

public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	 Same as VRS Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. The cost for purchasing refunded service is the highest of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution
	Component: Not applicable.

B. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

		Schools -
	City	Nonprofessional
Inactive members:		
Receiving benefits	274	63
Vested inactive members	48	8
Non-vested inactive members	86	47
Active elsewhere in VRS	161	17
Total inactive members	569	135
Active Members	331	94
Total covered employees	900	229

C. Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to the City and the School Board by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in

over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

VRS Retirement Plan

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 12.36% of covered employee compensation. The School Board's non-professional plan contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 11.95% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30,2013 The actuarial rate for the City's plan and the School Board's non-professional plan were 12.36% and 11.95%, respectively.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$2,009,066 and \$2,023,774 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively, and contributions to the pension plan from the School Board's non-professional plan were \$210,721 and \$213,125 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

Each School Board's professional plan contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was14.06 of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2016. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$3,303,324 and \$3,362,153 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

D. Net Pension Liability

VRS Retirement Plan

The City's and School Board's nonprofessional plan net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

At June 30, 2016, the School Board professional plan reported a liability of \$39,253,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms since the prior measurement period. There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective net pension liability and the School Board's reporting date. The School Board's

proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the School Board's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the School Board's proportion was .31187 % as compared to .31383% at June 30, 2014.

E. Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for the City and School Board was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, which were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012, and applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

		VRS General Employees	VRS Public Safety Employees	VRS School Board Teacher Retirement Plan Employees
•	Investment Rate of Return, net of pension plan investment expense,			
	including inflation	7.00%	7.00%	7.0%
•	Inflation *	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
•	Projected Salary Increases Mortality Rates (% of deaths assumed to be service	3.5% - 5.35%	3.5% - 4.75%	3.5% - 4.5%
	related)	14%	60%	N/A

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

General City Employees:

- Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.
- Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Public Safety Employees:

- Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years.
- Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.
- Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

Teacher Plan Employees:

• Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years.

- Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years.
- Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions for the VRS Local Plans as a result of the experience study include updating mortality tables; decreasing rates of service retirement; decreasing rates of disability retirement; reducing rates of salary increases by 0.25% per year and increasing rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service.

- Largest 10 –LEOS:
 - Update mortality table
 - Decrease in male rates of disability
- All Others (Non 10 Largest) LEOS:
 - Update mortality table
 - Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
 - Increase in rates of withdrawal
 - Decrease in male and female rates of disability

F. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		VRS Plans	
		Arithmetic	Weighted
		Long-Term	Average
	Target	Expected	Long-Term
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	(1.50)% _	(.02)%
Total	100.00%	<u>-</u>	5.83%
Inflation		_	2.50%
**Expected arithmetic nominal retu	ırn	=	8.33%

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** Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the Long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H. Changes in Net Pension Liability

	City					
	Total Pension Liability			Plan Fiduciary Net Position		et Pension Liability
Balance at July 1, 2014	\$	101,718,886	\$	84,649,658	\$	17,069,228
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		1,881,386		-		1,881,386
Interest		6,920,166		-		6,920,166
Difference between expected and actual experience		120,211		-		120,211
Contributions - employer		-		2,023,775		(2,023,775)
Contributions - employee		-		844,447		(844,447)
Net investment income		-		3,794,786		(3,794,786)
Benefit payments including refunds						
of employee contributions		(5,718,746)		(5,718,746)		-
Admininstrative expense		-		(54,133)		54,133
Other changes		-		(798)		798
Net Changes		3,203,017		889,331		2,313,686
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	104,921,903	\$	85,538,989	\$	19,382,914

	School Board - Nonprofessional					
		tal Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability		
Balance at July 1, 2014	\$	7,939,484	\$	6,644,373	\$	1,295,111
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		202,475		=		202,475
Interest		534,282		-		534,282
Difference between expected and actual experience		62,210		-		62,210
Contributions - employer		-		213,125		(213,125)
Contributions - employee		-		88,419		(88,419)
Net investment income		-		293,446		(293,446)
Benefit payments including refunds						
of employee contributions		(613,765)		(613,765)		-
Admininstrative expense		-		(4,268)		4,268
Other changes		-		(60)		60
Net Changes		185,202		(23,103)		208,305
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	8,124,686	\$	6,621,270	\$	1,503,416

I. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1.00% Decrease		Current Discount Rate			% Increase
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
City Net Pension Liability	\$	32,138,535	\$	19,382,914	\$	8,709,895
School Board - Nonprofessional Net Pension Liability	\$	2,341,126	\$	1,503,416	\$	789,450
School Board – Professional Net Pension Liability	\$	57,443,000	\$	39,253,000	\$	24,279,000

J. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

VRS Retirement Plan

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City and School Board nonprofessional plan recognized pension expense of \$1,321,714 and \$148,730, respectively. At June 30, 2016, the City and School Board nonprofessional plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Def	erred Ou Resoui
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments.		
Difference in proportion		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date		2
Total	\$	2

City							
Deferred Outflows of			Deferred Inflows of				
	Resources		Resources				
\$	82,527	\$	-				
	-		2,306,863				
	122,435		122,435				
	2,009,066		-				
\$	2,214,028	\$	2,429,298				

Difference between expected and actual experience
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on
pension plan investments.
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement
date
Total

School Board - Nonprofessional							
Defer	Deferred Outflows of Deferred Inflows of						
	Resources	F	Resources				
\$	41,404	\$	-				
	-		180,030				
	210,721		-				
\$	252,125	\$	180,030				

\$2,009,066 and \$210,721 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City and School Board, respectively, nonprofessional plans' contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		School Board -
Year Ended June 30,	City	Nonprofessional
2017	\$ (866,537) \$	(49,909)
2018	(866,537)	(50,117)
2019	(897,061)	(70,717)
2020	405,799	32,117
	\$ (2,224,336) \$	(138,626)

VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School Board professional plan recognized pension expense of \$2,648,000. At June 30, 2016, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	School Board - Professional				
	Deferred Outflows of			ferred Inflows of	
		Resources		Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments.	\$	-	\$	2,944,000	
Change in proportion and differences between employer					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		822,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement					
date		3,303,324		-	
Total	\$	3,303,324	\$	3,766,000	

\$3,303,224 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board professional plan's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	School Board -		
Year Ended June 30,	Professional		
2017	\$	1,291,000	
2018		1,291,000	
2019		1,291,000	
2020		(187,000)	
2021		80,000	
	\$	3,766,000	

K. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2015 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 14—Surety Bonds

The following Surety bonds are maintained by the City with Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland – Surety (Faithful Performance of Duty Schedule Position Bond):

Tamara J. Ward, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 1,075,000
Teresa L. Batton, Treasurer	\$ 500,000
Debra A. Reason, Commissioner of the Revenue	\$ 3,000
Luther H. Sodat, Sheriff	\$ 30,000
The above constitutional officers and subordinate employees - blanket bond	\$ 50,000

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VSBA – Surety (\$10,000): Melody Hackney, Superintendent of Schools, Monique Barnes, Clerk of School Board, Melody F. Bage, Deputy Clerk of School Board

Note 15—Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Plan Description

The City and the School Board each maintain a separate single employer defined benefit plan that offers eligible retirees postretirement health benefits if they retire directly from the City or Schools and are eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. Health benefits include medical coverage only for the City and medical, dental, and vision coverage for the School Board.

Funding Policy

The City of Hopewell contributes toward the retiree's healthcare costs based on the following schedule:

<u>Group</u>

- A. Hired before July 1, 2003 and retired before January 1, 2004 with at least 15 years of service
- B. Hired before July 1, 2003 and retired after January 1, 2004 with at least 15 years of service
- C. Hired on or after July 1, 2004 with at least 11 years of service
- D. Hired on or after July 1, 2008 with at least 5 years of service

	City (Contribution						
Group	Retiree Only	Retiree and Spouse	Notes					
Α	\$534	\$948	Frozen contribution rate; will not chang future years	je in				
В	\$553	N/A	2016 City contribution for a single active employee; will be adjusted in future years					
С	Varies	N/A	Percentage of City contribution for a singl employee, based on years of services. See following table.					
D	Varies	N/A	Years of Service Percentage of Prend 0 - 10 0% 11 40% 16 - 20 60% 21 80% Percentage of City contribution for a sidemployee based on years of services See table below: Years of Service Percentage of Prend 0 - 5 \$ 50 per m 6 - 10 \$100 per m 11 - 20 \$150 per m 21 \$200 per m	ngle active nium onth onth				

Note that the City contribution is limited to the actual premium rate and is offset by any VRS health insurance credit received by the retiree.

A retiree eligible for a City contribution may receive the credit even if he or she is not enrolled in a City-sponsored plan. The contribution may be applied toward the cost of other coverage.

Each year, retirees participating in the City's sponsored plans will be given the opportunity to change plans or drop coverage during an open enrollment period. The pre-Medicare retirees have a choice of three plans from United Healthcare: Choice Plan 049M, Choice Plan 044 and Choice Plan 097M (POS). The majority of the participants are in Choice Plan 044. Medicare-eligible retirees and spouses must enroll In the Ovations AARP Medical Supplement Plan. Any City contribution for which the retiree is eligible will apply toward the Medicare Part D Premium in addition to the Ovations premium.

The City has 68 retirees without spouse coverage and 31 retirees with spouse coverage participating in the plan.

School Board professional retirees receive a \$55 per month credit from the School Board towards their premium. Nonprofessional retirees receive \$55 per month plus the amount of credit that they would have received from Virginia Retirement System Teachers Health Insurance Credit if they were eligible.

Pre-65 retirees may choose between four plans administered by Optima Health: two HMO HSA eligible plans, a PPO HSA eligible plan, and a co-pay plan. The Schools currently have 69 retirees without spouse coverage, 40 retirees with spouse coverage and 2 retirees with child coverage on their plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City and School Board's annual other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer ("ARC"). The City and School Board have elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded portion of actuarial accrued liability in compliance with GAAP. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the City and School Board. The following table shows the components of the City and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City and School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

	Primary overnment	ponent Unit nool Board
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 1,493,600	\$ 272,100
Interest on Net OPEB obligation	238,267	42,737
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(251,727)	(45,151)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,480,140	269,686
Contributions made	(570,000)	(132,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	910,140	137,686
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	6,807,639	1,221,055
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 7,717,779	\$ 1,358,741

The City and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Fiscal Year Ending OPEB Cost		Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
City:				
June 30, 2016	\$	1,480,140	38.51%	\$ 7,717,779
June 30, 2015		1,420,384	37.88%	6,807,639
June 30, 2014		1,121,075	46.32%	5,925,355
June 30, 2013		1,079,866	39.36%	5,323,549
School Board:				
June 30, 2016	\$	269,686	48.95%	\$ 1,358,741
June 30, 2015		260,217	55.07%	1,221,055
June 30, 2014		344,304	57.86%	1,104,138
June 30, 2013		330,178	42.61%	959,034

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2016, the City's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$16,739,000 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$16,787,600 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 99.71%.

As of June 30, 2016, the School Board's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,994,800 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$22,015,900 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 13.60%.

City:	
Actuarial accrued liability for benefits:	\$ 16,739,000
Covered Payroll of active employees:	\$ 16,787,600
UAAL % of Covered Payroll	99.71%
Schools:	
Actuarial accrued liability for benefits:	\$ 2,994,800
Covered Payroll of active employees:	\$ 22,015,900
UAAL % of Covered Payroll	13.60%

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Methods and Assumptions

Pension and postemployment benefits plan funding requirements are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the plan in effect at the time of each annual valuation and on the pattern of sharing between the employer and the plan member at that point. Projections of benefits for financial reporting

purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and the actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective.

• Actuarial Cost Method - The cost method for valuation of liabilities used for this valuation is the Projected Unit Credit ("PUC") Actuarial Cost Method. A PUC accrued benefit is determined for each active member in the plan on the basis of the member's average final compensation projected to the assumed date of retirement and the member's creditable service at the valuation date. The actuarial liability for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value of the PUC accrued benefit of each active member. The normal cost for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value for the expected increase in the PUC accrued benefit during the plan year for each active member under the assumed retirement age.

The actuarial liability and the normal cost for termination benefits, disability benefits, and preretirement spouse's death benefits are determined in a similar manner by projecting the member's average final compensation to each assumed date of termination, disablement, or death. The actuarial liability and normal cost for the supplemental benefits are based upon the present value of the expected supplement expected to be paid to those covered employees attaining eligibility. The actuarial liability for inactive members is determined as the actuarial present value of the pension and supplemental benefits expected to be paid.

The difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of the assets is the unfunded actuarial liability. The annual required contribution is the sum of the normal cost and the amount necessary to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over the amortization period. The amortization amount is determined as a level percent of payroll.

Additionally, the following simplifying assumptions were made:

- Retirement Age for Active Employees Retirement age was estimated based on tables used for the VRS State Employees valuation and assumed that participants begin to retire when they become eligible to receive healthcare benefits.
- Mortality Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality
 Tables for males and females with a one year setback in pre-retirement for males and females.
- Inflation The assumed inflation rate is 2.5%.
- Coverage Elections The actuary assumed that 70% of current actives of the Hopewell City Public Schools will elect medical coverage when they retire and that 30% of retirees who elect coverage will cover a spouse. The actuary assumed that 70% of current actives of the City of Hopewell will elect medical coverage when they retire and that 30% of retirees who elect coverage will cover a spouse.
- Investment Rate of Return Based on the historical and expected returns of the City and School Board's short-term investment portfolio, a discount of 3.50% was used. In addition, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used.
- Other Assumptions include:
 - Payroll increases of 3.00% per year.

- Health Care Cost Trend of:
 - Pre-65: 5.20% in 2016, 6.20% in 2016, and 7.00% in 2017, then graded to 4.40% over 73 years
 - Post-65: 6.20% in 2016, 6.80% in 2016, and 7.10% in 2017, then graded to 4.60% over 78 years 7.00% graded to 4.80% over 80 years.
- The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis over a remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016 of 30 years

Note 16—Restatements

The City and School Board restated certain prior year balances after identifying instances during 2016 where activities in the previous fiscal years were inaccurately recorded in the general ledger and issued financial statements as follows:

Government-wide	vernmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		nponent Unit chool Board
Net position, June 30, 2015, previously reported	\$ 15,217,073	\$	52,986,461	\$	(17,012,875)
Capital assets reported in error	342,941		(1,189,611)		(2,272,292)
Prior period error - Grant cutoff	-		-		678,564
Prior period error - Surplus due City	-		-		(1,054,944)
Accrued amounts due to the Commonw eath of Virginia for disallow ed amounts in CSA in prior years	(1,457,242)		-		-
Correct amounts due from CDBG in error	686,250		-		-
Correct prior years Federal receivable	(343,106)		-		-
Correct for prior bond issuance costs /principal payments	(133,461)		-		-
Correct prior year cash balance	(130,894)		-		-
Prior year advance restated to contribution	(4,593,300)		4,593,300		-
Prior year School surplus due City	3,157,177		-		-
Balance, as restated, June 30, 2015	\$ 12,745,438	\$	56,390,150	\$	(19,661,547)
Proprietary Funds	HRWTF	Sewer Service		Bea	con Theatre
Net position, June 30, 2015, previously reported	\$ 23,618,077	\$	25,419,426	\$	1,634,762
Prior year CIP correction	(1,016,284)		-		-
Prior year depreciable asset correction	114,627		-		-
Prior year depreciation adjustment	(14,600)		(273,354)		-
Prior year advance restated to contribution	-		-		4,593,300
Balance, as restated, June 30,2015	\$ 22,701,820	\$	25,146,072	\$	6,228,062

HRWTF	P	Balance reviously Reported ne 30, 2015	A(djustment	Balance Restated June 30, 2015			
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$	216,026	\$	-	\$	216,026		
Construction in progress		21,612,104		2,646,675		24,258,779		
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation		21,828,130		2,646,675		24,474,805		
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Utility plant in service		10,503,236		(326,078)		10,177,158		
Machinery and equipment		53,457,629		440,703		53,898,332		
Total capital assets being depreciated		63,960,865		114,625		64,075,490		
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Utility plant in service		(8,917,522)		(306,284)		(9,223,806)		
Machinery and equipment		(52,322,782)		291,684		(52,031,098)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(61,240,304)		(14,600)		(61,254,904)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,720,561		100,025		2,820,586		
HRWTF Fund capital assets, net	\$	24,548,691	\$	2,746,700	\$	27,295,391		
Sewer Service Fund	P	Balance reviously Reported	•	di		Balance Restated		
	Ju	ne 30, 2015	A	djustment		ine 30, 2015		
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	¢	07.020	¢		œ	07 020		
Land	\$	97,920	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	97,920		
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation		97,920	-	<u>-</u>		97,920		
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Utility plant in service		501,878		-		501,878		
Machinery and equipment		899,308		-		899,308		
Sew er main improvements		36,619,168		-		36,619,168		
Total capital assets being depreciated		38,020,354				38,020,354		
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Utility plant in service		(494,152)		_		(494,152)		
Machinery and equipment		(822,456)		_		(822,456)		
Sew er main improvements		(6,531,832)		(273,354)		(6,805,186)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(7,848,440)		(273,354)		(8,121,794)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		30,171,914		(273,354)		29,898,560		
Sew er Service Fund, net	\$	30,269,834	\$	(273,354)	\$	29,996,480		

	Pr R	Balance evious ly eported ne 30, 2015	Ad	ljustment	Balance Restated ne 30, 2015
Government Activities:			-		
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:					
Land	\$	6,622,991	\$	153,923	\$ 6,776,914
Work in progress		2,796,846		-	2,796,846
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation		9,419,837		153,923	9,573,760
Capital assets subject to depreciation:					
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure		44,912,364		(239,207)	44,673,157
Machinery and equipment		11,565,335		14,923	11,580,258
Jointly-ow ned assets		33,877,224		1,334,626	35,211,850
Total capital assets being depreciated		90,354,923		1,110,342	91,465,265
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure		(16,584,454)		(655,978)	(17,240,432)
Machinery and equipment		(8,129,260)		412,062	(7,717,198)
Jointly-ow ned assets		(7,715,677)		(677,408)	(8,393,085)
Total accumulated depreciation		(32,429,391)		(921,324)	(33,350,715)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		57,925,532	189,018		58,114,550
Capital assets, net	\$	67,345,369	\$	342,941	\$ 67,688,310
Component Unit - School Board Government Activities:		Balance reviously Reported ne 30, 2015		djustment	 Balance Restated June 30, 2015
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:					
Land	\$	474,629	\$		\$ 474,629
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation		474,629		-	 474,629
Capital assets subject to depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements		62,970,849		68,868	63,039,717
Machinery and equipment		7,451,600		(68,868)	7,382,732
Jointly-ow ned assets		(33,877,224)		(1,334,626)	(35,211,850)
Total capital assets being depreciated		36,545,225		(1,334,626)	35,210,599
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements		(15,354,652)		(2,034,844)	(17,389,496)
Machinery and equipment		(3,945,819)		419,770	(3,526,049)
Jointly-ow ned assets		7,715,677		677,408	8,393,085
Total accumulated depreciation		(11,584,794)	_	(937,666)	 (12,522,460)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		24,960,431		(2,272,292)	22,688,139
Capital assets, net	\$	25,435,060	\$	(2,272,292)	\$ 23,162,768

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Governmental Fund	General Fund				Other vernmental nds - CDBG	Total			
Fund Balance, June 30, 2015, previously reported	\$	10,824,003	\$	20,024,928	\$ (85,279)	\$	30,763,652		
Accrued amounts due to the Commonw eath of Virginia for disallow ed amounts in CSA in prior years		(1,457,242)		-	-		(1,457,242)		
Correct amounts due from CDBG in error		(85,241)		343,106	428,385		686,250		
Correct prior years Federal receivable		-		-	(343,106)		(343,106)		
Correct for prior bond issuance costs/Principal payments		-		(133,461)	-		(133,461)		
Correct prior year cash balance		-		(130,894)	-		(130,894)		
Prior year advance restated to contribution		-		(4,593,300)	-		(4,593,300)		
Prior year school surplus due City		3,157,177		-	-		3,157,177		
Fund Balance, as restated, June 30, 2015	\$	12,438,697	\$	15,510,379	\$ -	\$	27,949,076		

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	Building and Bus Replacement Fund				
Fund Balance, June 30, 2015, previously reported	\$	1,672,312			
Prior year error-Surplus due City		(1,054,944)			
Fund Balance, as restated, June 30, 2015	\$	617,368			

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	•	00 040 400	•	00 040 400	•	04 000 004	•	4 04 4 704
General property taxes	\$	29,846,100	\$	29,846,100	\$	31,060,801	\$	1,214,701
Other local taxes		5,892,100		5,892,100		6,299,591		407,491
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		146,500		146,500		205,552		59,052
Fines and forfeitures		1,651,000		1,651,000		1,173,179		(477,821)
Revenues from use of money and property		51,000		51,000		66,786		15,786
Charges for services		674,300		674,300		587,626		(86,674)
Miscellaneous Recovered costs		2,558,000		2,650,997		1,330,239 382,500		(1,320,758) 382.500
Intergovernmental revenues:		-		-		362,500		362,500
Commonwealth		5,144,100		E 240 140		6,679,606		1,439,466
Federal		254,500		5,240,140 268,445		87,953		(180,492)
Total revenues	-	46.217.600		46.420.582		47,873,833		1,453,251
Total Total add		10,217,000		10,120,002		17,070,000		1,100,201
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration		4,496,161		4,695,357		4,542,624		152,733
Judicial administration		2,691,946		2,722,550		2,400,080		322,470
Public safety		13,934,913		14,132,132		13,624,877		507,255
Public works		4,570,176		4,680,434		4,404,590		275,844
Health and welfare		1,308,199		1,389,580		1,354,237		35,343
Education		13,749,500		13,749,500		11,408,787		2,340,713
Parks, recreation, and cultural		590,081		590,081		590,081		<u>-</u>
Community development		784,224		870,058		914,428		(44,370)
Nondepartmental		1,241,000		1,490,184		1,284,415		205,769
Total expenditures		43,366,200		44,319,876		40,524,119		3,795,757
Excess of revenues over expenditures		2,851,400		2,100,706		7,349,714		5,249,008
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		1,002,000		1,002,000		-		(1,002,000)
Operating transfers out		(5,586,400)		(6,128,800)		(5,217,372)		911,428
Total other financing sources (uses), net		(4,584,400)		(5,126,800)		(5,217,372)		(90,572)
Net change in fund balances		(1,733,000)		(3,026,094)		2,132,342		5,158,436
Fund balances - beginning (Restated see Note 16)	_	14,016,804		11,936,677		12,438,697		502,020
Fund balances - ending	\$	12,283,804	\$	8,910,583	\$	14,571,039	\$	5,660,456

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Virginia Public Assistance Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Origina Budget			Final Budget		Actual	w F	ariance ith Final Positive legative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues:	•	4 400 400	•	4 400 400	•	4 400 570	•	07.470
Commonwealth	\$	1,163,100	\$	1,163,100	\$	1,190,570	\$	27,470
Federal		2,129,602		2,129,602		2,438,054		308,452
Revenues from use of money and property		-		-		22.602		4
Miscellaneous		2 202 702		2 202 702		33,692		33,692
Total revenues		3,292,702		3,292,702		3,662,320		369,618
EXPENDITURES Current - Health and welfare Welfare and Social Services: Welfare Administration Public assistance Total expenditures	=	1,129,430 2,754,972 3,884,402		1,129,430 2,754,972 3,884,402		1,493,063 2,925,264 4,418,327		(363,633) (170,292) (533,925)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(591,700)		(591,700)		(756,007)		(164,307)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Operating transfers in		591,700		591,700		434,272		(157,428)
Total other financing sources		591,700		591,700		434,272		(157,428)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	(321,735) 321,735 -	\$	(321,735) 321,735 -

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability	-			
Service cost	\$	1,881,386	\$	1,860,421
Interest		6,920,166		6,707,497
Difference between expected and actual experience		120,211		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,718,746)		(5,340,826)
Net change in total pension liability		3,203,017		3,227,092
Plan total pension liability - beginning		101,718,886		98,491,794
Plan total pension liability - ending	\$	104,921,903	\$	101,718,886
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	2,023,775	\$	1,649,427
Contributions - employee	•	844,447	,	799,011
Net investment income		3,794,786		11,756,144
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,718,746)		(5,340,826)
Administrative expense		(54,133)		(65,207)
Other		(798)		620
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		889,331		8,799,169
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		84,649,658		75,850,489
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	85,538,989	\$	84,649,658
Total net pension liability - ending	\$	19,382,914	\$	17,069,228
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		81.53%		83.22%
Covered employee payroll	\$	16,829,672	\$	16,746,388
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		115.17%		101.93%
Employer Contributions				
	_		_	
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,009,066	\$	2,023,774
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	_	2,009,066	_	2,023,774
Contribution excess	\$	-	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$	16,829,672	\$	16,746,388
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	•	11.94%		12.08%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year of this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in School Board's Nonprofessional Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		2016	2015
Total Pension Liability			
Service cost	\$	202,475 \$	185,137
Interest		534,282	524,469
Difference between expected and actual experience		62,210	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(613,765)	(525,083)
Net change in total pension liability		185,202	184,523
Plan total pension liability - beginning		7,939,484	7,754,961
Plan total pension liability - ending	\$	8,124,686 \$	7,939,484
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$	213,125 \$	159,179
Contributions - employee		88,419	88,108
Net investment income		293,446	924,453
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(613,765)	(525,083)
Administrative expense		(4,268)	(5,167)
Other		(60)	48
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(23,103)	641,538
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,644,373	6,002,835
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	6,621,270 \$	6,644,373
Total net pension liability - ending		1,503,416 \$	1,295,111
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		81.50%	83.69%
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,786,898 \$	1,761,986
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		84.14%	73.50%
Employer Contributions			
Contractually required contribution	\$	210,721 \$	213,125
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Ψ	210,721	213,125
Contribution excess	\$	- \$	
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,786,898 \$	1,761,986
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		11.79%	12.10%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year of this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability School Board Professional Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Proportionate of the net pension liability		2016 0.31187%		2015 0.31383%
Troportionate of the first periodic massing		0.0110170		0.0100070
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	39,253,000	\$	37,926,000
Covered employee payroll		23,121,517		22,938,444
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		58.90%		60.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.87%		70.88%
Note: The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year.				
Employer Contributions	_			
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,303,324	\$	3,362,153
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Ψ	3,303,324	Ψ	3,362,153
Contribution excess	\$	-	\$	-
Covered employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	\$	23,121,517 14.29%		22,938,444 14.66%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year of this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Funding Progress for Retiree Health Insurance Plan For the Year Ended June 30,

Valuation Date	Val As	uarial ue of ssets VA)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(Ex	Unfunded cess Funded) AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Primary Governmer City Health Plan:	nt:								
6/30/2015 6/30/2013 6/30/2011 6/30/2008	\$	- - -	\$	16,739,300 15,563,800 14,363,300 20,991,293	\$	16,739,300 15,563,800 14,363,300 20,991,293	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 16,787,600 15,493,900 14,355,500 14,588,852	99.71% 100.45% 100.05% 143.89%
Discretely Presente School Health Plan	d Compo	nent Un	it:						
6/30/2015 6/30/2013 6/30/2011 6/30/2008	\$	- - -	\$	2,994,800 3,216,300 4,495,400 3,377,368	\$	2,994,800 3,216,300 4,495,400 3,377,368	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 22,015,900 23,136,200 24,583,200 22,193,161	13.60% 13.90% 18.29% 15.22%

City of Hopewell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Budgetary Data

The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information:

- 1. The City Charter requires the City Manager to submit to the City Council an annual budget for the ensuing fiscal year at least 60 days prior to the beginning of such fiscal year.
- 2. A public hearing on the budget is held after a synopsis of the budget is published in a local newspaper of general circulation. After a public hearing, the City Council may change any item in the budget (other than debt service or items required by law). A budget resolution must be adopted by the City Council prior to June 30 or as soon thereafter as is practicable.
- 3. The City utilizes the budget resolution as a budgetary control whereby City Council adopts budgets for estimated revenues and expenditures on a departmental basis for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Capital Projects Funds are budgeted on a project-length basis. Adopted budgets may be amended or superseded by action of City Council.
- 4. Appropriation control is maintained at the function level within individual funds. Appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbrances and reserved fund balances outstanding at year-end are re-appropriated in the succeeding year. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the fiscal year.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Key Pension Assumptions

Actuarial cost method – Entry age normal cost method

Amortization method and period – Level percent closed, 30 years

Inflation rate – 2.5%

Projected salary increases (per annum, compounded annually) – City and Schools' General (1.5%-5.35%), City Safety (3.5%-4.75%), Schools' Professional (3.5%-4.5%)

Investment rate of return – 7.0% per annum, compounded annually

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Other local taxes	\$	2,550,000	¢.	2,620,804	\$	70,804
Intergovernmental revenues:	Ф	2,550,000	\$	2,020,004	Ф	70,004
Commonwealth		819,000		656,514		(162,486)
Commonwealth		619,000		587.550		587,550
Revenues from use of money and property		15,500		43,587		28,087
Miscellaneous		310.000		204,476		(105,524)
Total revenues		3,694,500		4,112,931		418,431
1000.1010.000		0,00 1,000		.,2,00.		,
EXPENDITURES						
Education		20,000		-		20,000
Capital projects		14,182,430		5,105,645		9,076,785
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		2,387,534		3,186,024		(798,490)
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,587,466		2,100,120		(512,654)
Bond issuance costs		_		23,600		(23,600)
Total expenditures		18,177,430		10,415,389		7,762,041
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(14,482,930)		(6,302,458)		8,180,472
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Operating transfers in		3,711,400		3,437,400		(274,000)
Proceeds form capital leases		-		1,280,852		1,280,852
Total other financing sources		3,711,400		4,718,252		1,006,852
-						
Net change in fund balances		(10,771,530)		(1,584,206)		9,187,324
Fund balances - beginning-(Restated see Note 16)		-		15,510,379		15,510,379
Fund balances - ending	\$	(10,771,530)	\$	13,926,173	\$	24,697,703

City of Hopewell, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2016

	Re ———	ecreation Fund	De	ommunity velopment ock Grant Fund		nti-Litter Fund		Total
Assets Cash and investments	\$	136,739	\$	299,780	\$	14,476	\$	450,995
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	Ψ	1,718	Ψ	299,700	Ψ	14,470	Ψ	1,720
Due from other governments		1,710		57,510		_		57,510
Total assets	\$	138,457	\$	357,292	\$	14,476	\$	510,225
Liabilities and fund balances								
Liabilities:	_		_		_		_	
Accounts payable	\$	38,122	\$	14,186	\$	-	\$	52,308
Accrued liabilities		26,471				-		26,471
Due to other funds				343,106				343,106
Total liabilities		64,593		357,292				421,885
Fund balances:								
Assigned		73,864		-		14,476		88,340
Total fund balances		73,864		-		14,476		88,340
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	138,457	\$	357,292	\$	14,476	\$	510,225

City of Hopewell, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Recru Fu	eation nd	Comm Develo Block Fu	pment Grant		ti-Litter Fund	Total
REVENUES							
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	11,172	\$	2	\$	-	\$ 11,174
Charges for services		153,249		-	•	-	153,249
Miscellaneous		26,537		-		-	26,537
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Commonwealth		58,358		-		6,303	64,661
Federal		9,583	1	23,496		-	133,079
Total revenues	:	258,899	1	23,498		6,303	388,700
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public works		-		-		6,764	6,764
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,0	85,292		-		-	1,685,292
Community development		-	1	23,498		-	123,498
Total expenditures	1,0	685,292	1	23,498		6,764	1,815,554
Deficiency of revenues							
under expenditures	(1,	126,393)		-		(461)	 (1,426,854)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Operating transfers in	1,:	345,700		_		_	1,345,700
Total other financing sources	1,:	345,700		-		-	 1,345,700
Net change in fund balances		(80,693)		_		(461)	(81,154)
Fund balance - beginning		154,557		_		14,937	169,494
Fund balance - ending	\$	73,864	\$	-	\$	14,476	\$ 88,340
-							

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Recreation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Final Budget		Actual	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	14,400	\$	11,172	\$	(3,228)
Charges for services Miscellaneous		163,450		153,249		(10,201)
Intergovernmental revenues:		37,800		26,537		(11,263)
Commonwelath		51,500		58,358		6,858
Federal		9,000		9,583		583
Total revenues		276,150		258,899		(17,251)
EXPENDITURES Current - Parks, recreation, and cultural Total expenditures		1,839,698 1,839,698	_	1,685,292 1,685,292		154,406 154,406
Deficiency of revenues						
under expenditures		(1,563,548)		(1,426,393)		137,155
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in Total other financing sources		1,345,700 1,345,700		1,345,700 1,345,700		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances		(217,848)		(80,693)		137,155
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	(217 8/9)	\$	154,557 73,864	\$	154,557 291,712
runu balances - enuling	Φ	(217,848)	φ	73,864	Ψ	291,112

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Community Development Block Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES						
Revenues from use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues-	\$ -	\$ 2	\$	2		
Federal	460,708	123,496		(337,212)		
Total revenues	460,708	123,498		(337,210)		
EXPENDITURES						
Current -						
Community development	460,708	123,498		337,210		
Total expenditures	460,708	123,498		337,210		
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning-(Restated see Note 16)	- -	-		-		
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ 	\$	-		

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Anti-Litter Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Final Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenues -	_		_	
Commonwealth \$ 5,000	\$_	6,303	\$	1,303
Total revenues5,000		6,303		1,303
EXPENDITURES Current - Public works 5,000 Total expenditures 5,000		6,764 6,764		(1,764) (1,764)
Net change in fund balances -		(461)		(461)
Fund balances - beginning -		14,937		14,937
Fund balances - ending \$ -	\$	14,476	\$	14,476

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Ве	alance ginning of Year	A	dditions	De	ductions		alance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund:								_
Assets - Cash and cash equivalents	\$	64,151	\$	32,676	\$	45,689	\$	51,138
Liabilities - Amounts held for social services clients	\$	64,151	\$	32,676	\$	45,689	\$	51,138
	Ψ	04,101	Ψ	32,070	Ψ	+0,000	Ψ	31,130
Healthy Families Fund: Assets -								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,913	\$	202,881	\$	206,794	\$	
Liabilities - Amounts held for Healthy Family Funds	\$	3,913	\$	202,881	\$	206,794	\$	_
•	<u> </u>	3,010						
Police Evidence Fund Assets -								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,485	\$	10,068	\$	28	\$	39,525
Liabilities -								
Amounts held disposition	\$	29,485	\$	10,068	\$	28	\$	39,525
Total Agency Funds:								
Assets - Cash and cash equivalents	\$	97,549	\$	245,625	\$	252,511	\$	90,663
Liabilities -								
Amounts held for others	\$	97,549	\$	245,625	\$	252,511	\$	90,663

City of Hopewell, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2016

400570		School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund	Textbook Fund		teria Tex		í	Building and Bus placement Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,451,478	\$	1,101,258	\$	881,182	\$	328,940	\$	8,762,858		
Receivables, net of allowance	ų.	0, 10 1, 17 0	Ψ	1,101,200	Ψ	001,102	Ψ	020,010	Ψ	0,702,000		
for uncollectibles		25,351		926		_		_		26,277		
Due from other governmental units		3,269,403		132,062		_		_		3,401,465		
Inventories		-		47,028		-		-		47,028		
Total assets	\$	9,746,232	\$	1,281,274	\$	881,182	\$	328,940	\$	12,237,628		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
_iabilities:												
Accounts payable		245,396		6,239		13,852		-		265,487		
Accrued liabilities		4,344,932		95,553		-		-		4,440,485		
Due to Primary Government		5,155,904		-		-		-		5,155,904		
Unearned revenues		-		23,332		-		-		23,332		
Total liabilities		9,746,232		125,124		13,852		-		9,885,208		
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable		-		47,028		-		-		47,028		
Restricted		-		1,109,122		-		-		1,109,122		
Assigned		<u>-</u>				867,330		328,940		1,196,270		
Total fund balances		-		1,156,150		867,330		328,940		2,352,420		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,746,232	\$	1,281,274	\$	881,182	\$	328,940	\$	12,237,628		
Total fund balances per above									\$	2,352,420		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Capital assets used in governmental activities are						d in the funds						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are	not imanciai	resources and	, men	eiore, are not i	eporte	a in the lunus						
Capital assets								39,226,444		04.005.400		
Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation								14,291,341)		24,935,103		
•	nces payable,	, are not due a	nd pa	yable in the cu	ırrent p	period and,		, ,		24,935,103		
Less: accumulated depreciation Long-term liabilities, including compensated abser	nces payable,	, are not due a	nd pa	yable in the cu	ırrent p	period and,		, ,		24,935,103		
Less: accumulated depreciation ong-term liabilities, including compensated abser therefore, are not reported in the funds.	nces payable,	, are not due ai	nd pa	yable in the cu	ırrent p	period and,	\$	14,291,341)		24,935,103		
Less: accumulated depreciation ong-term liabilities, including compensated abser therefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences	nces payable,	, are not due a	nd pa	yable in the cι	ırrent p	period and,	\$	(922,392)		24,935,100		
Less: accumulated depreciation Long-term liabilities, including compensated abser therefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Net pension liability Deferred outflow - pension Deferred inflow - pension	nces payable,	are not due a	nd pa	yable in the cι	urrent p	period and,	\$	(922,392) 40,756,416)		24,935,103		
Less: accumulated depreciation Long-term liabilities, including compensated absertherefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Net pension liability Deferred outflow - pension Deferred inflow - pension OPEB obligation	nces payable,	are not due a	nd pa	yable in the cu	ırrent p	period and,	\$	(922,392) 40,756,416) 3,555,449 (3,946,030) (1,358,741)				
Less: accumulated depreciation ong-term liabilities, including compensated abser therefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Net pension liability Deferred outflow - pension Deferred inflow - pension	nces payable,	are not due a	nd pa	yable in the cu	urrent p	period and,	\$	(922,392) (40,756,416) 3,555,449 (3,946,030)		24,935,10		

City of Hopewell, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	School Operatin Fund	='	School Cafeteria Fund		Textbook Fund		Building and Bus Replacement Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES										
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	124 \$	8	\$	8	\$	9	\$	149	
Charges for services		,608	235,313		-		-		302,921	
Miscellaneous	45,	,977	-		110		-		46,087	
Intergovernmental revenues:	44.400	450							44 400 450	
Local government	14,403	,	-		-		-		14,403,458	
Commonwealth	26,386	,	39,334		296,971		-		26,722,401	
Federal	4,363		2,393,113		207.000		9		6,756,778	
Total revenues	45,266	,928_	2,667,768		297,089		9		48,231,794	
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Administration	1,368	,	-		-		-		1,368,252	
Instruction	34,573	•	-		225,787		-		34,799,213	
Operating	9,325	,250	2,480,881		-		-		11,806,131	
Capital projects			47,243				288,437		335,680	
Total expenditures	45,266	,928_	2,528,124		225,787		288,437		48,309,276	
Net change in fund balances		-	139,644		71,302		(288,428)		(77,482)	
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		<u> </u>	1,016,506		796,028		617,368		2,429,902	
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	1,156,150	\$	867,330	\$	328,940	\$	2,352,420	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental fu	unds - per above							\$	(77,482)	
Amount reported for governmental activities in the S	Statement of Activitie	es are differ	ent because:							
Governmental funds report capital outlays as exper Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over as depreciation expense. This is the amount by whi depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay, net of disposals Net change in City interest in School assets Depreciation expense	their estimated usef ch the capital outlay	ul lives and	reported			\$	987,079 1,908,361 (1,801,669)		1,093,771	
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activi financial resources and, therefore, are not reported Decrease in claims and compensated abse Increase in OPEB liability Decrease in pension activity Decrease in note payable to the Primary Go	as expenditures in g nces					\$	(272,530) (137,686) 1,309,162 110,432		1,009,378	
								_		
Change in net position of governmental activities								\$	2,025,667	

		School C	perating Fund	
	Budg Original	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES			_	
Revenues from use of money and property	\$ 20	0 \$ 200) \$ 124	\$ (76)
Charges for services	203,00	0 83,000	67,608	(15,392)
Miscellaneous	15,00	0 15,000	45,977	30,977
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Local government	16,388,88	7 16,388,887	7 14,403,458	(1,985,429)
Commonwealth	26,415,55	4 26,551,888	3 26,386,096	(165,792)
Federal	4,249,10	4,232,767	7 4,363,665	130,898
Total revenues	47,271,74	47,271,742	45,266,928	(2,004,814)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Education	44,097,22	44,097,224	42,145,394	1,951,830
Debt service	3,174,5	8 3,174,518	3,121,534	52,984
Total expenditures	47,271,74	2 47,271,742	45,266,928	2,004,814
Net change in fund balance		_	_	_
Fund balance - beginning, as restated		_	-	_
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	\$ -
i dila balance chang	Ψ	Ψ		Ψ

				School Caf	eteria	Fund		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual		riance with nal Budget Positive
REVENUES		rigiliai		Filiai	_	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	600	\$	600	\$	8	\$	(592)
Charges for services	Φ	521,850	Φ	261,850	Φ	235,313	φ	(26,537)
Intergovernmental revenues:		321,030		201,000		200,010		(20,337)
Commonwealth		52,660		52,660		39,334		(13,326)
Federal		1,627,488		1,887,488		2,393,113		505,625
Total revenues		2,202,598		2,202,598		2,667,768		465,170
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education		2,512,368		2,649,368		2,189,869		459,499
Operations and maintenance		542,722		418,222		291,012		127,210
Capital projects		87,823		75,323		47,243		28,080
Total expenditures		3,142,913		3,142,913		2,528,124		614,789
Net change in fund balance		(940,315)		(940,315)		139,644		1,079,959
Fund balance - beginning						1,016,506		1,016,506
Fund balance - ending	_\$	(940,315)	\$	(940,315)	\$	1,156,150	\$	2,096,465

				School Tex	tbook	Fund		
	 ,	Budgeted Original	l Amo	unts Final		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES								,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Revenues from use of money and property Miscellaneous Intergovernmental revenues -	\$	200	\$	200	\$	8 110	\$	(192) 110
Commonwealth		295,545		295,545		296,971		1,426
Total revenues		295,745		295,745		297,089		1,344
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Education		650,000		650,000		225,787		424,213
Total expenditures		650,000	_	650,000		225,787		424,213
Net change in find belongs		(254.255)		(254.255)		71,302		40E EE7
Net change in fund balance Fund balance - beginning		(354,255)		(354,255)		71,302		425,557 796,028
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	\$	(354,255)	\$	(354,255)	\$	867,330	\$	1,221,585
i dila balanco origing	<u> </u>	(00 7,200)	Ψ	(00 7,200)	Ψ	337,000	Ψ	1,221,000

		Building and Bus	Replacement Fund	<u> </u>
	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Revenues from use of money and property	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 9	\$ (291)
Total revenues	300	300	9	(291)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital projects:				
Capital outlay	290,000	290,000	288,437	1,563
Total expenditures	290,000	290,000	288,437	1,563
•	·			,
Net change in fund balances	(289,700)	(289,700)	(288,428)	1,272
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	(289,700)	(209,700)	617,368	617,368
Fund balances - beginning, as restated Fund balances - ending	\$ (289,700)	\$ (289,700)	\$ 328,940	\$ 618,640
i una balances - enumg	\$ (209,100)	ψ (209,700)	Ψ 320,940	Ψ 010,040

Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - Children's Services Act Board June 30, 2016

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 1,032,758
Interest receivable	3
Due from other governmental units	591,053
Due from primary government	54,663
Total assets	\$ 1,678,477
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 218,304
Accrued liabilities	2,952
Due to the Commonweath of Virginia	 1,457,221
Total liabilities	1,678,477
Fund balances:	
Unassigned	
Total fund balance	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,678,477

Exhibit 31

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Discretely Presented Component Unit - Children's Services Act Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES	
Miscellaneous	\$ 67,803
Intergovernmental revenues:	
Local government	805,003
Commonwealth	1,733,507
Federal	58,965
Total revenues	2,665,278
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Health and welfare	2,665,278
Total expenditures	 2,665,278
Excess of revenues over expenditures	
Net change in fund balance	_
Fund balance - beginning	_
Fund balance - ending	\$ _

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual Recreation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Revenues from local sources:			
Revenues from use of money and property:	A 44.400	A 44.470	4 (0.000)
Revenue from the use of property	\$ 14,400	\$ 11,172	\$ (3,228)
Total revenues from use of money and property	14,400	11,172	(3,228)
Charges for services -			
Charges for services	163,450	153,249	(10,201)
Total charges for services	163,450	153,249	(10,201)
· ·	<u> </u>	·	
Miscellaneous revenues:			
Donations	33,000	6,821	(26,179)
Miscellaneous refunds and grants	4,800	19,716	14,916
Total miscellaneous revenues	37,800	26,537	(11,263)
Total revenues from local sources	215,650	190,958	(24,692)
Revenue from the Commonwealth			
Other state aid	51,500	58,358	6,858
Revenue from the federal government			
Categorical aid -			
Summer feeding program	9,000	9,583	583
Total categorical aid	9,000	9,583	583
Total revenues from the federal government	9,000	9,583	583
Total revenues	\$ 276,150	\$ 258,899	\$ (17,251)
Expenditures:			
Parks, recreation, and cultural:			
Parks and recreation:			
Recreation centers and playgrounds	\$ 585,940	\$ 577,139	\$ 8,801
Community division	197,838	117,356	80,482
Athletics division	163,177	161,241	1,936
Seniors' division	152,769	149,472	3,297
Pool center	213,540	221,423	(7,883)
Parks	450,070	408,578	41,492
Marina	34,400	12,998	21,402
Grants	41,964	37,085	4,879
Total parks and recreation	1,839,698	1,685,292	154,406
Total expenditures	\$ 1,839,698	\$ 1,685,292	\$ 154,406

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Revenues from other governments -						
Commonwealth	\$	819,000	\$	656,514	\$	(162,486)
Federal		-		587,550		587,550
Total revenues from other governments		819,000		1,244,064		425,064
Local sources -						
Other local taxes:						
Hotel and motel room taxes		700,000		784,620		84,620
Restaurant food taxes		1,850,000		1,836,184		(13,816)
Total other local taxes		2,550,000		2,620,804		70,804
Revenues from use of money and property -						
Revenue from the use of money		15,500		43,587		28,087
Total revenues from use of money and property		15,500		43,587		28,087
Miscellaneous revenues -						
Other miscellaneous		310,000		204,476		(105,524)
Total miscellaneous revenues		310,000		204,476		(105,524)
Total revenue from local sources		2,875,500		2,868,867		(6,633)
Total revenues	\$	3,694,500	\$	4,112,931	\$	418,431
Expenditures						
Education	\$	20,000	\$	_	\$	20,000
Capital Projects:	Ψ	20,000	Ψ		Ψ	20,000
Equipment		10,205,574		3,801,709		6,403,865
Parks and recreation		362,563		85,989		276,574
Economic development		285,000		310,513		(25,513)
Other projects		292,507		274,029		18,478
Streets, curbs, and gutters		3,036,786		633,405		2,403,381
Total capital projects		14,182,430		5,105,645		9,076,785
Debt Service:						
Principal retirement		2,387,534		3,186,024		(798,490)
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,587,466		2,100,120		(512,654)
Bond issuance costs		<u> </u>		23,600		(23,600)
Total debt service		3,975,000		5,309,744		(1,334,744)
Total expenditures	\$	18,177,430	\$	10,415,389	\$	7,762,041

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fund, Major, and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:				
School Operating Fund:				
Revenues from local sources:				
Revenues from use of money and property -				
Revenues from the use of money	\$ 200	\$ 200	\$ 124	\$ (76)
Charges for services -				
Charges for education	203,000	83,000	67,608	(15,392)
Miscellaneous revenues -				
Other miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	45,977	30,977
Total revenues from local sources	218,200	98,200	113,709	15,509
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Revenues from local governments -				
Contribution from the City of Hopewell, Virginia	16,388,887	16,388,887	11,408,787	(4,980,100)
Contribution from the City of Hopewell, Virginia - Debt Service			2,994,671	2,994,671
Total revenues from local governments	16,388,887	16,388,887	14,403,458	(1,985,429)
Revenues from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Share of state sales tax	3,917,715	3,917,715	3,938,961	21,246
Basic school aid	12,718,917	12,853,917	12,858,872	4,955
ISAEP	15,717	15,717	15,717	-
Remedial summer education	109,742	120,742	129,458	8,716
Regular foster care	- 42.404	11,600	11,669	69
Special education foster care	13,404	13,404	12,817	(587)
Homebound education Gifted and talented	16,547 143,893	19,547	19,716 145,060	169 67
Remedial education	1,013,371	144,993 1,021,571	1,021,591	20
Special education	1,693,034	1,706,034	1,706,766	732
Vocational	6,659	7,359	7,370	11
Vocational Vocational education	220,431	221,931	222,219	288
Social security fringe benefits	857,233	863,733	864,185	452
Retirement fringe benefits	1,693,034	1,706,534	1,706,766	232
Group life insurance benefits	55,108	55,608	55,555	(53)
Early reading intervention	139,198	139,198	136,756	(2,442)
At-risk payments	1,166,581	1,176,181	1,176,204	23
Primary class size	1,365,921	1,348,755	1,348,755	-
At-risk four year olds	753,256	666,256	665,453	(803)
Education technology	326,000	326,000	-	(326,000)
Standards of Learning algebra readiness	97,572	97,572	97,572	-
Mentor teacher program	5,195	5,195	5,882	687
English as a second language	87,026	102,326	102,327	1
Summer Cybercamp	-	-	62,500	62,500
School Security Equipment Grant	-	-	65,637	65,637
Career Switcher New Teacher	-	-	2,000	2,000
STEM Recruitment	-	-	1,000	1,000
Industry certification costs Total categorical aid	26,415,554	10,000 26,551,888	5,288 26,386,096	(4,712) (165,792)
Total revenues from the Commonwealth	\$ 26,415,554	\$ 26,551,888	\$ 26,386,096	\$ (165,792)
Total revenues from the Commonwealth	Ψ 20,410,004	Ψ 20,001,000	Ψ 20,300,090	ψ (105,192)

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fund, Major, and Minor Revenue Source	 Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual	Fir	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenue from the federal government:						
Categorical aid:						
Title I	\$ 1,524,894	\$ 1,063,560	\$	1,248,678	\$	185,118
Impact Aid	20,000	20,000		19,863		(137)
Special Ed	929,907	929,907		923,359		(6,548)
Vocational Education	87,541	87,541		93,363		5,822
Title II	208,604	168,604		209,211		40,607
Title III	25,000	15,000		16,703		1,703
E-Rate Funds	70,000	60,000		54,421		(5,579)
Head Start	1,208,655	1,708,655		1,427,640		(281,015)
JROTC	59,500	64,500		68,310		3,810
School Improvement Grant	115,000	115,000		302,117		187,117
Total categorical aid	 4,249,101	4,232,767		4,363,665		130,898
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 4,249,101	\$ 4,232,767	\$	4,363,665	\$	130,898
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 47,271,742	\$ 47,271,742	\$	45,266,928	\$	(2,004,814)
School Cafeteria Fund: Revenues from local sources: Revenues from use of money and property Revenue from the use of money	\$ 600	\$ 600	\$	8	\$	(592)
Charges for services -						
Cafeteria sales	 521,850	 261,850		235,313		(26,537)
Total revenues from local sources	 522,450	 262,450		235,321		(27,129)
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid -						
School food program grant	 52,660	 52,660		39,334		(13,326)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:						
School food program grant	1,627,488	1,887,488		2,247,881		360,393
USDA commodities Total categorical aid	 1,627,488	 1,887,488		145,232 2,393,113	-	145,232 505,625
· ·	 		-			
Total revenues from the federal government	 1,627,488	 1,887,488		2,393,113		505,625
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 2,202,598	\$ 2,202,598	\$	2,667,768	\$	465,170

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fund, Major, and Minor Revenue Source	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	Fir	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Textbook Fund:					
Revenues from use of money and property -					
Revenues from the use of money	\$ 200	\$ 200	\$ 8	\$	(192)
Total revenues from use of money and property	 200	200	8		(192)
Miscellaneous revenues -					
Other miscellaneous	 	_	 110		110
Total miscellaneous revenues	 -	 -	 110		110
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenues from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid -					
Textbook funds	295,545	295,545	296,971		1,426
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	295,545	295,545	 296,971		1,426
Total School Textbook Fund	\$ 295,745	\$ 295,745	\$ 297,089	\$	1,344
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Capital Projects Fund Building and Bus Replacement Fund					
Revenues from use of money and property:					
Revenues from the use of money	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 9	\$	(291)
Total revenues from use of money and property	 300	300	9		(291)
Total Building and Bus Replacement Fund	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 9	\$	(291)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 49,770,385	\$ 49,770,385	\$ 48,231,794	\$	(1,538,591)

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board School Operating Fund								
Education:								
Administration of schools -	_		_		_			
Administration	\$	1,419,997	\$	1,461,569	\$	1,368,252	\$	93,317
Total administration of schools		1,419,997		1,461,569		1,368,252		93,317
Instruction costs:								
Compensation		33,387,805		32,049,063		31,059,319		989,744
Supplies		1,055,358		1,416,220		1,333,681		82,539
Equipment		539,651		754,040		710,552		43,488
Purchased services		1,225,681		1,630,880		1,469,874		161,006
Total instruction costs		36,208,495		35,850,203		34,573,426		1,276,777
Operating costs:								
Attendance and health services		841.536		988,067		947,042		41,026
Pupil transportation		1,262,695		1,524,361		1,340,884		183,478
Operation and maintenance of school plant		4,364,501		4,273,024		3,915,790		357,234
Total operating costs		6,468,732		6,785,452		6,203,716		581,738
Total education		44,097,224		44,097,224		42,145,394		1,951,832
Debt service		3,174,518		3,174,518		3,121,534		52,984
Total School Operating Fund	\$	47,271,742	\$	47,271,742	\$	45,266,928	\$	2,004,816
Total School Operating Fund	Ψ	47,271,742	Ψ	47,271,742	Ψ	43,200,920	Ψ	2,004,010
School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services -	•	0.540.000	•	0.040.000	Φ.	0.400.000	•	450 400
Administration of school food program Total education	\$	2,512,368 2,512,368	\$	2,649,368 2,649,368	\$	2,189,869 2,189,869	\$	459,499 459,499
Total education		2,512,506		2,049,300		2,109,009		459,499
Operations:								
Repair and replacement of equipment		484,844		353,644		260,455		93,189
Other		57,878		64,578		30,557		34,021
Total Operations and Maintenance		542,722		418,222		291,012		127,210
Capital project expenditures -								
Capital projects		87,823		75,323		47,243		28,080
Total capital projects		87,823		75,323		47,243		28,080
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	3,142,913	\$	3,142,913	\$	2,528,124	\$	614,789
T 4 1 5 1								
Textbook Fund:								
Education:	•	050 000	•	050,000	•	005 707	Φ.	404.040
Instruction Total education	\$	650,000 650,000	\$	650,000 650,000	\$	225,787 225,787	\$	424,213 424,213
Total education		650,000		650,000		225,767		424,213
Total School Textbook Fund	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$	225,787	\$	424,213
Capital Projects Fund: Building and Bus Replacement Fund Education:								
Capital project expenditures: Other project costs	\$	290,000	\$	290,000	\$	288,437	\$	1,563
Total capital projects	Ψ	290,000	Ψ	290,000	Ψ	288,437	Ψ	1,563
Total Building and Bus Replacement Fund	\$		•		•		•	
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board		290,000	\$	290,000	\$	288,437	\$	1,563
Total Discretely Fresented Component Unit - School Board	\$	51,354,655	\$	51,354,655	\$	48,309,276	\$	3,045,381

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section of the City of Hopewell, Virginia's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report provides readers with additional detailed information as a context to assist in understanding what the information in the financial statements, accompanying notes, and required supplementary information indicates about the City's economic condition over an extended period of time. Information is presented in the following five categories:

	<u>Table</u>
Financial trends information Financial trends information is intended to help the reader understand and assess how the City's financial position has changed over time.	1 to 4
Revenue capacity information Revenue capacity information is intended to help the reader understand and access the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	5 to 8
Debt capacity information Debt capacity information is intended to help the reader understand and assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	9 to 11
Demographic and economic information Demographic and economic information is intended to help the reader understand the socioeconomic environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	12 to 14
Operating information Operating information is intended to provide information about the City's services and capital asset resources to help the reader understand how the information in the financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	15 to 16

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City of Hopewell, Virginia

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	 2007		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	 2015	2016
Government activities:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,080,980	\$	2,846,179	\$ (5,421,549)	\$ 2,462,560	\$ 409,366	\$ 2,934,686	\$ 8,237,548	\$ 9,806,936	\$ 15,515,897	\$ 42,341,331
Restricted	1,238,289		983,265	11,016,079	1,054,321	1,024,445	469,962	472,833	464,911	400,000	-
Unrestricted	 29,341,147		25,589,865	20,864,117	22,001,951	21,485,263	20,049,644	20,446,091	17,328,832	 (698,824)	(27,874,350)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 31,660,416	\$	29,419,309	\$ 26,458,647	\$ 25,518,832	\$ 22,919,074	\$ 23,454,292	\$ 29,156,472	\$ 27,600,679	\$ 15,217,073	\$ 14,466,981
Business-Type activities:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,001,382	\$	379,108	\$ (1,881,277)	\$ 833,056	\$ 3,522,077	\$ 4,439,464	\$ 5,573,075	\$ 11,156,352	\$ 31,226,996	\$ 70,349,924
Restricted	395,641	•	395,641	395,641	395,641	395,641	502,351	-	, , , -	-	2,928,418
Unrestricted	 20,590,674		21,410,651	21,695,483	20,822,720	20,539,183	24,658,155	25,967,344	21,645,447	 21,759,463	24,913,689
Total Business-Type activities net position	\$ 22,987,697	\$	22,185,400	\$ 20,209,847	\$ 22,051,417	\$ 24,456,901	\$ 29,599,970	\$ 31,540,419	\$ 32,801,799	\$ 52,986,459	\$ 98,192,031
Primary Government:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,082,362	\$	3,225,287	\$ (7,302,826)	\$ 3,295,616	\$ 3,931,443	\$ 7,374,150	\$ 13,810,623	\$ 20,963,288	\$ 46,742,893	\$ 112,691,255
Restricted	1,633,930		1,378,906	11,411,720	1,449,962	1,420,086	972,313	472,833	464,911	400,000	2,928,418
Unrestricted	 49,931,821		47,000,516	42,559,600	42,824,671	42,024,446	44,707,799	46,413,435	38,974,279	 21,060,639	(2,960,661)
Total Primary Government net position	\$ 54,648,113	\$	51,604,709	\$ 46,668,494	\$ 47,570,249	\$ 47,375,975	\$ 53,054,262	\$ 60,696,891	\$ 60,402,478	\$ 68,203,532	\$ 112,659,012

City of Hopewell, Virginia

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

_	 2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses										
Government activities:										
General government	\$ 3,375,486 \$								7,471,201 \$	
Judicial administration	1,778,649	1,959,936	2,115,285	2,084,915	1,643,680	2,107,894	2,217,984	2,598,072	2,810,211	2,694,035
Public safety	12,332,692	12,594,747	13,815,831	12,847,039	10,761,188	11,841,600	11,720,652	14,012,598	16,464,074	14,031,657
Public works	1,772,710	4,720,713	5,032,124	4,705,675	5,338,658	4,203,248	711,805	1,540,362	3,227,810	5,794,089
Health and welfare	5,322,346	5,764,789	6,082,016	5,486,078	5,514,230	5,548,091	5,259,409	5,363,582	5,532,202	5,899,170
Education	12,264,674	12,419,569	12,641,913	14,587,637	15,960,520	14,701,888	13,675,250	13,266,424	15,202,676	13,995,712
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,342,189	2,893,300	2,771,191	2,396,107	1,187,879	2,311,175	2,462,345	2,530,959	2,408,566	2,421,366
Community development	947,666	1,097,051	1,426,189	1,499,806	2,885,797	735,236	729,140	896,763	868,640	2,323,189
Interest on long-term debt	1,810,935	1,623,712	1,942,319	1,624,907	2,228,636	1,836,461	1,655,027	1,325,884	2,608,205	2,252,111
Total governmental activities expenses	41,947,347	46,429,126	48,832,118	49,692,517	51,625,534	51,589,166	46,913,985	51,133,019	56,593,585	54,476,812
Business-Type activities:										
Public utilities	 16,961,532	17,697,147	21,188,607	17,709,774	16,348,442	16,193,605	18,163,995	21,114,290	23,816,770	21,303,229
Total Primary Government expenses	 58,908,879	64,126,273	70,020,725	67,402,291	67,973,976	67,782,771	65,077,980	72,247,309	80,410,355	75,780,041
Program Revenues										
Government activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government administration	-	201,555	-	1,991	7,620	3,913	4,464	3,718	-	395,800
Judicial administration	82,948	200,543	362,032	26,273	31,532	35,492	37,325	66,938	58,951	53,913
Public Safety	549,021	293,746	454,764	414,833	463,133	580,930	534,761	555,568	541,987	520,413
Public Works	-	-	_	-	19	1	3	7	-	_
Parks, recreation and cultural	141,640	177,568	102,269	308,350	296,931	253,921	245,420	198,885	145,507	153,249
Community development	-	-	- , <u>-</u>	78,193	70,194	58,448	51,959	82,410	_	-
Operating grants and contributions	9,801,482	10,170,554	10,925,941	10,089,840	10,569,646	10,125,073	10,227,954	9,987,193	10,615,538	11,244,004
Capital grants and contributions	-	262,809	197,033	380,537	361,697	2,400,955	481,634	316,105	245,093	593,982
Total governmental activities program revenues	 10,575,091	11,306,775	12,042,039	11,300,017	11,800,772	13,458,733	11,583,520	11,210,824	11,607,076	12,961,361
Business-Type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Public utilities	16,219,446	16,017,671	18,808,470	18,400,410	18,537,642	17,775,706	18,358,264	22,385,729	21,134,708	27,574,838
Operating grants and contributions	-	33,661	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,906,801
Capital grants and contributions	_	-	_	513,084	82,284	3,100,000	1,160,000	_	23,492,801	13,305,001
Total Business-Type activities program revenues	16,219,446	16,051,332	18,808,470	18,913,494	18,619,926	20,875,706	19,518,264	22,385,729	44,627,509	62,786,640
Total Primary Government program revenues	 26,794,537	27,358,107	30,850,509	30,213,511	30,420,698	34,334,439	31,101,784	33,596,553	56,234,585	75,748,001
Net (expense) / revenue:										
Governmental activities	(31,372,256)	(35,122,351)	(36,790,079)	(38,392,500)	(39,824,762)	(38,130,433)	(35,330,465)	(39,922,195)	(44,986,509)	(41,515,451)
Business-Type activities	 (742,086)	(1,645,815)	(2,380,137)	1,203,720	2,271,484	4,682,101	1,354,269	1,271,439	20,810,739	41,483,411
Total Primary Government net expense	\$ (32,114,342) \$	(36,768,166)	\$ (39,170,216) \$	(37,188,780) \$	(37,553,278)	\$ (33,448,332) \$	(33,976,196)	\$ (38,650,756) \$	(24,175,770) \$	(32,040)

City of Hopewell, Virginia Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 General Revenues and other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes \$ 23,466,018 \$ 21,003,914 \$ 23,548,847 \$ 24,953,126 \$ 24,183,723 \$ 24,250,333 \$ 25,324,405 \$ 25,585,445 \$ 29,559,595 \$ 31,221,372 Property taxes Local sales and use taxes 1,992,012 1,872,972 1,752,105 1,904,436 1,866,495 1,921,273 1,989,128 2,048,011 1,960,808 2,075,150 Consumer utility taxes 914,129 665,210 349,751 350,230 376,118 347,966 348,009 389,249 379,052 355,950 Business licenses taxes 1.537.086 1,621,535 1,671,362 1,871,513 1,766,087 1,568,560 1,738,831 1,773,174 1,756,407 1,844,640 3,184,311 3,970,017 4,212,375 5,345,796 6,583,703 6,331,024 6,166,649 6,208,306 6,000,284 Other local taxes 5,754,161 1,801,786 1,618,030 1,768,999 Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,407,833 1,534,464 1,618,030 1,968,030 1,628,873 Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property 2,033,562 1,768,070 593,272 127,687 154,399 98,440 110,552 78,461 93,151 121,552 1,000,000 Gain on disposal of capital assets Interest rate subsidy 363.750 Miscellaneous 266,383 266,593 167,241 1,281,867 1,142,241 1,927,346 1,736,852 1,620,797 1,478,801 1,594,945 Loss on debt refunding 2,127,083 (66,495)Transfers (407, 326)502,000 Total governmental activities 35,195,287 33,576,144 33,829,417 37,452,685 37,225,004 38,665,651 39,289,246 38,842,093 44,075,400 43,236,994 Business-Type activities: Transfers 66,495 407,326 (502,000)Miscellaneous 216,311 811,486 Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property 951,842 843,518 404,584 36,210 134,000 460,967 303,374 247,297 268,690 318,470 Total Business-Type activities 951.842 843,518 36,210 134.000 460,967 586,180 676.016 556,783 318,470 404,584 **Total Primary Government** 36,147,129 34,419,662 34,234,001 37,488,895 37,359,004 39,126,618 39,875,426 39,518,109 44,632,183 43,555,464 Special item - loss on capital contributed (1,160,000)Change in Net Position: Governmental activities 3,823,031 (1,546,207)(2,960,662)(939,815)(2,599,758)535,218 2,798,781 (1,080,102)(911,109)1,721,543 Business-Type activities 209.756 (802, 297)(1,975,553)1.239.930 2.405.484 5.143.068 1.940.449 1.947.455 21,367,522 41,801,881

300,115 \$

(194,274) \$

5,678,286 \$

4,739,230 \$

867,353 \$ 20,456,413 \$ 43,523,424

4,032,787 \$ (2,348,504) \$ (4,936,215) \$

Total Primary Government

City of Hopewell, Virginia Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2007	2008	2009	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
General Fund:																
Reserved	\$ 2,145,977	\$ 1,305,385	\$ 1,085,023	\$ 1,146,496												
Unreserved	10,681,284	10,508,586	9,484,371	10,168,180	-											
Total General Fund	\$ 12,827,261	\$ 11,813,971	\$ 10,569,394	\$ 11,314,676	=											
All other governmental funds:																
Reserved	\$ 3,553,176	\$ 1,116,638	\$ 55,109	\$ 35,436												
Unreserved, reported in: Special Revenue Funds	221,901	228,810	157,004	346,795												
Capital Projects Funds	15,342,304	12,321,255	20,995,610	22,131,546												
Capital Frojects Fullus	13,342,304	12,021,200	20,995,010	22,131,340	_											
Total all other Governmental funds	\$ 19,117,381	\$ 13,666,703	\$ 21,207,723	\$ 22,513,777	=											
General Fund:					•	050.070	•	404.000	•	507.740	•	500.040	•	400.005	•	04.744
Nonspendable Restricted					\$	352,873	\$	484,090	\$	507,710	\$	506,019	\$	463,095	Ф	61,714
Committed						_		_		_		_		_		887,776
Assigned						7,433,145		7,185,036		7,185,036		7,577,377		8,129,327		7,000,776
Unassigned						4,355,131		4,084,446		6,110,082		3,294,763		2,231,581		6,620,773
Total General Fund					\$	12,141,149	\$	11,753,572	\$	13,802,828	\$	11,378,159	\$	10,824,003	\$	14,571,039
All other Governmental funds:																
Nonspendable					\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	6,199,005	\$	1,495,273
Restricted						10,098,751		5,789,508		5,789,508		5,789,508		8,941,242		9,775,518
Committed						-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned						14,338,352		8,694,433		7,758,080		15,633,457		5,290,631		2,743,722
Unassigned						(248)	- —	(247)						-		-
Total all other Governmental funds					\$	24,436,855	\$	14,483,694	\$	13,547,588	\$	21,422,965	\$	20,430,878	\$	14,014,513

Note: Fiscal years 2007 through 2010 have not been restated per GASB 54.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues:	2007	2006	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General property taxes	\$ 22,262,298	\$ 24,259,295	\$22,831,071	\$27,157,780	\$23,818,310	\$ 23,481,976	\$ 26,459,832	\$ 25,308,595	\$ 29,022,830	\$31,060,801
Other local taxes	7,627,538	8,129,734	7,985,593	8,405,033	8,494,183	8,425,201	8,707,937	8,595,179	8,311,898	8,920,395
Permits, privilege fees/regulatory licenses	204,618	206,454	135,509	352,348	31,956	41,144	42,889	105,139	230,893	205,552
Fines and Forfeitures	69,921	155,217	282,130	714,594	1,288,030	1,866,202	1,544,560	1,561,049	1,545,064	1,173,179
Revenue from use of money and property	2,033,562	1.407.833	593.272	349.168	369.081	293.153	275.553	220.657	93.151	121.551
Charges for services	499,070	511,741	501,426	536,670	587,937	680,400	662,134	684,206	746,445	740,875
Miscellaneous	271,236	266,593	167,241	471,399	227,644	1,148,605	2,323,369	2,083,113	1,370,570	1,594,944
Recovered costs	824,000	823,000	872,000	872,000	884,500	884,500	884.500	884,500	382,500	382,500
Intergovernmental	11,603,268	10,583,403	12,657,438	12,096,593	12,485,977	14,502,537	12,491,935	11,938,140	10,751,111	11,837,987
-										
Total revenues	45,395,511	46,343,270	46,025,680	50,955,585	48,187,618	51,323,718	53,392,709	51,380,578	52,454,462	56,037,784
Expenditures:										
General government administration	3,207,029	3,471,465	3,555,998	3,529,854	2,836,083	2,946,336	3,038,151	3,887,357	4,034,781	4,542,624
Judicial administration	1,500,445	1,707,438	1,724,389	1,765,448	1,603,353	1,839,894	1,916,116	2,347,692	2,582,149	2,400,080
Public safety	11,715,197	12,235,866	12,549,248	12,864,356	10,220,079	11,107,197	10,966,050	13,363,832	13,545,791	13,624,877
Public works	3,682,520	4,161,179	4,248,535	3,953,139	3,414,050	3,468,258	3,570,454	3,927,276	4,296,811	4,411,354
Health and welfare	5,198,729	5,577,319	5,673,538	5,470,641	5,514,230	5,442,824	5,154,545	5,259,251	5,465,334	5,772,564
Education	9,800,130	10,507,034	11,045,621	15,691,522	20,957,047	21,060,268	11,102,916	10,787,674	14,301,637	11,408,787
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,255,777	2,302,038	2,300,336	2,083,326	2,080,477	2,273,806	2,114,530	2,165,055	2,246,089	2,275,373
Community development	978,544	1,078,552	1,003,857	1,040,742	793,509	657,839	718,234	889,540	868,628	1,037,926
Nondepartmental	903,500	968,612	864,074	1,025,073	5,075,563	4,866,933	5,153,440	1,056,007	1,563,876	1,284,415
Capital projects	10,846,799	3,823,661	1,837,201	1,098,458	4,167,481	3,552,164	3,003,770	4,190,524	5,618,260	5,105,645
Debt service:	-,,	-,,-	, , -	,,	, - , -	-, , -	-,,	,,-	-,,	-,,-
Principle	2,379,916	2,513,941	3,648,595	1,390,172	4,155,218	1,696,274	2,510,773	5,456,424	2,248,464	3,186,024
Interest	1,980,517	2,975,833	1,610,185	1,793,289	2,779,947	2,752,663	2,964,085	3,052,165	2,655,885	2,123,720
Total expenditures	54,449,103	51,322,938	50,061,577	51,706,020	63,597,037	61,664,456	52,213,064	56,382,797	59,427,705	57,173,389
·										
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(9,053,592)	(4,979,668)	(4,035,897)	(750,435)	(15,409,419)	(10,340,738)	1,179,645	(5,002,219)	(6,973,243)	(1,135,605)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfer in	4,369,935	3,636,893	3,401,401	6,199,463	3,986,103	3,493,901	4,688,553	6,663,226	5,601,896	5,217,372
Transfer out	(4,369,935)	(3,636,893)	(3,401,401)	(6,199,463)	(3,986,103)	(3,493,901)	(4,755,048)	(7,070,552)	(5,099,896)	(5,217,372)
Refunding bonds issued	-	18,210,000	2,155,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds issued	-	-	10,000,000	-	17,715,000	-	-	10,860,253	19,210,000	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	303,340	2,801,771	80,220	-	-	-	-	-
Refunded bonds redeemed	_	(20,000,000)	(2,126,000)	-	-	_	_	-	(14,285,000)	-
Capital lease proceeds	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	1,280,852
Interest rate subsidy	_	-	_	_	363,750	_	_	-	_	-
Sale of capital assets	_	1,000,000	_	_	· -	_	_	-	_	-
Total other financing sources (uses), net		(790,000)	10,332,340	2,801,771	18,158,970	-	(66,495)	10,452,927	5,427,000	1,280,852
Net change in fund balances	\$ (9,053,592)	\$ (5,769,668)	\$ 6,296,443	\$ 2,051,336	\$ 2,749,551	\$ (10,340,738)	\$ 1,113,150	\$ 5,450,708	\$ (1,546,243)	\$ 145,247
Debt service as a percentage	0.0001	44.400/	10.0101	0.0001	44	7.000/	44 7004	45 7004	0.4101	10.0001
of noncapital expenditures	9.60%	11.10%	10.61%	6.29%	11.77%	7.66%	11.70%	15.70%	9.11%	10.20%

City of Hopewell, Virginia Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Property Direct Tax Rate	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property Direct Tax Rate	Personal Property	M & T Property Direct Tax Rate	Machinery and Tools	Public Service	Total Direct Rate	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2016	\$ 1.13	\$ 1,525,757,500	\$ 3.50	\$ 135,036,571	\$ 3.05	\$ 242,698,071	\$ 383,685,396	\$ 1.47	\$ 2,287,177,538	\$ 2,275,741,650	100.50%
2015	1.13	1,523,579,400	3.50	135,036,571	3.05	229,392,148	366,038,913	1.47	2,254,047,032	2,242,776,797	100.50%
2014	1.08	1,515,543,600	3.50	108,045,354	3.05	175,948,856	351,700,185	1.36	2,151,237,995	2,140,481,805	100.50%
2013	1.08	1,500,249,500	3.50	108,045,354	3.05	154,636,072	351,556,622	1.35	2,114,487,548	2,103,915,110	100.50%
2012	1.02	1,330,768,380	3.50	122,695,512	3.05	131,032,392	331,805,550	1.32	1,916,301,834	1,906,720,325	100.50%
2011	0.99	1,359,312,700	3.50	129,530,486	3.05	179,114,467	344,749,605	1.33	2,012,707,258	2,002,643,728	100.50%
2010	0.99	1,357,143,000	3.05	128,089,039	3.05	142,657,510	344,073,128	1.27	1,971,962,677	1,932,523,430	102.04%
2009	0.96	1,338,397,100	3.05	113,630,555	3.05	140,866,828	344,073,128	1.23	1,936,967,611	1,898,228,265	102.04%
2008	1.09	1,145,283,664	3.05	127,665,229	3.05	119,046,593	308,044,862	1.37	1,700,412,530	1,649,400,154	103.09%
2007	1.09	1,122,108,000	3.05	124,658,770	3.05	129,341,114	324,304,640	1.38	1,700,412,524	1,683,408,399	101.01%

Source: Commissioner of Revenue for the City. Assessed values for Public Service are established by the State Corporation Commission and include both real estate and personal property values.

⁽¹⁾ Real Estate assessed value includes both residential and commercial values, a breakdown is currently not available.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Direct Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

								Public L	Itility	
Fiscal Year			Personal Property(2)		Machinery and Tools		Real Estate		Personal Property	al Direct ate (3)
2007	\$	1.09	\$	3.05	\$	3.05	\$	1.09	3.05	\$ 1.38
2008		1.09		3.05		3.05		1.09	3.05	1.37
2009		0.96		3.05		3.05		0.96	3.05	1.23
2010		0.99		3.50		3.05		0.99	3.50	1.27
2011		0.99		3.50		3.05		0.99	3.50	1.33
2012		1.02		3.50		3.05		1.02	3.50	1.32
2013		1.08		3.50		3.05		1.08	3.50	1.35
2014		1.11		3.50		3.05		1.08	3.50	1.36
2015		1.13		3.50		3.05		1.02	3.50	1.47
2016		1.13		3.50		3.05		1.02	3.50	1.47

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

⁽²⁾ Personal property taxes are applied to the National Automobile Dealers Association (NADA) loan value.

⁽³⁾ Weighted average for tax levy.

The City of Hopewell has no overlapping taxes.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and the Period Nine Years Prior

	Fiscal Y	ear 2016	Fiscal Yea	r 2007
Taxpayer	 2015 Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation	 2006 Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
Virginia Electric & Power Company / Dominion Virginia Power	\$ 137,663,435	6.64%	\$ 44,279,948	2.93%
Honeywell International	127,901,233	6.17%	111,311,315	7.37%
Rock Tenn / Alliance Division (1)	123,881,994	5.97%	74,254,431	4.92%
Columbia HCA / John Randolph Hospital	91,942,630	4.43%	106,910,032	7.08%
Hopewell Cogentric Limited Partnership	81,183,738	3.91%	126,817,509	8.40%
Future Fuels	66,561,608	3.21%	-	0.00%
Ashland, Inc. / Aqualon Company (3)	57,924,969	2.79%	38,203,071	2.53%
Evoniks Industries (2)	46,188,231	2.23%	64,762,185	4.29%
Virginia American Water Company	40,113,770	1.93%	19,122,787	1.27%
James River Genco LLC	 27,763,665	1.34%	 44,712,820	2.96%
Total of Principal Property Taxpayers	\$ 801,125,273	38.62%	\$ 630,374,098	41.75%
Grand Total of All Taxpayers	\$ 2,074,142,382		\$ 1,509,735,580	

⁽¹⁾ In 2007, Rock Tenn was Stone Container.

Sources: (a) Debra K. Reason, Commissioner of Revenue

⁽²⁾ In 2007, Evoniks Industries was Goldschmidt Chemical Corp.

⁽³⁾ In 2007, Ashland, Inc. was Aqualon Company.

⁽b) Patrizia Waggoner, Real Estate Assessor

City of Hopewell, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy **Total Collections to Date** Collections in **Total Tax Levy** Fiscal Percentage Percentage for Fiscal Year of Levy Subsequent Years of Levy Year Amount Amount 2016 \$ 29,780,535 \$ 28,194,428 94.67% \$ \$ 28,194,428 94.67% 2015 28,194,700 27,452,021 97.37% 27,452,021 97.37% 2014 27,263,306 25,359,477 93.02% 1,626,638 26,986,115 98.98% 2013 25,910,451 25,275,937 97.55% 373,947 25,649,885 98.99% 2012 25,502,328 24,389,663 95.64% 967,556 25,357,218 99.43% 2011 25,806,316 24,573,947 95.22% 1,123,467 25,697,414 99.58% 2010 25,365,543 24,277,032 95.71% 1,050,420 25,327,452 99.85% 2009 25,394,983 21,359,404 84.11% 4,006,409 25,365,813 99.89% 2008 23,544,869 21,035,463 89.34% 2,488,884 23,524,347 99.91% 2007 23,967,262 21,167,844 88.32% 2,784,668 23,952,512 99.94%

Source: Municipal Tax Assessor

City of Hopewell, Virginia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_		Go	vernmental Activ	ities Business-Type Activities										
Fiscal Year		General Obligation Bonds	Literary Fund Loans	Other Notes/ Bonds	General Obligation Bond Premium	Capital Leases		Revenue Bonds		nue Bond emium	Capital Leases		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per pita (1)
2016		\$ 57,890,852	\$ 2,073,400	\$ -	- \$ 65,154	\$ 1,280,852	\$	37,130,000	\$	626,155	\$	-	\$ 99,066,413	12.73%	\$ 4,385
2015		60,602,676	2,547,600		79,140	-		38,210,000		658,519		-	102,097,935	13.12%	4,519
2014		57,473,287	3,021,800	-	157,886	-		33,680,000		692,558		-	95,025,531	12.21%	4,206
2013		51,595,511	3,496,000	-	248,510	-		34,830,000		718,958		-	90,888,979	11.68%	4,023
2012		53,632,083	3,970,200		266,938	-		35,405,000		725,736		-	93,999,957	12.08%	4,161
2011		54,854,157	4,444,400	-	279,072	-		32,205,000		387,480		-	92,170,109	8.44%	4,080
2010		40,597,744	5,093,600	-	291,206	-		28,580,000		661,103		-	75,223,653	10.14%	3,365
2009		39,329,300	5,821,300	-	303,340	-		11,245,000		-		-	56,698,940	7.73%	2,536
2008		31,342,111	6,559,000		-	-		11,735,000		-		-	49,636,111	6.77%	2,220
2007		34,814,452	7,390,000		259,485	-		12,200,000		-		-	54,663,937	8.16%	2,445

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 12

City of Hopewell, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Bo	Gross onded Debt	Le Amounts for Debt	Reserved	Bor	Net ided Debt (3)	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value (2)	ed Debt pita (1)
2016	\$	60,029,406	\$	-	\$	60,029,406	2.62%		\$ 2,657
2015		63,229,416		-		63,229,416	2.81%		2,799
2014		60,725,169		-		60,725,169	2.82%		2,688
2013		55,340,021		-		55,340,021	2.62%		2,450
2012		57,869,221		-		57,869,221	3.02%		2,562
2011		59,577,629		-		59,577,629	2.96%		2,637
2010		45,982,550		4,500,000		41,482,550	2.10%		1,856
2009		45,453,940		4,500,000		40,953,940	2.11%		1,832
2008		37,901,111		4,500,000		33,401,111	1.96%		1,494
2007		42,463,937		4,500,000		37,963,937	2.23%		1,698

⁽¹⁾ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 12.
(2) See schedule of Real Estate Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Table 5.
(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Literacy Fund Loans, excludes revenue bonds, capital lease, and compensated absences.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Debt limit	\$ 112,210,800	\$114,528,366	\$133,839,710	\$135,714,300	\$135,931,270	\$133,076,838	\$130,445,020	\$133,262,850	\$ 130,418,300	\$ 152,575,750
Total net debt applicable to limit	42,463,937	37,901,111	45,453,940	45,982,550	59,577,629	57,869,221	55,340,021	60,725,169	63,229,416	60,029,406
Legal debt margin	\$ 69,746,863	\$ 76,627,255	\$ 88,385,770	\$ 89,731,750	\$ 76,353,641	\$ 75,207,617	\$ 75,104,999	\$ 72,537,681	\$ 67,188,884	\$ 92,546,344
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	37.84%	33.09%	33.96%	33.88%	43.83%	43.49%	42.42%	45.57%	48.48%	39.34%
Source: Valuation bases were obtained from the Hope (a) Limit set by Virginia Statute.	ewell Real Estate A	ssessor's office.		Legal Debt Marg	in calculation for F	Fiscal Year 2016				
	Assessed value Add back: exempt real property Total assessed value									\$ 1,328,430,100 197,327,400 1,525,757,500
	Debt limit (10% of total assessed value) (a) Net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin									152,575,750 60,029,406 \$ 92,546,344

City of Hopewell, Virginia Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (a)	Personal Income (b)	Per Capita Personal Income (c)	Unemployment Rate (d)
2016	22,591	\$ 778,341,324	\$ 34,454	6.6%
2015	22,591	778,341,324	34,454	7.6%
2014	22,591	778,341,324	34,454	9.0%
2013	22,591	778,341,324	34,454	9.8%
2012	22,591	778,341,324	34,454	10.1%
2011	22,591	778,341,324	34,454	11.3%
2010	22,354	762,550,318	34,112	11.6%
2009	22,354	755,000,314	33,775	10.4%
2008	22,354	733,010,014	32,791	6.0%
2007	22,354	670,307,044	29,986	4.7%

Source:

- (a) Population information provided by the U.S. Census Bureau.
- (b) Personal income estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita income presented.
- (c) Per capita personal income by municipality estimated based upon the 2000 census published by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- (d) Unemployment data provided by the Virginia Employment Commission.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Principal Employers Current Year and Period Nine Years Prior

	Fiscal Year 20 ^o	Fiscal Year 2007			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank	
Honeywell International, Inc.	500 to 999 employees	1	500 to 999 employees	2	
Hopewell City School Board	500 to 999 employees	2	500 to 999 employees	1	
HCA Virginia Health System	500 to 999 employees	3	500 to 999 employees	3	
City of Hopewell	250 to 499 employees	4	250 to 499 employees	5	
E.I. DuPont De Nemours Company	250 to 499 employees	5	250 to 499 employees	4	
Alliance Group Rock Tenn	250 to 499 employees	6	250 to 499 employees	7	
Metz Division	250 to 499 employees	7	100 to 249 employees	9	
Aqualon Company	250 to 499 employees	8	250 to 499 employees	8	
Hopewell Operations LLC	100 to 249 employees	9	100 to 249 employees	11	
Insulation Specialties	100 to 249 employees	10	100 to 249 employees	10	

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

⁽¹⁾ In FY 2007, Alliance Group Rock Tenn was Stone Container Corporation

⁽²⁾ In FY 2007, Metz Division was Goldschmidt Chemical Corporation.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Full-Time City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Government:										
City Clerk	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
City Attorney	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	-
City Manager	3	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	9
Finance Department	18	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	14	14
City Treasurer	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Commissioner of Revenue	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Voter Registrar	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Judicial Administration:										
Clerk of Circuit Court	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Commonwealth Attorney	7	9	9	7	7	7	6	6	6	6
Court Services	4	4	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
General District Court	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety:										
Sheriff Department	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	12	12
Fire & Rescue	43	43	43	46	46	46	45	45	45	47
Building inspections	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Police Department	73	73	73	76	76	78	81	82	84	82
Animal Control	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Emergency Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works:										
General Maintenance	39	36	36	34	34	34	34	34	36	36
Landfill	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Engineering	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Sewer Services	63	63	64	60	60	60	61	61	61	61
Health & Welfare:										
Department of Social Services	41	41	41	40	40	40	40	40	40	44
Community Services Act	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Culture and Recreation:										
Parks and Recreation	17	17	17	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Tourism	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Community Development	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Planning	2	2	2	11_	1_	1_	1_	1_	11_	1
Totals	364	362	361	351	351	356	358	359	365	370

Source: Full-time city government employee positions authorized as part of the annual budget approval by City Council.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Public safety										
Police department:										
E911 calls answered	22,906	22,381	19,764	14,101	17,075	17,329	24,655	14,205	19,516	19,701
Animal calls answered	1,847	1,912	1,361	1,856	2,757	3,028	2,818	2,917	2,960	2,712
Physical arrests	1,362	1,233	1,048	1,412	1,753	1,388	1,031	1,394	1,297	1,306
Civil papers										
Fire and rescue:										
Fire calls	1,225	1,232	1,164	3,130	3,430	3,687	3,213	3,352	3,138	3,477
EMS calls	1,993	2,046	1,944	3,557	3,505	3,615	3,545	3,556	1,296	4,001
Building inspections:										
Permits issued (all)	1,535	1,482	2,568	1,783	855	957	957	958	1,029	980
Inspections done (all)	1,264	1,174	2,895	4,607	482	2,560	2,560	2,297	4,007	1,313
Public works										
General maintenance:										
Work orders issued	N/A	2,720	2,002	1,898	1,429	2,346	2,501	3,196	2,688	2,701
Health and welfare										
Department of Social Services:										
Caseload*	8,600	8,436	9,087	10,378	10,707	10,911	10,911	11,446	12,324	8,652
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation:										
Community center visits	43,369	55,066	55,046	45,253	57,556	55,565	55,565	59,845	49,167	57,864
Summer program participants	421	425	320	1,058	1,303	N/A	N/A	N/A	223	1,511
Youth sports participants	N/A	4,039	4,627	5,314	4,461	N/A	N/A	2,235	737	711
Community development										
Planning:										
Zoning permits issued	1,142	1,346	1,376	496	218	291	291	539	167	199
• .	•	*	•							

Source: Individual city department workload counts.

^{*} Average total case count.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Government										
Adminisration buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Vehicles	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	7
Public Works										
Vehicles	43	43	43	43	43	43	46	48	48	47
Public Safety										
Police Department:										
Vehicles	61	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	53	55
Sheriff Department:										
Vehicles	11	13	14	14	14	14	16	18	18	19
Fire Department:										
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire trucks	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	7
Other vehicles	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	10	10
Building Inspectors:										
Vehicles	7	7	7	7	7	7	9	10	9	9
Culture and Recreation										
Parks and Recreation:										
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Parks acreage	161	161	161	161	161	161	161	161	161	161
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Ballfields	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Soccerfields	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8

Source: City Fixed Asset System by City departments

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Hopewell, Virginia

We were engaged to audit, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hopewell, Virginia (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 24, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2016-001 through 2016-011 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2016-012 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2016-013 through 2016-021.

The City's Responses to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PBMares, XXP

Harrisonburg, Virginia October 24, 2018

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control

2016-001: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Timely Reconciliations and Lack of Adequate Year End Close Procedures

Criteria: In order to prepare financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), accurate and complete general and subsidiary ledgers, along with supporting records, must be maintained to support the existence, completeness, accuracy, and valuation of all assets and liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses to ensure an accurate presentation of the financial position and activity of the City of Hopewell, Virginia (City) for the fiscal year just ended. The efficient, effective, and timely preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) depends heavily on personnel from various City departments and the School Board and includes closing the City's and School Board's general ledgers, performing appropriate financial analyses and reconciliations of yearly activity, and accumulating the required data for reporting. In order to verify that the transactions are fairly presented, procedures must be in place and functioning effectively to ensure the financial information is complete, accurate, and in accordance with GAAP.

Condition/Context: During the fiscal year 2016 audit and financial reporting processes, multiple instances were identified where the complete and accurate recording of financial transactions within the general ledger did not occur including (but not limited to) the following:

- The City was unable to reconcile the City's cash and investments balances with financial institutions to the balance per the general ledger at June 30, 2016 until December 2017.
- The City has been unable to reconcile customer accounts receivable from the billing software to the balance per the general ledger for the Storm Water, Solid Waste, and Sewer Service funds.
- The City was unable to reconcile the City's property taxes receivables to the balance per the general ledger at June 30, 2016 until May 2018.
- Funding receipts from the Commonwealth of Virginia to the City had not been reconciled to the general ledger at June 30, 2016, to verify accuracy and completeness of the transactions, until May 2018.
- Other receivables, capital asset, accounts payable and other accrued liability balances were also not reconciled timely to subsidiary records.

Cause: During fiscal year 2016, the City's Finance Department lacked the required technical skills to analyze and reconcile the myriad of City transactions both timely and accurately. Internal control processes, including management oversight, were not in place to monitor related account activities to ensure the existence, completeness, accuracy, and valuation of all assets and liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses in the City's CAFR.

Effect: The controls in place to close the year-end books, reconcile the balances, analyze the period transactions, and accumulate and assimilate such data into a timely, GAAP compliant financial report simply did not function, leading to the inefficient use of City Finance personnel and hours that would have been better served in other City Finance operations.

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2016-001: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Timely Reconciliations and Lack of Adequate Year End Close Procedures (Continued)

Recommendation: The City should ensure finance staff have adequate technical skills or training to perform their accounting functions accurately and timely. We recommend increasing levels of oversight to ensure reconciliations are performed timely and formal year end close procedures are documented and followed to support the existence, completeness, accuracy and valuation of all assets and liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses reported in the City's CAFR.

Repeat Findings: 2015-001 and 2015-002

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City and School Board agree with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2016-002: Material Weakness Due to Material Audit Adjustments and Restatements

Criteria: The year-end financial statements obtained from the City and School Board should be final and free of significant misstatements.

Condition/Context: Upon auditing the year-end balances of the City and School Board, there were instances of material adjustments identified, including entries to restate prior periods. Entries were required to restate prior periods for the following:

City:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund:

- Record liability to the Commonwealth of Virginia for disallowed amounts in the Children's Services Act Board in prior years (See Finding 2016-010)
- Correct error in due to the Community Development Block Grant
- Record prior year's School Board surplus due to City

Capital Projects Fund:

- Correct error in due from the Community Development Block Grant
- Correct recording of prior bond issuance costs
- Correct prior year cash balance
- Reclassify prior year advance as a contribution

Community Development Block Grant Fund:

• Correct prior year Federal receivable and due from other funds

Business-Type Activities:

Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund (HRWTF)

- Correct prior year depreciation
- Record prior year retainage payable
- Correct prior year construction in progress

Sewer Service Fund:

• Correct prior year depreciation

Beacon Theatre Fund:

Reclassify prior year advance as a contribution

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2016-002: Material Weakness Due to Material Audit Adjustments and Restatements (Continued)

City: (Continued)

Governmental-Type Activities:

- Adjust the allocation of assets jointly owned by the City and School Board
- Record liability to the Commonwealth of Virginia for disallowed amounts in the Children's Services Act Board in prior years (See Finding 2016-010)
- Correct error in due to the Community Development Block Grant and Federal receivable
- Record prior year's School Board surplus due to City
- Reclassify prior year advance as a contribution
- Correct recording of prior bond issuance costs
- Correct prior year cash balance

School Board:

- See finding 2016-005
- Adjust the allocation of assets jointly-owned by the City and the Schools
- Correct beginning accumulated depreciation for assets that were improperly noted as fully depreciated as well as adjust depreciation expense during the year for these same assets
- Record prior year's School Board surplus due to City
- Correct prior year errors in grant reporting

Cause: There was lack of adequate accounting technical skills and insufficient review to ensure items noted above were accurately recorded.

Effect: As noted above, the effect of these transactions was to misstate prior and current year fund balances and net position of the City and the School Board. The necessary entries above were significant to the financial statements and were included as adjustments in order to more accurately represent the financial position of each of the above. Failure to not record the items noted above would be a departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Recommendation: The City and School Board should ensure finance staff have adequate technical skills or training to perform their accounting functions accurately and timely. We recommend the City and the School Board increase levels of oversight over maintaining accurate account balances. We also recommend a thorough review of the general ledger and supporting schedules prior to the audit.

Repeat Findings: 2015-001 and 2015-002

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2016-003: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Accurate Supporting Records (Disclaimer of Opinions)

Criteria: The year-end financial statements obtained from the City should be adequately supported by sufficient and appropriate audit documentation.

Condition/Context: Upon auditing the year-end balances of the City, City personnel was unable to provide sufficient audit documentation to support the amounts recorded on the City's financial statements for its Business-Type Activities, including the HRWTF, Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Storm Water Fund and Beacon Theatre Fund.

Cause: The policies and procedures surrounding the billing and accounting records for service charges, unbilled and unearned revenues, contributions and credit adjustments between the City and its customers for the HRWTF, Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, and Storm Water Fund were not consistently and accurately applied. Additionally, the City's third-party collections agent for sewer service, solid waste and storm water charges and fees was unable to substantiate balances for accounts receivable and service charges and fees in the Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund and Storm Water Fund. There was also a lack of oversight and monitoring of the financial operations of these funds by the City.

The City has not provided necessary oversight or been active in the management of the Beacon Theatre. The Beacon Theatre has contracted with a third-party management company to handle day-to-day operations. The management company outsourced the bookkeeping to another third party. Neither the management company nor the third-party bookkeeping entity were able to provide sufficient, appropriate audit evidence after repeated requests to support the financial statement amounts.

Effect: The effect is unknown as there was insufficient audit evidence to form opinions. As a result, opinions were disclaimed for the funds noted above.

Recommendation: The City should ensure finance staff have adequate technical skills or training to perform their accounting functions accurately and timely. The City Finance Department and staff of the HRWTF, Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, and Storm Water Fund should review and update existing policies and procedures over the billing and accounting functions of the HRWTF, Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Storm Water Fund, and Beacon Theatre Fund to ensure accurate reconciliations are performed timely between the general ledger, bank statements, and the third party bookkeeping entity for Beacon Theatre and third party collections agent for the Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, and the Storm Water Fund. The City should also increase levels of oversight and monitoring over the financial activity of these funds as well.

Repeat Findings: 2015-001 and 2015-002

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2016-004: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Management Contract for Beacon Theatre

Criteria: The City should have signed contracts in place with all third-party management vendors. Additionally, the City should have policies and procedures in place to ensure routine oversight over these vendors is occurring.

Condition/Context: City personnel and the Beacon Theatre third-party management company were unable to provide adequate supporting documentation to support the amounts reported in the financial statements as prepared by the third-party management company. Furthermore, City personnel was unable to provide a current, signed contract between the City and the third-party management company detailing the services to be provided and any fees associated with these services. It was noted that City oversight of Beacon Theatre's operations and subsequent recordation of this activity was not occurring on a routine and ongoing basis.

Cause: Internal control processes were not in place to monitor, review and analyze transactions recorded outside of the City's normal financial applications. Additionally, City personnel did not retain contracts that would allow for routine oversight over third-party consultants.

Effect: The effect is unknown as there was insufficient audit evidence to form an opinion. As a result, an opinion was disclaimed for the Beacon Theatre Fund.

Recommendation: We recommend the City obtain a copy of the most recent contract between the City and the third-party management company. This contract should be reviewed and analyzed and the results of this analysis should be compared to the accounting records to ensure there are no monies due to the City. If the City is unable to locate a current contract, a new management contract should be executed. Additionally, we recommend the City establish a set of policies and procedures governing the City's oversight of Beacon Theatre's operations and the accurate recording of the financial activity on a recurring basis.

Repeat Finding: No

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2016-005: Material Weakness Due to School Federal Program Cutoff Errors

Criteria: According GAAP, "Recognition of assets and revenues should not be delayed pending completion of purely routine requirements, such as the filing of claims for allowable costs under a reimbursement program."

Condition/Context: The School Board recorded Federal program revenues for certain programs in a different fiscal year than the corresponding expenditures for the federal programs. The revenue and associated amounts that were due from other governments were not recorded until after the reimbursement request had been submitted.

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2016-005: Material Weakness Due to School Federal Program Cutoff Errors (Continued)

Cause: Revenues and expenditures were not recorded in the same period for certain federal programs by the School Board.

Effect: A material restatement was made to prior year federal revenue and amounts due from other governments for \$2.1 million and a material adjustment was made to current year revenue and amounts due from other governments for \$1.9 million.

Recommendation: We recommend the School Board reconcile revenues and expenditures related to federal programs to ensure amounts are reported in the correct period and in accordance with GAAP.

Repeat Finding: No

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the School Board agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2016-006: Material Weakness Due to Community Development Block Grant Accounting Errors

Criteria: Revenues for the Community Development Block Grant should be recorded in the same period in which expenditures are incurred.

Condition/Context: The Community Development Block Grant program activity was not reconciled. Revenues and expenditures were recorded in different periods.

Cause: There was a lack of reconciliation and oversight for this grant program in order to ensure that revenues and expenditures were recorded in the same period.

Effect: Lack of reconciliation and oversight resulted in noncompliance with GAAP. A material audit adjustment was made to the current year and prior year balances were restated.

Recommendation: We recommend the City increase levels of oversight over the Community Development Block Grant and ensure accurate reconciliations are performed for program revenues and expenditures.

Repeat Finding: No

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2016-007: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Segregation of Duties and System Based Logical Access Controls

Criteria: Users with the ability to administer security to the financial applications should be segregated from users with the ability to administer the financial application's database and from those with end user capabilities to the financial applications. User access controls as well as system security should be monitored and evaluated on a periodic basis.

Condition/Context: The City implemented MUNIS in September 2014. It was noted that the City does not maintain proper segregation of duties over security, administration, and end user access to the financial application and database. Specifically, the City's Database Administrator has access to administer security within the MUNIS application, as well as being the administrator over the MUNIS database. Additionally, other end users of financial applications, including the Director of Finance, also have administrative permissions. These permissions could result in users having inappropriate access. It was noted that the City does not perform a periodic review of access privileges to the MUNIS application. Access privileges to the MUNIS application should be periodically reviewed by the users' management to verify that the level of access still accurately reflects the minimum level required for the user to perform their job function and accurately reflects an appropriate level of segregation of duties within logical access.

It was noted that the City's password and account lockout settings for the network do not match the settings defined within the City's Information Security Policy. Current settings include network password length of seven characters and an account lockout threshold of seven invalid attempts.

Cause: The implementation of new financial systems is a complex process and represents a material change to the system of internal control. After the initial implementation, system based roles and responsibilities require an evaluation to determine whether inherent conflicts exist within the system based roles and responsibilities and then whether system based roles and responsibilities are appropriately assigned to User Accounts based on the City's segregation of duties requirements and complimentary control elements in the City anti-fraud program of controls. The City has not re-evaluated its MUNIS system based roles and responsibilities for inherent conflicts and potential conflicts with assigned User Accounts and functional job responsibilities. Further, the City has not re-established periodic access review controls to ensure system based access continues to align with appropriate segregation of duties.

Effect: Without a thorough review of system based roles, responsibilities, and end user access, the City is subject to an increased exposure to unintended consequences in the form of error and fraud until the control environment matures on the MUNIS environment and controls are placed in service.

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2016-007: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Segregation of Duties and System Based Logical Access Controls (Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend the City:

- A. Segregate users with the ability to administer security to the financial application from users with the ability to administer the financial application's database. In addition, the City should segregate access for users with the ability to administer security to the financial application from those with end user capabilities to the financial application. If access cannot be segregated, a mitigating control should be implemented to log all security changes made by the personnel and be periodically reviewed by an independent group.
- B. Perform scheduled periodic reviews of user access for the MUNIS application on an annual basis in order to identify unauthorized/inappropriate access based on job function, as well as to identify any terminated users who have remained active in the application. These reviews should be documented and changes identified during the access review should be processed in accordance with the access provisioning procedures.
- C. Revise the current network settings for password length and account lockout threshold to the industry best practices of eight characters in length and three invalid attempts, respectively.

Repeat Finding: 2015-003

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2016-008: Material Weakness Due to Untimely Social Services LASER Reconciliations to the General Ledger

Criteria: According to the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, Chapters 3-15 Social Services section entitled *General Ledger Reconciliation*, "amounts reported in LASER must be reconciled monthly to be in compliance with Section 3.60, LASER Expenditure Reconciliation and Certification, of the *LDSS Finance Guidelines Manual for Local Departments of Social Service*."

Condition/Context: During the fiscal year 2016 audit, it was determined the monthly LASER amounts were not being reconciled to the general ledger. The fiscal year ended 2016 LASER reconciliation was not completed until June 2018.

Cause: Lack of monthly reconciliations and monitoring of compliance.

Effect: Noncompliance with reconciliation requirements resulted in errors in recording transactions and in lack of reimbursement of certain eligible expenses resulting in a loss of state revenue.

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2016-008: Material Weakness Due to Untimely Social Services LASER Reconciliations to the General Ledger (Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend the City and Department of Social Services implement procedures to ensure compliance with the specifications of the APA and perform timely LASER reconciliations to the general ledger.

Repeat Finding: No

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2016-009: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Debt Management Procedures

Criteria: Debt management procedures should exist to ensure capital expenditures associated with debt agreements are paid from the debt proceeds and not operating funds. The procedures should include steps to monitor compliance with all debt covenants.

Condition/Context: The City has unspent bond proceeds invested in the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP) and is not reconciling the SNAP investment accounts to capital project activity; therefore, drawdowns of the bond proceeds are not occurring timely. Capital expenditures incurred are initially being paid for using operating funds instead of immediately from corresponding bond proceeds.

Cause: Lack of reconciliations and debt management procedures.

Effect: Capital expenditures are being paid from operating funds instead of from associated bond proceeds and debt covenants have not be complied with.

Recommendation: We recommend the City implement debt management procedures, reconcile bond proceeds to capital expenditure activity.

Repeat Finding: No

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2016-010: Material Weakness in Children's Services Act Allowability and Eligibility Procedures

Criteria: Pool disbursement transactions must be supported by a written contract or service agreement. They must be provided to a specific eligible youth or family (and include a child-specific unit price if contracts or purchase orders cover services for more than one youth). Disbursements must also be made as authorized by Community Policy Management Team policies and procedures, which must be consistent with the *Code of Virginia* statutes and the CSA Policy Manual.

Condition/Context: Of the 60 pool disbursement transactions selected for testing, no Individual and Family Service Plan could be located for 16 clients and, therefore, no documentation of mandated or non-mandated determination was maintained. Pervasive to all transactions tested, purchase orders were not created or approved until after the date the service was provided. Known fraudulent activity occurred prior to fiscal year 2016, resulting in a special state review conducted on activity from 2013-2015.

Cause: Lack of oversight and monitoring of the CSA program requirements.

Effect: A weak internal control environment lacking required supporting documentation has the potential to result in improper and/or fraudulent expenses. As a result of both the special state review and litigation related to the fraudulent activity, the City was required to pay the Commonwealth of Virginia \$1,457,221 due to violations of Virginia law and CSA policy.

Recommendation: All purchases need to be reviewed for proper procurement procedures prior to committing funds. Required documentation should be maintained for all case files to support the mandated or non-mandated determination and plan of service. Increased levels of oversight and monitoring should occur to ensure compliance with Virginia law and CSA policy.

Repeat Finding: No

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2016-011: Material Weakness Related to School Board's Preparation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Criteria: Recipients of federal awards are required to track and maintain a complete and accurate accounting of expenditures associated with federal awards. These expenditures are required to be summarized and presented within the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule).

Condition/Context: During fieldwork, we were not provided a complete and accurate Schedule. The School Board's Schedule was incorrectly based on revenues, not expenditures. This resulted in the Schedule for the School Board having material errors in the presentation of federal expenditures for fiscal year 2016.

Cause: There was a lack of knowledge of how to prepare an accurate Schedule. Revenues and expenditures were not recorded in the same period for certain federal programs.

Effect: School Board's Schedule was materially misstated.

Recommendation: We recommend the School Board reconcile revenues and expenditures related to federal programs to ensure amounts are reported in the correct period. The Schedule should be reviewed to ensure all expenditures reported are accurate and complete for the period.

Repeat Finding: No

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

B. Significant Deficiency

2016-012: Significant Deficiency Due to Lack of Supporting Documentation of Note Receivable

Criteria: Notes receivable should be supported by adequate documentation, including signed agreements between the parties involved.

Condition/Context: Upon auditing notes receivable recorded by the Sewer Service Fund, the Sewer Service Fund staff were unable to provide a written, signed agreement between the two affected parties, detailing terms and conditions.

Cause: Inadequate policies and procedures are in place regarding the retention and filing of these types of documents.

Effect: Without a signed, written agreement between the two parties, collection of payments on this note could be unenforceable if the payee were to stop making scheduled payments. This could result in forfeiture of a significant amount of money for the Sewer Service Fund.

Recommendation: We recommend the City and Sewer Service Fund establish policies and procedures addressing the retention and filing of legal agreements and address the lack of a signed agreement with the Sewer Service Fund.

Repeat Finding: No

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

C. Compliance Findings

2016-013: Untimely Social Services LASER Reconciliations to the General Ledger

See finding 2016-008.

2016-014: Lack of Social Services Annual Review of Computer Access

Criteria: According to the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the APA of the Commonwealth of Virginia, Chapter 3-15 Social Services section entitled *Annual Review of Access*, "Each LSO should be annually reviewing all employees' access to each application with employees' supervisors to ensure that the access is properly aligned with job responsibilities."

Condition/Context: In testing the annual review of computer access of six employees, it was determined computer access was reviewed only when employees needed access changes and not on an annual basis as required.

Cause: Lack of knowledge of compliance requirement.

Effect: Noncompliance with regulations may result in employees retaining inappropriate user access.

Recommendation: We recommend all employees' access be reviewed annually in order to ensure compliance with this requirement.

Repeat Finding: No

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2016-015: Interest Not Credited to Special Welfare Participants' Accounts on a Monthly Basis

Criteria: According to the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the APA of the Commonwealth of Virginia, Chapter 3-15 Social Services section entitled *Child Welfare Trust Accounts*, special welfare account receipts should be credited accurately and timely to the special welfare account, and interest should be properly credited to the account when earned.

Condition/Context: In testing the receipts and disbursements for three special welfare participants, it was noted that interest was not properly credited to participant balances when earned.

Cause: The Department of Social Services does not receive the bank statements from the Treasurer soon enough to timely credit the interest when earned. For example, the July 2015 bank statement was received by the Department of Social Services in July 2016.

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

C. Compliance Findings (Continued)

2016-015: Interest Not Credited to Special Welfare Participants' Accounts on a Monthly Basis (Continued)

Effect: Noncompliance with this requirement could result in sanctions.

Recommendation: We recommend the Treasurer of the City provide the Department of Social Services bank statements monthly in order for interest to be properly credited when earned for special welfare accounts.

Repeat Finding: No

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2016-016: Commonwealth of Virginia Yearly Financial Reporting

Criteria: According to Section 15.2-2510 of the *Code of Virginia*, local governments must submit their audited financial report to the Commonwealth of Virginia's APA by November 30 of each year.

Condition/Context: The City did not submit its audited financial report to the APA by the required date.

Cause: The City lacked the appropriate internal controls necessary to close the year end books, reconcile account balances, analyze the period transactions, and assimilate and accumulate such data into a timely, GAAP compliant financial report.

Effect: Noncompliance with the Commonwealth's requirements may result in sanctions.

Recommendation: The City should implement corrective action aimed at enhancing internal controls to ensure that financial reporting is made in accordance with Section 15.2-2510 of the *Code of Virginia*.

Repeat Finding: This is a repeat of finding 2015-004.

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

C. Compliance Findings (Continued)

2016-017: Children's Services Act Allowability and Eligibility Procedures

See finding 2016-010.

2016-018: Conflicts of Interest

Criteria: According to the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the APA of the Commonwealth of Virginia, Chapter 3-5 section entitled *Conflicts of Interest*, "The State and Local Government Conflicts of Interest Act is contained in Chapter 31 (Section 2.2-3100 et. seq.) of Title 2.2 of the *Code of Virginia*. The Act requires local government officials to file a statement of economic interests with the office of the Virginia Conflict of Interest and Ethics Advisory Council semiannually by December 15 for the preceding six-month period ending October 31 and by June 15 for the preceding six-month period ending April 30. The Act sets out the format of this statement, which involves extensive disclosure of personal financial interests that may cause conflicts."

Condition/Context: Three of the required statements of economic interests were not submitted.

Cause: Lack of due diligence and oversight to comply with the requirement noted above.

Effect: Noncompliance with this requirement could result in undisclosed personal financial interests that may cause conflicts.

Recommendation: We recommend increased levels of oversight to ensure the applicable local government officials file the required statements by the semiannual deadlines noted above.

Repeat Finding: No

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2016-019: Noncompliance with Debt Covenants

Criteria: The Series 2015 General Obligation Public Improvement Bond, Series 2015A General Obligation Public Improvement Bond, Series 2010 Sewer System Revenue Bond, Series 2011A Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bond and the Series 2011B Sewer System Revenue Bond require the City to submit audited financial reports to the purchaser within 270 days of the fiscal year end and, if not available, the City is required to provide unaudited financial statements at that time. The Series 2011 General Obligation School Bond and the Series 2010 General Obligation School Bond require the City to submit annual reports to the purchaser no later than twelve months after the fiscal year end. The Series 2011 General Obligation School Bond requires the City to submit audited financial statements to the purchaser on or before March 31 following the end of the City's fiscal year. The Series 2014 Taxable Sewer System Revenue Bond, Series 2011 General Obligation Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds and Series 2010 Sewer System Revenue Bonds require debt service reserves.

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

C. Compliance Findings (Continued)

2016-019: Noncompliance with Debt Covenants (Continued)

Condition/Context: The City did not provide audited or unaudited financial reports by the deadlines required by the debt covenants. Also, the City did not monitor debt service reserve accounts to ensure compliance with the requirements.

Cause: Lack of debt management procedures, oversight and monitoring of debt covenants.

Effect: Noncompliance with debt covenants could result in the debt being called.

Recommendation: We recommend increased levels of oversight and monitoring of all debt covenant requirements.

Repeat Finding: No

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2016-020: Bank Not Identified as a Public Depository and Bank Accounts Not Identified as a Public Deposit

Criteria: The *Code of Virginia* contains various requirements designed to safeguard state and local funds. Deposits must be secured in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act. The Act requires governments to use bank and financial institutions that meet specific collateralization requirements. Treasurers must ensure the qualified depository identifies the account(s) as public deposits.

Condition/Context: Upon auditing cash, it was determined that one of the banks used by the City was not identified as a qualified public depository. Furthermore, three bank accounts containing public monies were not identified individually by the financial institution as public deposits.

Cause: Lack of knowledge about the compliance requirements noted above.

Effect: The City is not in compliance with the *Code of Virginia*.

Recommendation: We recommend the Treasurer of the City review all of their accounts and ensure that accounts containing public deposits are properly marked as such. Additionally, the Treasurer of the City should determine with financial institutions that all of the City's public deposits are secured and ensure the financial institutions are included on the Department of the Treasury's listing of qualified depositories.

Repeat Finding: No

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

C. Compliance Findings (Continued)

2016-021: Lack of Compliance with Sections 15.2-2506 and 58.1-3001 of the *Code of Virginia* in the City's Virginia Public Assistance Fund

Criteria: No money may be paid out for any expenditure unless and until the governing body has made an appropriation for the expenditure (Sections 15.2-2506 and 58.1-3001 of the *Code of Virginia*).

Condition/Context: Upon auditing the City's Virginia Public Assistance Fund's year-end expenditures compared to their final approved budget, expenditures exceeded the final appropriated budget by a material amount.

Cause: There was a lack of budget monitoring throughout the year to ensure that sufficient appropriations were made for the City's Virginia Public Assistance Fund expenditures.

Effect: The City has not complied with Sections 15.2-2506 and 58.1-3001 of the *Code of Virginia* and has made disbursements in the Virginia Public Assistance Fund in excess of appropriations.

Recommendation: We recommend the City monitor the budget for all funds more closely throughout the year to ensure compliance with the *Code of Virginia*.

SB-3



□ □ Mayor Jasmine Gore, Ward #4

CITY OF HOPEWELL CITY COUNCIL ACTION FORM

ategic Operating Plan Vision Theme: Civic Engagement Culture & Recreation Economic Development Education Housing Safe & Healthy Environment None (Does not apply)	Order of Business: Consent Agenda Public Hearing Presentation-Boards/Commissions Unfinished Business Citizen/Councilor Request Regular Business Reports of Council Committees	Action: Approve and File Take Appropriate Action Receive & File (no motion required) Approve Ordinance 1 st Reading Approve Ordinance 2 nd Reading Set a Public Hearing Approve on Emergency Measure
COUNCIL AGENDA ITEM T	TITLE:	
CAFR Update – FY2017 – PB M	Mares (include transmittal files, SE	EFAs)
ISSUE: Request auditors prov FY2017 CAFR.	ide information and respond to C	ouncil questions regarding the
RECOMMENDATION:		
TIMING:		
BACKGROUND:		
ENCLOSED DOCUMENTS:		
• 2017 CAFR		
STAFF:		
John M. Altman, Jr., City Manas Michael Terry, Finance Director		
MOTION:	FOR IN MEETING USE ONLY	
Roll Call		
SUMMARY: Y N Councilor Debbie Randolph, Ward #	Y N 1 □ □ Councilor	r Janice Denton, Ward #5
Councilor Arlene Holloway, Ward #3	2	r Brenda Pelham, Ward #6 vor Patience Bennett, Ward #7

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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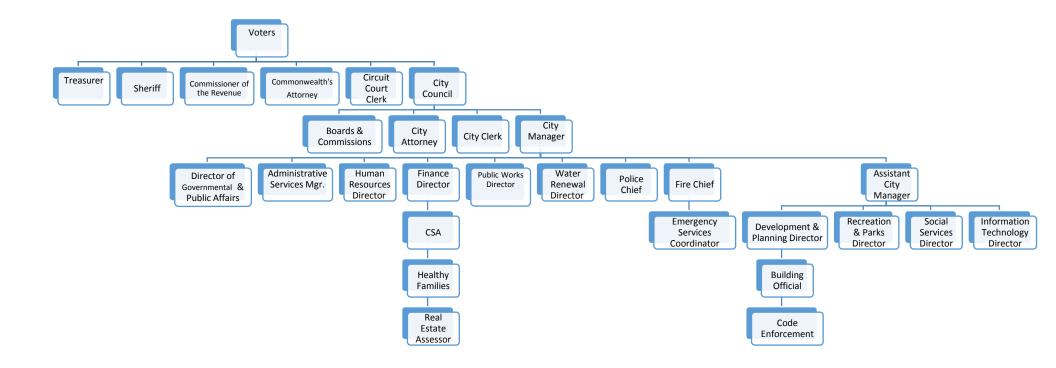
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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA CITY COUNCIL AND CITY OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2017

CITY COUNCIL

	CITT COONCIL			
Jackie M. Shornnak	Mayor			
Jasmine E. Gore	Vice Mayor			
Christina J. Luman-Bailey	Councilor			
Arlene Holloway				
Anthony Zevgolis	Councilor			
Janice Denton	Councilor			
Brenda S. Pelham	Councilor			
	CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS			
Teresa L. Batton	City Treasurer			
	Commissioner of Revenue			
Tamara J. Ward	Clerk of the Circuit Court			
	Sheriff			
<u>CITY ADMINISTRATION</u>				
	City Manager			
	Assistant City Manager			
	City Attorney			
	City Clerk			
•	Social Services Director			
	Recreation Director			
	Public Works Director			
	Governmental Affairs Director			
	Human Resources, Interim Director			
	Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility & Sewer System Director			
	Interim Finance Director			
•	Fire Department Chief			
John F. Keohane	Police Department Chief			
<u>CITY SCHOOLS</u>				
Dr. Melody D. Hackney	Schools Superintendent			





John M. Altman, Jr. City Manager

maltman@hopewellva.gov p: (804) 541-2243 f: (804) 541-2248

300 North Main Street Suite 216 Hopewell, VA 23860

www.hopewellva.gov

June 10, 2019

The Honorable Members of City Council City of Hopewell, Virginia:

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Hopewell, Virginia (the City) for the year ended June 30, 2017 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management of the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Internal Control: City Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Compliance Section: The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of federal financial assistance, findings and questioned costs, and independent auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations will be included in a separate report.

CITY GOVERNMENT

The City is governed by the city manager-city council form of government, whereby the city manager is responsible for carrying out the policy decisions of city council. City department directors manage individual departments and report to the city manager. Hopewell has two separate component units-Hopewell Schools and Children's Services Act Board.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; sanitation services; health and social services; construction/maintenance of roads, streets, and other infrastructure; cultural events; and, recreational activities. In addition to these general government activities, the Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility is also a part of the primary government and is included in the reporting entity.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Hopewell is located approximately 25 miles southeast of Richmond, Virginia, the state capital. The City is considered developed out with respect to land use, except for several industrial zoned sites. Almost all new residential development is fill-in because the City has no large undeveloped land parcels. Until such time that the state General Assembly grants additional taxing authority, removes the annexation moratorium, assumes funding responsibility for state mandated services or some combination thereof, the City's revenue potential will remain limited.

The City has joined thirteen other Virginia cities to form the Virginia First Cities Coalition. This group is gathering and providing data to the General Assembly on the needs and issues facing Virginia's older inner cities. The issues facing this group are unique to older inner cities and not counties in Virginia and the General Assembly must address these problems. The City is poised for significant improvements in economic development in the near future.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by City management.

As part of the City's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 will be provided under separate reporting.

Budgetary Controls

The City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. Activities of the general fund and special revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at departmental level within an individual fund. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Appropriations, except for encumbrances and project-length capital projects, lapse at year-end.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

OTHER INFORMATION

Management, Discussion and Analysis

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Independent Audit

State Statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of PBMares, LLP was selected by the City's audit committee. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the related Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. The report of the independent auditor on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The report of the independent auditor related specifically to the Single Audit will be issued under separate reporting.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This report could not have been accomplished without a great deal of cooperation and assistance by staff in both the City departments and Hopewell Schools. Also, we would like to thank the Mayor and members of City Council for their continued interest and support.

John M. Altman, Jr.

City Manager

Michael Terry Finance Director

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Hopewell, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We were engaged to audit the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hopewell, Virginia (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions on the governmental activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, each major governmental fund, the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. Because of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinions paragraph, however, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for audit opinions for the business-type activities and the enterprise funds consisting of the Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Storm Water Fund and Beacon Theatre Fund.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinions on the Business-type Activities and the Enterprise Funds Consisting of the Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Storm Water Fund and Beacon Theatre Fund

The City and third-party management company were not able to provide sufficient appropriate audit evidence for multiple elements of the Beacon Theatre Fund. The City was not able to provide sufficient appropriate audit evidence for multiple elements of the Sewer Service, Solid Waste and Storm Water funds including accounts receivable and charges for services.

Disclaimer of Opinions

Because of the significance of the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinions paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for audit opinions. Accordingly, we do not express opinions on the financial statements of the business-type activities and enterprise funds consisting of the Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Storm Water Fund and Beacon Theatre Fund.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of the governmental activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, each major governmental fund, the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each governmental major fund, the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the City restated net position of the business-type activities, Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund, the Sewer Service Fund, the Solid Waste Fund and the Storm Water Fund to correct prior year errors in recording accounts receivable and revenue. The City restated fund balance of the General Fund and net position of the governmental activities to correct prior year cutoff errors related to the Community Development Block Grant. Our opinions for the governmental activities, the General Fund and the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund are not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information on pages 13-20 and 77-83, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules listed in the table of contents as introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such other supplementary information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 10, 2019 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Harrisonburg, Virginia June 10, 2019

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Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017



The Honorable Members of City Council:

This section of the City of Hopewell, Virginia's comprehensive annual financial report presents our management discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, notes to financial statements, and schedules, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (amounts rounded)

- Total net position for the City's Primary Government was \$127.2 million. Of this total, \$112.1 million was related to business-type activities.
- In the City's business-type activities, total operating and non-operating revenues plus capital contributions were \$38.8 million and total operating and non-operating expenses were \$23.9 million.
- The total cost of all the City's programs and services was \$82.5 million.
- During this year, the net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$.6 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts — management's discussion and analysis this section, the basic financial statements, required supplementary, and an optional section that presents the combining statements for non-major governmental funds and internal service funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present a different view of the City:

- The first two statements are the government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental funds statements tell how the general government services like public safety, public works and social services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant, Sewer Services, and Solid Waste operations.
 - ➤ Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships like the City's Special Welfare Fund in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

Ma	aior Features of City of H	Figure A-1 opewell Government-Wid	de and Fund Financial S	tatements
IVIC	joi i catales of Oity of Fi	opewen Government-vvii	Fund Statements	tatements
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses: solid waste, sewer services	Instances in which the City is trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 	Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or sooner thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the City's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow of information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they changed. Net position — the difference between the City's assets and liabilities — is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, changes in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base or the condition of the City's streets or roads.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into three categories:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, public works, parks, and social services departments, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance the biggest share of these activities.
- Business-Type Activities The City charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The City's Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Plant, Sewer Services, Solid Waste, and Storm Water activities are included here. The Beacon Theatre is also included as a blended component unit in the Business-type activities section of the government-wide financial statements.
- Component Units The City includes two other entities in its report The Hopewell City School Board and the Children's Services Act Board. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the City is financially accountable for them and there is a financial benefit/burden relationship with the City.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds — not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and others by legal requirements.
- The City Council may establish other funds to control and manage monies for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

The City has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds' statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like government-wide statements, provide both short-term and long-term financial information. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
- Fiduciary Funds The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the Special Welfare, Healthy Families', and
 Police Evidence Funds. It is responsible for these assets because of a trust arrangement; they can
 be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate

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Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities and Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities. These activities are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City reports under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), which requires the City to present comparative data for the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

Table A-1 summarizes the City's Statement of Net Position:

Table A-1

City of Hopewell, Virginia Summary of Net Position As of June 30, 2017

							Total
	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type			Percentage
	Activ	ities	Activ	ities	To	tal	Change
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	
Current and other assets	\$ 44,318,310	\$ 44,214,869	\$ 43,161,593	\$ 42,777,238	\$ 87,479,903	\$ 86,992,107	(0.56%)
Capital assets	67,359,187	67,974,515	104,289,566	115,290,101	171,648,753	183,264,616	6.77%
Total Assets	111,677,497	112,189,383	147,451,159	158,067,339	259,128,656	270,256,722	
Deferred outflows of Resources	4,005,932	6,124,712	524,657	1,056,609	4,530,589	7,181,321	58.51%
Current Liabilities	2,965,189	4,783,381	7,556,717	4,432,487	10,521,906	9,215,868	(12.41%)
Long-term liabilities	85,069,422	87,089,741	42,736,632	42,437,304	127,806,054	129,527,045	1.35%
Total Liabilities	88,034,611	91,873,122	50,293,349	46,869,791	138,327,960	138,742,913	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,159,794	11,351,029	475,487	129,275	13,635,281	11,480,304	(15.80%)
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	42,341,332	21,178,316	70,349,924	81,600,637	112,691,256	102,778,953	(8.80%)
Restricted	-	-	2,928,418	2,608,185	2,928,418	2,608,185	(10.94%)
Unrestricted	(27,852,308)	(6,088,372)	23,928,638	27,916,060	(3,923,670)	21,827,688	(656.31%)
Total Net Position	\$ 14,489,024 \$ 15,089,944		\$ 97,206,980	\$ 112,124,882	\$ 111,696,004		

Total net position increased approximately \$.6 million during the current fiscal year for the City's governmental activities.

Total net position increased approximately \$14.9 million for the business-type activities. These resources are not used to make up any net asset deficit in governmental activities. The City uses its net position to finance the continuing operations of the solid waste and sewer operations.

Changes in Net Position

Table A-2 and the narrative that follows will consider the operations of the governmental and business-type activities, separately.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017



Governmental Activities

Total governmental activities revenues increased by 6% over 2016. At the same time, expenses increased by 8% over 2016. The combined revenues and expenses created an increase in net position of \$.6 million.

Business-Type Activities

Charges for services of the City's business-type activities increased 8% and expenses decreased by 12%. The combined revenues and expenses created an increase in net position of \$14.9 million driven by significant grants and contributed capital amounts in 2017.

Table A-2

City of Hopewell, Virginia Changes in Net Position For the Year ended June 30, 2017

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type			Total Percentage
	Activ	vities	Activ	ities	Tot	al	Change
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,123,375	\$ 1,594,956	\$ 26,589,787	\$ 28,716,225	\$ 27,713,162	\$ 30,311,181	9.37%
Federal/state operating grants	11,244,004	11,667,396	21,906,801	6,889,200	33,150,805	18,556,596	(44.02%)
Federal/state/local capital grants	593,982	1,500,096	13,305,001	2,982,290	13,898,983	4,482,386	(67.75%)
General revenues:							
Property taxes	31,221,372	32,304,897	-	-	31,221,372	32,304,897	3.47%
Other taxes	9,125,946	8,933,838	-	-	9,125,946	8,933,838	(2.11%)
Other	2,911,718	3,313,309	318,470	214,215	3,230,188	3,527,524	9.20%
Total Revenues	56,220,397	59,314,493	62,120,059	38,801,930	118,340,456	98,116,423	(17.09%)
Expenses							
General government	5,065,483	6,144,219	-	-	5,065,483	6,144,219	21.30%
Judicial	2,694,035	2,844,801	-	-	2,694,035	2,844,801	5.60%
Public safety	14,031,657	15,493,658	-	-	14,031,657	15,493,658	10.42%
Public works	5,794,089	5,979,173	-	-	5,794,089	5,979,173	3.19%
Health & welfare	5,899,170	5,960,782	-	-	5,899,170	5,960,782	1.04%
Education	13,995,712	14,318,352	-	-	13,995,712	14,318,352	2.31%
Parks, recreation, and cultural	2,421,366	2,503,892	1,376,547	1,571,265	3,797,913	4,075,157	7.30%
Community development	2,323,189	2,816,814	-	-	2,323,189	2,816,814	21.25%
Interest on long-term debt	2,252,111	2,651,880	-	-	2,252,111	2,651,880	17.75%
Public utilities		-	19,926,682	22,312,763	19,926,682	22,312,763	11.97%
Total Expenses	54,476,812	58,713,573	21,303,229	23,884,028	75,780,041	82,597,601	9.00%
Change in Net Position	1,743,585	600,920	40,816,830	14,917,902	42,560,415	15,518,822	
Net position - beginning of year (restated)	12,745,439	14,489,024	56,390,150	97,206,980	69,135,589	111,696,004	
Net position - end of year	\$ 14,489,024	\$ 15,089,944	\$ 97,206,980	\$ 112,124,882	\$ 111,696,004	\$ 127,214,826	

Table A-3 presents the costs of the City's larger programs — public safety, public works, education, health & welfare — as well as each program's net cost (total costs less fees generated by the activities and

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Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

intergovernmental aid). The net costs show the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

- The total costs of these larger governmental activities represent 74% of the \$56.1 million total costs of services.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities was \$32.4 million. Some of the costs were paid by:
 - Those who directly benefited from the programs, or
 - Other governments and organizations subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.
- The City paid for the "public benefit" portion with taxes and with other revenues such as interest and unrestricted state aid.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Net Cost of Certain Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Table A-3

	Total Cost				Net	Percentage	
		of Serv	vices	Change	of Se	Change	
2016 2017			2016	2017			
Public Safety	\$	14,031,657	\$ 15,493,658	10.4%	\$ 12,059,661	\$ 13,113,012	8.7%
Public Works		5,794,089	5,979,173	3.2%	1,196,801	480,716	(59.8%)
Health & Welfare		5,899,170	5,960,782	1.0%	2,141,557	1,923,914	(10.2%)
Education		13,995,712	14,318,352	2.3%	13,995,712	14,318,352	2.3%
Other		12,504,073	14,309,727	14.4%	10,457,159	11,463,251	9.6%
Total	\$	52,224,701	\$ 56,061,692		\$ 39,850,890	\$ 41,299,245	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY (FUND) BALANCE SHEETS

General Fund

The City closed the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 with the General Fund reporting total fund balance of \$14 million. The unassigned fund balance was \$6.8 million, which was approximately \$.2 million more than last year.

Capital Projects Fund

The City closed the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 with its Capital Projects Fund reporting the following fund balances; nonspendable of \$1.3 million, restricted of \$9.3 million, and unassigned of \$ (.02) million totaling \$10.4 million which was approximately \$3.6 million less than last year.

Virginia Public Assistance Fund

The City closed the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 with its Virginia Public Assistance Fund reporting an assigned fund balance of \$0. Revenues and operating transfers did not exceed expenditures for the year. The City only transferred to the fund amounts sufficient to cover expenditures not covered from other sources as its mandated local share.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City Council amended the City budget. These budget amendments fall into three categories:

- Budget amendments and appropriations approved after the beginning of the fiscal year to reflect prior year encumbrances being re-authorized for the expenditure of funds in the "new" fiscal year.
- Changes made to the budget during the fiscal year to address budget priorities that reflect changes in the allocation of resources expected to be used during the remainder of the current fiscal year.
- Increases in budget amendments and appropriations for the expenditure of funds for items occurring in the current fiscal year that were not in the original budget adopted for the fiscal year.

Even with the increases in the total budget resulting from such budget amendments and appropriations, actual expenditures were approximately \$2.6 million under the final total budget amounts.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - Governmental and Business-Type Activities

At the end of fiscal year 2017, the City had invested \$183 million in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, sewer plants, and sewer lines. (See Table A-4).

Table A-4

City of Hopewell, Virginia Capital Assets Net of Depreciation At June 30, 2017

							Total
	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type			Percentage
	Activ	vities	Activ	ities	To	Change	
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	
Land	\$ 7,166,135	\$ 7,200,614	\$ 598,419	\$ 707,129	\$ 7,764,554	\$ 7,907,743	1.84%
Buildings, system improvements, and infrastructure	26,708,763	28,205,099	36,093,079	38,306,445	62,801,842	66,511,544	5.91%
Equip ment	3,661,570	6,121,861	1,936,793	1,718,842	5,598,363	7,840,703	40.05%
Construction in progress	5,590,879	4,346,741	65,661,275	74,557,685	71,252,154	78,904,426	10.74%
Jointly-owned assets	24,231,840	22,100,200	-	-	24,231,840	22,100,200	(8.80%)
Total	\$ 67,359,187	\$ 67,974,515	\$104,289,566	\$115,290,101	\$171,648,753	\$183,264,616	

There were major capital asset additions in fiscal year 2017 for the business-type activities related to plant improvements. More detailed information on capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

The City's fiscal year 2017 capital projects budget was \$21 million, of which \$5 million was for debt service and \$16 million was for infrastructure improvements and various equipment/vehicle purchases.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017



Long-Term Debt - Governmental Activities

At year-end, the City had \$57 million in General Obligation bonds and Literary Loans outstanding, a decrease of 5% over last year, as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Table A-5

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Outstanding Debt At June 30, 2017

		mental vities	Busines Activ	• •	To	Total Percentage Change	
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	
General obligation bonds	\$ 57,890,852	\$ 55,321,601	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,890,852	\$ 55,321,601	(4.44%)
Literary loans	2,073,400	1,599,200	-	-	2,073,400	1,599,200	(22.87%)
Revenue bonds	-	-	37,130,000	35,725,000	37,130,000	35,725,000	(3.78%)
Total	\$ 59,964,252	\$ 56,920,801	\$ 37,130,000	\$ 35,725,000	\$ 97,094,252	\$ 92,645,801	

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have any questions about this financial report or if you need additional financial information, please contact the Finance Department either by mail at City of Hopewell, Virginia, 300 North Main Street, Hopewell, VA 23860 or by telephone at (804) 541-2306.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

		Pri	mary Governme	ent		C	Component Unit	Co	omponent Unit
			Business-		,				hildren's
	overnmental Activities		Type Activities		Total		School Board	;	Services act Board
Assets									
Cash and investments	\$ 10,504,578	\$	29,745,085	\$	40,249,663	\$	10,848,305	\$	772,616
Taxes receivable	13,477,551		-		13,477,551		-		-
Accounts receivable	643,998		3,388,731		4,032,729		31,680		-
Notes receivable	120,897		55,369		176,266		-		58
Interest receivable	284		691		975		-		-
Due from School Board	7,132,845		-		7,132,845		-		-
Due from Primary Government	-		-		-		-		331,023
Due from other governmental units	1,728,564		397,071		2,125,635		3,088,986		577,559
Internal balances	27,500		(27,500)		-		-		-
Inventories	61,554		1,277,639		1,339,193		77,559		-
Prepaid expenses	2,180		10,991		13,171				-
Restricted assets:									-
Cash and investments (in custody of others)	9,256,135		5,128,338		14,384,473		_		-
Note receivable, net of current portion	1,258,783		2,800,823		4,059,606		_		_
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	.,200,.00		2,000,020		1,000,000				
Land	7,200,614		707,129		7,907,743		474,629		_
Work in progress	4,346,741		74,557,685		78,904,426		474,023		_
					, ,		26 420 040		-
Buildings, system improvements, and Infrastructure	76,266,112		20,336,801		96,602,913		36,139,949		-
Machinery and equipment	15,366,946		56,113,654		71,480,600		8,350,687		-
Sewer main improvements	-		38,327,067		38,327,067		-		-
Accumulated depreciation	 (35,205,898)		(74,752,235)		(109,958,133)		(18,709,591)		-
Total assets	 112,189,383		158,067,339		270,256,722		40,302,204		1,681,256
Deferred outflows of resources									
Deferred outflows related to debt	2.042.186		28.366		2,070,552		_		_
Deferred outflows related to debt Deferred outflows related to pensions	4,082,526		1,028,243		5,110,769		6,410,236		_
Total deferred inflows of resources	 6,124,712		1,056,609		7,181,321		6,410,236		
Total acienta illions of resources	 0,124,712		1,000,000		7,101,021		0,410,200		
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	1,867,237		882,918		2,750,155		1,681,268		223,567
Accrued liabilities	1,033,069		2,186,317		3,219,386		3,940,721		468
Refund credits payable	, , , <u>-</u>		730.847		730.847		-		
Accrued interest payable	700,916		603,825		1,304,741		_		-
Due to Primary Government	-		-		_		6,291,973		_
Due to other governmental units	1,182,159		_		1,182,159		-		1,457,221
Unearned revenues	.,.02,.00		_		.,.02,.00				.,,
Unearned revenues	_		28,580		28,580		537,724		_
	-		20,300		20,300		337,724		-
Long-term liabilities:	0.007.004		4 454 050		4 700 000		040.050		
Due within one year	3,337,981		1,451,652		4,789,633		210,859		-
Due in more than one year	 83,751,760		40,985,652		124,737,412		47,670,712		1 001 050
Total liabilities	 91,873,122		46,869,791		138,742,913		60,333,257		1,681,256
Deferred inflows of resources									
Unearned tax revenues	11,336,211		_		11,336,211		_		
Deferred inflows related to pensions	14,818		129,275		144,093		3,093,921		_
Total deferred inflows of resources	 11,351,029		129,275		11,480,304		3,093,921		-
	 ,,				, ==,===		-,,		-
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets	21,178,316		81,600,637		102,778,953		26,255,674		-
Restricted	_		2,608,185		2,608,185		1,194,602		-
Unrestricted	(6,088,372)		27,916,060		21,827,688		(44,165,014)		-
Total net position	\$ 15,089,944	\$	112,124,882	\$	127,214,826	\$	(16,714,738)	\$	_

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Program Revenues Changes in Net Position Primary Government** Component Units Operating Capital Comprehensive Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental **Business-Type** Services Functions/Programs **Expenses** Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total School Board Act Board **Primary Government:** Governmental activities: General government administration 6,144,219 \$ 896,400 \$ 655,640 (4,592,178)(4,592,178)Judicial administration 2,844,801 59,484 703,161 (2,082,157)(2,082,157)Public safety 15,493,658 502,342 1,878,304 (13,113,012)(13,113,012)Public works 5,979,173 3,998,361 1,500,096 (480,716)(480,716)Health and welfare 5,960,782 4,036,869 (1,923,914)(1,923,914)Education 14,318,352 (14,318,352)(14,318,352)Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,503,892 136,730 176,587 (2,190,575)(2,190,575)Community development 2,816,814 218,474 (2,598,340)(2,598,340)Interest on long-term debt 2,651,880 (2,651,880)(2,651,880)Total governmental activities 58,713,573 1,594,956 11,667,396 1,500,096 (43,951,125)(43,951,125) Business-Type activities: Hopewell Regional Wastewater Facilities Fund 12.103.802 15.447.573 6.589.200 2.982.290 12.915.261 12.915.261 Sewer Service Fund 7,936,707 9,250,059 1,313,352 1,313,352 Solid Waste Fund 1,654,763 2,103,425 448,662 448,662 Storm Water Fund 617,491 873,902 256,411 256,411 Beacon Theatre Fund 1,571,265 1,041,266 300,000 (229,999)(229,999)6,889,200 Total Business-Type activities 23,884,028 28,716,225 2,982,290 14,703,687 14,703,687 30,311,181 4,482,386 **Total Primary Government** 82,597,601 \$ 18,556,596 (43,951,125) 14,703,687 (29,247,438) Component units: School Board 51,093,603 835,625 35,750,883 (14,507,095)\$ \$ Children's Services Act Board 2,825,383 2,825,383 Total component units 53,918,986 835,625 38,576,266 (14,507,095) General revenues: 32,304,897 32,304,897 General property taxes 2,076,135 2,076,135 Local sales tax Business license tax 1,715,614 1,715,614 Communications tax 745,280 745,280 Restaurant food taxes 2.728.000 2.728.000 Other local taxes 1,668,809 1,668,809 181 Unrestricted from use of money and property 173,092 214,215 387,307 Fines and forfeitures 1,623,142 1,623,142 Miscellaneous 1,581,652 1,581,652 101,824 City contributions 15,326,232 Loss on sale of assets (64,575)(64,575)44,552,046 214,215 44,766,261 15,428,237 Total general revenues Change in net position 600,920 14,917,902 15,518,822 921,142 Net position - beginning, as restated (Note 16) 14.489.024 97,206,980 111.696.004 (17,635,880)Net position - ending 15.089.944 \$ 112,124,882 \$ 127,214,826 \$ (16,714,738)

City of Hopewell, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

		General		Virginia Public Assistance		Capital Projects	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments	\$	6.090.898	\$	_	\$	4.226.045	\$	\$ 187,635		10,504,578
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	Ψ	0,000,000	Ψ		Ψ	4,220,043	Ψ	107,000	\$	10,504,570
Taxes receivable		13,477,551		_		_		_		13,477,551
Accounts receivable		594,839		_		47,435		1,724		643,998
Interest receivable		276		5		3		1,727		284
Due from other funds		3,513,789		5		3		_		3.513.789
Due from School Board		7,132,845		_		1.379.680		_		8.512.525
Due from other governments		849.231		386.730		400,000		92,603		1,728,564
Inventories		61,554		300,730		400,000		92,003		61,554
Prepaid items		,		-		-		-		2,180
•		2,180		-		-		-		2,100
Restricted assets: Cash and investments						9,256,135				0.256.125
Total assets	\$	31,723,163	\$	386,735	\$	15,309,298	\$	281,962	\$	9,256,135 47,701,158
Total assets	<u> </u>	31,723,163	<u> </u>	300,735	Ф	15,309,296	Ф	201,902	<u> </u>	47,701,156
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	794,050	\$	260	\$	957,445	\$	115,482	\$	1,867,237
Accrued liabilities		918,808	·	79,352	·	, -		34,909		1,033,069
Due to other funds		· -		307,123		3,159,335		19,831		3,486,289
Due to School Board		_		_		840,872		_		840,872
Due to other governments		341,287		_		-		_		341,287
Total liabilities		2,054,145		386,735		4,957,652		170,222		7,568,754
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unearned tax revenues		11,336,211		_				_		11,336,211
Unavailable tax revenues		4,287,178		_				_		4,287,178
Total deferred inflows of resources		15,623,389								15,623,389
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items		2.180		_		_		_		2.180
Inventories		61.554		_		_		_		61.554
Due from School Board		-		-		1,258,783		_		1,258,783
Restricted for capital projects		-		-		9,256,135		-		9,256,135
Assigned:										
Fire department equipment		160,000		-		-		-		160,000
Next year budget		210,000		_		_		_		210,000
Rainy day emergency		5,276,626		_		_		_		5,276,626
Perpetual care		1,034,865								1,034,865
Self-insurance		500,000		-		-		_		500,000
Recreation		-		-		-		92,720		92,720
Anti-Litter		-		-		-		19,020		19,020
Unassigned		6,800,405		-		(163,272)		-		6,637,133
Total fund balances		14,045,629				10,351,646		111,740		24,509,015
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	31,723,163	\$	386.735	\$	15,309,298	\$	281,962	\$	47,701,158
and rand balances	φ	31,123,103	φ	300,735	φ	10,000,200	φ	201,302	φ	71,101,130

City of Hopewell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 24,509,015
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		67,974,515
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unearned in the funds.		
Uncollected taxes receivable		4,287,178
Deferred items: Deferred outflow related to debt Deferred pension contributions Deferred change between expected and actual experience Deferred change between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Deferred charge change in proportion	\$ 2,042,186 1,991,834 309,434 1,781,258 (14,818)	6,109,894
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds payable	(56,920,801)	
Bond issuance premium	(31,928)	
Capital leases	(1,141,791)	
Landfill closure liability	(605,734)	
Accrued interest payable	(700,917)	
Net pension liability	(20,309,882)	
Other postemployment benefit obligations	(7,166,847)	(07.700.057)
Compensated absences	(912,757)	(87,790,657)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 15,089,944

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	 General	Virginia Public ssistance	Capital Projects	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES	 	 						
General property taxes	\$ 28,478,608	\$ -	\$ 	\$	-	\$	28,478,608	
Other local taxes	6,005,644	=	2,728,000		=		8,733,644	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	116,070	-	-		-		116,070	
Fines and forfeitures	1,624,267	-	-		-		1,624,267	
Revenues from use of money and property	65,169	1	86,629		21,288		173,087	
Charges for services	579,526	-	-		136,730		716,256	
Miscellaneous	1,209,461	80,610	338,681		209,120		1,837,872	
Recovered costs	884,500	-	-		-		884,500	
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth	8,771,131	1,323,505	863,097		10.131		10,967,864	
Federal	194,150	2,589,266	636,999		218,474		3,638,889	
Total revenues	 47,928,526	 3,993,382	4,653,406		595,743		57,171,057	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	5,001,250	-	-		-		5,001,250	
Judicial administration	2,452,889	-	-		-		2,452,889	
Public safety	14,442,125	-	-		-		14,442,125	
Public works	4,668,843	-	-		1,651		4,670,494	
Health and welfare	1,226,807	4,501,258	-		-		5,728,065	
Education	12,114,545	-	-		-		12,114,545	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	618,661	-	-		1,680,618		2,299,279	
Community development	866,079	-	300,000		218,474		1,384,553	
Nondepartmental	1,903,189	-	-		-		1,903,189	
Capital projects	-	-	5,809,777		-		5,809,777	
Debt service:			0.400.540				0.400.540	
Principal retirement	-	-	3,182,512		-		3,182,512	
Interest and other fiscal charges	 -	 -	 2,280,958				2,280,958	
Total expenditures	 43,294,388	 4,501,258	 11,573,247		1,900,743		61,269,636	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	4,634,138	(507,876)	(6,919,841)		(1,305,000)		(4,098,579	
, ,	.,001,100	 (001,010)	 (0,0:0,0::)	-	(1,000,000)	-	(1,000,010	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		507.070	0.045.044		4 000 400		E 404 500	
Operating transfers in	- (5.404.500)	507,876	3,345,314		1,328,400		5,181,590	
Operating transfers out	 (5,181,590)	 -	 -		-		(5,181,590	
Total other financing sources (uses), net	 (5,181,590)	 507,876	 3,345,314		1,328,400			
Net change in fund balances	(547,452)	-	(3,574,527)		23,400		(4,098,579	
Fund balance - beginning-as restated (Note 16)	 14,593,081	 	 13,926,173		88,340		28,607,594	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 14,045,629	\$ 	\$ 10,351,646	\$	111,740	\$	24,509,015	

City of Hopewell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances per Exhibit 5 - total governmental funds		\$ (4,098,579)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay	\$ 5,435,248	
Jointly-owned assets adjustment	(1,188,552)	
Depreciation expense	(3,566,794)	679,902
Loss on sale of assets		(64,575)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes		2,208,009
, report, target		2,200,000
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Amortization of bond premium	33,225	
Principal payments on debt	3,182,512	
Amortization of deferred amount of refunding	(242,858)	
Increase in landfill closure liability	(7,774)	2,965,105
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Increase in interest payable	(161,289)	
Increase in other postemployment benefit payable	(789,352)	
Increase in net pension liability	(4,362,302)	
Increase in pension related deferred outflows	2,361,637	
Increase in pension related deferred inflows	1,938,993	
Decrease in compensated absences	(76,629)	(1,088,942)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 600,920

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
		Hopewell Regional Vastewater Treatment icilities Fund		Sewer Service Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Storm Water Fund		Beacon Theatre Fund		Total
Assets												_
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net of allowance	\$	10,818,135	\$	16,318,098	\$	2,052,554	\$	543,485	\$	12,813	\$	29,745,085
for uncollectibles Due from Commonwealth of Virginia		923,115 397,071		1,848,871		358,648		258,097		-		3,388,731 397.071
Notes receivable		-		55,369		_		_		_		55,369
Interest receivable		-		540		110		41		-		691
Inventories		1,277,639		-		-		-		-		1,277,639
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-		10,991		10,991
Total current assets		13,415,960		18,222,878		2,411,312		801,623		23,804		34,875,577
Noncurrent assets:												
Restricted assets: Cash and investments		1 564 055		2 564 002								E 100 000
Total restricted assets		1,564,255 1,564,255		3,564,083 3,564,083								5,128,338 5,128,338
Total restricted assets		1,304,233		3,304,063		<u>-</u>						5,120,330
Note receivable, net of current portion Capital assets:		-		2,800,823		-		-		-		2,800,823
Land		216,026		97,920		-		108,710		284,473		707,129
Utility plant in service and buildings		14,173,072		501,878		-				5,661,851		20,336,801
Sewer main improvements				38,172,204				154,863				38,327,067
Machinery and equipment		54,405,770		1,183,372		51,075		97,935		375,502		56,113,654
Work in progress Accumulated depreciation		73,910,973 (62,809,114)		161,452 (11,114,785)		(39,829)		485,260 (15,066)		(773,441)		74,557,685 (74,752,235)
Total capital assets		79,896,727		29,002,041		11,246		831,702		5,548,385		115,290,101
Total noncurrent assets		81,460,982		35,366,947		11,246		831,702		5,548,385		123,219,262
Total assets		94,876,942		53,589,825		2,422,558		1,633,325		5,572,189		158,094,839
Deferred outflow of resources												
Loss on refunding		28,366		_		_		_		_		28,366
Pensions		752,015		72,410		8,753		195,065		_		1,028,243
Total deferred outflow of resources		780,381		72,410		8,753		195,065		-		1,056,609
Liabilities												
Current liabilities:		504.040		00.000		100.000		440.404				000.040
Accounts payable		534,919		98,289		100,286		149,424		62.205		882,918
Accrued liabilities		2,111,266		-		2,575		9,091		63,385		2,186,317
Refund credits payable Accrued interest payable		730,847 91,164		512,661		-		-		-		730,847 603,825
Due to other funds		27,500		312,001		_		_		_		27,500
Compensated absences		3,900		5,128		102		2,522		_		11,652
Unearned revenues		3,300		5,120		102		2,522		28,580		28,580
Bonds payable		920,000		520,000		_		_		20,000		1,440,000
Total current liabilities		4,419,596		1,136,078		102,963		161,037		91,965		5,911,639
Noncurrent liabilities:	-	1,110,000		.,,		,		,				-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Bonds payable, net of current portion		11,009,120		23,876,893		_		_		-		34,886,013
Net pension liability		3,741,964		360,308		12,656		288,957		-		4,403,885
OPEB liability		1,311,532		147,506		38,625		13,779		-		1,511,442
Compensated absences, net of current portion		163,978		15,489		978		3,867		-		184,312
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	16,226,594		24,400,196		52,259		306,603		-		40,985,652
Total liabilities		20,646,190		25,536,274		155,222		467,640		91,965		46,897,291
Deferred inflow of resources												
Pensions		24,622		104,653		_		_		_		129,275
Total deferred inflows of resources		24,622		104,653		-		-		-		129,275
Not a server		-		•								-
Net position		60 075 060		6 222 420		14 040		024 700		E E40 20F		81.600.637
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		68,875,868 879,896		6,333,436 1,728,289		11,246		831,702		5,548,385		2,608,185
Unrestricted		5,230,747		19,959,583		2,264,843		529,048		(68,161)		27,916,060
Total net position	\$	74,986,511	\$	28,021,308	\$		\$	1,360,750	2	5,480,224	¢	112,124,882
. otal flot position	φ	77,000,011	Ψ	20,021,000	Ψ	۷,210,009	Ψ	1,000,700	Ψ	J,7UU,ZZ4	φ	112,124,002

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds												
	V	Hopewell Regional /astewater Freatment cilities Fund	Sewer Service Fund	Solid Waste Fund			Storm Water Fund	Beacon Theatre Fund		Total			
OPERATING REVENUES													
Charges for services: Wastewater treatment revenues	\$	15,447,573	\$ -	\$		\$		\$ -	\$	15,447,573			
Sewer revenues	φ	15,447,575	9,250,059	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ - -	Ψ	9,250,059			
Refuse collection		-	-		2,103,425		-	-		2,103,425			
Fees		-	-		-		873,902	-		873,902			
Rental income					_		-	1,041,266		1,041,266			
Total operating revenues		15,447,573	9,250,059		2,103,425		873,902	1,041,266		28,716,225			
OPERATING EXPENSES													
Personnel services		2,967,135	274,237		33,088		208,729	_		3,483,189			
Fringe benefits		1,280,715	141,096		(38,099)		185,051	-		1,568,763			
Contractual services		1,782,393	2,689,629		1,118,540		161,756	982,016		6,734,334			
Administrative services		15,940	-		-		108	2,925		18,973			
Materials and supplies		160,438	129,615		2,707		2,332	24,880		319,972			
Repairs and maintenance Utilities		36,278	569,572		6,523		22,885	6,851		642,109			
Fuel		1,970,464 5,302	114,464 9,236		19,382 801		901	31,759		2,136,069 16.240			
Insurance					-		-	13,580		13,580			
Chemicals		2,604,078	3,973		-		-	-		2,608,051			
Miscellaneous		130,525	1,318,400		502,126		23,132	308,904		2,283,087			
Depreciation		776,142	1,586,497		9,695		12,597	200,350		2,585,281			
Total operating expenses		11,729,410	6,836,719		1,654,763		617,491	1,571,265		22,409,648			
Operating income (loss)		3,718,163	2,413,340		448,662		256,411	(529,999)		6,306,577			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)													
Investment earnings		23,172	190,769		205		69	-		214,215			
Governmental grants		6,589,200	-		-		-	-		6,589,200			
Interest expense		(374,392)	(1,099,988)							(1,474,380)			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net		6,237,980	(909,219)		205		69			5,329,035			
Income (loss) before contributions		9,956,143	1,504,121		448,867		256,480	(529,999)		11,635,612			
Capital contributions		2,982,290	-		_		-	300,000		3,282,290			
Total contributions		2,982,290			-		-	300,000		3,282,290			
Change in net position		12,938,433	1,504,121		448,867		256,480	(229,999)		14,917,902			
Total net position - beginning- as restated (Note 16)		62,048,078	26,517,187		1,827,222		1,104,270	5,710,223		97,206,980			
Total net position - ending	\$	74,986,511	\$ 28,021,308	\$	2,276,089	\$	1,360,750	\$ 5,480,224	\$	112,124,882			

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds													
	Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund	Sewer Service Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Storm Water Fund	Beacon Theatre Fund	Total								
Cash flows from operating activities														
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 18,729,315	\$ 8,658,032	\$ 1,979,872	\$ 825,621	\$ 1,069,867	\$ 31,262,708								
Payments to suppliers	(6,960,227)	(4,889,908	(1,661,878)	(204,002)	(1,357,054)	(15,073,069)								
Payments to employees	(4,050,887)	(419,993	(57,770)	(269,931)	-	(4,798,581)								
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	7,718,201	3,348,131	260,224	351,688	(287,187)	11,391,057								
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities														
Purchase of capital assets	(15,585,433)	(609,237)) -	(451,027)	-	(16,645,697)								
Capital contributions and grants	11,357,488	-	-	-	300,000	11,657,488								
Principal payments on bonds	(901,703)	(528,439) -	-	-	(1,430,142)								
Interest payments	(374,575)	(1,148,145	-	_	_	(1,522,720)								
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and														
related financing activities	(5,504,222)	(2,285,821		(451,027)	300,000	(7,941,070)								
Cash flows from investing activities														
Interest and dividends received	23.172	235.480	94	34	_	258,780								
Purchase of investments	-	(2,783,758) -	_	_	(2,783,758)								
Sale of investments	_	2,920,000	· -	_	_	2,920,000								
Prinicipal payments received on notes receivable	_	55,378	_	_	_	55,378								
Net cash provided by investing activities	23,172	427,100	94	34		450,400								
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	2,237,151	1,489,410	260,318	(99,305)	12,813	3,900,387								
Cash and investments - beginning, including restricted	10,145,239	13,405,222	1,792,236	642,790		25,985,487								
Cash and investments - ending, including restricted	\$ 12,382,390	\$ 14,894,632	\$ 2,052,554	\$ 543,485	\$ 12,813	\$ 29,885,874								
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$ 3,718,163	\$ 2,413,340	\$ 448,662	\$ 256,411	\$ (529,999)	\$ 6,306,577								
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:														
Depreciation expense	776,142	1,586,497	9,695	12,597	200,350	2,585,281								
Pension and OPEB related	206,872	(15,219	(64,422)	105,929	-	233,160								
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	3,281,742	(592,027	(123,553)	(48,281)	_	2,517,882								
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(232,699)		-	-	_	(232,699)								
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and	(- ,)					(- 1,000)								
accrued liabilities	(32,019)	(44,460	(10,158)	25,032	13,881	(47,724)								
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	-	- , , , , , , ,	- (-,,		28,581	28,581								
Total adjustments	4,000,038	934,791	(188,438)	95,277	242,812	5,084,480								
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 7,718,201	\$ 3,348,131	\$ 260,224	\$ 351,688	\$ (287,187)	\$ 11,391,057								

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

sets	Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 109,128
Total assets	\$ 109,128
Liabilities Amounts held for others Total liabilities	\$ 109,128 \$ 109,128

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Hopewell, Virginia (the "City") was incorporated in 1916 and its current charter was granted in 1950. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government and provides a full range of services to its citizens. These services include public safety (police and fire), public works, health and welfare services, parks, recreation and cultural, education, community and economic development, and judicial and general administrative services. The City owns and operates sewer, wastewater, solid waste and storm water treatment systems.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts ("APA") of the Commonwealth of Virginia (the "Commonwealth") and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below. Unless otherwise stated, the accounting policies of the School Board and Children's Services Act Board Component Unit are similar to those of the City.

Financial Statement Presentation

The City's financial report is prepared in accordance with GAAP which prescribes that the following sections be presented:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis GAAP requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A").
- Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Primary Government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the Primary Government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the Primary Government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the Primary Government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items are not included among program revenues as they are not levied for a particular program.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

• Required Supplementary Information ("RSI") - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GAAP reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports including the original budget, final budget and actual results. In addition to budgetary information, the RSI section also presents trend information related to the City and School Board's pension and other postemployment employee benefit programs.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a Primary Government's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability wherein the entity is both fiscally dependent on the Primary Government and provides either a benefit or creates a burden on the Primary Government. These financial statements present the City (Primary Government) and its component units. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that these units are legally separate from the City and each represents a functionally independent operation. These component units are fiscally dependent on the City and provide services primarily to the citizens of Hopewell.

B. Component Units

Blended:

During fiscal year 2012, the City formed a non-stock corporation named Beacon Theatre 2012 Manager Inc. ("Beacon"), which it owns 100%, to hold, construct, rehabilitate, manage, and operate the Beacon Theatre. Beacon Theatre 2012 Manager Inc. formed an LLC named Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC ("LLC"), which owns 99% of the LLC with the other 1% to be owned by future tax credit partner(s) when tax credits are sold. As the City appoints all members of the Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC Board of Directors, and the two entities have a financial benefit/burden relationship, the Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC is reported as a blended proprietary enterprise component unit of the City. Additionally, the City conveyed the related property to LLC for tax credit purposes during fiscal year 2013.

Discretely Presented:

The School Board members, appointed by the members of the City Council, are responsible for the operations of the City's School System within the City boundaries. The School Board is fiscally

dependent on the City, which has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding of the School Board is from the General Fund of the City. As the School Board does not issue a separate financial report, the financial statements of the School Board are presented discretely in their own column within the City's government-wide financial statements.

The Children's Services Act Board ("CSA") is responsible for providing family and youth services to the citizens of the City in accordance with the State Children's Services Act. The CSA consists of members appointed by the City Council. The CSA is fiscally dependent on the City (i.e., the City Council must appropriate monies for this board to carry out its legal obligations), and the CSA has no power or authority to generate any revenue for its purposes required under state law. As the CSA does not issue a separate financial report, the financial statements of the CSA are presented discretely in their own column within the City's government-wide financial statements.

C. Other Related Organizations

<u>Joint Ventures</u> - The City is a participant with six other localities in a joint venture to operate the Riverside Regional Jail Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority is governed by a seven-member board comprised of one appointee from each locality. Each locality is obligated by contract to house its inmate population with the Authority up to its authorized slots. The City does not retain a financial interest in the Authority. The City provided funding in the amount of \$2,149,560 during fiscal year 2017.

Financial statements of the Authority can be obtained at its administrative offices at Superintendent, Riverside Regional Jail Authority, P.O. Box 1041, Hopewell, Virginia 23860.

The City is a participant with the County of Dinwiddie and County of Prince George in a joint venture to operate the Appomattox Regional Library (the "Library"). The Library is governed by an 11-member board comprised of five appointees from Hopewell and three each from Dinwiddie and Prince George. Each locality is obligated by contract to fund a percentage of the Library's approved budget. In accordance with the joint venture agreement, the City remitted \$587,630 to the Library for fiscal year 2017. The City has an ongoing financial responsibility to fund the Library but does not retain a financial interest in the Library. Financial statements for the Library can be obtained at its administrative offices at 245 East Cawson Street, Hopewell, Virginia 23860.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The City participates with eight other localities in the District 19 Community Services Board. The City also participates with five other localities in Virginia's Gateway Region, a regional economic development organization. The City provided funding of \$108,420 and \$34,620, respectively, during fiscal year 2017 to these entities. The City also participates with six other localities in the Crater Youth Care Commission and provided funding in the amount of \$401,144 during fiscal year 2017.

<u>Related Organizations</u> - The City is also responsible for appointing members of the boards of two organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making these appointments. Related organizations during the year ended June 30, 2017 are Economic Development Authority and Hopewell Redevelopment and Housing Authority.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP as applicable to governmental units. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied. Fiduciary funds financial statements are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and do not measure operations.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits, and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting; however, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the Commonwealth or public utilities and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the Commonwealth or public utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the City.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

 Governmental Funds - Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The City reports the General, Capital Projects, and Virginia Public Assistance Funds as major governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the School Board.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. Special Revenue Funds consist of one major fund (Virginia Public Assistance) and three non-major funds (Recreation, Community Development Block Grant, and Anti-Litter). The Virginia Public Assistance Fund accounts for the social services programs of the City and is funded primarily through intergovernmental revenues.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by Proprietary Funds.

 Proprietary Funds - The Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to that of private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The City's major Enterprise Funds consist of the following: Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities (HRWTF), Sewer Service, Solid Waste, Storm Water and the Beacon Theatre.

3. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - (Trust and Agency Funds) - These funds account for assets held by the City unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The City's fiduciary funds are the Special Welfare Fund, Healthy Families Fund, and Police Evidence Fund, (each agency funds), which utilize the accrual basis of accounting, and are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements.

F. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, which approximates market. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$186,440 at June 30, 2017 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	June 15/December 5 (50% each date)	February 15
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The City bills and collects its own property taxes. The City follows the practice of reassessing real estate biennially and personal property annually.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements for the City and its component units. Capital assets are defined by the City as land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Primary Government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Plant, equipment, and system	20-30
Motor vehicles	5
Equipment	3-10
Infrastructure	30

I. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources, which represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and amounts related to deferred charges on bond refundings in the government-wide and the Proprietary funds' Statement of Net Position

In addition to liabilities, the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources representing an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Currently, the City reports deferred inflows of resources related to unearned and unavailable revenues on the Balance Sheet resulting from revenue that is not recognized solely because it is not yet considered to be available and property taxes received prior to the period they are intended to finance. The Government-wide and the Proprietary Funds' Statement of Net Position report amounts related to deferred charges on bond refundings and pensions

J. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Virginia Retirement System (VRS) participation and related additions to/deductions from the City's related net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance may be composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance. The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (e.g., inventory) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g., long-term amount of loans/note receivable). The noncurrent portion of the Capital Projects Fund's Due from School Board is offset equally by nonspendable fund balance to indicate that the asset does not constitute an expendable available financial resource and, therefore, is not available for appropriation.
- Restricted Fund Balance This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by external parties, constitutional provisions, or imposed by creditors (e.g., bond covenants).
- Committed Fund Balance This portion of fund balance can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council, before the close of the fiscal year and by majority vote of the City Council. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.
- Assigned Fund Balance The portion of fund balance that the City intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the governing body itself, the budget document, or delegated official, the City Manager. Fund balances in the General Fund are assigned by resolution of the City Council. For all government funds except the General Fund, assigned fund balances represent the amount that is not committed, restricted, or nonspendable. Specifically, the Rainy Day Emergency/Stabilization Reserve was approved by Council in 2003 and was created by segregating a portion of the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance. The purpose of this reserve is to provide an easy mechanism to tap reserves to address temporary revenue shortfalls resulting from temporary circumstances (e.g. economic cycles, weather-related emergencies, etc.). The City Council set the target at 10% of the next fiscal year's General Fund budget appropriation. The Rainy Day Emergency/Stabilization Reserve may be used in its entirety with City Council approval; however, replenishing the reserve will constitute the first priority for use of year-end fund balance in the General Fund.
- Unassigned Fund Balance The portion of the fund balance available for any purpose.
 Includes all spendable amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

N. Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt and deferred inflows and outflows related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

O. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

P. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the weighted average method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and is recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). In the Governmental Funds, inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that it does not constitute "currently expendable financial resources".

Q. Restricted Assets

The City reported restricted assets on the Balance Sheet in a governmental fund and Statement of Net Position of the proprietary funds of \$9,256,135 and \$5,128,338 respectively that represents bond proceeds that have not been spent at June 30, 2017 in accordance with the terms of the bond.

Note 2—Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

All cash of the Primary Government and its discretely presented component units is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the *Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act*, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia* or covered by federal depository insurance.

B. Investments

Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development ("World Bank"), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP").

C. Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The City's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2017 were rated by Standard and Poor's and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale. The City's investment policy has an emphasis on high credit quality and known marketability. Holdings of commercial paper are not allowed to exceed 35% of the investment portfolio.

D. External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool ("SNAP") is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The fair value of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP") is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC-registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

City's Rated Debt Investment Values

		Fair Quality Ratings											
Investment Type	Total		AAA AAAm		AAAm	AA		AA AA+		Α			
LGIP	\$ 15,360,403	\$		_	\$	15,360,403	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
SNAP	14,133,132	·		-	·	14,133,132	·	-	·	-		-	
U.S. Government Issues	4,751,108			-		-		-		4,751,108		-	
Corporate Bonds	475,210			-		-		250,548		-		224,662	
Total	\$ 34,719,853	\$		-	\$	29,493,535	\$	250,548	\$	4,751,108	\$	224,662	

	Investment Maturities (in Years)											
	Less than 1											
Investment Type	F	air Value		Year	1-5 Years							
U.S. Government Issues	\$	4,751,108	\$	702,510	\$	4,048,598						
Corporate Bonds		475,210		250,548		224,663						
Total	\$	5,226,318	\$	953,057	\$	4,273,260						

E. Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

- Corporate Bonds of \$.50 million are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- U.S. Government Issues of \$4.8 million are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).

F. Interest Rate Risk

According to the City's investment policy, at no time shall securities with maturity dates in excess of six months exceed 10% of the total budget of the City for the current fiscal year.

Note 3—Due from Other Governments and Component Units

At June 30, 2017, the City had receivables from other governments as follows:

											С	ompone	nt Units	
	General V		General VPA (rojects CDBG HF			HRWTF Primary			chool	CSA	
		Fund	Fund	_	Fund	Fund	<u></u>	Fund	Gov	vernment	Board		Board	
Commonwealth of Virginia:														
Local sales tax	\$	345,148	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	345,148	\$	742,578	\$	-
Communications tax		130,867		-	-		-	-		130,867		-		-
E-911 wireless tunds		9,590		-	-		-	-		9,590		-		-
VPA funds		-	386,730	0	-		-	-		386,730		-		-
Consumption and utility tax		47,065		-		-		-		47,065		-	-	
Department of Environmental Quality		-		-	-		-		397,071		-		-	
Constitutional officer reimbursements		98,508	-		-			-	98,508		_			-
Court fines and fees		171,200		-		-		-	171,200		-		-	
Railroad rolling stock tax		23,855		-	-		-	-	23,855		-			-
Mobile homes titling tax		150		-	-		-	-		150		-		-
DMV rental tax		2,408		-	-		-	-		2,408		-		-
Other State grants		20,440		-	-		-	-		20,440		-		-
Children's Services Act Board		-		-	-		-	-		-		-	57	7,559
Federal Government:														
Community development block grants		-		-	-	92,6	03	-		92,603		-		-
School fund grants		-		-	-		-	-		-	2,	346,408		-
Hopewell Economic Development														
Authority		-		-	400,000		-	-		400,000		-		-
Total due from other governments	\$	849,231	\$ 386,730	0	\$ 400,000	\$ 92,6	03	\$ 397,071	\$	2,125,635	\$ 3,0	088,986	\$ 57	7,559

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Note 4—Interfund Obligations

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditure occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

At June 30, 2017 the due to and from funds are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 3,159,335
General Fund	Virginia Public Assistance Fund	307,123
General Fund	HRWTF	27,500
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds - CDBG	19,831
		\$ 3,513,789

Note: Represents the reclass of cash deficits in the nonmajor governmental funds to Due To the the General Fund and a reduction of cash in the General Fund. Amounts owed to the Capital Projects were for expendures that were paid on behalf of the other funds.

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Note 5—Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2016	Increase	Decrease	June 30, 2017
Government Activities:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land	\$ 7,166,135	\$ 34,479	\$ -	\$ 7,200,614
Work in progress	5,590,879	1,161,911	(2,406,049)	4,346,741
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	12,757,014	1,196,390	(2,406,049)	11,547,355
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure	45,407,255	3,079,919	(76,440)	48,410,734
Machinery and equipment	11,926,812	3,564,989	(124,855)	15,366,946
Jointly-ow ned assets	32,641,215	-	(4,785,837)	27,855,378
Total capital assets being depreciated	89,975,282	6,644,908	(4,987,132)	91,633,058
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure	(18,698,492)	(1,518,041)	10,898	(20,205,635)
Machinery and equipment	(8,265,242)	(1,105,665)	125,822	(9,245,085)
Jointly-ow ned assets	(8,409,375)	(943,088)	3,597,285	(5,755,178)
Total accumulated depreciation	(35,373,109)	(3,566,794)	3,734,005	(35,205,898)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	54,602,173	3,078,114	(1,253,127)	56,427,160
Capital assets, net	\$ 67,359,187	\$ 4,274,504	\$ (3,659,176)	\$ 67,974,515

	Balance			Balance
Component Unit - School Board	July 1, 2016	Increase	Decrease	June 30, 2017
Government Activities:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land	\$ 474,629	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 474,629
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	474,629			474,629
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	63,373,603	621,724	-	63,995,327
Machinery and equipment	8,019,427	495,051	(163,791)	8,350,687
Jointly-ow ned assets	(32,641,215)	-	4,785,837	(27,855,378)
Total capital assets being depreciated	38,751,815	1,116,775	4,622,046	44,490,636
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(18,753,838)	(1,364,342)	-	(20,118,180)
Machinery and equipment	(3,946,878)	(503,277)	103,566	(4,346,589)
Jointly-ow ned assets	8,409,375	943,088	(3,597,285)	5,755,178
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,291,341)	(924,531)	(3,493,719)	(18,709,591)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	24,460,474	192,244	1,128,327	25,781,045
Capital assets, net	\$ 24,935,103	\$ 192,244	\$ 1,128,327	\$ 26,255,674

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs/funds as follows:

General government administration	\$ 513,525
Judicial administration	295,884
Public safety	640,810
Public works	889,539
Health and welfare	122,627
Education	943,088
Parks, recreation, and cultural	161,321
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,566,794
Component Unit: School Board	_\$ 1,867,619_

Under Section 15 of *The Code of Virginia 1950*, as amended, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the City for the year ended June 30, 2017, is School-financed assets in the amount of \$22,100,200 being reported by the Primary Government for financial reporting purposes.

A summary of changes in proprietary fund capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2017 follows:

		Balance		·				Balance
HRWTF	Ju	ly 1, 2016	ı	Increase		ecrease	Ju	ne 30, 2017
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$	216,026	\$	-	\$	-	\$	216,026
Construction in progress	(65,321,054		11,883,085		(3,293,166)		73,910,973
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation		65,537,080	_	11,883,085		(3,293,166)	_	74,126,999
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Utility plant in service		10,849,392		3,323,680		-		14,173,072
Machinery and equipment	;	53,924,058		481,712		_		54,405,770
Total capital assets being depreciated		64,773,450		3,805,392				68,578,842
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Utility plant in service		(9,280,705)		(95,274)		-		(9,375,979)
Machinery and equipment	(!	52,752,267)		(680,868)		-	(53,433,135)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6	62,032,972)		(776,142)			(62,809,114)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net HRWTF Fund capital assets, net		2,740,478		3,029,250				5,769,728
THAVETT TUNG CAPITAL ASSETS, TICK	\$ 6	68,277,558	\$	14,912,335	\$	(3,293,166)	\$	79,896,727
Sewer Service Fund		Balance ly 1, 2016	ı	ncrease	D	ecrease		Balance ne 30, 2017
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:		iy 1, 2010						110 00, 2017
Land	\$	97,920	\$	-	\$	-	\$	97,920
Work in progress		114,916		46,536		-		161,452
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation		212,836		46,536		_		259,372
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Utility plant in service		501,878		-		-		501,878
Machinery and equipment		1,354,433		44,783		(215,844)		1,183,372
Sew er main improvements	;	37,644,234		527,970		-		38,172,204
Total capital assets being depreciated	:	39,500,545		572,759		(215,844)		39,857,454
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Utility plant in service		(496,728)		(2,575)		-		(499,303)
Machinery and equipment		(859,817)		(73,984)		215,844		(717,957)
Sew er main improvements		(8,387,587)		(1,509,938)		-		(9,897,525)
Total accumulated depreciation		(9,744,132)		(1,586,497)		215,844		(11,114,785)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		29,756,413		(1,013,738)				28,742,669

Solid Waste Fund Capital assess subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment \$51,075 \$ - \$ \$51,075 Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment (30,134) (9,695) - \$351,075 Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net \$ 20,941 \$ (9,695) \$ - \$ \$112,46 Storm water Fund Balance July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land \$ - \$ 108,710 \$ - \$ 108,710 \$ - \$ 108,710 Work in progress 225,305 259,954 - \$ 503,969 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Washing assets and subject to depreciation: 20,090 77,846 - \$97,936 Machinery and equipment 20,090 77,846 - \$97,936 Stormw ater improvements 30,155 124,708 - \$252,799 Less accumulated depreciation for: Washing assets being depreciated (2,343) (7,656) - \$252,799 Machinery and equipment (2,343) (7,656) - \$237,733 Stormw ater improvements (126) (4,941) - \$0,007 Machinery and equipment (2,343) (7,656) - \$335,002			Balance	_		_			Balance
Machinery and equipment S 51,075 S - S - S 51,075	Solid Waste Fund	Ju	ly 1, 2016	Ir	crease	Decr	ease	Jur	ie 30, 2017
Machinery and equipment (30,134) (9,695) (39,829)		•		•		•		•	
Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net \$20,941 \$(9,695) \$ \$11,246	Machinery and equipment	\$	51,075	\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,075
Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net \$20,941 \$(9,695) \$.	Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net Samuelana S			(30.134)		(9.695)		_		(39.829)
Stormwater Fund Balance July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease Balance June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: 1 108,710 \$ 108,710 \$ 108,710 Work in progress 225,305 259,954 - 485,259 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation: 225,305 368,664 - 593,969 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 20,090 77,846 - 97,936 Stormwater improvements 30,155 124,708 - 154,863 Total capital assets being depreciated 50,245 202,554 - 252,799 Less accumulated depreciation for: (2,343) (7,656) - 9,999 Stormwater improvements (126) (4,941) - 5,661,507 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 47,776 189,957 - 237,733 Stormwater Fund capital assets, net \$ 273,081 \$ 558,621 \$ - \$831,702 Bacon Theatre Fund \$ 284,473 \$ - \$831,702 \$ 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 - \$ - \$244,473 Land \$ 284,473 - \$ - \$ 375,502		-	(, - ,		(2,7227)				(,,
Storm water Fund	Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net	\$	20,941	\$	(9,695)	\$	-	\$	11,246
Storm water Fund									
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land		E	Balance						Balance
Land \$ - \$ 108,710 \$ - \$ 108,710 Work in progress 225,305 259,954 - 485,259 701al capital assets not subject to depreciation 225,305 368,664 - 593,969 701al capital assets subject to depreciation:	Storm water Fund	Ju	ly 1, 2016	Ir	crease	Decr	ease	Jun	e 30, 2017
Work in progress 225,305 259,954 - 485,259 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation 225,305 368,664 - 593,969 Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment 20,090 77,846 - 97,936 Stormw ater improvements 30,155 124,708 - 154,863 Total capital assets being depreciated 50,245 202,554 - 252,799 Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment (2,343) (7,656) - (9,999) Stormw ater improvements (126) (4,941) - (5,067) Total accumulated depreciation (2,469) (12,597) - (15,066) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 47,776 189,957 - 237,733 Stormw ater Fund capital assets, net 273,081 \$558,621 \$ - \$81,702 Land 284,473 \$ \$ 284,473 - - 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation: 284,473 -	Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Work in progress 225,305 259,954 - 485,259 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation: 225,305 368,664 - 593,969 Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment 20,090 77,846 - 97,936 Stormw ater improvements 30,155 124,708 - 154,863 Total capital assets being depreciated 50,245 202,554 - 252,799 Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment (2,343) (7,656) - (9,999) Stormw ater improvements (126) (4,941) - (5,067) Total accumulated depreciation (2,469) (12,597) - (15,066) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 47,776 189,957 - 237,733 Stormw ater Fund capital assets, net \$ 273,081 \$ 558,621 \$ - \$ 831,702 Land \$ 284,473 \$ - \$ 284,473 - \$ 284,473 Total capital assets subject to depreciation: 284,473 - - \$ 284,47	Land	\$	_	\$	108,710	\$	_	\$	108,710
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment 20,090 77,846 97,936 Storrw ater improvements 30,155 124,708 154,863 Total capital assets being depreciated 50,245 202,554 202,554 252,799 Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment (2,343) (7,656) (9,999) Storrmw ater improvements (126) (4,941) - (5,067) Total capital assets being depreciated (2,469) (12,597) - (15,066) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 47,776 189,957 - 237,733 Storrmw ater Fund capital assets, net 273,081 \$558,621 \$ - \$831,702 Balance Balance Superior Su	Work in progress		225,305		259,954		_		
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Wachinery and equipment 20,090 77,846 - 97,936 Stormw ater improvements 30,155 124,708 - 154,863 Total capital assets being depreciated 50,245 202,554 - 252,799 Less accumulated depreciation for: Wachinery and equipment (2,343) (7,656) - (9,999) Stormw ater improvements (126) (4,941) - (5,067) Total accumulated depreciation (2,469) (12,597) - (15,066) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 47,776 189,957 - 237,733 Stormw ater Fund capital assets, net \$ 273,081 \$ 558,621 \$ - \$ 831,702 Balance July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 \$ - \$ 284,473 Total capital assets subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 \$ - \$ 284,473 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 375,502 Total									
Machinery and equipment 20,090 77,846 97,936 Storrw ater improvements 30,155 124,708 - 154,863 Total capital assets being depreciated 50,245 202,554 - 252,799 Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment (2,343) (7,656) - (9,999) Stormw ater improvements (126) (4,941) - (5,067) Total accumulated depreciation (2,469) (12,597) - (15,066) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 47,776 189,957 - 237,733 Stormwater Fund capital assets, net \$ 273,081 \$ 558,621 \$ - \$831,702 Balance July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: 284,473 - \$ - \$284,473 - 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation: 284,473 - \$ - \$284,473 - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 284,473 - \$ - \$5,661,851 - \$ - \$284,473 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - \$ - \$6,037,353 - \$ - \$6,037,353 Less accu	, , ,								<u> </u>
Machinery and equipment 20,090 77,846 97,936 Storrw ater improvements 30,155 124,708 - 154,863 Total capital assets being depreciated 50,245 202,554 - 252,799 Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment (2,343) (7,656) - (9,999) Stormw ater improvements (126) (4,941) - (5,067) Total accumulated depreciation (2,469) (12,597) - (15,066) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 47,776 189,957 - 237,733 Stormwater Fund capital assets, net \$ 273,081 \$ 558,621 \$ - \$831,702 Balance July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: 284,473 - \$ - \$284,473 - 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation: 284,473 - \$ - \$284,473 - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 284,473 - \$ - \$5,661,851 - \$ - \$284,473 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - \$ - \$6,037,353 - \$ - \$6,037,353 Less accu	Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Stormw ater improvements 30,155 124,708 - 154,863 Total capital assets being depreciated 50,245 202,554 - 252,799			20,090		77,846		_		97,936
Total capital assets being depreciated 50,245 202,554 - 252,799					124,708		_		154,863
Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment (2,343) (7,656) - (9,999) Stormw ater improvements (126) (4,941) - (5,067) Total accumulated depreciation (2,469) (12,597) - (15,066) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 47,776 189,957 - 237,733 Stormw ater Fund capital assets, net \$273,081 \$558,621 \$ - \$831,702 Balance Balance July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land \$284,473 \$ - \$ \$ 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation: 284,473 - \$ 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: Buildings 5,661,851 - \$ 5,661,851 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - \$ 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - \$ 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (429,287) (150,263) - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - (773,441) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912	Total capital assets being depreciated		50,245		202,554		-		
Machinery and equipment (2,343) (7,656) - (9,999) Stormw ater improvements (126) (4,941) - (5,067) Total accumulated depreciation (2,469) (12,597) - (15,066) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 47,776 189,957 - 237,733 Stormw ater Fund capital assets, net 273,081 \$558,621 \$ - 831,702 Balance July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$284,473 \$ - \$284,473 Total capital assets subject to depreciation: \$284,473 - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: \$284,473 - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: \$ - - 284,473 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>									-
Stormw ater improvements (126) (4,941) - (5,067) Total accumulated depreciation (2,469) (12,597) - (15,066) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 47,776 189,957 - 237,733 Stormw ater Fund capital assets, net 273,081 558,621 \$ - 831,702 Balance Beacon Theatre Fund July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$284,473 \$ - \$284,473 Total capital assets subject to depreciation: 284,473 - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: - - 284,473 - - 284,473 Total capital assets subject to depreciation: - - - 284,473 - - 284,473 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Machinery and equipment (429,287) (150,263)	Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Total accumulated depreciation (2,469) (12,597) - (15,066) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 47,776 189,957 - 237,733 Stormwater Fund capital assets, net \$ 273,081 \$ 558,621 \$ - \$ 831,702 Balance July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 - - \$ 284,473 Total capital assets subject to depreciation: 284,473 - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 284,473 - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 284,473 - - 284,473 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 24,287 (150,263) - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation	Machinery and equipment		(2,343)		(7,656)		-		(9,999)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 47,776 189,957 237,733	Stormw ater improvements		(126)		(4,941)		-		(5,067)
Balance Beacon Theatre Fund Balance July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease Balance June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 \$ - \$ 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 - - \$ 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: \$ 5,661,851 - - 5,661,851 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (429,287) (150,263) - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - 5,263,912	Total accumulated depreciation		(2,469)		(12,597)		-		(15,066)
Balance Beacon Theatre Fund Balance July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease Balance June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 \$ - \$ 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 - - \$ 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: \$ 5,661,851 - - 5,661,851 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (429,287) (150,263) - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - 5,263,912									
Beacon Theatre Fund July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease Balance June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 \$ - \$ 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation 284,473 - - \$ 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 284,473 - - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 34,473 - - - 284,473 Buildings 5,661,851 - - 5,661,851 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 34,473 - - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 34,473 - - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 34,473 - - - 6,037,353 Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441)	Total capital assets being depreciated, net		47,776		189,957		-		237,733
Beacon Theatre Fund July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease Balance June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 \$ - \$ 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation 284,473 - - \$ 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 284,473 - - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 34,473 - - - 284,473 Buildings 5,661,851 - - 5,661,851 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 34,473 - - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 34,473 - - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 34,473 - - - 6,037,353 Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441)						_			
Beacon Theatre Fund July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 \$ - \$ - \$ 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation: 284,473 - - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 8 - - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 8 - - - 284,473 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 8 - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912	Stormw ater Fund capital assets, net	\$	273,081	\$	558,621	\$		\$	831,702
Beacon Theatre Fund July 1, 2016 Increase Decrease June 30, 2017 Capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 \$ - \$ - \$ 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation: 284,473 - - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 8 - - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 8 - - - 284,473 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 8 - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912			Dalamaa						Dalamaa
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: \$ 284,473 \$ - \$ 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation 284,473 - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 284,473 - - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 284,473 - - - 284,473 Buildings 5,661,851 - - - 5,661,851 - - - 5,661,851 - - - 375,502 - - 375,502 - - - 375,502 - - - 6,037,353 - - - 6,037,353 - - - 6,037,353 - - - 6,037,353 - - - 6,037,353 - - - 6,037,353 - - - - 6,037,353 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td>Penson Theatre Fund</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>l.</td> <td></td> <td>Door</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Penson Theatre Fund			l.		Door			
Land \$ 284,473 \$ - \$ 284,473 Total capital assets not subject to depreciation 284,473 - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 8 8 - - - 284,473 Buildings 5,661,851 - - - 5,661,851 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 -		Ju	ly 1, 2016		icrease	Decr	ease	Jui	ie 30, 2017
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation 284,473 - - 284,473 Capital assets subject to depreciation: 5,661,851 - - 5,661,851 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings (429,287) (150,263) - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912		æ	204 472	æ		œ		œ	204 472
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Buildings 5,661,851 - - 5,661,851 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (429,287) (150,263) - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912		Φ		Φ		Ψ		Φ	
Buildings 5,661,851 - - 5,661,851 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 8 -	Total capital assets flot subject to depreciation		204,473						204,473
Buildings 5,661,851 - - 5,661,851 Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 8 -	Canital assets subject to depreciation:								
Machinery and equipment 375,502 - - 375,502 Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings (429,287) (150,263) - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912			5 661 851		_		_		5 661 851
Total capital assets being depreciated 6,037,353 - - 6,037,353 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (429,287) (150,263) - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912	_				_		_		
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (429,287) (150,263) - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912									
Buildings (429,287) (150,263) - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912	Total capital assets selling depressated		0,007,000						0,007,000
Buildings (429,287) (150,263) - (579,550) Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912	Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Machinery and equipment (143,804) (50,088) - (193,892) Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912			(429,287)		(150,263)		_		(579,550)
Total accumulated depreciation (573,091) (200,350) - (773,441) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912	=						_		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,464,262 (200,350) - 5,263,912							-		
	·		<u> </u>		· <u> </u>				, , ,
	Total capital assets being depreciated, net		5,464,262		(200,350)		-		5,263,912
Beacon Theatre Fund capital assets, net \$ 5,748,735 \$ (200,350) \$ - \$ 5,548,385	· • • •								

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Note 6—Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfer for the year ended June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

Transfer Out	Transfer in	Purpose	Amount
General Fund	Virginia Public Assistance Fund	Local Share	\$ 507,876
General Fund	Recreation Fund	Budgetary Transfer	1,328,400
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Budgetary Transfer	3,345,314
Total			\$5,181,590

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 7—Long-term Obligations

A summary of changes in long-term obligations is as follows:

Primary Government:		Balance uly 1, 2016	Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2017		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Obligations:				_				_		
Incurred by City:										
General obligation bonds	\$	35,732,412	\$	-	\$	(911,811)	\$	34,820,601	\$	1,081,466
Issuance premiums, net		65,154		-		(33,226)		31,928		-
Capital Leases		1,280,852		-		(139,061)		1,141,791		141,254
Claims, judgments, and compen-										
sated absences payable		836,129		76,629		-		912,758		91,276
Landfill closure liability		597,960		55,539		(47,765)		605,734		-
OPEB liability		6,377,495		789,352		-		7,166,847		-
Net pension liability *		15,947,580		4,362,302				20,309,882		<u> </u>
Total incurred by City		60,837,582		5,283,822		(1,131,863)		64,989,541		1,313,996
Incurred for School Board:										
State Literary Loans payable		2,073,400		_		(474,200)		1,599,200		474,200
General obligation bonds		22,158,440		-		(1,657,440)		20,501,000		1,549,785
Total incurred for School Board		24,231,840				(2,131,640)		22,100,200		2,023,985
Total Governmental Obligations	\$	85,069,422	\$	5,283,822	\$	(3,263,503)	\$	87,089,741	\$	3,337,981
Enterprise Obligations:										
Revenue bonds payable	\$	37,130,000	\$	_	\$	(1,405,000)	\$	35,725,000	\$	1,440,000
Issuance premium	Ψ.	626,155	*	_	Ψ	(25,142)	*	601,013	Ψ.	-
Claims, judgments, and compen-		020,.00				(==, : :=)		001,010		
sated absences payable		204,859		_		(8,895)		195,964		11,652
OPEB liability		1,340,284		171.158		-		1,511,442		-
Net pension liability *		3,435,334		968,551				4,403,885		-
Total Enterprise Obligations	\$	42,736,632	\$	1,139,709	\$	(1,439,037)	\$	42,437,304	\$	1,451,652

^{*} See Footnote 13 for further discussion.

Component Unit School Board:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Component Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
Claims, judgments and compensated absences payable	\$ 922,392	\$ 77,230	\$ (100,000)	\$ 899,622	\$ 89,962
OPEB liability	1,358,741	134,312	-	1,493,053	-
Net pension liability *	40,756,416	3,352,798	-	44,109,214	-
Note payable to the City	1,495,273		(115,591)	1,379,682	120,897
	\$ 44,532,822	\$ 3,564,340	\$ (215,591)	\$ 47,881,571	\$ 210,859

Amounts are payable from the School Operating Fund.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

		Incurred For C	ity Obl	igations							
Year	General Obligation										
Ending		Bonds	Payable)							
June 30		Principal		Interest							
2018	\$	1,081,466	\$	1,140,045							
2019		1,238,697		1,094,938							
2020		1,546,003		1,040,894							
2021		1,497,011		983,084							
2022		1,799,476		921,504							
2023-2027		10,361,115		3,589,253							
2028-2032		10,372,647		1,906,246							
2033-2037		5,984,186		475,374							
2038		940,000		23,626							
	\$	34,820,601	\$	11,174,964							

Incurred For School Obligations

Year Ending		iterary. Loans			Obligation Payable		
June 30	Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	
2018	\$ 474,200	\$	31,984	\$ 1,549,785	\$	1,047,329	
2019	375,000		22,500	1,560,088		1,016,971	
2020	375,000		15,000	1,675,870		985,723	
2021	375,000		7,500	1,730,499		952,095	
2022	-		-	1,895,792		914,751	
2023-2027	-		-	7,774,278		4,204,692	
2028-2032	-		-	2,573,875		599,691	
2033-2037	 			1,740,814		147,153	
Total	\$ 1,599,200	\$	76,984	\$ 20,501,000	\$	9,868,405	

Year Ending	Reve Bonds	 e
June 30	 Principal	Interest
2018	\$ 1,440,000	\$ 1,468,901
2019	1,460,000	1,438,631
2020	1,500,000	1,403,302
2021	1,530,000	1,363,064
2022	1,580,000	1,318,686
2023-2027	6,360,000	5,886,073
2028-2032	5,045,000	4,692,640
2033-2037	6,415,000	3,319,106
2038-2042	8,170,000	1,552,544
2043-2045	2,225,000	89,430
Total	\$ 35,725,000	\$ 22,532,377

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Primary Government Capital Leases

During the fiscal year 2016, the City entered into a noncancellable master tax exempt lease purchase agreement for equipment. The cost of equipment purchased during the year was \$1,257,252. At June 30, 2017, the equipment had not been placed in service.

Year	Governmental	
Ending June 30,		Activities
2018	\$	162,144
2019		162,414
2020		162,415
2021		162,414
2022		322,391
2023		250,217
Total minimum lease payments		1,221,995
less amounts representing interest		(80,204)
		_
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,141,791

Primary Government : (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

General Obligations:

Incurred for City:

General Obligation Bonds:

annual installments through July 15, 2023; interest payable semi-annual at various rates from 3.75%-5.00%.	\$ 2,305,000
\$4,480,000 general obligation public improvement bond, Series 2008B, principal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various rates from 6.15 %-6.38%	3,415,000
\$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, prinicipal payable in annual installments through July 15, 2033; interest payable semi-annually at various interest rates from 4.00% to 5.00%.	1,037,500
\$2,155,000 general obligation payable Series 2009B, prinicipal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2019; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.00%- 5.00%.	2,070,000
\$2,380,000 general obligation payable Series 2011, prinicipal payable in various annual installments through May 1, 2022; interest payable semi-annually at various rates from 2.50%-3.50%.	420,000
\$2,265,000 general obligation payable Series 2013A, prinicipal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2028; interest payable semi-annually at 2.10%.	2,265,000
\$895,000 general obligation payable Series 2013B, prinicipal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2028; interest payable semi-annually at 3.63%.	895,000
\$7,700,000 general obligation payable Series 2013C, prinicipal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2038 interest payable semi-annually at 2.50%.	7,660,000
\$2,500,000 general obligation payable Series 2015A, principal payable in various annual installments through January 15, 2030; interest payable semi-annually at 2.275%.	2,201,176
\$12,955,075 general obligation payable Series 2015B, prinicipal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	12,551,925
Total General Obligation Bonds	34,820,601
Issuance premium	31,928
Capital Leases	1,141,791
Landfill closure liability (payable from the General Fund)	605,734
Compensated absences (payable from the General Fund)	912,758
OPEB liability (payable from the General Fund)	7,166,847
Net pension liability (payable from the General Fund)	 20,309,882
Total Incurred for City	\$ 64,989,541

Primary Government : (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follow s: (Continued)

Incurred for School Board:

	iterary	

State Literary Fund Loans.	
\$209,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued September 26, 1997, due in annual principal installments of \$10,450 through October 1, 2017; interest payable annually at 2%.	\$ 10,450
\$939,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued September 26, 1997, due in annual prinicipal installments of \$46,950 through October 1, 2017; interest payable annually at 2%.	46,950
\$239,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued September 26, 1997, due in annual principal installments of \$11,950 through October 1, 2017; interest payable annually at 2%.	11,950
\$597,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued September 26, 1997, due in annual principal installments of \$29,850 through October 1, 2017; interest payable annually at 2%.	29,850
\$7,500,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued May 15, 2001, due in annual principal installments of \$375,000 through Janaury 15, 2021; interest payable annually at 2%.	 1,500,000
Total State Literary Fund Loans	1,599,200
Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) Subsidy and Other Bonds:	
\$4,862,705 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2001, prinicipal due in annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2021; interest payable annually at varying rates 3.10% - 5.10%.	1,442,527
\$858,896 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued in 2005, prinicipal due in annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2025; interest payable annually at varying rates 4.60% - 5.10%.	439,563
\$2,800,000 General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bond issued in 2009, prinicipal due in annual installments of \$186,667 through December 15, 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%.	1,037,500
\$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010,prinicipal due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%.	5,650,000
\$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, prinicipal due in various annual installments through July 15, 2022; interest payable semi-annually at various from 4.00% to 5.00%.	1,493,333
\$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, prinicipal due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%.	4,100,002
\$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, prinicipal due in annual installments of varying amounts through May 1 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%.	2,700,000
\$3,754,925 General Obligation payable Series 2015B split with the City, due in annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	3,638,075
Total Virginia Public Authority School Subsidy and Other Bonds	 20,501,000
Total Incurred for School Board	\$ 22,100,200

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows: (Continued)

Enterprise Obligations:

Revenue Bond Obligations:

\$5,445,000 Series 2015, revenue refunding bond. Prinicipal payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2025; interest payable semi-annually at 1.25% - 3.37%.	\$ 5,445,000
\$5,675,000 Series 2014, revenue bond, prinicipal payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2044; interest payable semi-annually at 2.13% - 4.13%.	4,950,000
\$2,790,000 revenue bond issued August 1, 2012, prinicipal payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2021; interest payable semi-annually at varying rates 2.14% - 2.38%.	1,530,000
\$18,210,000 Sew er System bond issued December 7, 2011, prinicipal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2042; interest payable semi-annually at 2.50% - 6.00%.	17,835,000
\$3,385,000 Sew er System bond issued December 7, 2011, prinicipal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2022; interest payable semi-annually at 2,63% - 3.75%.	2,135,000
\$4,160,000 Sew er System revenue bond issued December 2, 2010, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2041; interest payable semi-annually at 2.50% - 5.13%.	 3,830,000
Total Revenue Bond Obligations	35,725,000
Issuance premium	601,013
Compensated absences (Payable from the Enterprise Funds)	195,964
OPEB liability (Payable from the Enterprise Funds)	1,511,442
Net pension liability (Payable from the Enterprise Funds)	4,403,885
Total Enterprise Obligations	\$ 42,437,304

Note 8—Reporting Entity Transactions

During fiscal year 2012, City Council approved a budget resolution to advance the School Board \$1,912,428 for energy conservation improvements. The School Board will repay the City over 15 years. The effective interest rate on the loan is 8.7%. At June 30, 2017, \$1,379,682 of the loan was still outstanding.

Note 9—Landfill Post-Closure Costs

In October 1993, the City discontinued accepting solid waste at its landfill. In conjunction with the closing of the landfill, an environmental engineering firm was engaged to devise a closure plan in accordance with federal and state regulations. During fiscal year 2002, the City received a closing permit; however, the time period for maintaining the site has been extended through 2022. Total estimated costs of maintaining the site for this period is \$605,734 The total current cost of landfill post closure care is an estimate subject to change resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

The City demonstrates its financial assurance requirements closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the *Virginia Administrative Code*.

Note 10—Unearned and Unavailable Revenues

Unearned revenues represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available. Unavailable revenues are resource inflows that represent amounts earned, but which are not available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Unearned and unavailable revenues reported in governmental funds were comprised of the following:

	Unavailable	Unearned	
Tax Type	Revenue	Revenue	Total
General Fund			
Real Estate Tax	\$ 1,655,280	\$ 7,299,365	\$ 8,954,645
Personal Property	1,411,430	-	1,411,430
Personal Service Corporations	212	-	212
Machinery & Tools Tax	1,220,256	4,036,846	5,257,102
	\$ 4,287,178	\$ 11,336,211	\$15,623,389

Note 11—Commitments, Contingencies, and Subsequent Event

Federal programs in which the City and all discretely presented component units participate are audited in accordance with the provisions of the *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Pursuant to the provisions of *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, all major programs will be tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements and reported upon under separate reporting. Even if no matters of noncompliance are disclosed by audit, the Federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

On December 16, 2010, the City was informed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") that the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility (the "Facility") was in violation of the Clean Air Act for 32 days during January and February of 2010. The Facility is potentially subject to a \$37,500 administrative penalty and a \$37,500 civil action for injunctive relief and/or civil penalties for each day in violation. On September 30, 2016, the City signed two consent agreements – one for Clean Water Act violations and one for Clean Air Act violations. The total amount of penalties paid to EPA was \$150,000, which was paid to the federal government in October 2016. The cost of the penalty was billed to each of the five other Facility Commission members. The consent agreement expired on September 30, 2017.

Note 12—Litigation

At June 30, 2017, there were no matters of litigation involving the City or which would materially affect the City's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

Note 13—Pension Plans

A. Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City and salaried permanent (nonprofessional) employees of the School Board are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of the School Board are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan, upon employment. Both plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the Code of Virginia, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

VRS PLAN 1

Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

VRS PLAN 2

Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members").

- The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
- The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
- In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

Eligible Members

Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

Eligible Members

Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

Eligible Members

Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014.

This includes:

- School division employees
- Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 – April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Retirement Contributions Members contribute up to 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. The School Board elected to phase in the required 5% member contributions allowed bases.	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Retirement Contributions Same as VRS Plan 1.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and employer to both the defined benefit and defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are
contribution; all employees have paid the full 5% by July 1, 2014. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.		based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions accord-ing to specified percentages.
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined
		ContributionComponent: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Vesting

Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Vesting

Same as Plan 1.

Vesting

Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

Defined Contributions Component:

Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

- After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
- After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
- After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.

Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit
The Basic Benefit is calculated based	See definition under Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
on a formula using the member's		See definition under Plan 1.
average final compensation, a		Defined Contribution
retirement multiplier and total service		Defined Contribution
credit at retirement. It is one of the		Component:
benefit payout options available to a		The benefit is based on
member at retirement.		contributions made by the
An early retirement reduction factor		member and any matching
An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the		contributions made by the employer, plus net investment
member retires with a reduced		earnings on those contributions.
retirement benefit or selects a		earnings on those contributions.
benefit payout option other than the		
Basic Benefit.		
Busic Benefit.		
Average Final Compensation	Average Final Compensation	Average Final Compensation
A member's average final compen-	A member's average final compen-	Same as Plan 2. It is used in the
sation is the average of the 36	sation is the average of their 60	retirement formula for the
consecutive months of highest	consecutive months of highest	defined benefit component of
compensation as a covered	compensation as a covered	the plan.
employee.	employee.	
Comice Deligners at M. W. P.	Comitee Deting to and Mark!	Comice Detirement \$4.10.10
Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier
The retirement multiplier is a factor	Same as Plan1 for service earned,	Defined Benefit Component:
used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The	purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. The retirement multiplier is	The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is
retirement multiplier for members is	1.65% for creditable service earned,	1.00%.
1.70%.	purchased or granted on or after	1.00 %.
	January 1, 2013.	For members that opted into the
	, ,	Hybrid Retirement Plan from
		Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable
		multipliers for those plans will be
		used to calculate the retirement
		benefit for service credited in
		those plans.
		Defined Contribution Compo-
		nent: Not Applicable.
Normal Datinomast Ass	Normal Definement Ass	Name al Datinoma surt Asia
Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age
Age 65.	Normal Social Security retirement age.	Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2.
		Same as Flan 2.
		Defined Contribution
		Component:
		Members are eligible to receive
		distributions upon leaving
		employment, subject to
		restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement	Earliest Unreduced Retirement	Earliest Unreduced Retirement
Eligibility	Eligibility	Eligibility
Age 65 with at least five years (60	Normal Social Security retirement	Defined Benefit Component:
months) of creditable service or at	age with at least five years (60	Normal Social Security
		retirement age and have at least

age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.	five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: Age Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.
Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-inservice benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivision and school divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members, which the School Board has elected to provide. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as VRS Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. The cost for purchasing refunded service is the highest of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.

purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	 Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.
	Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

B. <u>Employees Covered by Benefit Terms</u>

As of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	City	Schools - Nonprofessional
Inactive members:		_
Receiving benefits	292	65
Vested inactive members	43	7
Non-vested inactive members	78	33
Active elsewhere in VRS	168	19_
Total inactive members	581	124
Active Members	347	97_
Total covered employees	928	221

C. Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to the City and the School Board by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

VRS Retirement Plan

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 13.98% of covered employee compensation. The School Board's non-professional plan contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 13.98% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30,2015 The actuarial rate for the City's plan and the School Board's non-professional plan were 13.98% and 11.95%, respectively.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$2,423,732 and \$2,009,066 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively, and contributions to the pension plan from the School Board's non-professional plan were \$178,358 and \$210,721 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

The School Board's professional plan contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 14.06% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 and reflects the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium . The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, the contributions were funded at 89.84% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2017. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$3,618,621 and \$3,303,324 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

D. Net Pension Liability

VRS Retirement Plan

The City's and School Board's nonprofessional plan net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

At June 30, 2017, the School Board professional plan reported a liability of \$42,498,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms since the prior measurement period. There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective net pension liability and the School Board's reporting date. The School Board's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the School Board's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the School Board's proportion was .30325 % as compared to .31187% at June 30, 2016.

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees</u>

The total pension liability for the City and School Board was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions,

applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

		VRS General Employees	VRS Public Safety Employees	VRS School Board Teacher Retirement Plan Employees
•	Investment Rate of Return, net of pension plan investment expense,			
	including inflation	7.00%	7.00%	7.0%
•	Inflation *	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
•	Projected Salary Increases Mortality Rates (% of deaths assumed to be service	3.5% - 5.35%	3.5% - 4.75%	3.5% - 4.5%
	related)	14%	60%	N/A

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

General City Employees:

- Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.
- Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Public Safety Employees:

- Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years.
- Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.
- Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

Teacher Plan Employees:

- Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years.
- Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years.
- Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions for the VRS Local Plans as a result of the experience study include updating mortality tables; decreasing rates of service retirement; decreasing rates of disability retirement;

reducing rates of salary increases by 0.25% per year and increasing rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service.

- Largest 10 –LEOS:
 - Update mortality table
 - Decrease in male rates of disability
- All Others (Non 10 Largest) LEOS:
 - Update mortality table
 - Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
 - Increase in rates of withdrawal
 - Decrease in male and female rates of disability

F. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		VRS Plans	
		Arithmetic	Weighted
		Long-Term	Average
	Target	Expected	Long-Term
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	(1.50)%	(.02)%
Total	100.00%	<u>-</u>	5.83%
Inflation		-	2.50%
** Expected arithmetic nominal return		_	8.33%

^{**} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the Long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H. Changes in Net Pension Liability

		City			
Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension Liability	
	Liability	Net Position		Liability	
\$	104,921,903 \$	85,538,989	\$	19,382,914	
	1,974,094	-		1,974,094	
	7,121,892	-		7,121,892	
	475,274	-		475,274	
	-	2,060,903		(2,060,903)	
	-	831,516		(831,516)	
	-	1,403,075		(1,403,075)	
	(6,361,167)	(6,361,167)		-	
	-	(54,474)		54,474	
	-	(613)		613	
	3,210,093	(2,120,760)		5,330,853	
\$	108,131,996 \$	83,418,229	\$	24,713,767	
	\$	\$ 104,921,903 \$ 1,974,094 7,121,892 475,274 (6,361,167) - 3,210,093	Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position \$ 104,921,903 \$ 85,538,989 1,974,094 - 7,121,892 - 475,274 - - 2,060,903 - 831,516 - 1,403,075 (6,361,167) (6,361,167) - (54,474) - (613) 3,210,093 (2,120,760)	Liability Net Position \$ 104,921,903 \$ 85,538,989 \$ 1,974,094 - 7,121,892 - 475,274 - 2,060,903 - 831,516 - 1,403,075 (6,361,167) (6,361,167) - (54,474) - (613) 3,210,093 (2,120,760)	

	School Board - Nonprofessional						
Balance at July 1, 2015		tal Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
		8,124,686	\$	6,621,270	\$	1,503,416	
Changes for the Year:							
Service cost		204,573		-		204,573	
Interest		545,104		-		545,104	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(240,879)		-		(240,879)	
Contributions - employer		-		210,896		(210,896)	
Contributions - employee		_		86,708		(86,708)	
Net investment income		_		107,664		(107,664)	
Benefit payments including refunds							
of employee contributions		(674,980)		(674,980)		-	
Admininstrative expense		_		(4,221)		4,221	
Other changes		_		(47)		47	
Net Changes		(166,182)		(273,980)		107,798	
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	7,958,504	\$	6,347,290	\$	1,611,214	

I. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1.0	0% Decrease	Curr	ent Discount Rate	19	√a Increase
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
City Net Pension Liability	\$	37,733,873	\$	24,713,767	\$	13,810,331
School Board - Nonprofessional Net Pension Liability	\$	2,434,429	\$	1,611,214	\$	909,526
School Board – Professional Net Pension Liability	\$	60,581,000	\$	42,498,000	\$	27,602,000

J. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

VRS Retirement Plan

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City and School Board nonprofessional plan recognized pension expense of \$2,624,476 and \$158,732, respectively. At June 30, 2017, the City and School Board nonprofessional plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Difference between expected and actual experience
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on
pension plan investments.
Difference in proportion
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement
date
Total

	(Cit	у					
Deferred Outflows of Deferred Inflow								
Resources			Resources					
\$	376,530	\$	-					
	2,166,414		-					
	144,093		144,093					
	2,423,732		-					
\$	5,110,769	\$	144,093					

Difference betw een expected and actual experience Net difference betw een projected and actual earnings on
pension plan investments. Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date
Total

School Board - Nonprofessional							
Defe	erred Outflows of	De	eferred Inflows of				
	Resources		Resources				
\$	20,598	\$	163,921				
	164,659		-				
	178,358		-				
\$	363,615	\$	163,921				

\$2,423,732 and \$178,358 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City and School Board, respectively, nonprofessional plans' contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		School Board -
Year Ended June 30,	City	Nonprofessional
2018	\$ 169,314	\$ (58,582)
2019	138,790	(79,182)
2020	1,342,576	90,605
2021	892,264	68,495
2022	-	-
	\$ 2,542,944	\$ 21,336

VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the School Board professional plan recognized pension expense of \$3,203,000. At June 30, 2017, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	School Board - Professional				
	Defe	erred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of		
		Resources	Resources		
Change in assumptions	\$	-	\$ -		
Difference between expected and actual experience		-	1,377,000		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments.		2,428,000	-		
Change in proportion and differences between employer					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-	1,553,000		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement					
date		3,618,621	-		
Total	\$	6,046,621	\$ 2,930,000		

\$3,618,621 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board professional plan's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Sch	ooi Board -
Year Ended June 30,	Pro	ofessional
2018	\$	(736,000)
2019		(736,000)
2020		704,000
2021		449,000
2022		(183,000)
	\$	(502,000)

K. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2017 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 14—Surety Bonds

The following Surety bonds are maintained by the City with Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland – Surety (Faithful Performance of Duty Schedule Position Bond):

Tamara J. Ward, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 1,075,000
Teresa L. Batton, Treasurer	\$ 500,000
Debra A. Reason, Commissioner of the Revenue	\$ 3,000
Luther H. Sodat, Sheriff	\$ 30,000
The above constitutional officers and subordinate employees - blanket bond	\$ 50,000

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VSBA – Surety (\$10,000): Melody Hackney, Superintendent of Schools, Monique Barnes, Clerk of School Board, Melody F. Bage, Deputy Clerk of School Board

Note 15—Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Plan Description

The City and the School Board each maintain a separate single employer defined benefit plan that offers eligible retirees postretirement health benefits if they retire directly from the City or Schools and are eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. Health benefits include medical coverage only for the City and medical, dental, and vision coverage for the School Board.

Funding Policy

The City of Hopewell contributes toward the retiree's healthcare costs based on the following schedule:

<u>Group</u>

- A. Hired before July 1, 2003 and retired before January 1, 2004 with at least 15 years of service
- B. Hired before July 1, 2003 and retired after January 1, 2004 with at least 15 years of service
- C. Hired on or after July 1, 2004 with at least 11 years of service
- D. Hired on or after July 1, 2008 with at least 5 years of service

City Contribution					
Group	Retiree Only	Retiree and Spouse	Notes		
Α	\$534	\$948	Frozen contribution rate; will not change in future years		
В	\$553	N/A	2016 City contribution for a single active employee; will be adjusted in future years		
С	Varies	N/A	Percentage of City contribution for a single acti employee, based on years of services. See following table.		
D	Varies	N/A	Years of Service 0 - 10 0 - 0% 11 40% 16 - 20 60% 21 80% Percentage of City contribution for a single active employee based on years of services See table below: Years of Service 0 - 5 5 0 per month 6 - 10 \$100 per month 11 - 20 \$150 per month 21 \$200 per month	ve	

Note that the City contribution is limited to the actual premium rate and is offset by any VRS health insurance credit received by the retiree.

A retiree eligible for a City contribution may receive the credit even if he or she is not enrolled in a City-sponsored plan. The contribution may be applied toward the cost of other coverage.

Each year, retirees participating in the City's sponsored plans will be given the opportunity to change plans or drop coverage during an open enrollment period. The pre-Medicare retirees have a choice of three plans from United Healthcare: Choice Plan 049M, Choice Plan 044 and Choice Plan 097M (POS). The majority of the participants are in Choice Plan 044. Medicare-eligible retirees and spouses must enroll In the Ovations AARP Medical Supplement Plan. Any City contribution for which the retiree is eligible will apply toward the Medicare Part D Premium in addition to the Ovations premium.

The City has 68 retirees without spouse coverage and 31 retirees with spouse coverage participating in the plan.

School Board professional retirees receive a \$55 per month credit from the School Board towards their premium. Nonprofessional retirees receive \$55 per month plus the amount of credit that they would have received from Virginia Retirement System Teachers Health Insurance Credit if they were eligible.

Pre-65 retirees may choose between four plans administered by Optima Health: two HMO HSA eligible plans, a PPO HSA eligible plan, and a co-pay plan. The Schools currently have 69 retirees without spouse coverage, 40 retirees with spouse coverage and 2 retirees with child coverage on their plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City and School Board's annual other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer ("ARC"). The City and School Board have elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded portion of actuarial accrued liability in compliance with GAAP. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the City and School Board. The following table shows the components of the City and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City and School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

	Primary overnment	Component Unit School Board		
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 1,557,000	\$	282,700	
Interest on Net OPEB obligation	270,122		47,556	
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(285,381)		(50,242)	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,541,741		280,014	
Contributions made	(581,231)		(145,702)	
Increase in net OPEB obligation	960,510		134,312	
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	7,717,779		1,358,741	
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 8,678,289	\$	1,493,053	

The City and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost		Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
City:					
June 30, 2017	\$	1,541,741	37.70%	\$	8,678,289
June 30, 2016		1,480,140	38.51%		7,717,779
June 30, 2015		1,420,384	37.88%		6,807,639
June 30, 2014		1,121,075	46.32%		5,925,355
June 30, 2013		1,079,866	39.36%		5,323,549
School Board:					
June 30, 2017	\$	280,014	52.03%	\$	1,493,053
June 30, 2016		269,686	48.95%		1,358,741
June 30, 2015		260,217	55.07%		1,221,055
June 30, 2014		344,304	57.86%		1,104,138
June 30, 2013		330,178	42.61%		959,034

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2017, the City's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$16,739,000 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$16,787,600 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 99.71%.

As of June 30, 2017, the School Board's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,994,800 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$22,015,900 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 13.60%.

City:	
Actuarial accrued liability for benefits:	\$16,739,000
Covered Payroll of active employees:	\$16,787,600
UAAL % of Covered Payroll	99.71%
Schools:	
Actuarial accrued liability for benefits:	\$2,994,800
Covered Payroll of active employees:	\$22,015,900
UAAL % of Covered Payroll	13.60%

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Methods and Assumptions

Pension and postemployment benefits plan funding requirements are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the plan in effect at the time of each annual valuation and on the pattern of sharing between the employer and the plan member at that point. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and the actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective.

Actuarial Cost Method - The cost method for valuation of liabilities used for this valuation is the Projected Unit Credit ("PUC") Actuarial Cost Method. A PUC accrued benefit is determined for each active member in the plan on the basis of the member's average final compensation projected to the assumed date of retirement and the member's creditable service at the valuation date. The actuarial liability for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value of the PUC accrued benefit of each active member. The normal cost for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value for the expected increase in the PUC accrued benefit during the plan year for each active member under the assumed retirement age.

The actuarial liability and the normal cost for termination benefits, disability benefits, and preretirement spouse's death benefits are determined in a similar manner by projecting the member's average final compensation to each assumed date of termination, disablement, or death. The actuarial liability and normal cost for the supplemental benefits are based upon the present value of the expected supplement expected to be paid to those covered employees attaining eligibility. The actuarial liability for inactive members is determined as the actuarial present value of the pension and supplemental benefits expected to be paid.

The difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of the assets is the unfunded actuarial liability. The annual required contribution is the sum of the normal cost and the amount necessary to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over the amortization period. The amortization amount is determined as a level percent of payroll.

Additionally, the following simplifying assumptions were made:

- Retirement Age for Active Employees Retirement age was estimated based on tables used for the VRS State Employees valuation and assumed that participants begin to retire when they become eligible to receive healthcare benefits.
- Mortality Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality
 Tables for males and females with a one year setback in pre-retirement for males and females.
- Inflation The assumed inflation rate is 2.5%.
- Coverage Elections The actuary assumed that 70% of current actives of the Hopewell City Public Schools will elect medical coverage when they retire and that 30% of retirees who elect coverage will cover a spouse. The actuary assumed that 70% of current actives of the City of Hopewell will elect medical coverage when they retire and that 30% of retirees who elect coverage will cover a spouse.

- Investment Rate of Return Based on the historical and expected returns of the City and School Board's short-term investment portfolio, a discount of 3.50% was used. In addition, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used.
- Other Assumptions include:
 - Payroll increases of 3.00% per year.
 - Health Care Cost Trend of:
 - Pre-65: 5.20% in 2016, 6.20% in 2016, and 7.00% in 2017, then graded to 4.40% over 73 years
 - Post-65: 6.20% in 2016, 6.80% in 2016, and 7.10% in 2017, then graded to 4.60% over 78 years 7.00% graded to 4.80% over 80 years.
 - The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis over a remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016 of 30 years

Note 16—Restatements

The City and School Board restated certain prior year balances after identifying instances during 2017 where activities in the previous fiscal years were inaccurately recorded in the general ledger and issued financial statements as follows:

	Go	vernmental	Bus	siness-Type				
Government-wide		Activities		Activities				
Net position, June 30, 2016, previously reported	\$	14,466,983	\$	98,192,031				
Prior period error-expenditures cutoff		22,041		-				
Prior year receivable				(985,051)				
Balance ,as restated, June 30,2016	\$	14,489,024	\$	97,206,980				
Proprietary Funds		HRWTF	Se	wer Service	Sc	olid Waste	Sto	orm Water
Net position, June 30, 2016, previously reported	\$	63,377,651	\$	26,284,666	\$	1,741,223	\$	1,078,268
Prior year receivable correction		(1,329,573)		232,521		85,999		26,002
Balance, as restated, June 30,2016	\$	62,048,078	\$	26,517,187	\$	1,827,222	\$	1,104,270
Governmental Funds								
	General Fund							
Fund Balance, June 30, 2016, previously reported	\$	14,571,040						
Prior period error-expenditure cutoff		22,041						
Balance ,as restated, June 30,2016	\$	14,593,081						

Note 17 —Tax Abatements

The City negotiates performance incentive agreements on an individual basis with private entities to stimulate investments and job creation:

Percentage of Tayes

Amount of Taxes

	i ci cci itage di Taxes	Allount of Taxes	
Purpose	Abated during FY2017	Abated during FY2017	
Performance incentive to locate and expand in the City	30%	\$ 342,432	_

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City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Final Budget Budget				Actual		Variance with Final Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	•	0404=044	_	04.04=.044	_		_	(0.700.000)
General property taxes	\$	31,247,641	\$	31,247,641	\$	28,478,608	\$	(2,769,033)
Other local taxes		5,937,100		5,937,100		6,005,644		68,544
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		166,500		166,500		116,070		(50,430)
Fines and forfeitures		1,651,000		1,651,000		1,624,267		(26,733)
Revenues from use of money and property		51,000		51,000		65,169		14,169
Charges for services		668,200		668,200		579,526		(88,674)
Miscellaneous Recovered costs		1,294,000		1,294,000		1,209,461		(84,539)
Intergovernmental revenues:		-		-		884,500		884,500
Commonwealth		6,529,177		6,576,174		8,771,131		2,194,957
Federal		154,500		166,949		194,150		27,201
Total revenues		47,699,118		47,758,564		47,928,526		169,962
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration		4.973.331		5.398.942		5.001.250		397.692
Judicial administration		2.761.844		2.761.844		2.452.889		308.955
Public safety		14,364,354		14,726,657		14,442,125		284,532
Public works		4,774,179		4,801,600		4,668,843		132,757
Health and welfare		950,278		956,622		1,226,807		(270,185)
Education		13,749,500		13,749,500		12,114,545		1,634,955
Parks, recreation, and cultural		601,630		601,630		618,661		(17,031)
Community development		872,067		872,341		866,079		6,262
Nondepartmental		2,026,636		2,280,275		1,903,189		377,086
Total expenditures		45,073,819		46,149,411		43,294,388		2,855,023
Excess of revenues over expenditures		2,625,299		1,609,153		4,634,138		3,024,985
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		502,000		502,000		-		(502,000)
Operating transfers out		(4,891,540)		(5,265,414)		(5,181,590)		83,824
Total other financing sources (uses),net		(4,389,540)		(4,763,414)	_	(5,181,590)	_	(418,176)
Net change in fund balances		(1,764,241)		(3,154,261)		(547,452)		2,606,809
Fund balances - beginning-as restated(Note 16)				-		14,593,081		14,593,081
Fund balances - ending	\$	(1,764,241)	\$	(3,154,261)	\$	14,045,629	\$	17,199,890
•				* * * * * * *				

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Virginia Public Assistance Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Final Budget Budget					Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues: Commonwealth	\$	1,163,100	\$	1,163,100	\$	1,323,505	\$	160,405
Federal	φ	2,455,972	φ	2,455,972	φ	2,589,266	φ	133,294
Revenues from use of money and property		-,,		_,, .		1		1
Miscellaneous						80,610		80,610
Total revenues		3,619,072		3,619,072		3,993,382		374,310
EXPENDITURES Current - Health and welfare Welfare and social Services: Welfare administration Public assistance Total expenditures		1,216,085 2,994,687 4,210,772		1,216,491 2,995,359 4,211,850		1,383,322 3,117,936 4,501,258		(166,831) (122,577) (289,408)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(591,700)		(592,778)		(507,876)		84,902
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Operating transfers in		591,700		591,700		507,876		(83,824)
Total other financing sources		591,700		591,700		507,876		(83,824)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning		-		(1,078)		-		1,078
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	(1,078)	\$		\$	1,078

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	1,974,094	\$	1,881,386	\$	1,860,421
Interest		7,121,892		6,920,166		6,707,497
Difference between expected and actual experience		475,274		120,211		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(6,361,167)		(5,718,746)		(5,340,826)
Net change in total pension liability		3,210,093		3,203,017		3,227,092
Plan total pension liability - beginning	_	104,921,903		101,718,886		98,491,794
Plan total pension liability - ending	\$	108,131,996	\$	104,921,903	\$ ^	101,718,886
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	2,060,903	\$	2,023,775	\$	1,649,427
Contributions - employee		831,516		844,447		799,011
Net investment income		1,403,075		3,794,786		11,756,144
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(6,361,167)		(5,718,746)		(5,340,826)
Administrative expense		(54,474)		(54,133)		(65,207)
Other		(613)		(798)		620
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(2,120,760)		889,331		8,799,169
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		85,538,989		84,649,658		75,850,489
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	83,418,229	\$	85,538,989	\$	84,649,658
Total net pension liability - ending	\$	24,713,767	\$	19,382,914	\$	17,069,228
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		77.14%		81.53%		83.22%
Covered employee payroll	\$	17,926,258	\$	16,829,672	\$	16,746,388
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		137.86%		115.17%		101.93%
Employer Contributions						
Contractually required contribution	\$	2.423.732	\$	2.009.066	\$	2,023,774
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Ψ	2,423,732	Ψ	2,009,066	Ψ	2,023,774
Contribution excess	\$	_, 120,702	\$	_,000,000	\$	-,020,774
0.11.00.00.	Ψ_		Ψ		Ÿ	
Covered employee payroll	\$	17,926,258	\$	16,829,672	\$	16,746,388
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		13.52%		11.94%		12.08%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year of this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in School Board's Nonprofessional Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

		2017	2016		2015	
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	204,573	202,475	\$	185,137	
Interest		545,104	534,282		524,469	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(240,879)	62,210		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(674,980)	(613,765)		(525,083)	
Net change in total pension liability		(166,182)	185,202		184,523	
Plan total pension liability - beginning		8,124,686	7,939,484		7,754,961	
Plan total pension liability - ending	\$	7,958,504	8,124,686	\$	7,939,484	
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	210,896	213,125	\$	159,179	
Contributions - employee		86,708	88,419		88,108	
Net investment income		107,664	293,446		924,453	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(674,980)	(613,765)		(525,083)	
Administrative expense		(4,221)	(4,268)	(4,268)		
Other		(47)	(60)		48	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(273,980)	(23,103)		641,538	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,621,270	6,644,373		6,002,835	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	6,347,290	6,621,270	\$	6,644,373	
Total net pension liability - ending	\$	1,611,214	1,503,416	\$	1,295,111	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		79.75%	81.50%		83.69%	
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,846,602	1,786,898	\$	1,761,986	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		87.25%	84.14%		73.50%	
Employer Contributions						
Contractually required contribution	\$	178,358	\$ 210.721	\$	213,125	
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Ψ	178,358	210,721	Ψ	213,125	
Contribution excess	\$		5 -	\$	-	
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,846,602	1,786,898	\$	1,761,986	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	Ψ	9.66%	11.79%	Ψ	12.10%	
Contributions as a personnage of covered employee payroll		0.0070	11.79/0		12.10/0	

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year of this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability School Board Professional Retirement Plan

	2017	2016	2015
Proportionate of the net pension liability	 3.03250%	0.31187%	0.31383%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 42,498,000	\$ 39,253,000	\$ 37,926,000
Covered employee payroll	\$ 24,622,272	\$ 23,121,517	\$ 22,938,444
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	57.94%	58.90%	60.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.28%	70.87%	70.88%
Note: The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year.			
Employer Contributions			
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	\$ 3,618,621 3,618,621	\$ 3,303,324 3,303,324	\$ 3,362,153 3,362,153
Contribution excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	\$ 24,622,272 14.70%	23,121,517 14.29%	22,938,444 14.66%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year of this presentation, no other data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Funding Progress for Retiree Health Insurance Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Valuation Date	Val As			Assets		Accrued (Excess Funded Liability AAL (UAAL)		Funded Ratio (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Primary Government City Health Plan:	nt:									
6/30/2015 6/30/2013 6/30/2011 6/30/2008	\$	- - -	\$	16,739,300 15,563,800 14,363,300 20,991,293	\$	16,739,300 15,563,800 14,363,300 20,991,293	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 16,787,600 15,493,900 14,355,500 14,588,852	99.71% 100.45% 100.05% 143.89%	
Discretely Presente School Health Plan	ed Compo	nent Un	it:							
6/30/2015 6/30/2013 6/30/2011 6/30/2008	\$	- - -	\$	2,994,800 3,216,300 4,495,400 3,377,368	\$	2,994,800 3,216,300 4,495,400 3,377,368	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 22,015,900 23,136,200 24,583,200 22,193,161	13.60% 13.90% 18.29% 15.22%	

City of Hopewell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Budgetary Data

The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information:

- 1. The City Charter requires the City Manager to submit to the City Council an annual budget for the ensuing fiscal year at least 60 days prior to the beginning of such fiscal year.
- 2. A public hearing on the budget is held after a synopsis of the budget is published in a local newspaper of general circulation. After a public hearing, the City Council may change any item in the budget (other than debt service or items required by law). A budget resolution must be adopted by the City Council prior to June 30 or as soon thereafter as is practicable.
- 3. The City utilizes the budget resolution as a budgetary control whereby City Council adopts budgets for estimated revenues and expenditures on a departmental basis for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Capital Projects Funds are budgeted on a project-length basis. Adopted budgets may be amended or superseded by action of City Council.
- 4. Appropriation control is maintained at the function level within individual funds. Appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbrances and reserved fund balances outstanding at year-end are re-appropriated in the succeeding year. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the fiscal year.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Key Pension Assumptions

Actuarial cost method - Entry age normal cost method

Amortization method and period – Level percent closed, 30 years

Inflation rate – 2.5%

Projected salary increases (per annum, compounded annually) – City and Schools' General (1.5%-5.35%), City Safety (3.5%-4.75%), Schools' Professional (3.5%-4.5%)

Investment rate of return – 7.0% per annum, compounded annually

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City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES Other local taxes \$ 2,572,500 \$ 2,728,000 \$ 155,500 Intergovernmental revenues: 2000 863,097 (48,903) Federal - 636,999 636,999 636,999 636,999 636,999 636,999 636,999 71,129 Miscellaneous 15,500 86,629 71,129 Miscellaneous 464,165 338,681 (125,484) 10,25,484 10,20,000 10,000 </th <th></th> <th>Final Budget</th> <th>Actual</th> <th>Variance with Final Positive (Negative)</th>		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental revenues: Commonwealth 912,000 863,097 (48,903) Federal 636,999 636,999 Revenues from use of money and property 15,500 86,629 71,129 Miscellaneous 464,165 338,681 (125,484) Total revenues 464,165 338,681 (125,484) Total revenues 3,964,165 4,653,406 689,241	REVENUES	A 0.570.500	* 0.700.000	A 455 500
Commonwealth Federal 912,000 863,097 (48,903) Federal - 636,999 636,999 Revenues from use of money and property 15,500 86,629 71,129 Miscellaneous 464,165 33,8,881 (125,484) Total revenues 3,964,165 4,653,406 689,241 EXPENDITURES Community development - 300,000 (300,000) Capital projects 16,829,096 5,809,777 11,019,319 Debt service: Principal retirement 3,043,451 3,182,512 (139,061) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,629,423 2,280,958 (651,535) Total expenditures 21,501,970 11,573,247 9,928,723 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances (13,99		\$ 2,572,500	\$ 2,728,000	\$ 155,500
Federal - 636,999 636,999 Revenues from use of money and property 15,500 86,629 71,129 Miscellaneous 464,165 338,681 (125,484) Total revenues 3,964,165 4,653,406 689,241 EXPENDITURES - 300,000 (300,000) Capital projects 16,829,096 5,809,777 11,019,319 Debt service: Principal retirement 3,043,451 3,182,512 (139,061) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,629,423 2,280,958 (651,535) Total expenditures 21,501,970 11,573,247 9,928,723 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 Other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	•	012 000	962 007	(49.003)
Revenues from use of money and property 15,500 86,629 71,129 Miscellaneous 464,165 338,681 (125,484) Total revenues 3,964,165 4,653,406 689,241 EXPENDITURES 300,000 (300,000) Capital projects 16,829,096 5,809,777 11,019,319 Debt service: 9rincipal retirement 3,043,451 3,182,512 (139,061) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,629,423 2,280,958 (651,535) Total expenditures 21,501,970 11,573,247 9,928,723 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning 13,926,173 13,926,173 13,926,173		912,000	,	` ' '
Miscellaneous 464,165 338,681 (125,484) Total revenues 3,964,165 4,653,406 689,241 EXPENDITURES Community development - 300,000 (300,000) Capital projects 16,829,096 5,809,777 11,019,319 Debt service: *** *** 1,629,423 2,280,958 (651,535) Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges 1,629,423 2,280,958 (651,535) Total expenditures 21,501,970 11,573,247 9,928,723 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES *** 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173		45.500	,	,
Total revenues 3,964,165 4,653,406 689,241 EXPENDITURES Community development - 300,000 (300,000) Capital projects 16,829,096 5,809,777 11,019,319 Debt service: Principal retirement 3,043,451 3,182,512 (139,061) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,629,423 2,280,958 (651,535) Total expenditures 21,501,970 11,573,247 9,928,723 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in		-,	,	,
EXPENDITURES Community development - 300,000 (300,000) Capital projects 16,829,096 5,809,777 11,019,319 Debt service: Principal retirement 3,043,451 3,182,512 (139,061) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,629,423 2,280,958 (651,535) (651,535) Total expenditures 21,501,970 11,573,247 9,928,723 9,928,723 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (17,537,805) (3,345,314 (193,126) Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances Fund balances (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173				
Community development - 300,000 (300,000) Capital projects 16,829,096 5,809,777 11,019,319 Debt service: Principal retirement 3,043,451 3,182,512 (139,061) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,629,423 2,280,958 (651,535) Total expenditures 21,501,970 11,573,247 9,928,723 OFFICIENCY of revenues under expenditures (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	Total revenues	3,904,103	4,000,400	009,241
Capital projects 16,829,096 5,809,777 11,019,319 Debt service: Principal retirement 3,043,451 3,182,512 (139,061) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,629,423 2,280,958 (651,535) Total expenditures 21,501,970 11,573,247 9,928,723 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	EXPENDITURES			
Debt service: Principal retirement 3,043,451 3,182,512 (139,061) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,629,423 2,280,958 (651,535) Total expenditures 21,501,970 11,573,247 9,928,723 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	Community development	-	300,000	(300,000)
Principal retirement 3,043,451 3,182,512 (139,061) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,629,423 2,280,958 (651,535) Total expenditures 21,501,970 11,573,247 9,928,723 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	Capital projects	16,829,096	5,809,777	11,019,319
Interest and other fiscal charges 1,629,423 2,280,958 (651,535) Total expenditures 21,501,970 11,573,247 9,928,723 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	Debt service:			
Total expenditures 21,501,970 11,573,247 9,928,723 Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	Principal retirement	3,043,451	3,182,512	(139,061)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures (17,537,805) (6,919,841) 10,617,964 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	Interest and other fiscal charges	1,629,423	2,280,958	(651,535)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	Total expenditures	21,501,970	11,573,247	9,928,723
Operating transfers in Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(17,537,805)	(6,919,841)	10,617,964
Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Total other financing sources 3,538,440 3,345,314 (193,126) Net change in fund balances (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	Operating transfers in	3.538.440	3.345.314	(193.126)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning (13,999,365) (3,574,527) 10,424,838 - 13,926,173 13,926,173	. •			
Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173				
Fund balances - beginning - 13,926,173 13,926,173	Net change in fund balances	(13,999,365)	(3,574,527)	10,424,838
Fund balances - ending \$ (13,999,365) \$ 10,351,646 \$ 24,351,011	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13,926,173	13,926,173
	Fund balances - ending	\$ (13,999,365)	\$ 10,351,646	\$ 24,351,011

City of Hopewell, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2017

	Recreation Fund			Community Development Block Grant Fund		Anti-Litter Fund		Total
Assets Cash and investments	\$	168,259	œ		\$	19,376	\$	187,635
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	Ф	,	\$	-	Φ	19,370	Φ	,
Due from other governments		1,722		92,603		2		1,724
Total assets		169,981	•		•	19,378	•	92,603 281,962
Total assets	Þ	109,961	\$	92,603	\$	19,376	\$	201,902
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	42,352	\$	72,772	\$	358	\$	115,482
Accrued liabilities	·	34,909	•	, _	·	-	•	34,909
Due to other funds				19,831		_		19,831
Total liabilities		77,261		92,603		358		170,222
Fund balances:								
Assigned		92,720		_		19,020		111,740
Total fund balances		92,720		_		19,020		111,740
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	169,981	\$	92,603	\$	19,378	\$	281,962

City of Hopewell, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Recreation Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Anti-Litter Fund	Total
REVENUES				
Revenues from use of money and property	\$ 21,285	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 21,288
Charges for services	136,730	-	-	136,730
Miscellaneous	209,120	-	-	209,120
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Commonwealth	3,939	-	6,192	10,131
Federal	-	218,474	-	218,474
Total revenues	371,074	218,474	6,195	595,743
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public works	-	-	1,651	1,651
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,680,618	-	-	1,680,618
Community development	-	218,474	-	218,474
Total expenditures	1,680,618	218,474	1,651	1,900,743
Deficiency of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(1,309,544)	-	4,544	(1,305,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Operating transfers in	1,328,400	_	_	1,328,400
Total other financing sources	1,328,400	-		1,328,400
Net change in fund balances	18.856	_	4.544	23,400
Fund balance - beginning	73,864	_	14,476	88,340
Fund balance - ending	\$ 92,720	\$ -	\$ 19,020	\$ 111,740
	·	· ·		

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Recreation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Final Budget		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES	_		_		_	
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	14,400	\$	21,285	\$	6,885
Charges for services		9,250		136,730		127,480
Miscellaneous		396,763		209,120		(187,643)
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Commonweath		21,000		3,939		(17,061)
Federal		(5,000)				5,000
Total revenues		436,413		371,074		(65,339)
EXPENDITURES Current - Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,883,937		1,680,618		203,319
Total expenditures		1,883,937		1,680,618		203,319
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(1,447,524)		(1,309,544)		137,980
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Operating transfers in		1,500,274		1,328,400		(171,874)
Operating transfers out		(202,000)		-		202,000
Total other financing sources		1,298,274		1,328,400		30,126
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning		(149,250)		18,856 73,864		168,106 73,864
Fund balances - ending	\$	(149,250)	\$	92,720	\$	241,970

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Community Development Block Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	·	Final Budget	Actual	Variance v Final Bud Positiv (Negativ				
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues- Federal	\$	180,729	\$ 218,474	\$	37,745			
Total revenues		180,729	218,474		37,745			
EXPENDITURES Current - Community development Total expenditures		180,729 180,729	218,474 218,474		(37,745) (37,745)			
Net change in fund balances		-	-		-			
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>			

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Anti-Litter Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	inal udget	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES				
Revenues from use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues -	\$ -	\$ 3	\$	3
Commonwealth	6,063	6,192		129
Total revenues	6,063	6,195		132
EXPENDITURES				
Current -				
Public works	6,063	1,651		4,412
Total expenditures	 6,063	 1,651		4,412
Net change in fund balances	_	4,544		4,544
Fund balances - beginning	-	14,476		14,476
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ 19,020	\$	19,020

City of Hopewell, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Ве	alance ginning of Year	ning		Deductions		Balance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund:							 _
Assets -							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	51,138	\$	29,655	\$	27,122	\$ 53,671
Liabilities -							
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	51,138	\$	29,655	\$	27,122	\$ 53,671
Healthy Families Fund: Assets -							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	241,535	\$	241,535	\$
Liabilities -							
Amounts held for Healthy Families Funds	\$	_	\$	241,535	\$	241,535	\$ _
Police Evidence Fund							
Assets -							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	39,525	\$	52,935	\$	37,003	\$ 55,457
Liabilities -							
Amounts held disposition	\$	39,525	\$	52,935	\$	37,003	\$ 55,457
Total Agency Funds: Assets -							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	90,663	\$	324,125	\$	305,660	\$ 109,128
Liabilities -							
Amounts held for others	\$	90,663	\$	324,125	\$	305,660	\$ 109,128

City of Hopewell, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2017

		School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund		extbook Fund		Building and Bus eplacement Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	•	0 700 500	•	4 000 077	•	005.405	•		•	10 0 10 005
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net of allowance	\$	8,733,503	\$	1,229,377	\$	885,425	\$	-	\$	10,848,305
for uncollectibles		6,990		24,690		_		_		31,680
Due from other funds		500,081		24,090		_		-		500,081
Oue from other governmental units		2,960,888		128,098		_		_		3,088,986
nventories		2,000,000		77,559		_		_		77,559
Total assets	\$	12,201,462	\$	1,459,724	\$	885,425	\$	-	\$	14,546,611
IABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
iabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	1,592,920	\$	25.687	\$	62,661	\$	_		1,681,268
Accrued liabilities	•	3,827,985	•	112,736	•	-,	-	_		3,940,721
Due to other funds		-		-		_		500,081		500,081
Due to primary government		6,291,973		_		_		-		6,291,973
Unearned revenues		488,584		49,140		_		_		537,724
Total liabilities		12,201,462		187,563		62,661		500,081		12,951,767
und balances:										
Nonspendable		-		77,559		-		-		77,559
Restricted		-		1,194,602		-		-		1,194,602
Assigned		-		-		822,764		-		822,764
Unassigned		-		-		-		(500,081)		(500,081
Total fund balances		-		1,272,161		822,764		(500,081)		1,594,844
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	12,201,462	\$	1,459,724	\$	885,425	\$	-	\$	14,546,611
Total fund balances per above									\$	1,594,844
	tement	of Net Position	are d	ifferent becau	se:					
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Stat										
	nancial	resources and	, there		eporte	d in the funds	i.			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Stal Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fill Capital assets	nancial	resources and	, there		eporte	d in the funds	s. \$	44,965,265		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fi	nancial	resources and	, there		reporte	d in the funds		44,965,265 (18,709,591)		26,255,674
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fill Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation				efore, are not i	•					26,255,674
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not find the Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation cong-term liabilities, including compensated absences part therefore, are not reported in the funds.				efore, are not i	•		\$	(18,709,591)		26,255,674
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fit Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation ong-term liabilities, including compensated absences partners are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences				efore, are not i	•		\$	(18,709,591)		26,255,674
capital assets used in governmental activities are not fit Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation ong-term liabilities, including compensated absences partners are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Net pension liability				efore, are not i	•		\$	(18,709,591) (899,622) (44,109,214)		26,255,674
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fit Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation ong-term liabilities, including compensated absences partners are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Net pension liability Deferred outflow - pension				efore, are not i	•		\$	(899,622) (44,109,214) 6,410,236		26,255,674
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fit Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation cong-term liabilities, including compensated absences partnerefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Net pension liability Deferred outflow - pension Deferred inflow - pension				efore, are not i	•		\$	(899,622) (44,109,214) 6,410,236 (3,093,921)		26,255,674
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fit Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation cong-term liabilities, including compensated absences partnerefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Net pension liability Deferred outflow - pension				efore, are not i	•		\$	(899,622) (44,109,214) 6,410,236		26,255,674 (44,565,256

City of Hopewell, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	School Operating Fund	C	School afeteria Fund	 Textbook Fund	Re	Building and Bus placement Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
Revenues from use of money and property	\$ 4	\$	92	\$ 85	\$	-	\$	181
Charges for services	587,646		247,979	-		-		835,625
Miscellaneous	12,078		-	48		100,000		112,126
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Local government	15,326,232		_	-		-		15,326,232
Commonwealth	28,097,775		68.320	343,612		-		28,509,707
Federal	4,661,608		2,569,266	-		_		7,230,874
Total revenues	48,685,343		2,885,657	343,745		100,000		52,014,745
EXPENDITURES								
Current:	4 554 444							4 554 444
Administration	1,554,144		-	-		-		1,554,144
Instruction	35,332,382		-	388,310		-		35,720,692
Operating	11,798,817		2,624,709	-		-		14,423,526
Capital projects			144,937	 		929,022		1,073,959
Total expenditures	48,685,343	· —	2,769,646	 388,310		929,022	_	52,772,321
Net change in fund balances	-		116,011	(44,565)		(829,022)		(757,576)
Fund balances - beginning			1,156,150	 867,329		328,941		2,352,420
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	1,272,161	\$ 822,764	\$	(500,081)	\$	1,594,844
Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund	ds - per above						\$	(757,576)
Amount reported for governmental activities in the Sta	tement of Activities are	differen	it because:					
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expendi Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over th as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay, net of disposals Net change in City interest in School assets Depreciation expense	eir estimated useful live	es and re			\$	1,056,550 2,131,640 (1,867,619)		1,320,571
			ant					
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as Decrease in claims and compensated absence Increase in OPEB liability Decrease in pension activity Decrease in note payable to the Primary Government of the Primary G	s expenditures in gover es				\$	22,770 (134,312) 354,098 115,591		358,147
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as Decrease in claims and compensated absence Increase in OPEB liability	expenditures in gover es				\$	(134,312)		358,147 921,142



				School Ope	rating	g Fund		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual							riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	200	\$	200	\$	4	\$	(196)
Charges for services		203,000		703,130		587,646		(115,484)
Miscellaneous		15,000		15,000		12,078		(2,922)
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Local government	1	7,007,204		16,388,887		15,326,232		(1,062,655)
Commonwealth	2	8,250,669		28,335,213		28,097,775		(237,438)
Federal		4,396,443		4,723,075		4,661,608		(61,467)
Total revenues	4	9,872,516		50,165,505		48,685,343		(1,480,162)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	4	6,082,969		47,032,834		45,342,849		1,689,985
Debt service		3,383,828		3,383,828		3,342,494		41,334
Total expenditures	4	9,466,797		50,416,662		48,685,343		1,731,319
Net change in fund balance		405,719		(251,157)		-		251,157
Fund balance - beginning						-		<u>-</u> _
Fund balance - ending	\$	405,719	\$	(251,157)	\$	_	\$	251,157

			School Caf	eteria	a Fund		
	 Budgeted	l Amo				Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 riginal		Final		Actual	(1	Negative)
REVENUES							
Revenues from use of money and property	\$ 600	\$	600	\$	92	\$	(508)
Charges for services	177,350		177,350		247,979		70,629
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Commonwealth	36,330		36,330		68,320		31,990
Federal	 2,027,487		2,027,487		2,569,266		541,779
Total revenues	 2,241,767		2,241,767	-	2,885,657		643,890
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Education	2,516,367		2,657,457		2,355,468		301,989
Operations and maintenance	538,722		335,732		269,241		66,491
Capital projects	87,823		149,723		144,937		4,786
Total expenditures	 3,142,912		3,142,912		2,769,646		373,266
Net change in fund balance	(901,145)		(901,145)		116,011		1,017,156
Fund balance - beginning					1,156,150		1,156,150
Fund balance - ending	\$ (901,145)	\$	(901,145)	\$	1,272,161	\$	2,173,306

			Textboo	k Fur	nd		
	Bud Original	geted Am	ounts Final		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Revenues from use of money and property Miscellaneous Intergovernmental revenues -	\$	200 \$	200	\$	85 48	\$	(115) 48
Commonwealth	344,	388	344,388		343,612		(776)
Total revenues	344,		344,588		343,745		(843)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Education	650,0	000	650,000		388,310		261,690
Total expenditures	650,0	000	650,000		388,310		261,690
Net change in fund balance	(305,	112)	(305,412)		(44,565)		260,847
Fund balance - beginning	(000,	- · · - /	(555,112)		867,329		867,329
Fund balance - ending	\$ (305,4	112) \$	(305,412)	\$	822,764	\$	1,128,176



		Building and	Bus Replacement Fu	nd		
	Bud		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	300 \$ 3	300 \$ -	\$ (300)		
Miscellaneous		<u>-</u> 100,0	000 100,000	<u> </u>		
Total revenues		300 100,3	100,000	(300)		
EXPENDITURES						
Capital projects:						
Capital projects. Capital outlay	948.	960 1,048,9	960 929,022	119,938		
'						
Total expenditures	948,	960 1,048,9	960 929,022	119,938		
Net change in fund balances	(948,	660) (948,6	660) (829,022) 119,638		
Fund balances - beginning		-	- 328,941	328,941		
Fund balances - ending	\$ (948,	\$ (948,6	\$ (500,081	\$ 448,579		

Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - Children's Services Act Board June 30, 2017

ASSETS		
Cash	\$	772,616
Interest receivable		58
Due from other governmental units		577,559
Due from primary government		331,023
Total assets	\$	1,681,256
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	223,567
Accrued liabilities	,	468
Due to the Commonweath of Virginia		1,457,221
Total liabilities		1,681,256
Fund balances:		
Assigned		-
Total fund balance		-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,681,256



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Discretely Presented Component Unit - Children's Services Act Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES		
Miscellaneous	\$	13,503
Intergovernmental revenues:		
Local government		882,043
Commonwealth		1,840,630
Federal		89,207
Total revenues		2,825,383
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Health and welfare		2,825,383
Total expenditures		2,825,383
Excess of revenues over expenditures		
Net change in fund balance		_
Fund balance - beginning		-
Fund balance - ending	•	<u>-</u>
i dila balance - chang	_Ψ	

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual Recreation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Revenues from local sources:			
Revenues from use of money and property:	\$ 14,400	\$ 21,285	\$ 6,885
Total revenues from use of money and property	14,400	21,285	6,885
Charges for services	9,250	136,730	127,480
Total charges for services	9,250	136,730	127,480
Miscellaneous revenues:			
Miscellaneous refunds and grants	396,763	209,120	(187,643)
Total miscellaneous revenues	396,763	209,120	(187,643)
Total revenues from local sources	420,413	367,135	(53,278)
Revenue from the Commonwealth			
Other state aid	21,000	3,939	(17,061)
Revenue from the federal government			(, , , , ,
Categorical aid -			
Summer feeding program	(5,000)	=	5,000
Total categorical aid	(5,000)		5,000
Total revenues from the federal government	(5,000)		5,000
Total revenues	\$ 436,413	\$ 371,074	\$ (65,339)
Expenditures: Parks, recreation, and cultural:			
Parks and recreation:			
Recreation centers and playgrounds	\$ 722,996	\$ 662,200	\$ 60,796
Community division	176,746	106,235	70,511
Athletics division	153,156	117,256	35,900
Seniors' division	149,963	132,331	17,632
Pool center	210,724	219,463	(8,739)
Parks	429,819	419,990	9,829
Marina	14,400	4,483	9,917
Grants	26,133	18,660	7,473
Total parks and recreation	1,883,937	1,680,618	203,319
Total expenditures	\$ 1,883,937	\$ 1,680,618	\$ 203,319

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Final Budget		Actual	,	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Revenues from other governments -						
Commonwealth	\$	912,000		863,097	\$	(48,903)
Federal	Ψ			636,999	Ψ	636,999
Total revenues from other governments		912,000		1,500,096		588,096
Local sources -		012,000		1,000,000		000,000
Other local taxes:						
Hotel and motel room taxes		722,500		846,557		124,057
Restaurant food taxes		1,850,000		1,881,443		31,443
Total other local taxes	-	2,572,500		2,728,000		155,500
10101 01101 10001 10100	-	2,0.2,000		2,: 20,000		.00,000
Revenues from use of money and property -						
Revenue from the use of money		15,500		86,629		71,129
Total revenues from use of money and property		15,500		86,629		71,129
Miscellaneous revenues -						
Other miscellaneous		464,165		338,681		(125,484)
Total miscellaneous revenues		464,165		338,681		(125,484)
Total revenue from local sources		3,052,165		3,153,310		101,145
Total revenues	\$	3,964,165	\$	4,653,406	\$	689,241
Expenditures						
Community Development	\$	_	\$	300,000	\$	(300,000)
Capital Projects:	Ψ	_	Ψ	300,000	Ψ	(300,000)
Equipment		9,135,406		1,531,923		7,603,483
Parks and recreation		964.527		460,955		503,572
Economic development		38,440		96,471		(58,031)
Other projects		724,830		205,644		519,186
Streets, curbs, and gutters		5,965,893		3,514,784		2,451,109
Total capital projects		16,829,096		5,809,777		11,019,319
Debt Service:						
Principal retirement		3,043,451		3,182,512		(139,061)
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,629,423		2,280,958		(651,535)
Total debt service		4,672,874		5,463,470		(790,596)
Total expenditures	\$	21,501,970	\$	11,573,247	\$	9,928,723

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fund, Major, and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:							
School Operating Fund:							
Revenues from local sources:							
Revenues from use of money and property -							
Revenues from the use of money	\$	200	\$ 200	\$ 4	\$	(196)	
Charges for services -							
Charges for education		203,000	703,130	587,646		(115,484)	
Miscellaneous revenues -							
Other miscellaneous		15,000	15,000	12,078		(2,922)	
Total revenues from local sources		218,200	 718,330	 599,728		(118,602)	
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Revenues from local governments -							
Contribution from the City of Hopewell, Virginia		17,007,204	16,388,887	12,114,545		(4,274,342)	
Contribution from the City of Hopewell, Virginia - Debt Service		-	-	3,211,687		3,211,687	
Total revenues from local governments		17,007,204	16,388,887	15,326,232		(1,062,655)	
Revenues from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Share of state sales tax		4,126,797	4,126,797	4,027,767		(99,030)	
Basic school aid		13,397,836	13,397,836	13,464,499		66.663	
ISAEP		15,717	15,717	16,835		1,118	
Remedial summer education		116,640	116,640	174,762		58,122	
Regular foster care		-	-	9,047		9,047	
Special education foster care		24,960	24,960	9,402		(15,558)	
Homebound education		20,607	20,607	36,219		15,612	
Gifted and talented		150,579	150,579	150,240		(339)	
Remedial education		1,097,975	1,097,975	1,095,502		(2,473)	
Special education		1,700,292	1,700,292	1,696,464		(3,828)	
Vocational		8,049	8,049	13,134		5,085	
Vocational education		420,367	420,367	420,553		186	
Social security fringe benefits		912,887	912,887	910,832		(2,055)	
Retirement fringe benefits		1,879,105	1,879,105	1,874,874		(4,231)	
Group life insurance benefits		56,467	56,467	62,600		6,133	
Early reading intervention		144,306	144,306	200,998		56,692	
At-risk payments		1,345,942	1,345,942	1,204,411		(141,531)	
Primary class size		1,456,408	1,456,408	1,377,888		(78,520)	
At-risk four year olds		667,663	667,663	696,074		28,411	
Education technology		328,400	328,400	180,000		(148,400)	
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		103,158	103,158	98,004		(5,154)	
Mentor teacher program		5,195 121,426	5,195 121,426	6,740 105,640		1,545	
English as a second language Additional assistance		149,893	121,426 149,893	105,649		(15,777) (149,893)	
School Security Equipment Grant		143,033	84,544	82,690		(149,693)	
Supplemental library		-	U 4 ,J 44	164,513		164,513	
STEM Recruitment		-	-	1,000		1,000	
Project Graduation		-	_	17,078		17,000	
Total categorical aid	-	28,250,669	 28,335,213	 28,097,775		(237,438)	
Total revenues from the Commonwealth		28,250,669	 28,335,213	 28,097,775		(237,438)	

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fund, Major, and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fii	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Title I		1,611,815		1,611,815		1,401,760		(210,055)
Impact Aid		20,000		20,000		21,095		1,095
Special Ed		922,960		922,960		906,372		(16,588)
Vocational Education		92,957		92,957		89,615		(3,342)
Title II		209,211		209,211		204,988		(4,223)
Title III		200,211		200,211		8,692		8,692
E-Rate Funds		70.000		70.000		27.164		(42,836)
Head Start		1,235,000		1,235,000		1,296,081		61,081
JROTC		59,500		59,500		71,603		12,103
AP Test Fees		-		-		76		76
Medicaid Reimbursements		175,000		175,000		406,844		231,844
21st Century Community Learn Ctr		-		326,632		227,318		(99,314)
Total categorical aid		4,396,443		4,723,075		4,661,608		(61,467)
Total revenue from the federal government		4,396,443		4,723,075		4,661,608		(61,467)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	49,872,516	\$	50,165,505	\$	48,685,343	\$	(1,480,162)
School Cafeteria Fund:								
Revenues from local sources:								
Revenues from use of money and property								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	600	\$	600	\$	92	\$	(508)
Charges for services -	Ψ	000	Ψ	000	Ψ	02	Ψ	(000)
Cafeteria sales		177,350		177,350		247,979		70,629
Total revenues from local sources		177,950		177,950		248,071		70,121
Total Tovollago Holl Total coal coo		111,000		177,000		210,071		70,121
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid -								
School food program grant		36,330		36,330		68,320		31,990
3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
School food program grant		2,027,487		2,027,487		2,404,121		376,634
USDA commodities		-		-,		165,145		165,145
Total categorical aid		2,027,487		2,027,487		2,569,266		541,779
			-		-	2,569,266		541,779
Total revenues from the federal government		2,027,487		2,027,487		2,569,266		541,779

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fund, Major, and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Textbook Fund:									
Revenues from use of money and property -									
Revenues from the use of money	\$	200	\$	200	\$	85	\$	(115)	
Total revenues from use of money and property		200		200		85		(115)	
Miscellaneous revenues -									
Other miscellaneous		-		-		48		48	
Total miscellaneous revenues		=		=		48		48	
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenues from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid - Textbook funds Total revenue from the Commonwealth Total School Textbook Fund	\$	344,388 344,388 344,588	\$	344,388 344,388 344,588	\$	343,612 343,612 343,745	\$	(776) (776) (843)	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Capital Projects Fund									
Building and Bus Replacement Fund									
Revenues from use of money and property:									
Revenues from the use of money	\$	300	\$	300	\$		\$	(300)	
Total revenues from use of money and property		300		300		-		(300)	
Miscellaneous revenues - Other miscellaneous				100,000		100,000			
Total Building and Bus Replacement Fund	\$	300	\$	100,300	\$	100,000	\$	(300)	
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	52,459,171	\$	52,852,160	\$	52,014,745	\$	(837,415)	

Schedule 4

City of Hopewell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board School Operating Fund:									
Education:									
Administration of schools -	_		_		_		_		
Administration	\$	1,605,087	\$	1,559,040	\$	1,554,144	\$	4,896	
Total administration of schools		1,605,087		1,559,040		1,554,144		4,896	
Instruction costs:									
Compensation		33,569,965		33,565,452		32,800,720		764,732	
Supplies		890,781		1,258,950		886,894		372,056	
Equipment		189,625		153,470		132,398		21,072	
·									
Purchased services		1,243,528		1,419,111		1,512,370		(93,259)	
Total instruction costs		35,893,899		36,396,983		35,332,382		1,064,601	
Operating costs:									
Attendance and health services		904,431		998,731		983,304		15,427	
Pupil transportation		1,551,079		1,492,745		1,292,901		199,844	
Operation and maintenance of school plant		4,334,125		4,458,979		4.135.590		323,389	
·						,,			
Technology		1,794,348		2,126,356		2,044,528		81,828	
Total operating costs		8,583,983		9,076,811		8,456,323		620,488	
Total education		46,082,969		47,032,834		45,342,849		1,689,985	
Operating costs -									
Debt service		3,383,828		3,383,828		3.342.494		41.334	
Total School Operating Fund	\$	49,466,797	\$	50,416,662	\$	48,685,343	\$	1,731,319	
School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services - Administration of school food program Total education	\$	2,516,367 2,516,367	\$	2,657,457 2,657,457	\$	2,355,468 2,355,468	\$	301,989 301,989	
								,	
Operations:									
Repair and replacement of equipment		479,244		279,114		239,003		40,111	
Other		59,478		56,618		30,238		26,380	
Total Operations and Maintenance		538,722		335,732		269,241		66,491	
Conital project asymptotic rec									
Capital project expenditures -		07.000		140 700		444.027		4 700	
Capital projects		87,823		149,723		144,937		4,786	
Total capital projects		87,823		149,723		144,937		4,786	
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	3,142,912	\$	3,142,912	\$	2,769,646	\$	373,266	
Textbook Fund:									
Education:									
	_		_		_		_		
Instruction	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$	388,310	\$	261,690	
Total education		650,000		650,000		388,310		261,690	
Total School Textbook Fund	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$	388,310	\$	261,690	
Capital Projects Fund: Building and Bus Replacement Fund Education:									
Capital project expenditures:									
Other project costs	œ	948,960	\$	1 0/19 060	\$	929,022	\$	110 020	
Other project costs	\$	0,0 0,900	φ	1,048,960	φ	323,022	φ	119,938	
Total capital projects		948,960		1,048,960		929,022		119,938	
Total Building and Bus Replacement Fund	\$	948,960	\$	1,048,960	\$	929,022	\$	119,938	
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,486,213	
Total Districtory i Tesented Component Offic - School Board	φ	54,208,669	Ψ	55,258,534	φ	52,772,321	φ	۷,٦٥٥,٧١٥	

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section of the City of Hopewell, Virginia's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report provides readers with additional detailed information as a context to assist in understanding what the information in the financial statements, accompanying notes, and required supplementary information indicates about the City's economic condition over an extended period of time. Information is presented in the following five categories:

	<u>Table</u>
Financial trends information Financial trends information is intended to help the reader understand and assess how the City's financial position has changed over time.	1 to 4
Revenue capacity information Revenue capacity information is intended to help the reader understand and access the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	5 to 8
Debt capacity information Debt capacity information is intended to help the reader understand and assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	9 to 11
Demographic and economic information Demographic and economic information is intended to help the reader understand the socioeconomic environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	12 to 14
Operating information Operating information is intended to provide information about the City's services and capital asset resources to help the reader understand how the information in the financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	15 to 16

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City of Hopewell, Virginia

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Government activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,846,179	\$ (5,421,549)	\$ 2,462,560	\$ 409,366	\$ 2,934,686	\$ 8,237,548	\$ 9,806,936	\$ 15,515,897 \$	42,341,331 \$	21,178,316
Restricted	983,265	11,016,079	1,054,321	1,024,445	469,962	472,833	464,911	400,000	-	-
Unrestricted	25,589,865	20,864,117	22,001,951	21,485,263	20,049,644	20,446,091	17,328,832	(698,824)	(27,852,308)	(6,088,372)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 29,419,309	\$ 26,458,647	\$ 25,518,832	\$ 22,919,074	\$ 23,454,292	\$ 29,156,472	\$ 27,600,679	\$ 15,217,073 \$	14,489,023 \$	15,089,944
Business-Type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 379,108	\$ (1,881,277)	\$ 833,056	\$ 3,522,077	\$ 4,439,464	\$ 5,573,075	\$ 11,156,352	\$ 31,226,996 \$	70,349,924 \$	81,600,637
Restricted	395,641	395,641	395,641	395,641	502,351	-	-	-	2,928,418	2,608,185
Unrestricted	21,410,651	21,695,483	20,822,720	20,539,183	24,658,155	25,967,344	21,645,447	21,759,463	23,928,638	27,916,060
Total Business-Type activities net position	\$ 22,185,400	\$ 20,209,847	\$ 22,051,417	\$ 24,456,901	\$ 29,599,970	\$ 31,540,419	\$ 32,801,799	\$ 52,986,459 \$	97,206,980 \$	112,124,882
Primary Government:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,225,287	\$ (7,302,826)	\$ 3,295,616	\$ 3,931,443	\$ 7,374,150	\$ 13,810,623	\$ 20,963,288	\$ 46,742,893 \$	112,691,255 \$	102,778,953
Restricted	1,378,906	11,411,720	1,449,962	1,420,086	972,313	472,833	464,911	400,000	2,928,418	2,608,185
Unrestricted	47,000,516	42,559,600	42,824,671	42,024,446	44,707,799	46,413,435	38,974,279	21,060,639	(3,923,670)	21,827,688
Total Primary Government net position	\$ 51,604,709	\$ 46,668,494	\$ 47,570,249	\$ 47,375,975	\$ 53,054,262	\$ 60,696,891	\$ 60,402,478	\$ 68,203,532 \$	111,696,003 \$	127,214,826

City of Hopewell, Virginia

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2	800	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses											
Government activities:											
General government	\$ 3	,355,309	3,005,250 \$	4,460,353	6,104,946	\$ 8,303,573	\$ 8,482,373	\$ 9,598,375	\$ 7,471,201	5,065,483 \$	6,144,219
Judicial administration	1	,959,936	2,115,285	2,084,915	1,643,680	2,107,894	2,217,984	2,598,072	2,810,211	2,694,035	2,844,80
Public safety	12	,594,747	13,815,831	12,847,039	10,761,188	11,841,600	11,720,652	14,012,598	16,464,074	14,031,657	15,493,658
Public works	4	,720,713	5,032,124	4,705,675	5,338,658	4,203,248	711,805	1,540,362	3,227,810	5,794,089	5,979,17
Health and welfare	5	,764,789	6,082,016	5,486,078	5,514,230	5,548,091	5,259,409	5,363,582	5,532,202	5,899,170	5,960,78
Education	12	,419,569	12,641,913	14,587,637	15,960,520	14,701,888	13,675,250	13,266,424	15,202,676	13,995,712	14,318,35
Parks, recreation and cultural	2	,893,300	2,771,191	2,396,107	1,187,879	2,311,175	2,462,345	2,530,959	2,408,566	2,421,366	2,503,89
Community development	1	,097,051	1,426,189	1,499,806	2,885,797	735,236	729,140	896,763	868,640	2,301,148	2,816,814
Interest on long-term debt	1	,623,712	1,942,319	1,624,907	2,228,636	1,836,461	1,655,027	1,325,884	2,608,205	2,252,111	2,651,88
Total governmental activities expenses	46	,429,126	48,832,118	49,692,517	51,625,534	51,589,166	46,913,985	51,133,019	56,593,585	54,454,771	58,713,57
Business-Type activities:											
Public utilities	17	,697,147	21,188,607	17,709,774	16,348,442	16,193,605	18,163,995	21,114,290	23,816,770	21,303,229	23,884,028
Total Primary Government expenses	64	,126,273	70,020,725	67,402,291	67,973,976	67,782,771	65,077,980	72,247,309	80,410,355	75,758,000	82,597,60
Program Revenues											
Government activities:											
Charges for services:											
General government administration		201,555	-	1,991	7,620	3,913	4,464	3,718	-	395,800	896,400
Judicial administration		200,543	362,032	26,273	31,532	35,492	37,325	66,938	58,951	53,913	59,48
Public Safety		293,746	454,764	414,833	463,133	580,930	534,761	555,568	541,987	520,413	502,34
Public Works		-	-	· -	19	1	3	7	-	-	
Parks, recreation and cultural		177,568	102,269	308,350	296,931	253,921	245,420	198,885	145,507	153,249	136,73
Community development		_	-	78,193	70,194	58,448	51,959	82,410	-	-	
Operating grants and contributions	10	,170,554	10,925,941	10,089,840	10,569,646	10,125,073	10,227,954	9,987,193	10,615,538	11,244,004	11,667,39
Capital grants and contributions		262,809	197,033	380,537	361,697	2,400,955	481,634	316,105	245,093	593,982	1,500,09
Total governmental activities program revenues	11	,306,775	12,042,039	11,300,017	11,800,772	13,458,733	11,583,520	11,210,824	11,607,076	12,961,361	14,762,44
Business-Type activities:											
Charges for services:											
Public utilities	16	,017,671	18,808,470	18,400,410	18,537,642	17,775,706	18,358,264	22,385,729	21,134,708	26,589,787	28,716,22
Operating grants and contributions		33,661	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,906,801	6,889,200
Capital grants and contributions		-	-	513,084	82,284	3,100,000	1,160,000	-	23,492,801	13,305,001	2,982,290
Total Business-Type activities program revenues	16	,051,332	18,808,470	18,913,494	18,619,926	20,875,706	19,518,264	22,385,729	44,627,509	61,801,589	38,587,715
Total Primary Government program revenues	27	,358,107	30,850,509	30,213,511	30,420,698	34,334,439	31,101,784	33,596,553	56,234,585	74,762,950	53,350,16
Net (expense) / revenue:											
Governmental activities	(35	,122,351)	(36,790,079)	(38,392,500)	(39,824,762)	(38,130,433)	(35,330,465)	(39,922,195)	(44,986,509)	(41,493,410)	(43,951,12
Business-Type activities	(1	,645,815)	(2,380,137)	1,203,720	2,271,484	4,682,101	1,354,269	1,271,439	20,810,739	40,498,360	14,703,687

City of Hopewell, Virginia

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Revenues and other Changes in Net Position						20.0				
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 21,003,914 \$	23,548,847 \$	24,953,126	\$ 24,183,723 \$	24,250,333	\$ 25,324,405	25,585,445	\$ 29,559,595	\$ 31,221,372 \$	32,304,897
Local sales and use taxes	1,872,972	1,752,105	1,904,436	1,866,495	1,921,273	1,989,128	2,048,011	1,960,808	2,075,150	2,076,135
Consumer utility taxes	665,210	349,751	350,230	376,118	347,966	355,950	348,009	389,249	379,052	379,052
Business licenses taxes	1,621,535	1,671,362	1,871,513	1,766,087	1,568,560	1,738,831	1,773,174	1,756,407	1,844,640	1,715,614
Other local taxes	3,970,017	4,212,375	5,345,796	5,754,161	6,583,703	6,331,024	6,166,649	6,208,306	6,000,284	6,386,179
Unrestricted grants and contributions	1,407,833	1,534,464	1,618,030	1,618,030	1,968,030	1,768,999	1,628,873	-	-	(64,575)
Unrestricted revenues from use										
of money and property	1,768,070	593,272	127,687	154,399	98,440	110,552	78,461	93,151	121,552	173,092
Gain on disposal of capital assets	1,000,000	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate subsidy	-	-	-	363,750	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	266,593	167,241	1,281,867	1,142,241	1,927,346	1,736,852	1,620,797	1,478,801	1,616,987	1,581,652
Loss on debt refunding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,127,083	-	-
Transfers		-	-	-	-	(66,495)	(407,326)	502,000	-	-
Total governmental activities	33,576,144	33,829,417	37,452,685	37,225,004	38,665,651	39,289,246	38,842,093	44,075,400	43,259,037	44,552,046
Business-Type activities:										
Transfers	_	-	-	-	_	66,495	407,326	(502,000)		
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	_	216,311	-	811,486	-	-
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	843,518	404,584	36,210	134,000	460,967	303,374	268,690	247,297	318,470	214,215
Total Business-Type activities	843,518	404,584	36,210	134,000	460,967	586,180	676,016	556,783	318,470	214,215
Total Primary Government	34,419,662	34,234,001	37,488,895	37,359,004	39,126,618	39,875,426	39,518,109	44,632,183	43,577,507	44,766,261
Special item - loss on capital contributed		-	-	-	-	(1,160,000)	-	-	-	
Change in Net Position:										
Governmental activities	(1,546,207)	(2,960,662)	(939,815)	(2,599,758)	535,218	2,798,781	(1,080,102)	(911,109)	1,721,543	600,920
Business-Type activities	(802,297)	(1,975,553)	1,239,930	2,405,484	5,143,068	1,940,449	1,947,455	21,367,522	41,801,881	14,917,902
Vic	(002,201)	(1,070,000)	1,200,000	2,700,704	3,170,000	1,040,448	1,047,100	21,001,022	11,001,001	14,017,002
Total Primary Government	\$ (2,348,504) \$	(4,936,215) \$	300,115	\$ (194,274) \$	5,678,286	\$ 4,739,230 \$	867,353	\$ 20,456,413	\$ 43,523,424 \$	15,518,822

City of Hopewell, Virginia Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2	011	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	2016	2017
General Fund: Reserved Unreserved	\$ 1,305,385 10,508,586	\$ 1,085,023 9,484,371	\$ 1,146,496 10,168,180	_							
Total General Fund	\$ 11,813,971	\$ 10,569,394	\$ 11,314,676	=							
All other governmental funds: Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds	\$ 1,116,638 228,810 12,321,255	\$ 55,109 157,004 20,995,610	\$ 35,436 346,795 22,131,546								
Total all other Governmental funds	\$ 13,666,703	\$ 21,207,723	\$ 22,513,777	=							
General Fund: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned					352,873 - - 7,433,145 4,355,131	\$ 484,090 - - 7,185,036 4,084,446	\$ 507,710 - - 7,185,036 6,110,082	\$ 506,019 - - 7,577,377 3,294,763	\$ 463,095 - - 8,129,327 2,231,581	\$ 61,714 - - 7,888,552 6,642,814	\$ 63,734 - - 7,181,491 6,800,405
Total General Fund					2,141,149	\$ 11,753,572	\$ 	\$ 11,378,159	\$ 10,824,003	\$ 14,593,080	\$ 14,045,629
All other Governmental funds: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned					- 0,098,751 4,338,352 (248)	\$ 5,789,508 8,694,433 (247)	\$ 5,789,508 7,758,080	\$ 5,789,508 15,633,457	\$ 6,199,005 8,941,242 5,290,631	\$ 1,495,273 9,775,518 2,743,722	\$ 1,258,783 9,256,135 111,740 (163,272)
Total all other Governmental funds				\$ 24	1,436,855	\$ 14,483,694	\$ 13,547,588	\$ 21,422,965	\$ 20,430,878	\$ 14,014,513	\$ 10,463,386

Note: Fiscal years 2008 through 2010 have not been restated per GASB 54.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues:										
General property taxes	\$ 24,259,295	\$22,831,071		\$23,818,310		\$ 26,459,832	\$ 25,308,595	\$ 29,022,830	\$31,060,801	\$28,478,608
Other local taxes	8,129,734	7,985,593	8,405,033	8,494,183	8,425,201	8,707,937	8,595,179	8,311,898	8,920,395	8,733,644
Permits, privilege fees/regulatory licenses	206,454	135,509	352,348	31,956	41,144	42,889	105,139	230,893	205,552	116,070
Fines and forfeitures	155,217	282,130	714,594	1,288,030	1,866,202	1,544,560	1,561,049	1,545,064	1,173,179	1,624,267
Revenue from use of money and property	1,407,833	593,272	349,168	369,081	293,153	275,553	220,657	93,151	121,551	173,087
Charges for services	511,741	501,426	536,670	587,937	680,400	662,134	684,206	746,445	740,875	716,256
Miscellaneous	266,593	167,241	471,399	227,644	1,148,605	2,323,369	2,083,113	1,370,570	1,594,944	1,837,872
Recovered costs	823,000	872,000	872,000	884,500	884,500	884,500	884,500	382,500	382,500	884,500
Intergovernmental	10,583,403	12,657,438	12,096,593	12,485,977	14,502,537	12,491,935	11,938,140	10,751,111	11,837,987	14,606,753
Total revenues	46,343,270	46,025,680	50,955,585	48,187,618	51,323,718	53,392,709	51,380,578	52,454,462	56,037,784	57,171,057
Expenditures:										
General government administration	3,471,465	3,555,998	3,529,854	2,836,083	2,946,336	3,038,151	3,887,357	4,034,781	4,542,624	5,001,250
Judicial administration	1,707,438	1,724,389	1,765,448	1,603,353	1,839,894	1,916,116	2,347,692	2,582,149	2,400,080	2,452,889
Public safety	12.235.866	12,549,248	12.864.356	10,220,079	11,107,197	10.966.050	13.363.832	13,545,791	13,624,877	14,442,125
Public works	4,161,179	4,248,535	3,953,139	3,414,050	3,468,258	3,570,454	3,927,276	4,296,811	4,411,354	4,670,494
Health and welfare	5,577,319	5,673,538	5,470,641	5,514,230	5,442,824	5,154,545	5,259,251	5,465,334	5,772,564	5,728,065
Education	10,507,034	11,045,621	15,691,522	20,957,047	21,060,268	11,102,916	10,787,674	14,301,637	11,408,787	12,114,545
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,302,038	2,300,336	2,083,326	2,080,477	2,273,806	2,114,530	2,165,055	2,246,089	2,275,373	2,299,279
·							, ,	, ,		
Community development	1,078,552	1,003,857	1,040,742	793,509	657,839	718,234	889,540	868,628	1,015,885	1,384,553
Nondepartmental	968,612	864,074	1,025,073	5,075,563	4,866,933	5,153,440	1,056,007	1,563,876	1,284,415	1,903,189
Capital projects	3,823,661	1,837,201	1,098,458	4,167,481	3,552,164	3,003,770	4,190,524	5,618,260	5,105,645	5,809,777
Debt service:	0.540.044	2 640 505	1 200 172	4 455 040	4 606 074	0.540.770	E 450 404	0.040.464	2 400 024	2 402 542
Principal	2,513,941	3,648,595	1,390,172	4,155,218	1,696,274	2,510,773	5,456,424	2,248,464	3,186,024	3,182,512
Interest	2,975,833	1,610,185	1,793,289	2,779,947	2,752,663	2,964,085	3,052,165	2,655,885	2,123,720	2,280,958
Total expenditures	51,322,938	50,061,577	51,706,020	63,597,037	61,664,456	52,213,064	56,382,797	59,427,705	57,151,348	61,269,636
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,979,668)	(4,035,897)	(750,435)	(15,409,419)	(10,340,738)	1,179,645	(5,002,219)	(6,973,243)	(1,113,564)	(4,098,579)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfer in	3,636,893	3,401,401	6,199,463	3,986,103	3,493,901	4,688,553	6,663,226	5,601,896	5,217,372	5,181,590
Transfer out	(3,636,893)	(3,401,401)	(6,199,463)	(3,986,103)	(3,493,901)	(4,755,048)	(7,070,552)	(5,099,896)	(5,217,372)	(5,181,590)
Refunding bonds issued	18,210,000	2,155,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds issued	-	10.000.000	_	17.715.000	-	-	10,860,253	19,210,000	_	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	303,340	2,801,771	80,220	_	-		, , , ₋	-	-
Refunded bonds redeemed	(20,000,000)	(2,126,000)	· · · -	· -	-	-	_	(14,285,000)	_	-
Capital lease proceeds	(==,===,===,	(_,,,	_	_	_	_	_	-	1,280,852	_
Interest rate subsidy	_	_	_	363,750	_	_	_	_	-,200,002	_
Sale of capital assets	1,000,000	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses), net	(790,000)	10,332,340	2,801,771	18,158,970	_	(66,495)	10,452,927	5,427,000	1,280,852	_
Net change in fund balances	\$ (5,769,668)	\$ 6,296,443	\$ 2,051,336	\$ 2,749,551	\$ (10,340,738)	\$ 1,113,150	\$ 5,450,708	\$ (1,546,243)	\$ 167,288	\$ (4,098,579)
Debt service as a percentage										

City of Hopewell, Virginia Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Property Direct Tax Rate	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property Direct Tax Rate	 Personal Property	M & T Property Direct Tax Rate	 Machinery and Tools	Public Service	Total Direct Rate	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2017	\$1.13	\$ 1,528,290,500	\$3.50	\$ 140,296,585	\$3.05	\$ 264,711,192	\$ 385,528,920	\$1.49	\$ 2,318,827,197	\$ 2,307,233,061	100.50%
2016	1.13	1,525,757,500	3.50	135,036,571	3.05	242,698,071	383,685,396	1.47	2,287,177,538	2,275,741,650	100.50%
2015	1.13	1,523,579,400	3.50	135,036,571	3.05	229,392,148	366,038,913	1.47	2,254,047,032	2,242,776,797	100.50%
2014	1.08	1,515,543,600	3.50	108,045,354	3.05	175,948,856	351,700,185	1.36	2,151,237,995	2,140,481,805	100.50%
2013	1.08	1,500,249,500	3.50	108,045,354	3.05	154,636,072	351,556,622	1.35	2,114,487,548	2,103,915,110	100.50%
2012	1.02	1,330,768,380	3.50	122,695,512	3.05	131,032,392	331,805,550	1.32	1,916,301,834	1,906,720,325	100.50%
2011	0.99	1,359,312,700	3.50	129,530,486	3.05	179,114,467	344,749,605	1.33	2,012,707,258	2,002,643,728	100.50%
2010	0.99	1,357,143,000	3.05	128,089,039	3.05	142,657,510	344,073,128	1.27	1,971,962,677	1,932,523,430	102.04%
2009	0.96	1,338,397,100	3.05	113,630,555	3.05	140,866,828	344,073,128	1.23	1,936,967,611	1,898,228,265	102.04%
2008	1.09	1,145,283,664	3.05	127,665,229	3.05	119,046,593	308,044,862	1.37	1,700,040,348	1,649,039,138	103.09%

Source: Commissioner of Revenue for the City. Assessed values for Public Service are established by the State Corporation Commission and include both real estate and personal property values.

⁽¹⁾ Real Estate assessed value includes both residential and commercial values, a breakdown is currently not available.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Direct Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

				 Public U	tility	
Fiscal Year	Real state	rsonal perty(2)	chinery I Tools	Real state	Personal Property	al Direct ate (3)
2008	\$ 1.09	\$ 3.05	\$ 3.05	\$ 1.09 \$	3.05	\$ 1.37
2009	0.96	3.05	3.05	0.96	3.05	1.23
2010	0.99	3.50	3.05	0.99	3.50	1.27
2011	0.99	3.50	3.05	0.99	3.50	1.33
2012	1.02	3.50	3.05	1.02	3.50	1.32
2013	1.08	3.50	3.05	1.08	3.50	1.35
2014	1.11	3.50	3.05	1.08	3.50	1.36
2015	1.13	3.50	3.05	1.02	3.50	1.47
2016	1.13	3.50	3.05	1.02	3.50	1.47
2017	1.13	3.50	3.05	1.02	3.50	1.49

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

⁽²⁾ Personal property taxes are applied to the National Automobile Dealers Association (NADA) loan value.

⁽³⁾ Weighted average for tax levy.

The City of Hopewell has no overlapping taxes.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and the Period Nine Years Prior

	Fiscal Ye	ear 2017		Fiscal Yea	r 2008
Taxpayer	 2016 Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation	2007 Assessed Valuation		% of Total Assessed Valuation
Virginia Electric & Power Company / Dominion Virginia Power	\$ 139,906,506	6.68%	\$	44,019,761	1.56%
Advansix Resins & Chemical LLC (1)	133,313,404	6.37%		105,960,401	3.76%
West Rock (2)	129,301,684	6.17%		81,292,456	2.88%
Columbia HCA / John Randolph Hospital	93,300,181	4.46%		102,405,367	3.63%
Hopewell Cogentric Limited Partnership	89,220,292	4.26%		135,072,902	4.79%
Green Plains (3)	63,368,555	3.03%		1,497,600	0.05%
Ashland Aqualon Company (4)	62,312,980	2.98%		42,044,602	1.49%
Evoniks (5)	48,229,990	2.30%		63,710,678	2.26%
Virginia American Water Company	40,058,656	1.91%		20,304,656	0.72%
James River Cogeneration Company	 25,828,343	1.23%		40,289,047	1.43%
Total of Principal Property Taxpayers	\$ 824,840,591	39.39%	\$	636,597,470	22.57%
Grand Total of All Taxpayers	\$ 2,093,979,464		\$	2,821,427,715	

⁽¹⁾ Advansix Resins & Chemical LLC succeeded Honeywell/Allied

Sources

- (a) Debra K. Reason, Commissioner of Revenue
- (b) Patrizia Waggoner, Real Estate Assessor

⁽²⁾ West Rock succeeded Rock Tenn and Stone Container

⁽³⁾ Green Plains succeeded Future Fuels

⁽⁴⁾ Ashland Inc succeeded Aqualon

⁽⁵⁾ Evoniks succeeded Evonik Goldschmidt Corp

City of Hopewell, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy **Total Collections to Date Total Tax Levy** Collections in Fiscal Percentage Percentage for Fiscal Year Subsequent Years of Levy Year Amount of Levy Amount 2017 \$ 32,023,520 \$ 30,143,321 94.13% \$ \$ 30,143,321 94.13% 2016 29,780,535 28,194,428 94.67% 389,166 28,583,594 95.98% 2015 28,194,700 27,452,021 97.37% 281,375 27,733,396 98.36% 2014 27,263,306 25,359,477 93.02% 1,664,975 27,024,452 99.12% 2013 25,910,451 25,275,937 97.55% 379,244 25,655,182 99.01% 2012 25,502,328 24,389,663 95.64% 937,291 25,326,953 99.31% 2011 25,806,316 24,573,947 95.22% 1,180,108 25,754,054 99.80% 2010 25,365,543 24,277,032 95.71% 1,058,133 25,335,165 99.88% 2009 25,394,983 21,359,404 84.11% 4,011,591 25,370,995 99.91% 2008 23,544,869 21,035,463 89.34% 2,493,222 23,528,685 99.93%

Source: Municipal Tax Assessor

City of Hopewell, Virginia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities					es						
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Literary Fund Loans	Other Notes/ Bonds	General Obligation Bond Premium	Capital Leases		venue onds	Revenue Bond Premium	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per pita (1)
2017	\$ 55,321,601	\$ 1,599,200	\$ -	\$ 31,928	\$ 1,141,791	\$ 35	5,725,000	\$ 601,013 \$	-	\$ 94,420,533	12.13%	\$ 4,180
2016	57,890,852	2,073,400	-	65,154	1,280,852	37	7,130,000	626,155	-	99,066,413	12.73%	4,385
2015	60,602,676	2,547,600	-	79,140	-	38	8,210,000	658,519	-	102,097,935	13.12%	4,519
2014	57,473,287	3,021,800	-	157,886	-	33	3,680,000	692,558	-	95,025,531	12.21%	4,206
2013	51,595,511	3,496,000	-	248,510	-	34	4,830,000	718,958	-	90,888,979	11.68%	4,023
2012	53,632,083	3,970,200	-	266,938	-	35	5,405,000	725,736	-	93,999,957	12.08%	4,161
2011	54,854,157	4,444,400	-	279,072	-	32	2,205,000	387,480	-	92,170,109	8.44%	4,080
2010	40,597,744	5,093,600	-	291,206	-	28	8,580,000	661,103	-	75,223,653	10.14%	3,365
2009	39,329,300	5,821,300	-	303,340	-	11	1,245,000	-	-	56,698,940	7.73%	2,536
2008	31,342,111	6,559,000	-	-	-	11	1,735,000	-	-	49,636,111	6.77%	2,220

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 12

City of Hopewell, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Bo	Gross ended Debt	Amounts	ss Reserved Service	Bor	Net aded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value (2)	 Bonded Debt per Capita (1)	
2017	\$	56,952,729	\$	-	\$	56,952,729	2.46%	\$ 2,52	21
2016		60,029,406		-		60,029,406	2.62%	2,65	57
2015		63,229,416		-		63,229,416	2.81%	2,79	99
2014		60,725,169		-		60,725,169	2.82%	2,68	38
2013		55,340,021		-		55,340,021	2.62%	2,45	50
2012		57,869,221		-		57,869,221	3.02%	2,56	32
2011		59,577,629		-		59,577,629	2.96%	2,63	37
2010		45,982,550		4,500,000		41,482,550	2.10%	1,85	56
2009		45,453,940		4,500,000		40,953,940	2.11%	1,83	32
2008		37,901,111		4,500,000		33,401,111	1.96%	1,49	94

⁽¹⁾ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 12.
(2) See schedule of Real Estate Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Table 5.
(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Literacy Fund Loans, excludes revenue bonds, capital lease, and compensated absences.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Debt limit	\$114,528,366	\$133,839,710	\$135,714,300	\$135,931,270	\$133,076,838	\$130,445,020	\$133,262,850	\$ 130,418,300	\$ 152,575,750	\$ 152,829,050
Total net debt applicable to limit	37,901,111	45,453,940	45,982,550	59,577,629	57,869,221	55,340,021	60,725,169	63,229,416	60,029,406	56,952,729
Legal debt margin	\$ 76,627,255	\$ 88,385,770	\$ 89,731,750	\$ 76,353,641	\$ 75,207,617	\$ 75,104,999	\$ 72,537,681	\$ 67,188,884	\$ 92,546,344	\$ 95,876,321
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	33.09%	33.96%	33.88%	43.83%	43.49%	42.42%	45.57%	48.48%	39.34%	37.27%
Source: Valuation bases were obtained from the Hope (a) Limit set by Virginia Statute.	ewell Real Estate A	Assessor's office.		Legal Debt Marg	in calculation for F	Fiscal Year 2017				
				Assessed val Add back: ex Total assesse	empt real property	,				\$ 1,329,697,900 198,592,600 1,528,290,500
	Debt limit (10% of total assessed value) (a) Net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin								152,829,050 56,952,729 \$ 95,876,321	

City of Hopewell, Virginia Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (a)				er Capita ersonal come (c)	Unemployment Rate (d)
2017	22,591	\$	778,341,324	\$	34,454	6.1%
2016	22,591		778,341,324		34,454	6.6%
2015	22,591		778,341,324		34,454	7.6%
2014	22,591		778,341,324		34,454	9.0%
2013	22,591		778,341,324		34,454	9.8%
2012	22,591		778,341,324		34,454	10.1%
2011	22,591		778,341,324		34,454	11.3%
2010	22,354		762,550,318		34,112	11.6%
2009	22,354		755,000,314		33,775	10.4%
2008	22,354		733,010,014		32,791	6.0%

Source:

- (a) Population information provided by the U.S. Census Bureau.
- (b) Personal income estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita income presented.
- (c) Per capita personal income by municipality estimated based upon the 2000 census published by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- (d) Unemployment data provided by the Virginia Employment Commission.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Principal Employers Current Year and Period Nine Years Prior

	Fiscal Year 20 ^o	Fiscal Year 2008			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank	
Hopewell City School Board	500 to 999 employees	1	500 to 999 employees	1	
AdvanSix Inc	500 to 999 employees	2	n/a	n/a	
HCA Virginia Health System	500 to 999 employees	3	500 to 999 employees	3	
City of Hopewell	250 to 499 employees	4	250 to 499 employees	5	
E.I. DuPont De Nemours Company	250 to 499 employees	5	500 to 999 employees	4	
Alliance Group Rock Tenn	250 to 499 employees	6	250 to 499 employees	6	
Metz Division	250 to 499 employees	7	250 to 499 employees	8	
Aqualon Company	250 to 499 employees	8	250 to 499 employees	7	
Insulation Specialties	100 to 249 employees	9	n/a	n/a	
Honeywell International, Inc.	100 to 249 employees	10	500 to 999 employees	2	
Hopewell Operations LLC	100 to 249 employees	n/a	100 to 249 employees	10	
Shaw Services LLC	50 to 99 employees	n/a	100 to 249 employees	9	

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

⁽¹⁾ In FY 2008, Alliance Group Rock Tenn was Stone Container Corporation

⁽²⁾ In FY 2008, Metz Division was Goldschmidt Chemical Corporation.

⁽³⁾ In FY 2017, AdvanSix separated from Honeywell International Inc

City of Hopewell, Virginia Full-Time City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government:										
City Clerk	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
City Attorney	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-
City Manager	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	9	9
Finance Department	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	16
City Treasurer	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Commissioner of Revenue	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Voter Registrar	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Judicial Administration:										
Clerk of Circuit Court	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Commonwealth Attorney	9	9	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6
Court Services	4	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
General District Court	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety:										
Sheriff Department	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	12	12	12
Fire & Rescue	43	43	46	46	46	45	45	45	47	53
Building inspections	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7
Police Department	73	73	76	76	78	81	82	84	82	82
Animal Control	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
Emergency Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works:										
General Maintenance	36	36	34	34	34	34	34	36	36	41
Landfill	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Engineering	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
Sewer Services	63	64	60	60	60	61	61	61	61	58
Health & Welfare:										
Department of Social Services	41	41	40	40	40	40	40	40	44	58
Community Services Act	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Culture and Recreation:										
Parks and Recreation	17	17	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	17
Tourism	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-
Community Development	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Planning	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Totals	362	361	351	351	356	358	359	365	370	399

Source: Full-time city government employee positions authorized as part of the annual budget approval by City Council.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Public safety										
Police department:										
E911 calls answered	22,381	19,764	14,101	17,075	17,329	24,655	14,205	19,516	19,701	19,701
Animal calls answered	1,912	1,361	1,856	2,757	3,028	2,818	2,917	2,960	2,712	2,473
Physical arrests	1,233	1,048	1,412	1,753	1,388	1,031	1,394	1,297	1,306	1,141
Civil papers										
Fire and rescue:										
Fire calls	1,232	1,164	3,130	3,430	3,687	3,213	3,352	3,138	3,477	4,394
EMS calls	2,046	1,944	3,557	3,505	3,615	3,545	3,556	1,296	4,001	3,822
Building inspections:										
Permits issued (all)	1,482	2,568	1,783	855	957	957	958	1,029	980	852
Inspections done (all)	1,174	2,895	4,607	482	2,560	2,560	2,297	4,007	1,313	2,281
Public works										
General maintenance:										
Work orders issued	2,720	2,002	1,898	1,429	2,346	2,501	3,196	2,688	2,701	2,393
Health and welfare										
Department of Social Services:										
Caseload*	8,436	9,087	10,378	10,707	10,911	10,911	11,446	12,324	8,652	11,888
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation:										
Community center visits	55,066	55,046	45,253	57,556	55,565	55,565	59,845	49,167	57,864	45,533
Summer program participants	425	320	1,058	1,303	N/A	N/A	N/A	223	1,511	2,069
Youth sports participants	4,039	4,627	5,314	4,461	N/A	N/A	2,235	737	711	908
Community development										
Planning:										
Zoning permits issued	1,346	1,376	496	218	291	291	539	167	199	186

Source: Individual city department workload counts.

^{*} Average total case count.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government		·								
Adminisration buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Vehicles	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	7	9
Public Works										
Vehicles	43	43	43	43	43	46	48	48	47	49
Public Safety										
Police Department:										
Vehicles	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	53	55	59
Sheriff Department:										
Vehicles	13	14	14	14	14	16	18	18	19	23
Fire Department:										
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire trucks	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	7	7
Other vehicles	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	10	10	11
Building Inspectors:										
Vehicles	7	7	7	7	7	9	10	9	9	9
Culture and Recreation										
Parks and Recreation:										
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	14
Parks acreage	161	161	161	161	161	161	161	161	161	161
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Ballfields	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Soccerfields	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8

Source: City Fixed Asset System by City departments

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Hopewell, Virginia

We were engaged to audit, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hopewell, Virginia (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 10, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2017-001 through 2017-008 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2017-009 through 2017-014.

The City's Responses to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harrisonburg, Virginia June 10, 2019

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control

2017-001: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Timely Reconciliations, Lack of Adequate Year End Close Procedures and Lack of Adequate Internal Controls over Budget Transfers

Criteria: In order to prepare financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), accurate and complete general and subsidiary ledgers, along with supporting records, must be maintained to support the existence, completeness, accuracy, and valuation of all assets and liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses to ensure an accurate presentation of the financial position and activity of the City of Hopewell, Virginia (City) for the fiscal year just ended. The efficient, effective, and timely preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) depends heavily on personnel from various City departments and the School Board and includes closing the City's and School Board's general ledgers, performing appropriate financial analyses and reconciliations of yearly activity, and accumulating the required data for reporting. In order to verify that the transactions are fairly presented, procedures must be in place and functioning effectively to ensure the financial information is complete, accurate, and in accordance with GAAP. Also, budget transfers should be properly supported and approved in accordance with City policy.

Condition/Context: During the fiscal year 2017 audit and financial reporting processes, multiple instances were identified where the complete and accurate recording of financial transactions within the general ledger did not occur including (but not limited to) the following:

- The City and School Board were unable to reconcile the City and School Board's cash and investments balances with financial institutions to the balance per the general ledger at June 30, 2017 until December 2017.
- The City has been unable to reconcile customer accounts receivable from the billing software to the balance per the general ledger for the Storm Water, Solid Waste, and Sewer Service funds.
- The City was unable to reconcile the City's property taxes receivables to the balance per the general ledger at June 30, 2017 until May 2018.
- Funding receipts from the Commonwealth of Virginia to the City was not reconciled to the general ledger at June 30, 2017, to verify accuracy and completeness of the transactions, until May 2018.
- Other receivables, capital asset, accounts payable and other accrued liability balances were also not reconciled timely to subsidiary records.
- Over 50 journal entries were made to the trial balance provided for audit.
- Budget transfers sampled for testing lacked adequate support and approval in accordance with City policy.
- Financial information was not accumulated to allow for required CAFR disclosure in accordance with GAAP, specifically significant contractual commitments.

Cause: During fiscal year 2017, the City's Finance Department lacked the required technical skills to analyze and reconcile the myriad of City transactions both timely and accurately. Internal control processes, including management oversight, were not in place to monitor related account activities, including budget transfers, to ensure the existence, completeness, accuracy, valuation, and disclosure of all assets and liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses in the City's CAFR.

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2017-001: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Timely Reconciliations, Lack of Adequate Year End Close Procedures and Lack of Adequate Internal Controls over Budget Transfers (Continued)

Effect: The controls in place to close the year-end books, reconcile the balances, analyze the period transactions, and accumulate and assimilate such data into a timely, GAAP compliant financial report simply did not function, leading to the inefficient use of City Finance personnel and hours that would have been better served in other City Finance operations. Additionally, budget transfers which lacked documented approval and adequate support in accordance with City policy appear to have occurred.

Recommendation: The City should ensure finance staff have adequate technical skills or training to perform their accounting functions accurately and timely. We recommend increasing levels of oversight over budget transfers and to ensure reconciliations are performed timely and formal year end close procedures are documented and followed to support the existence, completeness, accuracy, valuation, and disclosure of all assets and liabilities, revenues, expenditures/expenses, and significant contractual commitments reported in the City's CAFR.

Repeat Findings: 2015-001, 2015-002, and 2016-001

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2017-002: Material Weakness Due to Material Audit Adjustments and Restatements

Criteria: The year-end financial statements obtained from the City and School Board should be final and free of significant misstatements.

Condition/Context: Upon auditing the year-end balances of the City and School Board, there were instances of material adjustments identified, including entries to restate prior periods. An audit adjustment was identified to correct the School Board's cash balance. Entries were also required to restate prior periods for the following:

City:

Business-Type Activities:

Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund (HRWTF)

• Correct prior year accounts receivable and revenue

Sewer Service Fund:

• Correct prior year accounts receivable and revenue

Solid Waste Fund:

• Correct prior year accounts receivable and revenue

Storm Water Fund:

• Correct prior year accounts receivable and revenue

Cause: There was lack of adequate accounting technical skills and insufficient review to ensure items noted above were accurately recorded.

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2017-002: Material Weakness Due to Material Audit Adjustments and Restatements (Continued)

Effect: As noted above, the effect of these transactions was to misstate prior and current year net position of the City. The necessary entries above were significant to the financial statements and were included as adjustments in order to more accurately represent the financial position of each of the above. Failure to not record the items noted above would be a departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Recommendation: The City and School Board should ensure finance staff have adequate technical skills or training to perform their accounting functions accurately and timely. We recommend the City and School Board increase levels of oversight over maintaining accurate account balances.

Repeat Findings: 2015-001, 2015-002 and 2016-002

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agree with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2017-003: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Accurate Supporting Records (Disclaimer of Opinions)

Criteria: The year-end financial statements obtained from the City should be adequately supported by sufficient and appropriate audit documentation.

Condition/Context: Upon auditing the year-end balances of the City, City personnel was unable to provide sufficient audit documentation to support the amounts recorded on the City's financial statements for its Business-Type Activities, including the Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Storm Water Fund and Beacon Theatre Fund.

Cause: The policies and procedures surrounding the billing and accounting records for service charges, unbilled and unearned revenues, contributions and credit adjustments between the City and its customers for the Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, and Storm Water Fund were not consistently and accurately applied. Additionally, the City's third-party collections agent for sewer service, solid waste and storm water charges and fees was unable to substantiate balances for accounts receivable and service charges and fees in the Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund and Storm Water Fund. There was also a lack of oversight and monitoring of the financial operations of these funds by the City.

The City has not provided necessary oversight or been active in the management of the Beacon Theatre. The Beacon Theatre has contracted with a third-party management company to handle day-to-day operations. The management company outsourced the bookkeeping to another third party. Neither the management company nor the third-party bookkeeping entity were able to provide sufficient, appropriate audit evidence after repeated requests to support the financial statement amounts.

Effect: The effect is unknown as there was insufficient audit evidence to form opinions. As a result, opinions were disclaimed for the funds noted above.

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2017-003: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Accurate Supporting Records (Disclaimer of Opinions) (Continued)

Recommendation: The City should ensure finance staff have adequate technical skills or training to perform their accounting functions accurately and timely. The City Finance Department and staff of the Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, and Storm Water Fund should review and update existing policies and procedures over the billing and accounting functions of the Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Storm Water Fund, and Beacon Theatre Fund to ensure accurate reconciliations are performed timely between the general ledger, bank statements, and the third party bookkeeping entity for Beacon Theatre and third party collections agent for the Sewer Service Fund, Solid Waste Fund, and the Storm Water Fund. The City should also increase levels of oversight and monitoring over the financial activity of these funds as well.

Repeat Findings: 2015-001, 2015-002 and 2016-003

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2017-004: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Management Contract for Beacon Theatre

Criteria: The City should have signed contracts in place with all third-party management vendors. Additionally, the City should have policies and procedures in place to ensure routine oversight over these vendors is occurring.

Condition/Context: City personnel and the Beacon Theatre third-party management company were unable to provide adequate supporting documentation to support the amounts reported in the financial statements as prepared by the third-party management company. Furthermore, City personnel was unable to provide a signed contract between the City and the third-party management company detailing the services to be provided and any fees associated with these services. It was noted that City oversight of Beacon Theatre's operations and subsequent recordation of this activity was not occurring on a routine and ongoing basis.

Cause: Internal control processes were not in place to monitor, review and analyze transactions recorded outside of the City's normal financial applications. Additionally, City personnel did not retain contracts that would allow for routine oversight over third-party consultants.

Effect: The effect is unknown as there was insufficient audit evidence to form an opinion. As a result, an opinion was disclaimed for the Beacon Theatre Fund.

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2017-004: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Management Contract for Beacon Theatre (Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend the City obtain a copy of the most recent contract between the City and the third-party management company. This contract should be reviewed and analyzed and the results of this analysis should be compared to the accounting records to ensure there are no monies due to the City. If the City is unable to locate a current contract, a new management contract should be executed. Additionally, we recommend the City establish a set of policies and procedures governing the City's oversight of Beacon Theatre's operations and the accurate recording of the financial activity on a recurring basis.

Repeat Finding: 2016-004

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2017-005: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Segregation of Duties and System Based Logical Access Controls

Criteria: Users with the ability to administer security to the financial applications should be segregated from users with the ability to administer the financial application's database and from those with end user capabilities to the financial applications. User access controls as well as system security should be monitored and evaluated on a periodic basis.

Condition/Context: The City implemented MUNIS in September 2014. It was noted that the City does not maintain proper segregation of duties over security, administration, and end user access to the financial application and database. Specifically, the City's Database Administrator has access to administer security within the MUNIS application, as well as being the administrator over the MUNIS database. Additionally, other end users of financial applications, including the Director of Finance, also have administrative permissions. These permissions could result in users having inappropriate access. It was noted that the City does not perform a periodic review of access privileges to the MUNIS application. Access privileges to the MUNIS application should be periodically reviewed by the users' management to verify that the level of access still accurately reflects the minimum level required for the user to perform their job function and accurately reflects an appropriate level of segregation of duties within logical access.

It was noted that the City's password and account lockout settings for the network do not match the settings defined within the City's Information Security Policy. Current settings include network password length of seven characters and an account lockout threshold of seven invalid attempts.

Additionally, based on a selection of journal entries that were tested, we noted a lack of segregation of duties over journal entry initiation, approval and posting.

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2017-005: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Segregation of Duties and System Based Logical Access Controls (Continued)

Cause: The implementation of new financial systems is a complex process and represents a material change to the system of internal control. After the initial implementation, system based roles and responsibilities require an evaluation to determine whether inherent conflicts exist within the system based roles and responsibilities and then whether system based roles and responsibilities are appropriately assigned to User Accounts based on the City's segregation of duties requirements and complimentary control elements in the City anti-fraud program of controls. The City has not re-evaluated its MUNIS system based roles and responsibilities for inherent conflicts and potential conflicts with assigned User Accounts and functional job responsibilities. Further, the City has not re-established periodic access review controls to ensure system based access continues to align with appropriate segregation of duties. Also, the City lacks adequate internal control over journal entries.

Effect: Without a thorough review of journal entries and system based roles, responsibilities, and end user access, the City is subject to an increased exposure to unintended consequences in the form of error and fraud until the control environment matures on the MUNIS environment and controls are placed in service.

Recommendation: We recommend the City:

- A. Segregate users with the ability to administer security to the financial application from users with the ability to administer the financial application's database. In addition, the City should segregate access for users with the ability to administer security to the financial application from those with end user capabilities to the financial application. If access cannot be segregated, a mitigating control should be implemented to log all security changes made by the personnel and be periodically reviewed by an independent group.
- B. Perform scheduled periodic reviews of user access for the MUNIS application on an annual basis in order to identify unauthorized/inappropriate access based on job function, as well as to identify any terminated users who have remained active in the application. These reviews should be documented and changes identified during the access review should be processed in accordance with the access provisioning procedures.
- C. Revise the current network settings for password length and account lockout threshold to the industry best practices of eight characters in length and three invalid attempts, respectively.
- D. Review procedures over journal entries and modify as necessary to ensure adequate segregation of duties.

Repeat Finding: 2015-003 and 2016-007

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2017-006: Material Weakness Due to Untimely Social Services LASER Reconciliations to the General Ledger

Criteria: According to the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, Chapters 3-15 Social Services section entitled *General Ledger Reconciliation*, "amounts reported in LASER must be reconciled monthly to be in compliance with Section 3.60, LASER Expenditure Reconciliation and Certification, of the *LDSS Finance Guidelines Manual for Local Departments of Social Service*."

Condition/Context: During the fiscal year 2017 audit, it was determined the monthly LASER amounts were not being reconciled to the general ledger. The fiscal year ended 2017 LASER reconciliation was not completed until June 2018.

Cause: Lack of monthly reconciliations and monitoring of compliance.

Effect: Noncompliance with reconciliation requirements resulted in errors in recording transactions and in lack of reimbursement of certain eligible expenses resulting in a loss of state revenue.

Recommendation: We recommend the City and Department of Social Services implement procedures to ensure compliance with the specifications of the APA and perform timely LASER reconciliations to the general ledger.

Repeat Finding: 2016-008

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2017-007: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Debt Management Procedures

Criteria: Debt management procedures should exist to ensure capital expenditures associated with debt agreements are paid from the debt proceeds and not operating funds. The procedures should include steps to monitor compliance with all debt covenants.

Condition/Context: The City has unspent bond proceeds invested in the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP) and is not reconciling the SNAP investment accounts to capital project activity; therefore, drawdowns of the bond proceeds are not occurring timely. Capital expenditures incurred are initially being paid for using operating funds instead of immediately from corresponding bond proceeds.

Cause: Lack of reconciliations and debt management procedures.

Effect: Capital expenditures are being paid from operating funds instead of from associated bond proceeds and debt covenants have not be complied with.

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

A. Material Weaknesses in Internal Control (Continued)

2017-007: Material Weakness Due to Lack of Debt Management Procedures (Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend the City implement debt management procedures, reconcile bond proceeds to capital expenditure activity.

Repeat Finding: 2016-009

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2017-008: Material Weakness in Children's Services Act Allowability and Eligibility Procedures

Criteria: Pool disbursement transactions must be supported by a written contract or service agreement. They must be provided to a specific eligible youth or family (and include a child-specific unit price if contracts or purchase orders cover services for more than one youth). Disbursements must also be made as authorized by Community Policy Management Team policies and procedures, which must be consistent with the *Code of Virginia* statutes and the CSA Policy Manual.

Condition/Context: Of the 60 pool disbursement transactions selected for testing, the approved amount of the transaction exceeded the amount per Individual and Family Service Plan for five transactions. Pervasive to all transactions tested, purchase orders were not created or approved until after the date the service was provided. Known fraudulent activity occurred prior to fiscal year 2016, resulting in a special state review conducted on activity from 2013-2015 and a return of funds to the state.

Cause: Lack of oversight and monitoring of the CSA program requirements.

Effect: A weak internal control environment lacking required supporting documentation and lack of adequate review has the potential to result in improper and/or fraudulent expenses. As a result of both the special state review and litigation related to the fraudulent activity, the City was required to pay the Commonwealth of Virginia \$1,457,221 due to violations of Virginia law and CSA policy.

Recommendation: All purchases need to be reviewed for proper procurement procedures prior to committing funds. Increased levels of oversight, review, and monitoring should occur to ensure compliance with Virginia law and CSA policy.

Repeat Finding: 2016-010

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

B. Compliance Findings

2017-009: Untimely Social Services LASER Reconciliations to the General Ledger

See finding 2017-006.

2017-010: Commonwealth of Virginia Yearly Financial Reporting

Criteria: According to Section 15.2-2510 of the *Code of Virginia*, local governments must submit their audited financial report to the Commonwealth of Virginia's APA by November 30 of each year.

Condition/Context: The City did not submit its audited financial report to the APA by the required date.

Cause: The City lacked the appropriate internal controls necessary to close the year end books, reconcile account balances, analyze the period transactions, and assimilate and accumulate such data into a timely, GAAP compliant financial report.

Effect: Noncompliance with the Commonwealth's requirements may result in sanctions.

Recommendation: The City should implement corrective action aimed at enhancing internal controls to ensure that financial reporting is made in accordance with Section 15.2-2510 of the *Code of Virginia*.

Repeat Finding: This is a repeat of finding 2015-004 and 2016-016.

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2017-011: Children's Services Act Allowability and Eligibility Procedures

See finding 2017-008.

2017-012: Noncompliance with Debt Covenants

Criteria: The Series 2015 General Obligation Public Improvement Bond, Series 2015A General Obligation Public Improvement Bond, Series 2010 Sewer System Revenue Bond, Series 2011A Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bond and the Series 2011B Sewer System Revenue Bond require the City to submit audited financial reports to the purchaser within 270 days of the fiscal year end and, if not available, the City is required to provide unaudited financial statements at that time. The Series 2011 General Obligation School Bond and the Series 2010 General Obligation School Bond require the City to submit annual reports to the purchaser no later than twelve months after the fiscal year end. The Series 2011 General Obligation School Bond requires the City to submit audited financial statements to the purchaser on or before March 31 following the end of the City's fiscal year. The Series 2014 Taxable Sewer System Revenue Bond, Series 2011 General Obligation Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds and Series 2010 Sewer System Revenue Bonds require debt service reserves.

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

B. Compliance Findings (Continued)

2017-012: Noncompliance with Debt Covenants (Continued)

Condition/Context: The City did not provide audited or unaudited financial reports by the deadlines required by the debt covenants. Also, the City did not monitor debt service reserve accounts to ensure compliance with the requirements.

Cause: Lack of debt management procedures, oversight and monitoring of debt covenants.

Effect: Noncompliance with debt covenants could result in the debt being called.

Recommendation: We recommend increased levels of oversight and monitoring of all debt covenant requirements.

Repeat Finding: 2016-019

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

2017-013: Bank Not Identified as a Public Depository and Bank Accounts Not Identified as a Public Deposit

Criteria: The *Code of Virginia* contains various requirements designed to safeguard state and local funds. Deposits must be secured in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act. The Act requires governments to use bank and financial institutions that meet specific collateralization requirements. Treasurers must ensure the qualified depository identifies the account(s) as public deposits.

Condition/Context: Upon auditing cash, it was determined that one of the banks used by the City was not identified as a qualified public depository. Furthermore, three bank accounts containing public monies were not identified individually by the financial institution as public deposits.

Cause: Lack of knowledge about the compliance requirements noted above.

Effect: The City is not in compliance with the *Code of Virginia*.

Recommendation: We recommend the Treasurer of the City review all of their accounts and ensure that accounts containing public deposits are properly marked as such. Additionally, the Treasurer of the City should determine with financial institutions that all of the City's public deposits are secured and ensure the financial institutions are included on the Department of the Treasury's listing of qualified depositories.

Repeat Finding: 2016-020

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

B. Compliance Findings (Continued)

2017-014: Lack of Compliance with Sections 15.2-2506 and 58.1-3001 of the *Code of Virginia* in the City's Virginia Public Assistance Fund and Community Development Block Grant Fund

Criteria: No money may be paid out for any expenditure unless and until the governing body has made an appropriation for the expenditure (Sections 15.2-2506 and 58.1-3001 of the *Code of Virginia*).

Condition/Context: Upon auditing the City's Virginia Public Assistance Fund's and Community Development Block Grant Fund's year-end expenditures compared to their final approved budget, expenditures exceeded the final appropriated budget by a material amount.

Cause: There was a lack of budget monitoring throughout the year to ensure that sufficient appropriations were made for the City's Virginia Public Assistance Fund and Community Development Block Grant Fund expenditures.

Effect: The City has not complied with Sections 15.2-2506 and 58.1-3001 of the *Code of Virginia* and has made disbursements in the Virginia Public Assistance Fund and Community Development Block Grant Fund in excess of appropriations.

Recommendation: We recommend the City monitor the budget for all funds more closely throughout the year to ensure compliance with the *Code of Virginia*.

Repeat Finding: 2016-021

Views of Responsible Officials: Management of the City agrees with the Auditor's findings and recommendations.

- Attached PDF "APA correspondence Hopewell CAFR and comparative report"- this will give you the
 chronology of the email and letter correspondence that APA has had with the City and any
 responses we have received from the City regarding the delinquency of the FY2015 and FY2016
 CAFR and required transmittal data form for our Comparative Report.
- Attached PDF "APA correspondence with Delegate Ingram RE Hopewell"- this is the correspondence
 that Martha has had with Delegate Ingram back when he first inquired about the status of our
 receiving the City's required submissions. Delegate Ingram inquired at a Fiscal stress House
 Appropriation Committee meeting where APA gave a presentation in January 2017, and we followed
 up accordingly to keep him updated per his request.
- Attached file "Reporting Requirements and Distribution"- this document will give you an overview of
 the various reporting requirements required by legislation, deadlines, etc., that localities are
 required to follow when submitting their audited financial report, comparative report transmittal
 data, and any other annual required reporting. This has been updated for FY2017. We update this
 document each year and provide it under our <u>Local Government section</u> of our website. We also
 annually notify the localities (typically late Sept., early Oct. time frame) in email to remind them of
 these reporting requirements and reference to this file.
- Attached file "Fiscal Stress process"- this is a document that we put together to summarize the
 APA's oversight and monitoring process for the Localities, which includes the new requirement for
 the APA to begin an annual fiscal stress monitoring process based on legislation passed in the 2017
 budget session (at Chapter 836, Part 4-8.03).
- Attached file "Fiscal Stress Monitoring Follow-Up Questionnaire" this is the questionnaire that we discussed that the APA will begin using as part of our fiscal stress monitoring process in accordance with legislation in Chapter 836. While we do not yet have the City's financial statements in order to calculate metrics and ratios for how they fall out in our quantitative data criteria, we suspect that after reviewing answers to a lot of these questions (based on information you have shared) we may begin to see from a qualitative perspective that the City is experiencing some fiscal stress.
- Impact/Consequences from Hopewell's delayed FY2015 and FY2016 reporting: One of the major consequences that we discussed was the fact that several outside state agencies and legislators/staff rely on the APA's Comparative Report in order to help them prepare analysis for funding and other local government reporting. Accordingly, the APA has not been able to update an amended report for the 2015 Comparative Report due to Hopewell's delinquency in order to provide complete data to these other users of our report/data. One of the groups/users we discussed was Commission on Local Government. They prepare an annual fiscal stress report based on our comparative report data. The CLG's annual computation of fiscal stress is important to the localities because it is utilized by various agencies of the Commonwealth in the distribution of funds to counties and cities. Such agencies include the Compensation Board, Department of Housing and Community Development, and the Department of Environmental Quality. Given Hopewell's 2015 delinquency, CLG has been unable to complete their most recent report, and now it's moving into 2 years being delayed in completing their reports since Hopewell's 2016 reporting is also delayed. I have attached correspondence that CLG sent to our office concerning a letter they sent to the City's Mayor in March 2017 to convey their concerns and impact of the City being delayed with their 2015 reporting. See attached PDF "Commission on Local Govt correspondence."

- Information from the Attorney General's office:
 - We spoke with our liaison at the Attorney General's office regarding some of the concerns you expressed, and what you included in that PDF file regarding budget/legal questions (Martha was able to forward me the document from when you sent to her on 7/27/17, so I have a copy). He commented that the AG's office has to be very cautious to firmly adhere to Code Section 2.2-505, which speaks to the Attorney General and his office only giving advice and rendering an advisory opinion to the specific locality officials included within this Code section. Unfortunately, he says that individual Council members of a local governing body do not fall within this scope. Accordingly, he was unable to offer any guidance or send any further contact information from the AG's office to pass along to you.
- Information for a City Internal Auditor:

We suggest that Council review the Code of Virginia, Section 15.2- Chapter 11, Powers of Cities and Towns. At Section 15.2-1107, the Code speaks to the City/Council being able to establish or change a department, and prescribe the powers and duties of that department, within the framework of the City's charter and law. We are not aware of any Code section that specifically addresses a locality creating an Internal Audit department or position; it would seem that the creation of an Internal Auditor would exist within the locality's own charter.

You may want to look to the City of Richmond's Internal Audit department (as a "sister" city to Hopewell) and see if they can provide you any additional information. I reviewed their website, http://www.richmondgov.com/Auditor/index.aspx, which speaks to the Internal Audit office being established by the City of Richmond's Charter.

I also found published guidance from the Institute of Internal Auditors: *Implementing a New Internal Audit Function in the Public Sector*, which may also give you some useful information related to this. You can download the guide from this link-

https://na.theiia.org/standards-guidance/leading-practices/Pages/Implementing-a-New-Internal-Audit-Function-in-the-Public-Sector.aspx

Information about auditing standard for communication between governing body and Auditor: As part of generally accepted auditing standards that the CPA firm/independent auditor has to follow when performing the financial statement audit of a Virginia locality, the auditor is required to make certain communications with "those charged with governance" (i.e.: the governing body) of the audited entity, in accordance with the AICPA auditing standard "AU-C 260, The Auditor's Communication with Those Charged with Governance.". I believe you mentioned that Hopewell's Council may not have a specific Audit Committee, but perhaps does have a Finance committee. The Chair or members of a Finance Committee are likely the ones that the auditor would have tried to contact for these required communications. I have included a couple of excerpt from this standard to give you an idea of the requirements and types of communication the Auditor should be having discussions with members of City Council at least at the beginning and end of the audit process. I have also attached the entire auditing standard for your reference- see attached PDF: "AU-C 260 complete standard."

Excerpts from AU-C 260:

.08 If the auditor communicates with a subgroup of those charged with governance, such as the audit committee or an individual, the auditor should determine whether the auditor also needs to communicate with the governing body. (Ref: par. .A10—.A12)

.A10 When considering communicating with a subgroup of those charged with governance, the auditor may take into account matters such as

- the respective responsibilities of the subgroup and the governing body.
- the nature of the matter to be communicated.
- relevant legal or regulatory requirements.
- whether the subgroup (a) has the authority to take action regarding the information communicated and (b) can provide further information and explanations the auditor may need.
- whether the auditor is aware of potential conflicts of interest between the subgroup and other members of the governing body.
- .A11 When deciding whether there is also a need to communicate information, in full or in summary form, with the governing body, the auditor may be influenced by the auditor's assessment of how effectively and appropriately the subgroup communicates relevant information with the governing body. The auditor may make explicit in the terms of the engagement that the auditor retains the right to communicate directly with the governing body.
- .A12 Audit committees (or similar subgroups with different names) exist in many entities. Although the specific authority and functions of audit committees may differ, communication with the audit committee, when one exists, is a key element in the auditor's communication with those charged with governance. Good governance principles suggest that
- the auditor has access to the audit committee as necessary.
- the chair of the audit committee and, when relevant, the other members of the audit committee meet with the auditor periodically.
- the audit committee meets with the auditor without management present at least annually, unless prohibited by law or regulation.
- **.11** The auditor should communicate with those charged with governance an overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit. (Ref: par. .A18—.A22)
- .12 The auditor should communicate with those charged with governance (Ref: par. .A23):
- a. the auditor's views about qualitative aspects of the entity's significant accounting practices, including accounting policies, accounting estimates, and financial statement disclosures. When applicable, the auditor should (Ref: par. .A24—.A25)
 - i. explain to those charged with governance why the auditor considers a significant accounting practice that is acceptable under the applicable financial reporting framework not to be most appropriate to the particular circumstances of the entity and
 - ii. determine that those charged with governance are informed about the process used by management in formulating particularly sensitive accounting estimates, including fair value estimates, and about the basis for the auditor's conclusions regarding the reasonableness of those estimates.
- b. significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit. (Ref. par. .A26)
- c. disagreements with management, if any. (Ref: par. .A28)
- d. other findings or issues, if any, arising from the audit that are, in the auditor's professional judgment, significant and relevant to those charged with governance regarding their responsibility to oversee the financial reporting process. (Ref: par. .A27)
 - .A26 Significant difficulties encountered during the audit may include matters such as
 - significant delays in management providing required information.

- an unnecessarily brief time within which to complete the audit.
- extensive unexpected effort required to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence.
- the unavailability of expected information.
- restrictions imposed on the auditor by management.
- management's unwillingness to provide information about management's plans for dealing with the adverse effects of the conditions or events that lead the auditor to believe there is substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

In some circumstances, such difficulties may constitute a scope limitation that leads to a modification of the auditor's opinion.

- .14 Unless all of those charged with governance are involved in managing the entity, the auditor also should communicate
- a. material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of audit procedures. (Ref: par. .A31)
- b. significant findings or issues, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed, or the subject of correspondence, with management. (Ref: par. .A32)
- c. the auditor's views about significant matters that were the subject of management's consultations with other accountants on accounting or auditing matters when the auditor is aware that such consultation has occurred.
- d. written representations the auditor is requesting. (Ref: par. .A33)

Rachel Reamy

From: Rachel Reamy

Sent: Friday, July 28, 2017 3:30 PM

To: Rachel Reamy

Subject: FW: Localities late in submitting CAFRs

From: Barker, Lindsay (DHCD) [mailto:Lindsay.Barker@dhcd.virginia.gov]

Sent: Friday, March 24, 2017 3:26 PM

To: Shelton, Bill (DHCD) < Bill.Shelton@dhcd.virginia.gov>; Mavredes, Martha S. < martha.mavredes@cov.virginia.gov>; deSocio, Robyn (SCB) < Robyn.deSocio@scb.virginia.gov>; Paylor, David (DEQ) < David.Paylor@deq.virginia.gov>

Subject: Localities late in submitting CAFRs

Good afternoon,

Please see the attached letter from the Chair of the Commission on Local Government in regards to the delinquency of a locality in submitting their audited financial report in relation to the Commission's Fiscal Stress Report. If you have any questions please feel free to contact our office.

Thank you,

Lindsay Barker

Program Support Specialist Policy and Legislative Office 600 E. Main Street, Suite 300 Richmond, Virginia 23219

(P) 804-371-7024



Terence R. McAuliffe Governor

Todd P. Haymore Secretary of Commerce and Trade

COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

William C. Shelton Director

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

March 24, 2017

The Honorable Jackie M. Shornak Mayor City of Hopewell 300 North Main Street Hopewell, VA 23860

Dear Mayor. Shornak:

As you know, Va. Code § 15.2-2510 requires that the treasurer or other chief financial officer of each locality submit a detailed statement (i.e., a Comparative Report transmittal file) showing the amount of revenues, expenditures, and fund balances of the locality for the preceding fiscal year, accompanied by the locality's audited financial report (i.e., CAFR), with the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) on or before November 30 of each year. According to the APA, your locality has failed to meet its statutory responsibility for the submission of the FY 2015 transmittal file, which was due at the end of November, 2015.

Your delinquency in this regard is a matter of serious concern to the Commission on Local Government (CLG) because the information contained in the Comparative Report transmittal file to the APA is critical to the work of the CLG. Without it, we are unable to compute the annual fiscal stress report on Virginia's counties and cities. The annual computation of fiscal stress is important to your locality because it is utilized by various agencies of the Commonwealth in the distribution of funds to counties and cities. Such agencies include the Compensation Board, Department of Housing and Community Development, and the Department of Environmental Quality. As you may know, fiscal stress measures the economic strain of a locality's financial resources and is gauged through a summary statistic combining relative stress scores that are based on the revenue capacity per capita, revenue effort, and median household income of Virginia's 133 counties and cities.

The Commission on Local Government respectfully requests that, if you have not already done so, you submit the information for your locality to the APA no later than **March 31, 2017,** or – at the very least – apprise our staff of the status of your efforts to comply with this reporting requirement.

Thank you for your prompt attention to this matter. For your information, we have enclosed a copy of the most recent fiscal stress index scores. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Ali Akbor, Senior Public Finance Analyst, at (804) 786-6508 or ali.akbor@dhcd.virginia.gov or David Conmy, Local Government Policy Administrator, at (804)371-8010 or david.conmy@dhcd.virginia.gov.





Ms. Shornak March 24, 2017 Page 2

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Sincerely,

Diane Linderman, Chair

Enclosure

cc: Mr. Mark A. Haley, City Manager, City of Hopewell

Mr. Lance Wolff, Interim Director of Finance, City of Hopewell

Ms. Martha Mavredes, Auditor of Public Accounts

Ms. Robyn M. de Socio, Executive Secretary of Virginia Compensation Board

Mr. Bill Shelton, Director of DHCD

Mr. David K. Paylor, Director of DEQ

2014 Fiscal Stress Scores by Localities

(Alphabetic Order)				
Locality	Stress	Rank	Class	
Accomack County	100.35	66	Above Average	
Albemarle County	95.92	119	Low	
Alleghany County	102.19	36	Above Average	
Amelia County	99.14	85	Below Average	
Amherst County	100.50	63	Above Average	
Appomattox County	100.22	68	Above Average	
Arlington County	90.29	132	Low	
Augusta County	97.99	96	Below Average	
Bath County	91.31	130	Low	
Bedford County	97.42	103	Below Average	
Bland County	100.79	57	Above Average	
Botetourt County	97.60	102	Below Average	
Brunswick County	101.22	49	Above Average	
Buchanan County	104.01	21	High	
Buckingham County	100.40	64	Above Average	
Campbell County	100.77	59	Above Average	
Caroline County	99.81	74	Below Average	
Carroll County	102.48	31	Above Average	
Charles City County	99.19	84	Below Average	
Charlotte County	101.47	46	Above Average	
Chesterfield County	97.86	101	Below Average	
Clarke County	95.15	122	Low	
Craig County	99.41	79	Below Average	
Culpeper County	98.36	92	Below Average	
Cumberland County	101.93	40	Above Average	
Dickenson County	103.15	27	Above Average	
Dinwiddie County	100.23	67	Above Average	
Essex County	99.29	82	Below Average	
Fairfax County	91.92	129	Low	
Fauquier County	93.30	126	Low	
Floyd County	99.25	83	Below Average	
Fluvanna County	97.92	98	Below Average	
Franklin County	98.95	86	Below Average	
Frederick County	97.91	99	Below Average	
Giles County	101.13	50	Above Average	
Gloucester County	98.39	90	Below Average	
Goochland County	90.98	131	Low	
Grayson County	101.54	43	Above Average	
Greene County	98.83	87	Below Average	
Greensville County	104.09	20	High	
Halifax County	100.59	61	Above Average	
Hanover County	95.38	121	Low	
Henrico County	98.33	93	Below Average	
Henry County	101.99	39	Above Average	
Highland County	96.03	117	Low	
Isle of Wight County	97.91	100	Below Average	
James City County	96.08	116	Low	
King and Queen County	99.72	76	Below Average	
King George County	96.68	108	Below Average	
King William County	98.38	91	Below Average	

Fiscal Stress Scores by Localities

	c Order)

		(Alphabetic Order)				
Locality	Stress	Rank	Class			
Lancaster County	95.96	118	Low			
Lee County	102.48	31	Above Average			
Loudoun County	92.40	128	Low			
Louisa County	96.24	115	Low			
Lunenburg County	101.25	47	Above Average			
Madison County	97.94	97	Below Average			
Mathews County	96.35	113	Below Average			
Mecklenburg County	100.91	54	Above Average			
Middlesex County	96.70	107	Below Average			
Montgomery County	101.54	43	Above Average			
Nelson County	97.25	104	Below Average			
New Kent County	96.75	106	Below Average			
Northampton County	99.94	72	Below Average			
Northumberland County	94.73	123	Low			
Nottoway County	101.48	45	Above Average			
Orange County	98.29	94	Below Average			
Page County	100.55	62	Above Average			
Patrick County	101.02	51	Above Average			
Pittsylvania County	100.37	65	Above Average			
Powhatan County	96.53	110	Below Average			
Prince Edward County	101.81	42	Above Average			
Prince George County	99.71	77	Below Average			
Prince William County	96.39	111	Below Average			
Pulaski County	101.89	41	Above Average			
Rappahannock County	93.91	125	Low			
Richmond County	99.38	80	Below Average			
Roanoke County	99.74	75	Below Average			
Rockbridge County	99.87	73	Below Average			
Rockingham County	98.72	88	Below Average			
Russell County	102.05	38	Above Average			
Scott County	102.80	30	Above Average			
Shenandoah County	99.35	81	Below Average			
Smyth County	103.37	24	Above Average			
Southampton County	100.82	56	Above Average			
Spotsylvania County	97.12	105	Below Average			
Stafford County	96.37	112	Below Average			
Surry County	95.44	120	Low			
Sussex County	103.32	25	Above Average			
Tazewell County	102.09	37	Above Average			
Warren County	98.00	95	Below Average			
Washington County	100.02	70	Above Average			
Westmoreland County	98.49	89	Below Average			
Wise County	101.25	47	Above Average			
Wythe County	101.02	51	Above Average			
York County	96.65	109	Below Average			
Alexandria City	94.25	124	Low			
Bristol City	105.50	11	High			
Buena Vista City	106.94	2	High			
Charlottesville City	102.41	33	Above Average			
Chesapeake City	100.09	69	Above Average			

2014 Fiscal Stress Scores by Localities

	(Alphabetic Order)		
Locality	Stress	Rank	Class
Colonial Heights City	102.28	35	Above Average
Covington City	106.43	5	High
Danville City	104.55	17	High
Emporia City	108.71	1	High
Fairfax City	93.24	127	Low
Falls Church City	89.14	133	Low
Franklin City	105.82	8	High
Fredericksburg City	100.59	60	Above Average
Galax City	106.17	6	High
Hampton City	105.00	14	High
Harrisonburg City	104.37	18	High
Hopewell City	105.79	9	High
Lexington City	104.00	22	High
Lynchburg City	106.05	7	High
Manassas City	100.01	71	Above Average
Manassas Park City	100.95	53	Above Average
Martinsville City	106.44	4	High
Newport News City	104.68	16	High
Norfolk City	105.36	13	High
Norton City	104.93	15	High
Petersburg City	106.80	3	High
Poquoson City	96.35	113	Below Average
Portsmouth City	105.40	12	High
Radford City	105.77	10	High
Richmond City	103.26	26	Above Average
Roanoke City	104.23	19	High
Salem City	102.81	29	Above Average
Staunton City	103.42	23	Above Average
Suffolk City	100.78	58	Above Average
Virginia Beach City	99.46	78	Below Average
Waynesboro City	102.82	28	Above Average
Williamsburg City	100.90	55	Above Average
Winchester City	102.31	34	Above Average

Rank Scores: 1 = Highest Stress, 133 = Lowest Stress

Revenue Capacity per Capita

(Alphabetic	Order)	
Locality	Revenue Capacity	Rank
Accomack County	\$1,806.34	76
Albemarle County	\$2,687.94	118
Alleghany County	\$1,415.03	40
Amelia County	\$1,630.32	61
Amherst County	\$1,471.60	45
Appomattox County	\$1,504.61	49
Arlington County	\$4,409.01	131
Augusta County	\$1,764.42	72
Bath County	\$5,335.80	133
Bedford County	\$1,929.01	89
Bland County	\$1,501.43	48
Botetourt County	\$1,915.83	85
Brunswick County	\$1,412.42	39
Buchanan County	\$1,615.32	60
Buckingham County	\$1,560.08	56
Campbell County	\$1,379.13	32
Caroline County	\$1,638.44	62
Carroll County	\$1,373.52	31
Charles City County	\$2,012.67	100
Charlotte County	\$1,410.07	38
Chesterfield County	\$1,859.28	81
Clarke County	\$2,591.48	115
Craig County	\$1,523.40	53
Culpeper County	\$1,856.54	80
Cumberland County	\$1,453.50	43
Dickenson County	\$1,490.08	47
Dinwiddie County	\$1,520.00	52
Essex County	\$2,018.31	102
Fairfax County	\$3,298.90	125
Fauquier County	\$2,997.88	121
Floyd County	\$1,694.89	65
Fluvanna County	\$1,839.50	78
Franklin County	\$1,848.60	79
Frederick County	\$1,967.48	93
Giles County	\$1,365.44	30
Gloucester County	\$1,904.79	84
Goochland County	\$3,577.28	128
Grayson County	\$1,488.80	46
Greene County	\$1,675.99	64
Greensville County	\$1,079.55	7
Halifax County	\$1,564.54	59
Hanover County	\$2,272.28	110
Henrico County	\$2,014.42	101
· -	\$2,014.42	101
Henry County	· ·	
Highland County	\$3,292.49	124
Isle of Wight County	\$2,011.77	99
James City County	\$2,533.52	113
King and Queen County	\$1,935.09	90

Revenue Capacity per Capita

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(Alphabe		
Locality	Revenue Capacity	Rank
King George County	\$1,994.52	97
King William County	\$1,749.98	69
Lancaster County	\$3,007.93	122
Lee County	\$852.01	1
Loudoun County	\$2,920.07	120
Louisa County	\$2,628.14	116
Lunenburg County	\$1,198.12	13
Madison County	\$2,170.04	109
Mathews County	\$2,553.56	114
Mecklenburg County	\$1,724.60	67
Middlesex County	\$2,681.61	117
Montgomery County	\$1,332.12	26
Nelson County	\$2,731.07	119
New Kent County	\$2,078.47	105
Northampton County	\$2,288.09	111
Northumberland County	\$3,283.25	123
Nottoway County	\$1,152.38	10
Orange County	\$1,899.30	83
Page County	\$1,505.76	50
Patrick County	\$1,400.69	36
Pittsylvania County	\$1,282.37	21
Powhatan County	\$2,023.09	103
Prince Edward County	\$1,151.66	9
Prince George County	\$1,398.69	35
Prince William County	\$2,087.42	106
Pulaski County	\$1,408.27	37
Rappahannock County	\$3,334.99	126
Richmond County	\$1,888.36	82
Roanoke County	\$1,721.46	66
Rockbridge County	\$1,950.53	92
Rockingham County	\$1,784.38	74
Russell County	\$1,255.89	16
Scott County	\$1,116.27	6
Shenandoah County	\$1,800.10	75
Smyth County	\$1,105.59	5
Southampton County	\$1,516.79	51
Spotsylvania County	\$2,007.75	98
Stafford County	\$1,942.09	91
Surry County	\$3,877.32	130
Sussex County	\$1,297.48	22
Tazewell County	\$1,324.11	25
Warren County	\$1,918.67	86
Washington County	\$1,649.63	63
Westmoreland County	\$1,971.26	94
Wise County	\$1,391.94	34
Wythe County	\$1,562.92	58
York County	\$2,115.91	108
Alexandria City	\$3,452.91	127
Bristol City	\$1,451.91	42
1		
Buena Vista City	\$904.65	3

2014 Revenue Capacity per Capita

(Alphabetic	Order)	
Locality	Revenue Capacity	Rank
Charlottesville City	\$1,979.05	95
Chesapeake City	\$1,770.62	73
Colonial Heights City	\$1,925.29	88
Covington City	\$1,275.59	19
Danville City	\$1,231.47	15
Emporia City	\$1,225.24	14
Fairfax City	\$3,789.46	129
Falls Church City	\$4,444.50	132
Franklin City	\$1,336.83	27
Fredericksburg City	\$2,299.87	112
Galax City	\$1,337.08	28
Hampton City	\$1,351.14	29
Harrisonburg City	\$1,256.64	17
Hopewell City	\$1,184.95	12
Lexington City	\$1,307.66	24
Lynchburg City	\$1,307.15	23
Manassas City	\$1,838.13	77
Manassas Park City	\$1,546.91	55
Martinsville City	\$1,147.59	8
Newport News City	\$1,389.76	33
Norfolk City	\$1,279.43	20
Norton City	\$1,535.76	54
Petersburg City	\$1,071.77	4
Poquoson City	\$2,107.14	107
Portsmouth City	\$1,267.22	18
Radford City	\$877.04	2
Richmond City	\$1,759.14	71
Roanoke City	\$1,455.31	44
Salem City	\$1,757.65	70
Staunton City	\$1,420.10	41
Suffolk City	\$1,728.86	68
Virginia Beach City	\$1,922.04	87
Waynesboro City	\$1,561.31	57
Williamsburg City	\$2,031.07	104
Winchester City	\$1,988.75	96

Rank Scores: 1 = Highest Stress, 133 = Lowest Stress

Revenue Effort

(Alphabetic Order)

Locality	(Alphabetic Order)	Revenue Effort	Rank
Accomack County		0.7461	90
Albemarle County		0.7583	87
Alleghany County		1.0467	43
Amelia County		0.6660	112
Amherst County		0.7274	99
Appomattox County		0.6942	106
Arlington County		1.0866	40
		0.6071	124
Augusta County Bath County		0.6163	123
•		0.5163	131
Bland County		0.5292	82
Bland County			107
Botetourt County		0.6933	
Brunswick County		0.7263	100
Buchanan County		1.2506	27
Buckingham County		0.6579	114
Campbell County		0.7830	80
Carroll County		0.8678	60
Charles City County		0.9669	50 76
Charles City County		0.8024	76
Charlotte County		0.7560	88
Chesterfield County		0.8740	57
Clarke County		0.6255	122
Craig County		0.5855	126
Culpeper County		0.7914	79 53
Cumberland County		0.9450	52
Dickenson County		1.0350	44
Dinwiddie County		0.8348	68
Essex County		0.8007	77
Fairfax County		0.9846	49
Fauquier County		0.7603	85
Floyd County		0.5746	128
Fluvanna County		0.7323	95
Franklin County		0.6490	115
Frederick County		0.8051	74
Giles County		0.8336	69
Gloucester County		0.7586	86
Goochland County		0.5246	132
Grayson County		0.7285	98
Greene County		0.7930	78
Greensville County		1.1310	36
Halifax County		0.7002	105
Hanover County		0.7289	97
Henrico County		0.8522	63
Henry County		0.7337	94
Highland County		0.5591	129
Isle of Wight County		0.8032	75
James City County		0.8702	58
King and Queen County	У	0.8136	73
King George County		0.7616	84
King William County		0.7816	81

Revenue Effort

(Alphabetic Order)

(Alphabetic Order)	Revenue Effort	Rank
Lancaster County	0.5475	130
Lee County	0.6304	119
Loudoun County	1.1179	37
Louisa County	0.6778	109
Lunenburg County	0.6463	116
Madison County	0.6791	108
Mathews County	0.6371	118
Mecklenburg County	0.8180	71
Middlesex County	0.6015	125
Montgomery County	0.8561	62
Nelson County	0.7117	103
New Kent County	0.7470	89
Northampton County	0.8446	65
Northumberland County	0.5237	133
Nottoway County	0.6774	110
Orange County	0.7437	91
Page County	0.7640	83
Patrick County	0.6437	117
Pittsylvania County	0.6267	121
Powhatan County	0.7346	93
Prince Edward County	0.7312	96
Prince George County	0.7312	66
Prince William County	1.0078	46
Pulaski County	0.9988	47
Rappahannock County	0.5798	127
Richmond County	0.6605	113
Roanoke County	0.9859	48
Rockbridge County	0.8843	54
Rockingham County	0.7185	102
Russell County	0.8182	70
Scott County	0.8833	55
Shenandoah County	0.6721	111
Smyth County	1.0108	45
Southampton County	0.8476	64
Spotsylvania County	0.8429	67
Stafford County	0.9563	51
Surry County	0.8632	61
Sussex County	1.0817	42
Tazewell County	0.8688	59
Warren County	0.7215	101
Washington County	0.7003	104
Westmoreland County	0.6285	120
Wise County	0.7436	92
Wythe County	0.8158	72
York County	0.8903	53
Alexandria City	1.0864	41
Bristol City	1.4966	13
Buena Vista City	1.6085	4
Charlottesville City	1.3312	20
Chesapeake City	1.1523	35
Chesapeake City	1.1323	

2014 Revenue Effort

(Alphabetic Order)		
Locality	Revenue Effort	Rank
Colonial Heights City	1.3924	16
Covington City	1.6382	2
Danville City	1.2169	29
Emporia City	1.9904	1
Fairfax City	1.1655	33
Falls Church City	1.1929	32
Franklin City	1.5831	6
Fredericksburg City	1.2125	31
Galax City	1.5589	8
Hampton City	1.5843	5
Harrisonburg City	1.2747	24
Hopewell City	1.5391	11
Lexington City	1.2655	25
Lynchburg City	1.6381	3
Manassas City	1.2623	26
Manassas Park City	1.3265	21
Martinsville City	1.4777	14
Newport News City	1.5547	9
Norfolk City	1.5391	11
Norton City	1.3838	17
Petersburg City	1.5598	7
Poquoson City	0.8811	56
Portsmouth City	1.5484	10
Radford City	1.3093	22
Richmond City	1.3360	19
Roanoke City	1.3697	18
Salem City	1.4513	15
Staunton City	1.2308	28
Suffolk City	1.1655	33
Virginia Beach City	1.1136	38
Waynesboro City	1.2158	30
Williamsburg City	1.0877	39
Winchester City	1.2953	23

Rank Scores: 1 = Highest Stress, 133 = Lowest Stress

2014 Median Household Income

La salita	(Alphabetic Order)	David
Locality	Median Household Income	Rank
Accomack County	\$38,390	29
Albemarle County	\$67,083	110
Alleghany County	\$45,454	61
Amelia County	\$51,738	83
Amherst County	\$43,998	54
Appomattox County	\$44,397	56
Arlington County	\$107,143	130
Augusta County	\$57,808	91
Bath County	\$43,852	53
Bedford County	\$55,507	88
Bland County	\$42,624	48
Botetourt County	\$63,646	104
Brunswick County	\$37,344	20
Buchanan County	\$32,083	5
Buckingham County	\$38,731	36
Campbell County	\$46,663	69
Caroline County	\$56,099	90
Carroll County	\$38,474	30
Charles City County	\$49,768	80
Charlotte County	\$36,339	16
Chesterfield County	\$72,972	115
Clarke County	\$70,281	112
Craig County	\$46,551	68
Culpeper County	\$62,394	101
Cumberland County	\$41,409	43
Dickenson County	\$32,103	6
Dinwiddie County	\$52,288	84
Essex County	\$48,277	75
Fairfax County	\$110,507	131
Fauguier County	\$89,106	126
Floyd County	\$43,355	51
Fluvanna County	\$64,258	105
Franklin County	\$47,419	71
Frederick County	\$65,485	108
Giles County	\$45,979	64
Gloucester County	\$58,900	93
Goochland County	\$86,610	125
Grayson County	\$31,893	4
Greene County	\$61,762	98
•	\$36,459	17
Greensville County		
Halifax County	\$39,079	37 122
Hanover County	\$81,940	122
Henrico County	\$62,446	102
Henry County	\$34,842	13
Highland County	\$38,636	35
Isle of Wight County	\$64,350	107
James City County	\$75,926	119
King and Queen County	\$46,331	66
King George County	\$76,206	120
King William County	\$64,305	106

2014 Median Household Income

(Alphabetic Order)					
Locality	Median Household Income	Rank			
Lancaster County	\$45,827	62			
Lee County	\$31,429	2			
Loudoun County	\$122,641	132			
Louisa County	\$60,121	95			
Lunenburg County	\$37,548	23			
Madison County	\$52,513	86			
Mathews County	\$58,268	92			
Mecklenburg County	\$38,500	31			
Middlesex County	\$48,921	79			
Montgomery County	\$43,484	52			
Nelson County	\$48,076	73			
New Kent County	\$72,406	113			
Northampton County	\$36,822	19			
Northumberland County	\$51,422	82			
Nottoway County	\$37,996	26			
Orange County	\$59,282	94			
Page County	\$44,851	59			
Patrick County	\$34,885	14			
Pittsylvania County	\$44,207	55			
Powhatan County	\$75,539	117			
Prince Edward County	\$37,543	22			
Prince George County	\$61,792	99			
Prince William County	\$91,886	127			
Pulaski County	\$46,186	65			
Rappahannock County	\$62,800	103			
Richmond County	\$42,204	45			
Roanoke County	\$61,935	100			
Rockbridge County	\$48,497	77			
Rockingham County	\$55,798	89			
Russell County	\$37,378	21			
Scott County	\$36,290	15			
Shenandoah County	\$45,430	60			
Smyth County	\$37,831	25			
Southampton County	\$46,521	67			
Spotsylvania County	\$75,714	118			
Stafford County	\$92,647	128			
Surry County	\$48,707	78			
Sussex County	\$37,748	24			
Tazewell County	\$38,292	27			
Warren County	\$60,714	96			
Washington County	\$43,353	50			
Westmoreland County	\$48,232	74			
Wise County	\$38,528	32			
Wythe County	\$41,132	42			
York County	\$81,169	121			
Alexandria City	\$86,419	121			
Bristol City	\$34,099	11			
_					
Buena Vista City	\$38,331	28			
Charlottesville City	\$45,890	63			
Chesapeake City	\$66,625	109			

2014 Median Household Income

	(Alphabetic Order)	
Locality	Median Household Income	Rank
Colonial Heights City	\$52,355	85
Covington City	\$36,503	18
Danville City	\$33,646	10
Emporia City	\$33,160	8
Fairfax City	\$94,067	129
Falls Church City	\$125,635	133
Franklin City	\$38,583	34
Fredericksburg City	\$51,195	81
Galax City	\$33,182	9
Hampton City	\$47,615	72
Harrisonburg City	\$38,541	33
Hopewell City	\$40,122	39
Lexington City	\$40,829	41
Lynchburg City	\$40,065	38
Manassas City	\$72,510	114
Manassas Park City	\$73,065	116
Martinsville City	\$29,971	1
Newport News City	\$48,440	76
Norfolk City	\$42,567	47
Norton City	\$31,620	3
Petersburg City	\$32,749	7
Poquoson City	\$84,213	123
Portsmouth City	\$43,045	49
Radford City	\$34,267	12
Richmond City	\$42,074	44
Roanoke City	\$40,735	40
Salem City	\$54,195	87
Staunton City	\$42,552	46
Suffolk City	\$60,735	97
Virginia Beach City	\$67,676	111
Waynesboro City	\$44,843	58
Williamsburg City	\$46,954	70
Winchester City	\$44,537	57

Rank Scores: 1 = Highest Stress, 133 = Lowest Stress

Auditor of Public Accounts

Martha S. Mavredes, CPA Auditor of Public Accounts P.O. Box 1295 Richmond, Virginia 23218 (804) 225-3350

January 26, 2018

Jackie M. Shornak, Mayor Charles Dane, Interim City Manager City of Hopewell 300 North Main Street Hopewell, VA 23860

Dear Ms. Shornak and Mr. Dane:

Chapter 836 of the 2017 Virginia Acts of Assembly (Part 4-8.03) directs the Auditor of Public Accounts to establish a prioritized early warning system to identify possible local fiscal distress within localities across Virginia and monitor accordingly on an annual basis. This year our office developed criteria to make a preliminary determination of fiscal distress based on an analysis of calculating ten key financial ratios using audited financial statement data, as well as considering other qualitative factors. This analysis used the ratio results from the fiscal year 2016 audited financial statement data to determine an overall Financial Assessment Model (FAM) score for each locality. Using the FAM score results, we developed a threshold to use as an indicator for making our preliminary determination of where our office would focus additional follow up with a locality that appeared to show signs of potential fiscal distress. For all cities, counties, and the two towns having a separate school system, we set this threshold at a FAM score of less than or equal to 16 percent.

In our previous letter dated August 31, 2017, we notified the City of Hopewell concerning our inability to determine the city's FAM score for Fiscal Years 2015 or 2016 because our office had not received the final audited 2015 and 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Accordingly, we requested your locality allow our office to perform further review through completion of our assessment questionnaire.

Our office further communicated with the City on October 5, 2017, to provide additional clarification as to the timing and completion of the fiscal stress follow-up questionnaire for our 2016 fiscal distress monitoring process. Our office emphasized that the City's completion of its reporting requirements takes precedence over our assessment questionnaire, given the statutorily mandated deadline for localities to complete their annual reporting requirements by November 30 each year. Accordingly, we strongly encouraged the City to focus its efforts on completing and submitting to our office its outstanding 2015 transmittal data for our

Comparative Report, its outstanding 2016 audited CAFR and transmittal data, then focus its efforts on completing its 2017 CAFR and transmittal data, prior to completing the questionnaire. To date, our office has received the City's 2015 final audited financial report and transmittal data; however, the City's completion and submission of its 2016 and 2017 audited financial reports and transmittal data still remains outstanding.

This letter is to provide closing notification for our fiscal year 2016 FAM analysis that our office will not seek further follow up at this time related to our review of a completed assessment questionnaire for the City. As soon as the City has completed and submitted its 2016 and 2017 annual financial reports and transmittal data to our office, we will then evaluate the City's data in our current year model, review any qualitative factors as part of our annual monitoring process, and communicate at a later date regarding the City's completion of our follow up assessment questionnaire.

Sincerely,

Martha S. Mavredes, CPA
Auditor of Public Accounts

May Yhn S. May rely

cc: Michael Terry, Director of Finance
Jasmine E. Gore, Vice Mayor
Christina Luman-Bailey, Councilor
Arlene Holloway, Councilor
Anthony Zevgolis, Councilor
Janice Denton, Councilor
Brenda S. Pelham, Councilor
Rosalyn R. Dance, Senator
Lashrecse D. Aird, Delegate
Riley E. Ingram, Delegate

SB-4



□ □ Mayor Jasmine Gore, Ward #4

CITY OF HOPEWELL CITY COUNCIL ACTION FORM

Attegic Operating Plan Vision Theme: Civic Engagement Culture & Recreation Conomic Development Coucation Lousing Lousi	Order of Business: Consent Agenda Public Hearing Presentation-Boards/Commissions Unfinished Business Citizen/Councilor Request Regular Business Reports of Council Committees	Action: Approve and File Take Appropriate Action Receive & File (no motion required) Approve Ordinance 1 st Reading Approve Ordinance 2 nd Reading Set a Public Hearing Approve on Emergency Measure
COUNCIL AGENDA ITEM T	TITLE:	
Audit Update – CPMT/CSA Off	ice	
<u> </u>	CPMT and CSA office regardin een implemented to correct negati	-
RECOMMENDATION:		
TIMING:		
BACKGROUND:		
ENCLOSED DOCUMENTS:		
CSA Special Audit		
STAFF:		
Wanda Brown, CSA Coordinato Ray Spicer, Director, Social Serv		
MOTION:	FOR IN MEETING USE ONLY	
Roll Call		
SUMMARY: Y N	Y N	
Councilor Debbie Randolph, Ward # Councilor Arlene Holloway, Ward #2 Councilor John B. Partin, Ward #3	1	: Janice Denton, Ward #5 : Brenda Pelham, Ward #6 for Patience Bennett, Ward #7

COMPREHENSIVE SERVICES ACT PROGRAM AUDIT

City of Hopewell

Audit Report No. 07-2013 September 25, 2013



Empowering communities to serve youth

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Office of Comprehensive Services has completed an audit of the City of Hopewell Comprehensive Services Act for At Risk Youth and Families program. Our audit concluded that there were material weaknesses in internal controls, particularly in reference to governance and accountability of the \$6.5 million of allocated (state and local) funding for fiscal years 2012 and 2013 combined. Conditions were identified that could adversely impact the effective and efficient use of resources, as well as non-compliance with statutory requirements. The following significant issues were identified:

- Operational activities were not consistently and sufficiently performed to ensure evidence of multidisciplinary collaboration in service planning, such as completing the Child Adolescent Strengths and Needs (CANS) assessment and Individual Family Service Plans (IFSP).
- Fiscal practices and procedures adopted by the CPMT needs strengthening to increase the operational effectiveness, specifically relating to lines of authority and responsibility, execution of transactions, and monitoring. Hopewell expended \$24,897 for client services where CSA requirements to access pool funds were not met.
- A formal long range plan had not been documented by the City of Hopewell Community Policy and Management Team (CPMT) to document the goals, objectives, and strategies, in order to establish a means to fully measure and evaluate the operational and fiscal effectiveness of the local CSA program.

The Office of Comprehensive Services appreciates the cooperation and assistance provided on behalf of the City of Hopewell CPMT and other CSA staff. Formal responses from the City of Hopewell to the reported audit observations are included in the body of the full report.

Stephanie S. Bacote, CIGA

Program Auditor

Annette E. Larkin, MBA

Program Auditor

INTRODUCTION

The Office Comprehensive Services has completed a financial/compliance audit of the City of Hopewell Comprehensive Services Act for At-Risk Youth and Families program. The audit was conducted in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. The standards require planning and performance of the audit pursuant to stated audit objectives in order to provide a reasonable basis for audit observations, recommendations, and conclusions. The audit was completed on September 24, 2013 and covered the period April 1, 2012 through March 31, 2013.

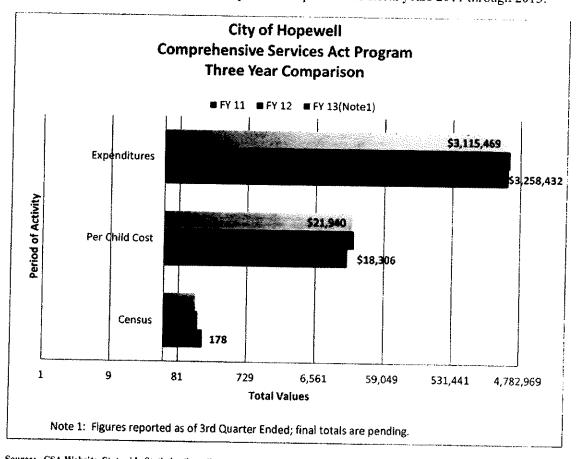
The objectives of the audit were to:

- To determine whether adequate internal controls have been established and implemented over CSA expenditures.
- To determine the adequacy of training and technical assistance by assessing local government CSA staff knowledge and proficiency in implementing local CSA programs.
- To assess whether operations have maintained high standards for sound fiscal accountability and ensured responsible use of taxpayer funds by evaluating fiscal activities of local CSA programs.
- To assess the level of coordination among local government CSA stakeholders and efforts to improve CSA performance by evaluating local CSA program's operational and utilization review practices.

The scope of our audit included all youth and their families who received CSA funded services during fiscal years 2012 and 2013. Audit procedures performed included reviews of relevant laws, policies, procedure, and regulations; interviews with various CSA stakeholders; flowcharts of operational and fiscal processes; various tests and examination of records; and other audit procedures deemed necessary to meet the audit objectives.

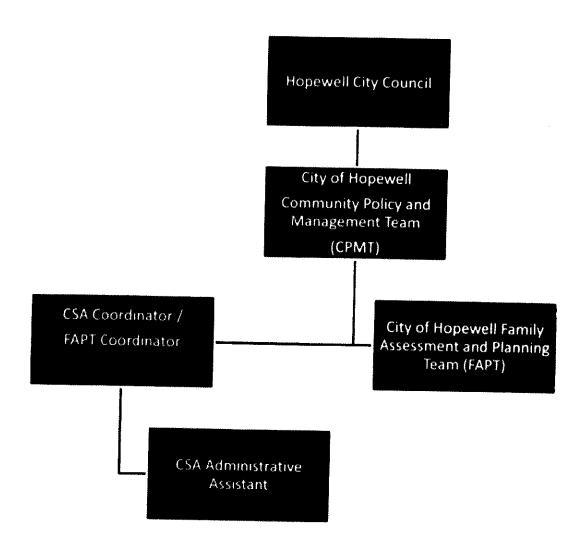
BACKGROUND

The Comprehensive Services Act for At-Risk Youth and Families (CSA) is a law enacted in 1993 that establishes a single state pool of funds to purchase services for at-risk youth and their families. Of the approximate \$300 million appropriated by the Virginia General Assembly and local governments to fund CSA, the total combined state and local initial allocation for City of Hopewell in fiscal years 2012 to 2013 was \$3,422,540. Actual net expenditures for this period totaled \$6,593,133, which represents a 92% increase above the initial FY 12 and 13 funding allocations. Supplemental funding allocations were requested and granted to cover the increased expenditures for "sum sufficient" services provided to eligible at-risk youth and families. Based on reported figures for the fiscal year 2013 pending final close-out, the estimated average per capita cost of CSA in the City of Hopewell is \$146. A trend analysis of the City of Hopewell CSA expenditures, population, and costs per child ("unit cost") indicated expenditures and the number of clients served were relatively stable from fiscal year 2012 to 2013, while the cost per child dropped 20%. The chart below depicts a comparison for fiscal years 2011 through 2013.



Source: CSA Website, Statewide Statistics (http://www.csa.virginia.gov/publicstats/csa_pool.cfm)

The state funds, combined with local community funds, are managed by local interagency teams, referred to as "Community Policy and Management Teams" (CPMT) who plan and oversee services to youth. The City of Hopewell CPMT is supported in this initiative by the "Family Assessment and Planning Team" (FAPT) responsible for recommending appropriate services. Administrative support to the CPMT and FAPT is provided by a part-time CSA Coordinator. The local management structure for City of Hopewell is as follows:



OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A) PROGRAM ACTIVITIES

Observation 1:

Documentation of service planning activities requires strengthening to ensure compliance with program requirements. Nineteen case files were examined to confirm that required documentation was maintained in support of and to validate FAPT and /or multi-disciplinary team (MDT) referral and CPMT funding decisions. The results of the examination, identified opportunities for improvements as follows:

- Client case files did not always contain sufficient information demonstrating compliance with CSA requirements key to coordination and service planning by FAPT. Specific exceptions included: (1) absence of an IFSP documenting services recommended, (2) Child Adolescent Needs Strengths (CANS) assessments were not completed, (3) missing and/or outdated consent to exchange information, (4) absent verification of VEMAT rates, and (5) parental co-pay assessments were not documented. One or more of the identified exceptions were observed for 11 (57%) of the 19 client case files examined.
- Required key data elements included on service planning documents (i.e.IFSPs) were not always consistently completed. Stated goals and objectives were not recorded on the IFSP for 5 (26%) of 19 client files reviewed. For IFSPs where goals were indicated, the goals were not always measurable. The IFSP format was recently revised to include data fields for incorporating specific measurable goals, objectives, and strategies. However, we observed that those data elements were left blank in some instances.

Poor data collection and document management in service planning may lead to increased operational and fiscal inefficiency and ineffectiveness of the local program. Further, this condition fosters an environment that makes the program more susceptible to potential loss of accessibility to State funding in support of local programs as a result of non-compliance with CSA statutes regarding service planning and access to pool funds.

Criteria:

§ 2.2-5208. FAPT Powers and Duties, Item 5 CSA Manual Section 3.5 Records Management CSA Manual Section 4.3.5 Provision of Services Agency Risk Management and Internal Control Standards, Control Activities

Recommendation:

Prior to service planning, the CSA Coordinator and the FAPT should verify and obtain copies of completed CANS assessments and current consent to exchange information. The CSA Coordinator and the FAPT should also ensure that an IFSP is fully completed, to include measurable goals and objectives, and is maintained in the client case file in order to substantiate services recommended to CPMT for funding authorization. Lastly, periodic case file reviews should be performed by someone other than the CSA Coordinator to establish quality control of client records and to ensure compliance with CSA statutory requirements.

Client Comments:

Concur

- "Hopewell CSA will require that CANS assessments are received prior to initial case reviews by the FAPT or the CANS assessment must accompany the IFSP. Also, the most recent CANS dates will be provided to CPMT prior to the approval of purchase order funding."
- "Hopewell CSA has implemented a revised consent to exchange information form which allows information to be exchanged throughout the duration of the case or as long as the client is receiving services."
- 3. "IFSPs will not be accepted for review without the document being completed and including goals that reflect the need for services. The FAPT will review IFSPs and determine the appropriate services which will be added to the plan."
- 4. "Hopewell CSA will require that a copy of the VEMAT rate sheet be provided before FAPT reviews and CPMT funding approval."
- 5. "Hopewell will begin to utilize the Virginia State Median Income guidelines to assess parental co-pays. If parental co-pay is determined, CSA will require the parent or guardian to sign a parental contribution agreement for monthly payments."

Observation 2:

Utilization management/utilization review (UM/UR) of residential facility placements were not always documented per the locally established policies and procedures. Facility reviews are performed in order to collect utilization data, document progress or effectiveness of services delivered. monitor specific service delivery dates or other required elements in support of the Individual Family Services Plan (IFSP). Insufficient documentation of the results of facility reviews conducted reduces the reliability and integrity of information maintained in support of decision making as it pertains to the validity and effectiveness of purchased services.

Criteria:

§ 2.2-5206. CPMT Powers and Duties, Item 13

CSA Policy Manual Section 8.1, Utilization Management

City of Hopewell, CSA Program Policies and Procedures Manual, Section

IV.D.2.b. (5), Implementation/Monitoring of the Service Plan

Recommendation:

The CSA Coordinator should ensure that required documentation evidencing utilization reviews of residential placements are completed by persons responsible for conducting those reviews (i.e. Case Managers and/or FAPT) and that the documents are retained in the individual client

case files.

Client Comments:

Concur. "The CSA Coordinator will complete quarterly reviews of residential facilities and services providers. The completed reviews will be presented to CPMT members during the monthly meeting. A copy of the review will be placed in the vendors file as well as in the client's file who is placed in the facility."

Observation 3:

Local policies and procedures governing the provision of services pertaining to intensive care coordination (ICC) had not been established by the Hopewell CPMT. However, a memorandum of agreement (MOA) was established with the District 19 Community Service Board describing scope and terms of agreement for ICC services available to Hopewell youth and families. The original term of the MOA expired June 2010. However, there was no documentation of renewals for subsequent periods and ICC services were not purchased by the Hopewell CSA after the agreement expired. The exclusion of formal, written policies and procedures relating to ICC services and/or out-dated service agreements used in lieu of formal policies and procedures leads to non-compliance with CSA statutory requirements.

Criteria:

§ 2.2-5206. CPMT Powers and Duties, Item 17

Agency Risk Management and Internal Control Standards, Control Environment (Governance); Issued by Virginia Department of Accounts

Recommendation:

The CPMT should ensure that policies pertaining to ICC services are incorporated with the Hopewell CSA Policies and Procedures Manual, and that contractual agreements established for the provision of services are reviewed for renewal (if applicable) prior to expiration. Renewal notices should be maintained in support of continuing the agreement beyond the original period of service.

Client Comment:

Concur. "Hopewell CPMT will utilize and implement the ICC policy provided in the CSA Policy Manual. The ICC policy will be included in the Hopewell CSA Policies and Procedures Manual. Also, Hopewell CSA

will contract with providers who are trained and approved to provide ICC services."

B) FISCAL ACTIVITIES

Observation 4:

Hopewell's CSA Program expended \$24,897 to cover the cost of services provided to youth and families where service planning activities were not in accordance with CSA requirements. Affected transactions included payments where: (1) CANS assessments were not completed, (2) IFSP's documenting service recommendations were not available, and (3) expense incurred was not identified in an existing IFSP. This condition was observed for 6 (31%) of the 19 client cases examined. Based upon the conditions cited, the potential that funds could be mismanaged is significantly increased.

Description	Non-Compliance Criteria	Clients Affected	Total Amount
Missing CANS	CSA Statute	3	\$ 14,025
Missing CANS & IFSP	CSA Statute	2	\$ 10,760
IFSP omits expense	CSA Statute	1	\$ 112

Criteria:

Current Appropriations Act Chapter 806 &

CSA Manual Section 3.1.5.b Referrals to FAPT

CSA Manual Section 3.2.6 Access to Pool Funds CPMT

CSA Manual Section 4.3.5 Provision of Services

CSA Manual Section 4.5.3 Disbursement Procedures and Toolkit

Recommendation:

Prior to processing invoices for payment and submittal of pool fund reimbursement requests, the CSA Coordinator should verify that the CANS and IFSP has been completed for applicable clients and that expenditures incurred are not the responsibility of another agency. The CPMT should consult with the Office of Comprehensive Services regarding the appropriate action to be taken as it pertains to reimbursement of the state share of expenditures that could not be validated.

Client Comments:

No opinion at this time.

- "Hopewell CSA will ensure that all case managers or a representative from referring agencies are certified CANS users. CSA will also designate a FAPT member to complete CANS assessments on nonmandated cases. IFSPs will not be reviewed for approval without a completed CANS assessment."
- 2. "IFSPs will not be accepted for review without the document being completed and including goals that reflect the need for services. The

FAPT will review IFSPs and determine the appropriate services which will be added to the recommendation section of the plan."

3. The CSA Coordinator will ensure that service expenses and service dates are included in the recommendation section of the IFSP."

Condition 5:

Adequate measures were not always consistently applied to ensure effective and efficient use of financial resources that could be used to offset the costs incurred for CSA pool funded services. Assessments of parental co-payments were not documented to evidence parental ability to share financial responsibility for costs associated with services provided to eligible youth. A review of CSA pool fund financial reports indicated that there have been no parent co-pay collections since FY 2011. Under these conditions, the opportunity lost for collection of additional funds is significant and could materially impact the local program's ability to increase funding availability for services required to meet the needs of the community.

Criteria:

COV § 2.2-5206 (3) CPMT, Duties and Responsibilities

COV § 2,2-5208 (6) FAPT, Powers and Duties

CSA Manual Section 3.1.5 Duties and Responsibilities

CSA Manual Section 4.5.4 Sliding Fee Scale

Hopewell CSA Program Policy and Procedure Manual, Section VI.G,

Parental Contribution to Cost of Services Provided

Recommendation:

The CPMT should ensure that the CSA Coordinator and/or the FAPT documents parental ability to pay supported by verification of stated income or certification stating indigent status. The amount assessed should be reported to the CPMT along with the request for approval for funding of FAPT referred services. Collection and reporting procedures should be established to ensure amounts received are recorded accurately and timely. Such documentation should be retained in the case file for the required records retention period.

Client Comments:

Concur. "Hopewell CSA will begin to utilize the Virginia State Median Income guides to assess parental co-pays. Parents/guardians will be required to complete a form that includes members of their households and all sources of income. If parental co-pay is determined, CSA will require the parent or guardian to sign a parental contribution agreement for monthly payments. Parental co-pay assessments and agreements will be maintained in client files."

Observation 6:

Policies, procedures, and practices for contracting and purchasing of services authorized for funding by the Hopewell CPMT need strengthening to mitigate internal control weaknesses in maintaining segregation of duties, clear lines of authority and responsibility, ethics in contracting, and execution of transactions. Based upon the review of existing contracts and approved purchase orders, the following opportunities for improvement were observed:

- The CSA Coordinator is the authorized signatory for vendor contracts, purchase orders, and accounts payable/vendor invoice processing. The opportunity for a single individual to authorize contracts, purchases, and payment of CSA funded services reduces the effectiveness of internal controls to ensure that accountability and appropriate use of CSA pool funds are maintained.
- Existing vendor contracts do not include an "Ethics in Public Contracting" clause, particularly pertaining to prohibited acts by vendors and representatives of CSA, such as the solicitation acceptance, and/or exchange of donations, gifts, grants, etc.

Purchase orders were created and approved after services were initiated and invoices were received. Per discussions with Hopewell CSA and Finance staff, this method was adopted in order to manage accurate reporting of CSA financial position and encumbrances that were not aligned with actual fund balances due to Hopewell's aging financial accounting system. A new system is due to be installed in the near future.

Criteria:

Hopewell CSA Program Policies and Procedures Manual, Section V. Fiscal Procedures

Agency Risk Management and Internal Control Standards, Control

Activities; Issued by Virginia Department of Accounts

§ 2.2-4371. Prohibition on solicitation or acceptance of gifts; gifts by

bidders, offerors, contractor or subcontractors prohibited.

Recommendation:

The CPMT should consider adding language to future contracts to address ethical contracting expectations, as well as, designating a representative of the CPMT, such as the CPMT Chair as the signatory for CSA contract agreements. The CSA Coordinator should work with the Hopewell Finance Office to refine the purchase process to ensure that purchase orders are created and approved prior to initiating services.

Client Comments:

No opinion at this time.

1. "Annual contracts will be signed by the CPMT Chair."

- "Hopewell's finance office is in the process of implementing a new accounting system that will generate purchase orders before services are rendered. Final purchase order approvals are signed by the Finance Director before vendors are reimbursed for services rendered."
- 3. "Hopewell-CSA utilizes the vendor contract developed by the Office of Comprehensive Services. The contract did not include an "Ethics in Public Contracting" clause. Hopewell CSA will revise their contract for FY 2014-15 to include COV § 2.2-4371. Prohibition on solicitation or acceptance of gifts; gifts by bidders, offerors, contractor or subcontractors prohibited."

C) <u>CPMT ADMINISTRATION</u>

Condition 7:

The Hopewell Community Policy and Management Team (Hopewell CMPT) has not coordinated and documented a formal long-range plan that includes an assessment of the current risks, strengths, and needs of the existing program, as well as measurable goals, objectives, and strategies for evaluating the effectiveness and accountability of the local CSA program. The ability and likelihood of the CPMT to adequately monitor and provide oversight of the local CSA program is an essential component of organizational governance. The absence of formal planning, coordination, and program evaluation to ensure that the goals and objectives of the program are met may affect the integrity of the CPMT's governance activities, maximizing the use of state and community resources, and ultimately local efforts to better serve the needs of youth and families in the community.

Criteria:

§ 2.2-5206. CPMT, Powers and Duties

CSA Manual 3.1.5 Duties and Responsibilities Toolkit Coordinated Long Range Planning

Agency Risk Management and Internal Control Standards (Control Environment, Risk Assessment, Information and Communication, and

Monitoring); Issued by Virginia Department of Accounts. Hopewell CSA Program Policies and Procedures Manual

Recommendation:

The CPMT should develop procedures for documenting long-range planning. The process should include development of a formal risk assessment process and measurable criteria to be used for evaluating program accountability and effectiveness. The CPMT could initiate the discussion using the information collected in the development of the Annual Gap Survey.

Client Comments:

Concur. "Hopewell CPMT has begun the process to develop a long range plan. CPMT is researching community needs and partnering with stakeholders to develop and implement the long range plan. CPMT will also utilize the Annual CSA Gaps Survey to address the needs of the community. After the plan is developed, CPMT will review the goals and objectives annually to determine if the plan continues to meet the needs of CSA and the community."

Condition 8:

Opportunities exist for the Hopewell CPMT to improve communication of the local CSA program's philosophy, ethics, goals, objectives, policies, procedures and performance outcomes. There is little evidence to support how this information is disseminated to partnering agency representatives, youth, families and community stakeholders. Examples of the limited reach of information include:

- Hopewell's CPMT has adopted a code of ethics, philosophy and quality assurances as reflected in the policies and procedures manual.
 While these attributes have been established, they have not been effectively communicated to all stakeholders (i.e. families, private providers, community partners, case managers, etc.) because of the limited dissemination of information to only CPMT and FAPT members.
- There is no formal continuing education program to ensure local CSA stakeholders are afforded awareness on the duties and responsibilities of CPMT, State requirements (e.g., legislative changes), and local policies and procedures governing CSA.
- CPMT meeting agendas do not reflect periodic reporting of aggregate data related to program performance outcomes. There was no evidence of consistent preparation and review of utilization management reports.

The broader dissemination of information to all CSA stakeholders promotes consistency in awareness and understanding regarding accessibility to services, and also demonstrates high standards for sound fiscal accountability and responsible use of taxpayer funds.

Criteria:

COV § 2.2-5200 Intent and purpose; definitions, Items A.4 through A.6 CSA Manual Section 1, Items 4 through 6

Agency Risk Management and Internal Control Standards, Control Environment (Governance) and Control Activities (Competence and Monitoring); Issued by Virginia Department of Accounts

Recommendation:

The CPMT should implement a process to enhance communications with partner agencies, youth, families, and community stakeholders to promote the local CSA program and share information regarding the program's policies, procedures, philosophy, ethics, goals, performance, budgeting, etc. Suggested actions to be considered may include, but not limited to, the following:

- develop a website for ongoing dissemination of information to the public and community stakeholders, to include but not limited to demographic data (i.e. population served and annual expenditures by service placement type or costs per child).
- Include reporting of performance outcomes as a standing agenda item for CPMT meetings.
- Utilize surveys to solicit stakeholder feedback.
- Update existing Parent's Guide Brochure
- Periodically assess the training needs of CPMT, FAPT, and community stakeholders. Based upon assessment results, the CPMT should develop and implement a formal training agenda. At least annually, the CPMT should report on continuing education acquired/provided by CPMT and FAPT members as well as participation by community stakeholders (i.e. parent representatives, private providers, etc.).

Client Comment:

Concur.

- 1. "Hopewell CSA will revise the informational brochure to include the code of ethics and philosophy. The brochure will be made available to community partners and stakeholders."
- 2. "Hopewell CSA will provide on-going training and educational opportunities at least twice per year. CSA will also notify stakeholders of educational opportunities within the community."
- "CPMT and FAPT members will be notified and educated on state legislative requirements and local policy changes that affect CSA. Notification of these changes will be documented in CPMT and FAPT minutes."
- 4. "CPMT will review annually aggregate data generated by the SAS system. This information will be provided in a formal management report that reviews the prior fiscal year."

CONCLUSION

Our audit concluded that there were material weaknesses in internal controls over the City of Hopewell CSA program, particularly in reference to governance and accountability of the \$6.5 million of allocated (state and local) funding. Conditions were identified pertaining to the administrative and fiscal practices of the locally administered program that could adversely impact the effectiveness and efficient use of resources, as well as non-compliance with statutory requirements. An exit conference was conducted on September 10, 2013 to present the audit results to the City of Hopewell CPMT. Persons in attendance representing the City of Hopewell CPMT: Avon Miles, CPMT Chair (effective 7/1/2013)/Court Service Unit; Nancy Treanor, Past CPMT Chair/Hopewell Department of Social Services; Jerry Whitaker, CPMT Fiscal Agent/City of Hopewell, Finance Director; Tonya Pulliam, Private Provider Representative (Pulliam Innovative Consulting; and Jamillah Karriem, CSA Manager. Representing the Office of Comprehensive Services was Stephanie Bacote, Program Auditor. We would like to thank the City of Hopewell CPMT and related CSA staff for their cooperation and assistance on this audit.

REPORT DISTRIBUTION

Ms. Susan Clare, Executive Director Office of Comprehensive Services

Mr. Mark Haley, Interim City Manager City of Hopewell

Mr. Nancy Treanor, CPMT Chair Director, City of Hopewell Department of Social Services

Mr. Avon Miles, CPMT Chair (Effective 7/1/2013)

Mr. Jerry Whitaker, CPMT Fiscal Agent Finance Director, City of Hopewell

Ms. Jamillah Karriem, CSA Manager



CHILDREN'S SERVICES ACT PROGRAM AUDIT

City of Hopewell

Special Review

Audit Report No. 01-2016

November 3, 2017



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	CHRONOLOGY		
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Date	Event Description		
6/5/2015	OCS Executive Director receives notification from the Department of Medical		
	Assistance Services (DMAS) concerning activities in Hopewell which may involve the		
	CSA program's use of mentoring services, which were provided concurrently with		
	community-based Medicaid eligible services.		
7/1/2015	Interagency collaboration and coordination of efforts regarding concerns of non-		
	compliance and misuse of CSA and Medicaid funds. Agencies represented included:		
	OCS, DMAS, Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services (DBHDS),		
	Office of the Attorney General, Medicaid Fraud Control Unit (MFCU), and Magellan		
	of Virginia.		
7/20/2015	OCS Executive Director receives an anonymous complaint alleging non-compliance		
	and inappropriate use of CSA funds.		
	OCS Program Auditors notified Hopewell CSA's CPMT Chair of intent to initiate a		
	review of the Hopewell CSA program.		
7/28/2015 -	Onsite audit fieldwork began. At the conclusion of the onsite fieldwork, OCS		
7/30/2015	Program Auditors provided an informal debriefing to the full CPMT of potential non-		
n • ===================================	compliance areas. Details of audit procedures and results are noted in the body of		
	the full report.		
8/5/2015	OCS Program Auditors notified Hopewell CSA's CPMT Chair, Fiscal Agent, and CSA		
	Coordinator of preliminary observations and requested additional information		
	needed to complete the review.		
01/14/2016	OCS was advised to suspend review until further notice due to coordinated and		
器 戴	ongoing investigations by other state and federal agencies that were yet to be		
	concluded.		
10/12/2017	OCS was advised to resume the special review.		

AUDIT PROCEDURES

- Policy/Procedure Reviews. Reviewed the Code of Virginia Children's Services Act (§ 2.2-5200 et seq.), CSA Policy Manual, and City of Hopewell CSA Program Policies and Procedures Manual (Amended May 2014). The documents were reviewed to establish the following:
 - A. Eligibility criteria to access CSA pool funds.
 - B. Policies and procedures governing CSA referrals and funding authorizations.
 - C. Policies and procedures governing contracting and purchase of services.
 - D. CPMT monitoring/oversight activities to ensure appropriateness of services and accountability of funds.
- 2. <u>Assessment of CPMT Oversight Activities</u>. Reviewed CPMT meeting minutes for fiscal years 2013 through 2015. Documents were utilized in search of evidence of the CPMT's engagement in oversight activities such as policy/procedure development and/or reviews; coordination of long-range planning; utilization review/utilization management; evaluations of fiscal and program performance outcomes; authorization of funding for services recommended by the Family Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT); and implementation of quality improvement plan tasks related to deficiencies noted in the prior audit engagement.
- 3. <u>Analyses.</u> Obtained and reviewed fiscal and performance management reports from the OCS website for FY 2013-2015, as well as general ledger/accounts payable reports provided by Hopewell's Finance office indicating payments for mentoring services. Documents were reviewed to identify trends/outliers particular to the Hopewell CSA program.
- 4. <u>Interviews.</u> Conducted interviews with the CSA Coordinator and Fiscal Agent to obtain additional information and/or clarification regarding the documentation used in the verification of client eligibility, evidence of required service planning activities and funding authorizations; and determinations of fiscal impact. Communications were exchanged (in-person, email, or by phone) on numerous occasions from July 20, 2015 through December 18, 2015.
- 5. Client Records Reviews. Reviewed a sample consisting of fifty (50) client records for which community based services were funded during the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. Client records were examined to verify compliance with CSA requirements governing eligibility to access state pool funds and documentation of justification for services recommended and funded. File contents such as: Individual and Family Services Plans (IFSP), Individualized Education Program (IEP), Child and Adolescent Needs and Strengths Assessments (CANS), vendor treatment plans, vendor progress notes, utilization review reports, consent to exchange information, Child in Need of Services (CHINS) determinations, vendor purchase orders and invoices, etc. were closely scrutinized in the application of CSA eligibility criteria and verification that required compliance requirements were met. Traced services denoted in the IFSP and/or IEP to CPMT minutes to confirm funding approvals.
- 6. <u>Financial Reporting Evaluation</u>. Obtained general ledger account codes used in the locality's accounts payable ledgers and subsequently recorded in the applicable expenditure categories of the CSA Pool Fund Reimbursement Reports. Along with vendor invoices, assessed whether expenditures were properly recorded as "sum sufficient" or "non-sum sufficient".

AUDIT OBSERVATIONS AND RESULTS

Observation 1

The City of Hopewell CSA Program improperly expended \$428,960.00 and was reimbursed the state share of \$370,981.36 funds in the purchase of services for ineligible clients. Based upon application of the criteria established by the of Code of Virginia (COV) § 2.2-5212 (Eligibility for state pool of funds), 36 clients with services funded by the state pool were determined ineligible for this funding. Fifteen (15) of those 36 clients were referred by the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act (VJCCCA)/Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ).

There was no documentation of either "sum sufficient" or "non-sum" sufficient" eligibility. Extensive reviews were conducted of client case files that included: (1) examination of file documentation such as IFSPs and CANS assessments, (2) interviews with the CSA Coordinator, (3) verifications with the Department of Juvenile Justice of client referrals where indicated, (4) and consultation with OCS Program Consultants for further validation of conclusions.

Exhibit A on page 8 provides a detailed breakdown of the referral source and period covered.

Observation 2

The City of Hopewell CSA Program improperly expended \$534,690.94 and was reimbursed the state share of \$453,765.61 funds for the purchase of services for thirteen (13) CSA eligible clients where it was determined that required CSA documentation and funding authorization to support expenditures could not be located, and thus audit verification procedures could not be performed.

The auditor reviewed client case files for verification that services were recommended by the Family Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT) and documented in an approved service plan (IFSP) evidenced by FAPT signatures per COV § 2.2-5208. CPMT minutes and supplemental spreadsheets of services recommended for funding were closely examined to established that funding of services recommended were properly authorized per COV § 2.2-5206. The spreadsheets presented to the CPMT and the authorizations noted in the meeting minutes did not always include community-based services regardless of whether expenditures were classified as "sum sufficient" or "non-sum sufficient". When discussing audit concerns with the full CPMT about spreadsheets presented to CPMT for funding authorization, the CPMT appeared unaware that community-based services recommended were not included. In addition, CPMT's monitoring activities did not include any reconciliation and/or analysis of total funding authorizations to actual expenditures paid.

Exhibit B on page 9 provides a detailed breakdown of the referral source and period covered.

Observation 3

In FY 2015, the City of Hopewell CSA Program exceeded its established limit for the use of protected state pool funds to provide funding for services for clients that did not meet the criteria for "sum sufficient" eligibility. Hopewell was allocated \$71,270 in protected funds for FY 2015 per Section 4.5.1 of the Children's Services Act Policy Manual, "Protected Funds" (Adopted 1994, Revised 1995, 1996, 1997). However, actual expenditures totaled \$144,291 resulting in an over expenditure of \$73,021. A significant portion (\$59,450) this amount is a direct result of expenditures incurred for clients that were ineligible to access state pool funds and/or where funding authorizations could not be validated (Observations 1 and 2). Less those previously identified unallowable costs, the balance of the remaining overspend of protected funds is \$13,571.00 and the state share totals \$11,752.49.

Observation 4

Fiscal processes and payment practices of the Hopewell CSA program created an environment conducive to questionable billing practices by the vendor most frequently utilized to provide mentoring services. Poor fiscal practices impacting the CSA program's funds management included:

 Invoicing for periods prior to the start date indicated in the IFSP and/or billing for more hours than specified in the service plan. Billing adjustments and/or refunds were not requested by Hopewell CSA.

Example 1: Vendor offers a summer camp program from 7/7/14 - 8/22/14. The IFSP states that services are to be provided 7/21/14 - 8/22/14. The dates of service listed on the invoice are 7/7/14 - 8/22/14 instead of 7/21/14 - 8/22/14. Estimated Cost \$1,250

Example 2: Vendor invoiced for 10 hours per week rather than the 6 hours per week stated in the IFSP. Estimated Cost. \$5,500

 The vendor remitted invoices requesting payment prior to the end of the period for which services were to be rendered. Hopewell CSA office improperly submitted the invoices to the finance office for payment without verification that the services billed had been received.

Example 3: Vendor invoice dated 8/12/14. Service dates were indicated as 8/4/14-8/22/14. Invoice was marked as received and approved for payment on 8/13/14, at least 9 days before the services were scheduled to be completed.

Purchase orders were not prepared by the CSA Office until after services were initiated and the vendor invoices were received. This issue was raised in a prior audit (9/25/2013). When interviewed, the former CSA Coordinator and CPMT Fiscal Agent cited the aging financial accounting system as the cause and noted that a new system would be installed. The auditor confirmed that a new financial accounting system was actively in use. However, the process for completing purchase orders timely remained unchanged.

The current CSA Coordinator and CPMT Fiscal Agent were interviewed and were asked to provide and explanation for why such practices were permitted. The CSA Coordinator was new to the role and deferred to the CPMT Fiscal Agent, who was unable to provide sufficient justification for the breakdown in fiscal controls that are widely accepted as standard industry best practices.

Observation 5

The review also included a follow-up of our previous audit (report dated 9/25/2013) to determine whether the quality improvement plan that was provided by the Hopewell CPMT had been implemented satisfactorily. The quality improvement plan identified specific tasks that were to be completed by July 1, 2014 to address reported deficiencies. Based on the results of our current onsite fieldwork that covered fiscal years 2013 to 2015, the following exceptions represent repeat audit observations for which quality improvement tasks have not been implemented:

- Documentation of service planning activities requires strengthening to ensure compliance with program requirements. Client case files did not include the following required documents: IFSPs, CANS assessments, consent to exchange information, utilization reviews, vendor treatment plans, vendor progress reports, vendor invoices, purchase orders, evidence of parental involvement.
- Utilization management/utilization review of residential facilities were not performed in accordance with locally established policies and procedures.
- Local policies and procedures governing the provision of Intensive Care Coordination (ICC) services have not been established.
- Assessment of parental contributions were not documented to evidence parental ability to share financial responsibility for costs associated with services provided to eligible youth.
- Hopewell CSA Program's philosophy, ethics, goals, objectives, policies, procedures, and performance metric/outcomes are not effectively communicated to stakeholders.

Given that the same deficiencies exists two years after the prior audit, this represents an extended period where management's action in response to significant risk exposures (i.e. non-compliance and internal control weaknesses) has been delayed. The purpose of the quality improvement plan is to ensure management takes appropriate action to resolve deficiencies in a timely manner. The CPMT, as the governing body, is responsible for on-going monitoring of the quality improvement plan to ensure the implementation of the plan and that actions taken are working as intended.

CONCLUSION

Our audit concluded that there were major deficiencies¹ in compliance and internal controls in the Hopewell CSA program. There were a series of serious shortcomings in governance, fiscal and operational practices that fueled an environment conducive to non-compliance with state and local CSA statutes, policies, and procedures and the resulting misuse of CSA funds. However, poor oversight and monitoring of the program by the CPMT is the most notable. During an informal debriefing with the full CPMT, members acknowledged that even after receipt of the prior audit report that they relied extensively on the former CSA Coordinators' knowledge and experience that CSA compliance requirements were being met.

The inadequate day-to-day management of the CSA program by the former CSA Coordinator and subsequent failures in oversight by the CPMT adversely impacted effective and efficient use of resources, accomplishment of program objectives, and compliance with statutory requirements. Comparative and trend analysis of fiscal and management reports highlight examples that link areas of non-compliance and fiscal mismanagement:

- Total expenditures increased 23% (\$827,500) from 2014 to 2015. However, 39% of the expenditure increase can be attributed to the average amount of unallowable expenditures identified in the special review (\$325,740.65 per year). Excluding the unallowable expenditures, the increase in expenditures from 2014 to 2015 would have been 14% rather than 23%.
- From 2013 to 2015, the average number of children served annually was 159. Based on the sample (50) of client files selected, community-based mentoring services were funded for at least 31% of the client population. However, it was determined that 36 (72%) of those 50 clients were ineligible.
- The average duration of community based services increased 51 days from 276 in 2014 to 327 in 2015. Of the client case files examined, mentoring services were provided from seven (7) weeks to three (3) years.
- In 2015, the use of community based services was 24% higher than the statewide average while
 the percent of youth with a decrease in CANS Child Behavior/Emotional Needs domain was 3.7%
 below the statewide average. Child behavior/emotional concerns were most often indicated in
 the IFSP as the justification for community-based mentoring services.
- Fifteen percent (\$672,200) of the total expenditures in 2015 were paid to one vendor, which was
 the primary provider of mentoring services for youth determined ineligible or where required CSA
 documentation and funding authorization to support expenditures were missing. This was a 24%
 increase over the amount paid to the same provider in 2014.

Funds
Identified for
Recovery

\$836,499.46 (state share of \$977,221.94 in unallowable CSA expenditures)

¹ Major deficiency is defined as an internal control deficiency or combination of deficiencies that severely reduces the likelihood that the entity can achieve its' objectives." Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control Integrated Framework, May 2013.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Office of Children's Services:

The City of Hopewell should be denied \$836,499.46 (state share) in accordance with State Executive Council (SEC) Policy 4.6 (Denial of Funds) due to violations of Virginia law and CSA policy. This amount should be recovered from future requests for state CSA reimbursements.

Hopewell Community Policy and Management Team:

The Hopewell Community Policy and Management Team should prepare and submit a quality improvement plan addressing the audit observations included in this report within 30 days of receipt of this report. The plan should identify tasks to be completed, responsible party for monitoring implementation, and target date for completion. Suggestions of areas to be addressed include:

- Review existing fiscal and program policies, procedures and practices and revise where necessary to ensure state and local program and fiscal compliance requirements are met, to include but not limited to:
 - FAPT referrals,
 - o Parental contribution assessments,
 - FAPT service planning,
 - o CPMT authorization of funding,
 - Utilization reviews and Utilization management,
 - o Quality assurance reviews (by someone other than CSA Coordinator),
 - Records management and retention
 - o Expenditure payment processing/documentation,
 - o Fund balance reconciliations and financial reporting, and
 - CPMT governance activities (frequency of meetings, review of financial/performance monitoring reports in aggregate and/or child-specific, validation of integrity/accuracy of information used in decision making).

The tasks identified should address the manner in which service planning recommendations, funding authorizations, and other governance actions conducted by the CPMT can be substantiated.

- Establish a formal training program and implement periodic and ongoing training for all CSA stakeholders (CPMT, FAPT, Case Manager, Families, etc.).
- On an ongoing basis, the CPMT should monitor the progress of all quality improvement plans to
 ensure timely implementation of tasks identified and that control activities are operating as
 intended. It should be noted that A full financial/compliance audit was completed by OCS of the
 Hopewell CSA (September 12, 2017) for which a quality improvement plan was required that
 addressed similar exceptions noted in this report.

EXHIBIT - A

			No Docume	ntati	ion of Eligibili	ty
	Client ID	-	Expenditures Paid		State Share	Period
	670-A	\$	60,330.00	\$	52,245.78	07/01/2012 - 06/30/2014
	670-B	\$	18,350.00	\$	15,891.10	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-C	\$	13,890.00	\$	12,028.74	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Ę	670-D	\$	50,830.00	\$	44,018.78	07/01/2012 -06/30/2014
Referral Agency Hopewell Public Schools or Unknown	670-E	\$	48,000.00	\$	42,001.00	07/01/2012 - 06/30/2014
5	670-F	\$	3,700.00	\$	3,204.20	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
ls or	670-G	\$	3,700.00	\$	3,204.20	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
hoo	670-H	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
ic Sc	670-I	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Jubi	670-J	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
ll le	670-K	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
pew	670-L	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
y Ho	670-M	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Genc	670-N	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
al Ag	670-0	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
ferra	670-P	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Re	670-Q	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-R	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-S	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-T	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-U	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-V	\$	3,700.00	\$	3,204.20	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
£	670-W	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
eme	670-X	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
No	670-Y	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
VICCCA/DIJ DIJ active involvement)	670-Z	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
VJCCCA/DJJ DJJ active in	670-AA	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-AB	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
- ot	670-AC	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Agen	670-AD	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
ral /	670-AE	\$	88,010.00	\$	75,285.66	07/01/2012 - 06/30/2015
Referral Agency ocumentation of	670-AF	\$	21,850.00	\$	18,922.10	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Referral Agency - (with no documentation of I	670-AG	\$	25,250.00	\$	21,866.50	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
th	670-AH	\$	11,700.00	\$	10,132.20	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Ĭ.	670-AI	\$	18,300.00	\$	15,847.80	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-AJ	\$	18,450.00	\$	15,977.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015

EXHIBIT - B

CLIENTS ELIGIBLE FOR CSA FUNDING

Missing Required CSA Documentation and/or Funding Authorization to Support Expenditures

T.B				Items Missing			١.	State Share	Period
Se Se	Client ID	Eligibility	Documentation	Authorization		Total		state Snare	renou
	670-EA	Special Education	х	Х	\$	16,250.00	\$	12,509.75	07/01/2013 - 06/30/201
cial Servi	670-EB	Special Education.	х	х	\$	82,745.00	\$	67,274.82	07/01/2012 - 06/30/201
	670-EC	Special Education	х	Х	\$	36,910.00	\$	30,467.81	07/01/2012 - 06/30/201
O	670-ED	Special Education	х	Х	\$	86,010.00	\$	74,484.66	07/01/2012 - 06/30/201
ols or S	670-EE	Special Education	х	Х	\$	54,500.00	\$	47,197.00	07/01/2013 - 06/30/201
hoo	670-EF	Special Education.	х	Х	\$	38,950.00	\$	31,895.30	07/01/2013 - 06/30/201
Scho	670-EG	Foster Care	х	Х	\$	96,905.00	\$	83,919.73	07/01/2012 - 06/30/201
	670-EH	Foster Care	х	Х	\$	52,782.94	\$	45,710.03	07/01/2012 - 06/30/201
	670-EI	Foster Care Prevention	х	х	\$	30,243.00	\$	26,190.44	07/01/2013 - 06/30/201
7	670-EJ	Foster Care Prevention		Х	\$	17,800.00	\$	15,414.80	07/01/2014 - 06/30/201
VJCCCA/DJJ	670-EK	Non-Mandated		X	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/201
VICCCA/DII	670-EL	Non-Mandated	x	х	\$	17,650.00	\$	15,284.90	07/01/2014 - 06/30/201
	670-EM	Non-Mandated	х		\$	1,995.00	\$	1,727.67	07/01/2012 - 06/30/201
					-	Section 18 to the section of the sec			

\$ 534,690.94 \$ 453,765.61

CHILDREN'S SERVICES ACT PROGRAM AUDIT

City of Hopewell

Audit Report No. 02-2017
September 12, 2017



Office of Children's Services

Empowering communities to serve youth

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Office of Children's Services has completed an audit of the City of Hopewell Children's Services Act (CSA) program. The City of Hopewell CSA program provided services and/or funding for approximately 87 at-risk youth and families in fiscal year 2017 (FY17). The audit included review and evaluation of management oversight, operational and fiscal practices. The City of Hopewell Community and Policy Management Team (CPMT) demonstrated the following efforts were made to ensure that services were provided to eligible youth and families.

- In FY 16, 50% of the children served had a decrease in child and adolescent needs and strength assessments (CANS) scores in the school domain, which is approximately 9% above the statewide average.
- In FY 16, approximately 77% of the youth and families received community based services. This is approximately 27% above the state target.

However, there are additional opportunities to effect quality improvement in other areas of the CSA program. The audit concluded that there were major deficiencies in compliance and internal controls particularly in reference to operational and governance practices and fiscal activities. Conditions were identified that could adversely impact the effectiveness and efficient use of resources, as well as compliance with statutory requirements. The following significant issues were identified:

- Expenditure reimbursements were requested and processed for payment of services where
 the eligibility requirements for compliance with State CSA policies and procedures were not
 met. The City of Hopewell CSA program funded foster care services for a youth that no
 longer met the age requirement to access funding and services and funded services that were
 not included in an approved Individualized Educational Program (IEP) for a student with an
 educational disability. The total state share of questioned cost equals \$228,961.93.
- Documentation of service planning activities requires strengthening to ensure compliance with program requirements. Fifteen (15) case files were examined to confirm that required documentation was maintained in support of and to validate FAPT and/or multi-disciplinary team (MDT) referral and CPMT funding decisions. Omissions from client case files included measurable goals and objectives, strategies, discharge planning, consent to exchange information and evidence of parental (biological or foster parent) participation in service planning activities or consent to the service plan.
- Adequate measures have not been established and/or implemented by the City of Hopewell CPMT to evaluate and ensure accountability and effectiveness of the locally managed CSA program. While the CPMT has developed a strategic plan it does not contain Smart, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time bound (S.M.A.R.T) goals and objectives to

¹ Major deficiency is defined as an internal control deficiency or combination of deficiencies that severely reduces the likelihood that the entity can achieve its' objectives." Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control Integrated Framework, May 2013.

effectively evaluate program effectiveness. In addition, program oversight by the CPMT has not included review and/or assessment of specific reports that summarize, in aggregate, program outcomes to demonstrate accomplishment of local program goals and objectives and effectiveness of the services provided correlated with the funds expended.

The Office of Children's Services appreciates the cooperation and assistance provided on behalf of the CPMT and other CSA staff. Formal responses from the CPMT to the reported audit observations are included in the body of the full report.

Stephanie S. Bacote, CIGA

Program Audit Manager

Annette E. Larkin, MBA

Program Auditor

INTRODUCTION

The Office of Children's Services has completed a financial/compliance audit of the City of Hopewell Children's Services Act program. The audit was conducted in conformance with the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing (Standards). The standards require planning and performance of the audit pursuant to stated audit objectives in order to provide a reasonable basis for audit observations, recommendations, and conclusions. The audit was completed on September 12, 2017 and covered the period May 1, 2016 through April 30, 2017.

The objectives of the audit were:

- To determine whether adequate internal controls have been established and implemented over CSA expenditures.
- To determine the adequacy of training and technical assistance by assessing local government CSA staff knowledge and proficiency in implementing local CSA programs.
- To assess whether operations have maintained high standards for sound fiscal accountability and ensured responsible use of taxpayer funds by evaluating fiscal activities of the local CSA program.
- To assess the level of coordination among local government CSA stakeholders and efforts to improve CSA performance by evaluating the local CSA program's operational and utilization review practices.

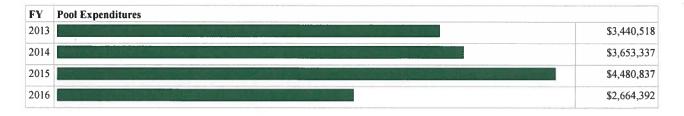
The scope of the audit included youth and their families who received CSA funded services during the last two months of FY16 and the first ten months of FY17. Audit procedures performed included reviews of relevant laws, policies, procedure, and regulations; interviews with various CSA stakeholders; flowcharts of operational and fiscal processes; various tests and examination of records; and other audit procedures deemed necessary to meet the audit objectives.

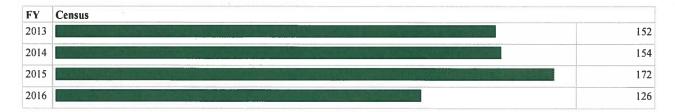
BACKGROUND

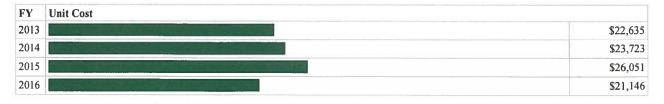
The City of Hopewell is in the Tri-Cities area of the Richmond Metropolitan Statistical Area. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, State and County Quick Facts report, the estimated population in 2016 was 22,735 and the median household income from 2011-2015 was \$39,064. Hopewell was established in 1613 and is the second oldest continuously occupied settlement in the United States.

The Children's Services Act (CSA) is a law enacted in 1993 that establishes a single state pool of funds to purchase services for at-risk youth and their families. The state funds, combined with local community funds, are managed by local interagency teams, referred to as the Community Policy and Management Teams (CPMT) which plans and oversees services to youth. The City of Hopewell CPMT has established three Family Assessment and Planning Teams (FAPT) that are responsible for recommending appropriate services to at risk children and families. The CPMT is supported administratively by a CSA Coordinator and an Administrative Assistant. Expenditure demographics for fiscal 2013 to 2016 are depicted below.

FY	Census	Census Change	Census % Change	Pool Expenditures	Expenditures \$ Change	Expenditures % Change	Unit Cost	Unit Cost % Change
2013	152	2	1	\$3,440,518	\$12,752	-20	\$15,326	-23
2014	154	, 2	1	\$3,653,337	\$212,819	-10	\$17,246	13
2015	172	18	12	\$4,480,837	827,500	-1	\$18,985	10
2016	126	-46	-27	\$2,664,392	-\$1,816,445)	8	\$16,898	-11
Note: C	hanges reco	orded for FY 1	3 are based on	difference from fiscal year	2012 to 2013			







MAJOR DEFICIENCES OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A) FISCAL ACTIVITIES

Observation #1: Criteria:

Compliance and Internal Control

Expenditure reimbursements were requested and processed totaling \$228,961.93 (state share) for payment of services where compliance with CSA statutes, policies and procedures pertaining to client eligibility to access state pool funds were not met. The case records of two (2) clients for which services were funded utilizing state pool funds were examined to validate client eligibility. Per Code Virginia (COV) § 2.2-5212, non-compliance with eligibility requirements was based on the following applicable criteria below and the specific exceptions detailed in Observations 1A and 1B:

- The child or youth requires placement for purposes of special education in approved private school educational programs, and
- For purposes of determining eligibility for the state pool of funds, "child" or "youth" means (i) a person younger than 18 years of age or (ii) any individual through 21 years of age who is otherwise eligible for mandate services of the participating state agencies including special education and foster care services.

Observation 1A

The approved individualized education program (IEP) did not document that extended school year (ESY) services were required for the student's special educational placement. The FAPT case manager confirmed that the client did not require ESY services, and thus the service that was provided from June 7, 2016 through September 5, 2016 was not written in the student's IEP. The intent of CSA is to ensure provided services are appropriate in the least restrictive environment, while protecting the welfare of children and maintaining the safety of the public. The student did not require placement for purposes of special education during the period the services was provided and therefore was not eligible to access state pool funds. The chart on the next page details the questioned costs resulting from the ineligible services funded.

Observation1B

Hopewell Department of Social Services actively supported continued placement and funding of treatment foster care services for a youth older than 18 with significant intellectual disabilities. COV Section 63.2-908 provides the local Department of Social Services (LDSS) the authority to provide foster care services to a youth "in a permanent foster care placement where the child shall remain until attaining majority or thereafter, until the age of twenty-one years, if such placement is requisite to providing funds for the care of such child, so long as the child is a

participant in an educational, treatment, or training program approved pursuant to regulations of the board." COV Section 63.2-905.1 requires that the LDSS provide independent living services to all youth turning 18 while in foster care who are not otherwise eligible for foster care services in per COV 63.2-908. VDSS issued Broadcast 9088 dated April 15, 2015 providing clarification regarding the provision of services of youth who turn 18 while in foster care. Despite the guidance issued, Hopewell DSS and the CPMT continued the placement of the youth and funding of treatment foster care without a permanent foster care agreement or coordinating independent living services. During the transition period, guardianship of the client was not awarded to the LDSS or foster parent nor was a guardian ad litem (GAL) sought to represent the client's interest. However, the LDSS case manager continued to sign individual services plans as the legal guardian with little to no participation in service plan meetings by the youth or foster parent. Each has participated in only one FAPT meeting since the child's 18th birthday. The chart below details the questioned costs resulting from the ineligible services funded.

	Questioned Costs – In Fiscal Year 20		
Client	Services	Total Cost	State Share
A	Treatment Foster Care Services	\$193,266.00	\$141,721.96
	Independent Living Services	\$108,173.00	\$79,323.26
	Summer Camp	\$2,556.00	\$1,874.31
В	Congregate Education (ESY)	\$8,240.00	\$6,042.39
		Questioned Cost	\$228,961.93

Recommendations:

- The CPMT should ensure that all requirements for eligibly in accordance with federal, state and CSA policies and procedures are met prior to accessing CSA pool funds.
- The City of Hopewell CPMT should submit a quality improvement plan, for review by the OCS Finance Office, to address whether the funds will be voluntarily restored. Upon review and recommendations presented by OCS Finance staff, the CPMT will be notified of the final determination made by the Executive Director of whether the identified actions are acceptable or any additional actions that may be required.

Client Comment:

"The CPMT is currently reviewing this issue and will be providing additional information related to some aspects of the finding, specifically 1) the disallowance for Independent Living Services; and 2) the timeframe established for the disallowance of Treatment Foster Care Services."

B) PROGRAM ACTIVITIES

Observation #2: Criteria: Compliance and Internal Control – Repeat Observation

Documentation of service planning activities requires strengthening to ensure compliance with program requirements. Fifteen (15) client case files were examined to confirm that required documentation was maintained in support of and to validate FAPT and /or multi-disciplinary team (MDT) referral and CPMT funding decisions. The results of the examination identified opportunities for improvement based on the following:

Client case files did not always contain sufficient information demonstrating compliance with CSA requirements key to the coordination and service planning by FAPT. Local policy states that the Individual Family Service Plan (IFSP) should contain measurable goals and objectives, strategies, and timeline to accomplish the stated goals to address each need identified through the assessment process. At the IFSP 90-day review, case managers are required to report on child/family progress to stated goals and objectives or provide rationale for no progress being made by the child/family along with new recommended strategies toward overcoming these barriers to making progress. Documentation missing from case files reviewed and/or data elements omitted from the IFSP are documented in the table below:

Description	# of Cases	Error Rate
Parental (biological or foster parent) participation in service planning activities and/or consent to the service plan	4/15	27%
Measurable goals and objectives, strategies, and/or discharge planning (Repeat)	4/15	27%
Consent to exchange information form (missing, expired or incomplete) (Repeat)	3/15	20%

Insufficient data collection and poor document management in service planning may lead to increased operational and fiscal inefficiency and ineffectiveness of the local program. Further, this condition fosters an environment that makes the program more susceptible to potential loss of accessibility to State funding in support of local programs as a result of non-compliance with CSA statutes regarding service planning and access to pool funds.

The non-compliance observations referenced in this report were also identified in the CSA audit conducted in 2013 of the City of Hopewell CSA program. The Hopewell CSA Office subsequently reported to OCS that the quality improvement plan submitted in response to the observations reported had been implemented. The CPMT, as the governing body, is responsible for on-going monitoring of the quality improvement plan to ensure timely implementation of the plan and the actions taken are continuously working as intended.

Recommendations:

- The FAPT and/or the CSA Coordinator should ensure that minimum documentation requirements are met and maintained in client case files. Key documents include but are not limited to: completed consent to exchange information forms. In addition, IFSPS should contain measurable goals and objectives, strategies, and discharge planning.
- As required by CSA statute, the CPMT should ensure families (biological, foster, or any other natural supports) are involved in all aspects of service planning and implementation of services.
- Periodic case file reviews should be performed at least annually to establish quality control of client records and to ensure compliance with CSA statutory requirements.
- The CPMT should monitor the implementation of all quality improvement plans and ensure the intended changes are operating as intended.

Client Comment:

"CPMT concurs. CPMT will develop a plan that puts stronger controls in place to ensure the listed concerns are not repeated."

C) CPMT GOVERNANCE

Observation #3:

Criteria:

Compliance and Internal Control - Repeat Observation

Adequate measures have not been established and/or implemented by the City of Hopewell CPMT to evaluate and ensure accountability and effectiveness of the locally managed CSA program. Opportunities for improvement were noted based on instances of non-compliance with CSA statutory requirements and internal control weaknesses identified as follows:

• While the CPMT has developed a strategic plan, it does not incorporate S.M.A.R.T. goals and objectives to effectively evaluate program effectiveness (see depiction below). The current plan approved by the CPMT features outputs and activities that lack: (1) clear, tangible details that are relevant to the established goals/objectives, (2) specific benchmark/baseline for measuring progress, and (3) target dates for completion. While the current plan was achievable, the stated goals, objectives, output/strategies, and activities were not challenging. An excerpt from the Hopewell CSA Goals and Strategies is shown on the next page.



Excerpted from Hopewell CSA Goals and Strategies

	eer pred from Exoperion Com Goan		
GOAL	OBJECTIVE	OUTPUT/ STRATEGY	ACTIVITIES
Hopewell Children's Services Agency will implement a collaborative means by which the needs of local youth and families served by CSA can be assessed for critical needs.	Ensure that services and funding are consistent with the Commonwealth's policies of preserving families and providing appropriate services in the least restrictive environment, while protecting the welfare of children and maintain the safety of the public.	CPMT and FAPT will assemble each July to discuss and restructure the mission and vision of CSA as needed.	develop a strategic plan and long-term goals

Program oversight by the CPMT has not included review and/or assessment of specific reports that summarize, in aggregate, program outcomes to demonstrate accomplishment of local program goals and objectives and effectiveness of the services provided correlated with the funds expended. Moreover, the CPMT has not reviewed local and statewide data provided in the management reports on the number of children served, children placed out of state, demographics, types of services provided, duration of services, child and family outcomes, and performance measures. The CPMT had not tracked the utilization and performance of residential placements using data and management reports to develop and implement strategies for returning children placed outside of the Commonwealth, preventing placements, and reducing lengths of stay in residential programs for children who can appropriately and effectively be served in their home, relative's homes, family-like setting, or their community.

This observation was also identified in the CSA audit conducted in 2013 of the City of Hopewell CSA program. The Hopewell CSA Office subsequently reported to OCS that the quality improvement plan submitted in response to the observations reported was in progress. The CPMT, as the governing body, is responsible for on-going monitoring of the quality improvement plan to ensure timely implementation of the plan and the actions taken are continuously working as intended.

The ability of the City of Hopewell CPMT to adequately monitor and provide oversight of the local CSA program is an essential component of organizational governance. The absence of formal program evaluation activities to ensure that the goals and objectives of the program are met ultimately impacts the CPMT efforts to better serve the needs of youth and families in the community and to maximize the use of state and community resources.

Recommendations:

- The CPMT should incorporate S.M.A.R.T. goals and objectives within their strategic plan to facilitate effective and meaningful overall evaluations of the Hopewell CSA program.
- The CPMT should track and report on their progress in meeting their strategic goals and objectives to all stakeholders at least annually to bring about further awareness of the CSA program and to evidence a formal program evaluation activity.
- The CPMT should periodically review local and statewide data provided in OCS management reports located on the CSA website, specifically but not limited to CSA:
 - CSA Performance Measures for FY 2015 and FY 2016 (web link)
 - O Performance Dashboard (web link)
 - O Data Set Reports (web link)
 - OCS Reports to the General Assembly (web link: http://www.csa.virginia.gov/OCSData/ReportsPublications)

Client Comment:

"CPMT concurs with the findings and will work to strengthen the strategic plan."

Observation #4:

Criteria:

Compliance and Internal Control – Repeat Observation

Written policies and procedures are not consistent with State statutes, established state CSA guidance, and/or best practices which direct the CPMT to ensure that procedures are established to govern local CSA programs. A review of City of Hopewell CPMT policies and procedures manual noted the following criteria were not met and opportunities for improvement.

- The policies and procedures manual has not been updated since May 2014;
- Policies have not been established to govern records management/retention.
- While there is a policy governing Intensive Care Coordination (ICC), it does not align with the high fidelity wraparound (HFW) model adopted by the State Executive Council (SEC) in April 2013. In addition, Hopewell CSA provided a Memorandum of Agreement with District 19 Community Service Board (CSB) to provide ICC services. However, the MOA and the scope of services has not been updated since March 2011 and does not address the provisions necessary to fulfill the requirements of the HFW model. The current ICC policy adopted by the SEC removed the limitation of ICC services only being provided through the

CSB. ICC services may be provided by any provider trained in the high fidelity wraparound model.

Outdated polices and procedure increases the likelihood of employee's action being out of compliance with statutory requirements. As a best practice, policies and procedures should be reviewed at least annually and updated as needed.

The non-compliance observation pertaining to ICC was also identified in the CSA audit conducted in 2013 of the City of Hopewell CSA program. The Hopewell CSA Office subsequently reported to OCS that the quality improvement plan submitted in response to the observation reported was in progress. The CPMT, as the governing body, is responsible for ongoing monitoring of the quality improvement plan to ensure timely implementation of the plan and the actions taken are continuously working as intended.

Recommendations:

The CPMT should initiate an immediate review of their policies and procedures and update the policies where applicable to ensure full compliance with all Code of Virginia (COV) and CSA mandates and best practices.

Client Comment:

"The CPMT will update the Policy and Procedure manual to reflect current regulations within a time frame negotiated with OCS."

Observation #5:

Criteria:

Compliance and Internal Control

Internal controls established by CSA statutes were not effectively implemented by the CPMT in order to safeguard against conflicts of interest pertaining to the referral of services and approval of access to CSA pool funds by eligible youth and their families. Non-public members serving on the CPMT and FAPT did not complete the Statement of Economic Interest (SOEI) form as required by statute. In addition, CPMT did not verify that team members representing public agencies that were required to file such forms complied with the requirement. Based on the increased possibility that required parties may not have appropriately disclosed personal interests the effectiveness of the controls to ensure accountability and appropriate use of CSA pool funds could be significantly reduced.

Recommendations:

The CPMT should ensure that the SOEI forms are completed immediately for all non-public members serving on the CPMT and FAPT, and verify that all public members on CPMT required to complete the form as a condition of employment have complied with the statute. They should also ensure that disclosure statements are completed annually thereafter, by the established due date of February 1st.

Client Comment:

"CSA Manager will ensure that all persons representing non-public agencies will sign a confidentiality statement and statement of economic interest before serving as members of CPMT and FAPT."

Observation #6:

Criteria:

Compliance and Internal Control

The composition of members serving on Hopewell CPMT and FAPT does not meet the membership requirements established by CSA statute and local policy. Hopewell CPMT does not have a representative from the Health Department and the FAPT is missing the parent representative. The absence of the Health Department and the parent representative from the responsible for the administration and implementation of the local CSA could potentially impede the achievement of the highest degree of multi-disciplinary collaboration as oversight, governance, and service planning are contingent upon active participation by all required members.

Recommendations:

The CPMT should secure a representative from the Health Department to serve on the CPMT and appoint a parent representative to serve on FAPT in accordance with statute and local policy.

Client Comment:

"Representation on the CPMT has been requested from the Hopewell Health Department. Hopewell has continually struggled to find consistent parent representation on FAPT. We will continue to reach out to parents and try to secure a parent representative."

OTHER DEFICIENCES OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

D) FISCAL ACTIVITIES

Observation #7:

Criteria:

Internal Control - Repeat Observation

Adequate measures were not always consistently applied to ensure effective and efficient use of financial resources that could be used to offset the costs incurred for CSA pool funded services. Based on the results of the fifteen (15) client case files reviewed, the following two (2) missed opportunities were identified:

- An assessment of parental ability to share financial responsibility for non-educational costs associated with services provided to an eligible youth meeting the special education mandate criteria for special education wraparound funding was not documented. The non-compliance observation pertaining to parental co-pay assessments was also identified in the CSA audit conducted in 2013 of the City of Hopewell CSA program. The Hopewell CSA Office subsequently reported to OCS that the quality improvement plan submitted in response to the observation reported was implemented. The CPMT, as the governing body, is responsible for on-going monitoring of the quality improvement plan to ensure timely implementation of the plan and the actions taken are continuously working as intended.
- Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) program was not explored as a possible funding source for a client that may have been eligible for the program. EPSDT is a comprehensive and preventive child health program for individuals under the age of 21 who are Medicaid/Family Access to Medical Insurance Security Plan (FAMIS) eligible and require specialized services which are medically necessary treatment services that are not a routinely covered service through Virginia Medicaid. The Appropriations Act requires Community Policy and Management Teams (CPMT) to utilize Medicaid-funded services whenever they are available for the appropriate treatment of children and youth receiving services under the CSA. Had the FAPT and CPMT explored this funding source and the youth determined eligible for the program, the Hopewell CSA program could have saved \$20,820 in state and local dollars expended during the period May 1, 2016 April 30, 2017.

The opportunity lost for collection of additional funds through the assessment/collection of parental co-pay or utilizing other funding streams is significant and could materially impact the local program's ability to increase funding availability for services required to meet the needs of the community.

Recommendations:

- The CPMT should ensure that the FAPT and the CSA Coordinator documents parental ability to pay, supported by verification of stated income or certification stating indigent status. The amount assessed should be reported to the CPMT along with the request for approval for funding of FAPT referred services. Such documentation should be retained in the case file for the required records retention period.
- The CPMT should ensure all appropriate Medicaid funded services have been explored prior to authorizing expenditures for pool fund reimbursement.

Client Comment:

"The CPMT will ensure that all appropriate fund sources are explored and utilized before accessing CSA pool funds. In addition, CSA Manager will ensure that all parents/guardians are assessed a co-pay before any co-pay eligible services begins."

Observation #8:

Criteria:

Internal Control

A formal process has not been established for the reconciliation of CSA reported balances to the locality's reported general ledger account balances. Standard industry best practices dictate cash receipts, appropriations, expenditures, adjustments, and fund balances are formally reconciled at least monthly, but no less than annually. Monthly reconciliations further enhance the reliability of information pertaining to the availability of pool funds and the financial position of the CSA program that is used for management decision- making.

Recommendations:

The CPMT should ensure that a process is established for fully reconciling CSA fund balances periodically, to include appropriations, expenditures, revenues, adjustments, and cash (where applicable) with local government general ledger accounts.

Client Comment:

"The CPMT is working with the City of Hopewell to establish a process for reconciliation of CSA reported balances."

CONCLUSION

Our audit concluded that there were major deficiencies in compliance and internal controls over the City of Hopewell CSA program, particularly in reference to operational and governance practices and fiscal activities. Conditions were identified pertaining to programmatic/statutory compliance, operating, and fiscal practices of the locally administered program that could adversely impact the effective and efficient use of resources, as well as compliance with statutory requirements. An exit conference was conducted on Monday, August 21, 2017, to present the audit results to the City of Hopewell CPMT. Persons in attendance representing the City of Hopewell CPMT were as follows:

Diana Barnes, CPMT Chair,
Dr. Shelia Bailey, Public Schools
Tim Beard, Court Service Unit
Ray Spicer, Social Services, (Former CPMT Chair)
Melissa Dennis, CPMT Parent Representative
Lauren Hovis, Private Provider Representative
Wanda Brown, CSA Manager
Christene Teasley, CSA Administrative Assistant

Representing the Office of Children's Services was Annette Larkin, Program Auditor. We would like to thank the City of Hopewell Community Policy and Management Team and related CSA staff for their cooperation and assistance on this audit.

REPORT DISTRIBUTION

Scott Reiner, Executive Director Office of Children's Services

Charles E. Dane, Assistant City Manager City of Hopewell

Diana Barnes, CPMT Chair

Lance Wolff, Interim Director of Finance CPMT Fiscal Agent

Wanda Brown, CSA Manager

SEC Finance and Audit Committee



CHILDREN'S SERVICES ACT PROGRAM AUDIT

City of Hopewell

Special Review

Audit Report No. 01-2016

November 3, 2017



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	CHRONOLOGY		
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Date	Event Description		
6/5/2015	OCS Executive Director receives notification from the Department of Medical		
	Assistance Services (DMAS) concerning activities in Hopewell which may involve the		
	CSA program's use of mentoring services, which were provided concurrently with		
	community-based Medicaid eligible services.		
7/1/2015	Interagency collaboration and coordination of efforts regarding concerns of non-		
	compliance and misuse of CSA and Medicaid funds. Agencies represented included:		
	OCS, DMAS, Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services (DBHDS),		
	Office of the Attorney General, Medicaid Fraud Control Unit (MFCU), and Magellan		
	of Virginia.		
7/20/2015	OCS Executive Director receives an anonymous complaint alleging non-compliance		
	and inappropriate use of CSA funds.		
	OCS Program Auditors notified Hopewell CSA's CPMT Chair of intent to initiate a		
	review of the Hopewell CSA program.		
7/28/2015 -	Onsite audit fieldwork began. At the conclusion of the onsite fieldwork, OCS		
7/30/2015	Program Auditors provided an informal debriefing to the full CPMT of potential non-		
n • ===================================	compliance areas. Details of audit procedures and results are noted in the body of		
	the full report.		
8/5/2015	OCS Program Auditors notified Hopewell CSA's CPMT Chair, Fiscal Agent, and CSA		
	Coordinator of preliminary observations and requested additional information		
	needed to complete the review.		
01/14/2016	OCS was advised to suspend review until further notice due to coordinated and		
器 戴	ongoing investigations by other state and federal agencies that were yet to be		
	concluded.		
10/12/2017	OCS was advised to resume the special review.		

AUDIT PROCEDURES

- 1. <u>Policy/Procedure Reviews.</u> Reviewed the Code of Virginia Children's Services Act (§ 2.2-5200 et seq.), CSA Policy Manual, and City of Hopewell CSA Program Policies and Procedures Manual (Amended May 2014). The documents were reviewed to establish the following:
 - A. Eligibility criteria to access CSA pool funds.
 - B. Policies and procedures governing CSA referrals and funding authorizations.
 - C. Policies and procedures governing contracting and purchase of services.
 - D. CPMT monitoring/oversight activities to ensure appropriateness of services and accountability of funds.
- 2. <u>Assessment of CPMT Oversight Activities</u>. Reviewed CPMT meeting minutes for fiscal years 2013 through 2015. Documents were utilized in search of evidence of the CPMT's engagement in oversight activities such as policy/procedure development and/or reviews; coordination of long-range planning; utilization review/utilization management; evaluations of fiscal and program performance outcomes; authorization of funding for services recommended by the Family Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT); and implementation of quality improvement plan tasks related to deficiencies noted in the prior audit engagement.
- 3. <u>Analyses.</u> Obtained and reviewed fiscal and performance management reports from the OCS website for FY 2013-2015, as well as general ledger/accounts payable reports provided by Hopewell's Finance office indicating payments for mentoring services. Documents were reviewed to identify trends/outliers particular to the Hopewell CSA program.
- 4. <u>Interviews.</u> Conducted interviews with the CSA Coordinator and Fiscal Agent to obtain additional information and/or clarification regarding the documentation used in the verification of client eligibility, evidence of required service planning activities and funding authorizations; and determinations of fiscal impact. Communications were exchanged (in-person, email, or by phone) on numerous occasions from July 20, 2015 through December 18, 2015.
- 5. Client Records Reviews. Reviewed a sample consisting of fifty (50) client records for which community based services were funded during the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. Client records were examined to verify compliance with CSA requirements governing eligibility to access state pool funds and documentation of justification for services recommended and funded. File contents such as: Individual and Family Services Plans (IFSP), Individualized Education Program (IEP), Child and Adolescent Needs and Strengths Assessments (CANS), vendor treatment plans, vendor progress notes, utilization review reports, consent to exchange information, Child in Need of Services (CHINS) determinations, vendor purchase orders and invoices, etc. were closely scrutinized in the application of CSA eligibility criteria and verification that required compliance requirements were met. Traced services denoted in the IFSP and/or IEP to CPMT minutes to confirm funding approvals.
- 6. <u>Financial Reporting Evaluation</u>. Obtained general ledger account codes used in the locality's accounts payable ledgers and subsequently recorded in the applicable expenditure categories of the CSA Pool Fund Reimbursement Reports. Along with vendor invoices, assessed whether expenditures were properly recorded as "sum sufficient" or "non-sum sufficient".

AUDIT OBSERVATIONS AND RESULTS

Observation 1

The City of Hopewell CSA Program improperly expended \$428,960.00 and was reimbursed the state share of \$370,981.36 funds in the purchase of services for ineligible clients. Based upon application of the criteria established by the of Code of Virginia (COV) § 2.2-5212 (Eligibility for state pool of funds), 36 clients with services funded by the state pool were determined ineligible for this funding. Fifteen (15) of those 36 clients were referred by the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act (VJCCCA)/Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ).

There was no documentation of either "sum sufficient" or "non-sum" sufficient" eligibility. Extensive reviews were conducted of client case files that included: (1) examination of file documentation such as IFSPs and CANS assessments, (2) interviews with the CSA Coordinator, (3) verifications with the Department of Juvenile Justice of client referrals where indicated, (4) and consultation with OCS Program Consultants for further validation of conclusions.

Exhibit A on page 8 provides a detailed breakdown of the referral source and period covered.

Observation 2

The City of Hopewell CSA Program improperly expended \$534,690.94 and was reimbursed the state share of \$453,765.61 funds for the purchase of services for thirteen (13) CSA eligible clients where it was determined that required CSA documentation and funding authorization to support expenditures could not be located, and thus audit verification procedures could not be performed.

The auditor reviewed client case files for verification that services were recommended by the Family Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT) and documented in an approved service plan (IFSP) evidenced by FAPT signatures per COV § 2.2-5208. CPMT minutes and supplemental spreadsheets of services recommended for funding were closely examined to established that funding of services recommended were properly authorized per COV § 2.2-5206. The spreadsheets presented to the CPMT and the authorizations noted in the meeting minutes did not always include community-based services regardless of whether expenditures were classified as "sum sufficient" or "non-sum sufficient". When discussing audit concerns with the full CPMT about spreadsheets presented to CPMT for funding authorization, the CPMT appeared unaware that community-based services recommended were not included. In addition, CPMT's monitoring activities did not include any reconciliation and/or analysis of total funding authorizations to actual expenditures paid.

Exhibit B on page 9 provides a detailed breakdown of the referral source and period covered.

Observation 3

In FY 2015, the City of Hopewell CSA Program exceeded its established limit for the use of protected state pool funds to provide funding for services for clients that did not meet the criteria for "sum sufficient" eligibility. Hopewell was allocated \$71,270 in protected funds for FY 2015 per Section 4.5.1 of the Children's Services Act Policy Manual, "Protected Funds" (Adopted 1994, Revised 1995, 1996, 1997). However, actual expenditures totaled \$144,291 resulting in an over expenditure of \$73,021. A significant portion (\$59,450) this amount is a direct result of expenditures incurred for clients that were ineligible to access state pool funds and/or where funding authorizations could not be validated (Observations 1 and 2). Less those previously identified unallowable costs, the balance of the remaining overspend of protected funds is \$13,571.00 and the state share totals \$11,752.49.

Observation 4

Fiscal processes and payment practices of the Hopewell CSA program created an environment conducive to questionable billing practices by the vendor most frequently utilized to provide mentoring services. Poor fiscal practices impacting the CSA program's funds management included:

 Invoicing for periods prior to the start date indicated in the IFSP and/or billing for more hours than specified in the service plan. Billing adjustments and/or refunds were not requested by Hopewell CSA.

Example 1: Vendor offers a summer camp program from 7/7/14 - 8/22/14. The IFSP states that services are to be provided 7/21/14 - 8/22/14. The dates of service listed on the invoice are 7/7/14 - 8/22/14 instead of 7/21/14 - 8/22/14. Estimated Cost \$1,250

Example 2: Vendor invoiced for 10 hours per week rather than the 6 hours per week stated in the IFSP. Estimated Cost. \$5,500

 The vendor remitted invoices requesting payment prior to the end of the period for which services were to be rendered. Hopewell CSA office improperly submitted the invoices to the finance office for payment without verification that the services billed had been received.

Example 3: Vendor invoice dated 8/12/14. Service dates were indicated as 8/4/14-8/22/14. Invoice was marked as received and approved for payment on 8/13/14, at least 9 days before the services were scheduled to be completed.

Purchase orders were not prepared by the CSA Office until after services were initiated and the vendor invoices were received. This issue was raised in a prior audit (9/25/2013). When interviewed, the former CSA Coordinator and CPMT Fiscal Agent cited the aging financial accounting system as the cause and noted that a new system would be installed. The auditor confirmed that a new financial accounting system was actively in use. However, the process for completing purchase orders timely remained unchanged.

The current CSA Coordinator and CPMT Fiscal Agent were interviewed and were asked to provide and explanation for why such practices were permitted. The CSA Coordinator was new to the role and deferred to the CPMT Fiscal Agent, who was unable to provide sufficient justification for the breakdown in fiscal controls that are widely accepted as standard industry best practices.

Observation 5

The review also included a follow-up of our previous audit (report dated 9/25/2013) to determine whether the quality improvement plan that was provided by the Hopewell CPMT had been implemented satisfactorily. The quality improvement plan identified specific tasks that were to be completed by July 1, 2014 to address reported deficiencies. Based on the results of our current onsite fieldwork that covered fiscal years 2013 to 2015, the following exceptions represent repeat audit observations for which quality improvement tasks have not been implemented:

- Documentation of service planning activities requires strengthening to ensure compliance with program requirements. Client case files did not include the following required documents: IFSPs, CANS assessments, consent to exchange information, utilization reviews, vendor treatment plans, vendor progress reports, vendor invoices, purchase orders, evidence of parental involvement.
- Utilization management/utilization review of residential facilities were not performed in accordance with locally established policies and procedures.
- Local policies and procedures governing the provision of Intensive Care
 Coordination (ICC) services have not been established.
- Assessment of parental contributions were not documented to evidence parental ability to share financial responsibility for costs associated with services provided to eligible youth.
- Hopewell CSA Program's philosophy, ethics, goals, objectives, policies, procedures, and performance metric/outcomes are not effectively communicated to stakeholders.

Given that the same deficiencies exists two years after the prior audit, this represents an extended period where management's action in response to significant risk exposures (i.e. non-compliance and internal control weaknesses) has been delayed. The purpose of the quality improvement plan is to ensure management takes appropriate action to resolve deficiencies in a timely manner. The CPMT, as the governing body, is responsible for on-going monitoring of the quality improvement plan to ensure the implementation of the plan and that actions taken are working as intended.

HOPEWELL CSA SPECIAL REVIEW – REPORT SUMMARY

CONCLUSION

Our audit concluded that there were major deficiencies¹ in compliance and internal controls in the Hopewell CSA program. There were a series of serious shortcomings in governance, fiscal and operational practices that fueled an environment conducive to non-compliance with state and local CSA statutes, policies, and procedures and the resulting misuse of CSA funds. However, poor oversight and monitoring of the program by the CPMT is the most notable. During an informal debriefing with the full CPMT, members acknowledged that even after receipt of the prior audit report that they relied extensively on the former CSA Coordinators' knowledge and experience that CSA compliance requirements were being met.

The inadequate day-to-day management of the CSA program by the former CSA Coordinator and subsequent failures in oversight by the CPMT adversely impacted effective and efficient use of resources, accomplishment of program objectives, and compliance with statutory requirements. Comparative and trend analysis of fiscal and management reports highlight examples that link areas of non-compliance and fiscal mismanagement:

- Total expenditures increased 23% (\$827,500) from 2014 to 2015. However, 39% of the expenditure increase can be attributed to the average amount of unallowable expenditures identified in the special review (\$325,740.65 per year). Excluding the unallowable expenditures, the increase in expenditures from 2014 to 2015 would have been 14% rather than 23%.
- From 2013 to 2015, the average number of children served annually was 159. Based on the sample (50) of client files selected, community-based mentoring services were funded for at least 31% of the client population. However, it was determined that 36 (72%) of those 50 clients were ineligible.
- The average duration of community based services increased 51 days from 276 in 2014 to 327 in 2015. Of the client case files examined, mentoring services were provided from seven (7) weeks to three (3) years.
- In 2015, the use of community based services was 24% higher than the statewide average while
 the percent of youth with a decrease in CANS Child Behavior/Emotional Needs domain was 3.7%
 below the statewide average. Child behavior/emotional concerns were most often indicated in
 the IFSP as the justification for community-based mentoring services.
- Fifteen percent (\$672,200) of the total expenditures in 2015 were paid to one vendor, which was
 the primary provider of mentoring services for youth determined ineligible or where required CSA
 documentation and funding authorization to support expenditures were missing. This was a 24%
 increase over the amount paid to the same provider in 2014.

Funds
Identified for
Recovery

\$836,499.46 (state share of \$977,221.94 in unallowable CSA expenditures)

¹ Major deficiency is defined as an internal control deficiency or combination of deficiencies that severely reduces the likelihood that the entity can achieve its' objectives." Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control Integrated Framework, May 2013.

HOPEWELL CSA SPECIAL REVIEW – REPORT SUMMARY

RECOMMENDATIONS

Office of Children's Services:

The City of Hopewell should be denied \$836,499.46 (state share) in accordance with State Executive Council (SEC) Policy 4.6 (Denial of Funds) due to violations of Virginia law and CSA policy. This amount should be recovered from future requests for state CSA reimbursements.

Hopewell Community Policy and Management Team:

The Hopewell Community Policy and Management Team should prepare and submit a quality improvement plan addressing the audit observations included in this report within 30 days of receipt of this report. The plan should identify tasks to be completed, responsible party for monitoring implementation, and target date for completion. Suggestions of areas to be addressed include:

- Review existing fiscal and program policies, procedures and practices and revise where necessary to ensure state and local program and fiscal compliance requirements are met, to include but not limited to:
 - FAPT referrals,
 - o Parental contribution assessments,
 - FAPT service planning,
 - o CPMT authorization of funding,
 - Utilization reviews and Utilization management,
 - o Quality assurance reviews (by someone other than CSA Coordinator),
 - Records management and retention
 - o Expenditure payment processing/documentation,
 - o Fund balance reconciliations and financial reporting, and
 - CPMT governance activities (frequency of meetings, review of financial/performance monitoring reports in aggregate and/or child-specific, validation of integrity/accuracy of information used in decision making).

The tasks identified should address the manner in which service planning recommendations, funding authorizations, and other governance actions conducted by the CPMT can be substantiated.

- Establish a formal training program and implement periodic and ongoing training for all CSA stakeholders (CPMT, FAPT, Case Manager, Families, etc.).
- On an ongoing basis, the CPMT should monitor the progress of all quality improvement plans to
 ensure timely implementation of tasks identified and that control activities are operating as
 intended. It should be noted that A full financial/compliance audit was completed by OCS of the
 Hopewell CSA (September 12, 2017) for which a quality improvement plan was required that
 addressed similar exceptions noted in this report.

EXHIBIT - A

			No Docume	ntati	ion of Eligibili	ty
	Client ID	1	Expenditures Paid		State Share	Period
	670-A	\$	60,330.00	\$	52,245.78	07/01/2012 - 06/30/2014
	670-B	\$	18,350.00	\$	15,891.10	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-C	\$	13,890.00	\$	12,028.74	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Ę	670-D	\$	50,830.00	\$	44,018.78	07/01/2012 -06/30/2014
Referral Agency Hopewell Public Schools or Unknown	670-E	\$	48,000.00	\$	42,001.00	07/01/2012 - 06/30/2014
5	670-F	\$	3,700.00	\$	3,204.20	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
ls or	670-G	\$	3,700.00	\$	3,204.20	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
hoo	670-H	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
ic Sc	670-I	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Jubi	670-J	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
ll le	670-K	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
pew	670-L	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
y Ho	670-M	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Genc	670-N	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
al Ag	670-0	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
ferra	670-P	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Re	670-Q	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-R	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-S	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-T	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-U	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-V	\$	3,700.00	\$	3,204.20	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
£	670-W	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
eme	670-X	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
No	670-Y	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
VICCCA/DIJ DIJ active involvement)	670-Z	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
VJCCCA/DJJ DJJ active in	670-AA	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-AB	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
- ot	670-AC	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Agen	670-AD	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
ral /	670-AE	\$	88,010.00	\$	75,285.66	07/01/2012 - 06/30/2015
Referral Agency ocumentation of	670-AF	\$	21,850.00	\$	18,922.10	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Referral Agency - (with no documentation of I	670-AG	\$	25,250.00	\$	21,866.50	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
th	670-AH	\$	11,700.00	\$	10,132.20	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
Ĭ.	670-AI	\$	18,300.00	\$	15,847.80	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015
	670-AJ	\$	18,450.00	\$	15,977.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015

EXHIBIT - B

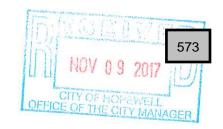
CLIENTS ELIGIBLE FOR CSA FUNDING

Missing Required CSA Documentation and/or Funding Authorization to Support Expenditures

T.B			Items Missing			State Share		Period	
Se Se	Client ID	Eligibility	Documentation Authorization Total		1	state Snare	renou		
	670-EA	Special Education	х	Х	\$	16,250.00	\$	12,509.75	07/01/2013 - 06/30/201
cial Servi	670-EB	Special Education.	х	х	\$	82,745.00	\$	67,274.82	07/01/2012 - 06/30/201
	670-EC	Special Education	х	Х	\$	36,910.00	\$	30,467.81	07/01/2012 - 06/30/201
O	670-ED	Special Education	х	Х	\$	86,010.00	\$	74,484.66	07/01/2012 - 06/30/201
ols or S	670-EE	Special Education	х	X	\$	54,500.00	\$	47,197.00	07/01/2013 - 06/30/201
hoo	670-EF	Special Education.	х	Х	\$	38,950.00	\$	31,895.30	07/01/2013 - 06/30/201
Scho	670-EG	Foster Care	х	Х	\$	96,905.00	\$	83,919.73	07/01/2012 - 06/30/201
	670-EH	Foster Care	х	Х	\$	52,782.94	\$	45,710.03	07/01/2012 - 06/30/201
	670-EI	Foster Care Prevention	х	х	\$	30,243.00	\$	26,190.44	07/01/2013 - 06/30/201
7	670-EJ	Foster Care Prevention		Х	\$	17,800.00	\$	15,414.80	07/01/2014 - 06/30/201
VJCCCA/DJJ	670-EK	Non-Mandated		X	\$	1,950.00	\$	1,688.70	07/01/2014 - 06/30/201
VICCCA/DII	670-EL	Non-Mandated	x	х	\$	17,650.00	\$	15,284.90	07/01/2014 - 06/30/201
	670-EM	Non-Mandated	х		\$	1,995.00	\$	1,727.67	07/01/2012 - 06/30/201
					-	Section 18 to the section of the sec			

\$ 534,690.94 \$ 453,765.61





COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

OFFICE OF CHILDREN'S SERVICES

SCOTT REINER, M.S. Executive Director

Administering the Children's Services Act

November 8, 2017

Mr. Charles E. Dane, Interim City Manager City of Hopewell 100 E. Broadway Hopewell, VA 23860

SUBJECT: Hopewell CSA Program Special Review

Dear Mr. Dane:

The Office of Children's Services (OCS) has completed a special review/investigation of the Hopewell Children's Services Act (CSA) Program. The nature of the review related to alleged non-compliance with the Children's Services Act and the misuse of state CSA funds. This review was limited in scope to the use of community-based services and a follow-up the prior audit conducted by OCS in 2013 to assess the status of corrective actions taken to address the reported deficiencies. This review covered the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015 and encompassed fifty (50) client case files indicating that community-based mentoring services were funded using state pool funds.

Based upon the results of the special review, we have concluded that there was sufficient evidence of non-compliance with the Children's Services Act and misuse of related funding. Consequently, the City of Hopewell CSA Program improperly incurred expenditures totaling \$977,221.94 for which the locality was subsequently reimbursed the state share of the costs incurred equaling \$836,499.46. While numerous instances of non-compliance were identified and are detailed in the associated report, the examples below best illustrate the fiscal impact of the misuse of CSA funding:

- Code of Virginia § 2.2-5212 establishes the eligibility criteria to access the state pool of funds. Based on established criteria, 72% (36 of 50) of the reviewed (and funded) clients were not eligible to access CSA pool funds. There was no documentation of either "sum sufficient" or "non-sum sufficient" eligibility. CSA funds expended on these clients totaled \$428,960 of which \$370,981.36 represents the state share reimbursement of the unallowable expenditures.
- Required CSA documentation (State Executive Council Policy 3.5, "Records Management") and funding authorizations (Code of Virginia § 2.2-5206 (9)) to support expenditures could not be located, and thus verifications could not be completed for 26% (13 of 50) of the client case files reviewed. Unallowable expenditures totaled \$534,690.94 of which the state share reimbursement is \$453,765.61.

Mr. Charles Dane, Interim City Manager Hopewell CSA Special Review November 8, 2017 Page 2

Hopewell CSA overspent their allocation of protected funds (non-sum sufficient) in Fiscal Year 2015 by \$73,021, which included \$59,450 directly related to client cases determined to be ineligible to access pool funds and/or for which required CSA documentation and funding authorizations to support expenditures could not be verified. Less the questioned costs previously identified, the remaining amount of overspend is \$13,571 and the state share of responsibility is \$11,752.49.

The details of the procedures performed to determine the validity of the allegations are included in the report summary attached.

Please contact me at your earliest convenience to schedule a meeting to discuss the next steps toward resolution of this matter.

Sincerely

Scott Reiner

Executive Director

Attachment: Hopewell Special Review Report Summary

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Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: <u>Annette E. Larkin</u> Date Prepared: 8/3/2017

Discussion Point #: MDP 6		Final Disposition: 🛛 Verbal 🔲 Report 🔲 Dropped		
Cross References: I	0.2.1	Explanations for verbal/dropped: Exceptions do not significantly impede accomplishment of agency objectives; however, management must be made aware to further enhance existing internal controls.		
Condition/ Control Weakness	 Annual CANS assessments were not completed timely. For two clients, the auditor identified lapses of 8-11 days the in the completion of the annual CANS assessment. In one case the discharge CANS was not competed when the case closed to CSA. Two CANS assessments had a status of open. Open CANS data can be manipulated and/or incomplete, which may reduce the reliability, integrity and validity of the data. STI Listing was not maintained by the CSA Office in accordance with the joint memorandum between the Department of Education and the Office of Children Services. Expenditures were recorded in the incorrect expenditure category. One case a client placed in a residential facility for educational purposes but the expenditures were recorded in the Private Day expense category instead of the congregated education category. In two cases progress notes and treatment plans were not always maintain or signed off by the service provider. 			
Authority/ Criteria	Code of Virginia (COV	7) §2.2-5212A; CSA Policy Manual 3.6; Joint Memorandum from on the of Education dated 10/29/10,CSA Policy Manual 5		
•	Code of Virginia (COV OCS and the Departme CANS assessm CANVaS and I Utilization Revi The FAPT and after all services The CSA Office STI listing to in accordance with 2010. The CPMT shows	(initial, re-assessment and discharge) should be completed in maintained in client records in accordance with City of Hopewell iew Policy. the CSA coordinator should ensure all CANS assessments are closed is plans are completed. e should coordinator efforts with the school division to maintain the include the STI number, student name and service placement type in the joint memorandum between DOE and OCS dated October 29, ould ensure all expenses are recorded in the proper expenditure to submitting their pool fund reimbursement report.		
Criteria	Code of Virginia (COV OCS and the Departme CANS assessm CANVaS and I Utilization Revi The FAPT and after all services The CSA Office STI listing to in accordance with 2010. The CPMT shows	(initial, re-assessment and discharge) should be completed in maintained in client records in accordance with City of Hopewell iew Policy. the CSA coordinator should ensure all CANS assessments are closed is plans are completed. e should coordinator efforts with the school division to maintain the aclude the STI number, student name and service placement type in the joint memorandum between DOE and OCS dated October 29, ould ensure all expenses are recorded in the proper expenditure to submitting their pool fund reimbursement report. CLIENT RESPONSE		
Criteria	Code of Virginia (COV OCS and the Departme CANS assessm CANVaS and I Utilization Revi The FAPT and after all services The CSA Office STI listing to in accordance with 2010. The CPMT she category prior to	(a) §2.2-5212A; CSA Policy Manual 3.6; Joint Memorandum from the of Education dated 10/29/10,CSA Policy Manual 5 ents (initial, re-assessment and discharge) should be completed in maintained in client records in accordance with City of Hopewell item Policy. the CSA coordinator should ensure all CANS assessments are closed as plans are completed. e should coordinator efforts with the school division to maintain the aclude the STI number, student name and service placement type in the joint memorandum between DOE and OCS dated October 29, ould ensure all expenses are recorded in the proper expenditure of submitting their pool fund reimbursement report. CLIENT RESPONSE Signature:		
Criteria	Code of Virginia (COV OCS and the Departme CANS assessm CANVaS and I Utilization Revi The FAPT and after all services The CSA Office STI listing to in accordance with 2010. The CPMT she category prior to	ents (initial, re-assessment and discharge) should be completed in maintained in client records in accordance with City of Hopewell iew Policy. the CSA coordinator should ensure all CANS assessments are closed is plans are completed. e should coordinator efforts with the school division to maintain the include the STI number, student name and service placement type in the joint memorandum between DOE and OCS dated October 29, ould ensure all expenses are recorded in the proper expenditure of submitting their pool fund reimbursement report. CLIENT RESPONSE Signature:		

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Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: Annette E. Larkin	Date Prepared:	8/3/2017
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☐ No opinion at this time	Date:						
COMMENTS: (Attach additional sheets if neces	COMMENTS: (Attach additional sheets if necessary)						
Rev	viewed By: Click here to enter text	Date: Click here to enter a date					

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Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: Annette E. Larkin Date Prepared: 8/3/2017

Discussion Point #:	MDP 5	Final Disposition: Verbal Report Dropped
Cross References: D.2.1		Explanations for verbal/dropped:
Γ	ocumentation of serv	vice planning activities requires strengthening to ensure compliance
W	ith program requiren	nents. Fifteen (15) client case files were examined to confirm that
re	equired documentation	n was maintained in support of and to validate FAPT and /or multi-
d	isciplinary team (Ml	DT) referral and CPMT funding decisions. The results of the
e	xamination identified	opportunities for improvement based on the following:
	0'1 1'1	
		ot always contain sufficient information demonstrating compliance
W	rith CSA requirement	ts key to the coordination and service planning by FAPT. Local

Client case files did not always contain sufficient information demonstrating compliance with CSA requirements key to the coordination and service planning by FAPT. Local policy states that the Individual Family Service Plan (IFSP) should contain measurable goals and objectives, strategies, and timeline to accomplish the stated goals to address each need identified through the assessment process. At the IFSP 90-day review, case managers are required to report on child/family progress to stated goals and objectives or provide rationale for no progress being made by the child/family along with new recommended strategies toward overcoming these barriers to making progress. Documentation missing from case files reviewed and/or data elements omitted from the IFSP are documented in the table below:

Condition/ Control Weakness

Description	# of	Error
	Cases	Rate
Parental (biological or foster parent) participation in service	4/15	27%
planning activities and/or consent to the service plan		
Measurable goals and objectives, strategies, and/or	4/15	27%
discharge planning (Repeat)		
Consent to exchange information form (missing, expired or	3/15	20%
incomplete) (Repeat)		

Insufficient data collection and poor document management in service planning may lead to increased operational and fiscal inefficiency and ineffectiveness of the local program. Further, this condition fosters an environment that makes the program more susceptible to potential loss of accessibility to State funding in support of local programs as a result of non-compliance with CSA statutes regarding service planning and access to pool funds.

The non-compliance observations referenced in this report were also identified in the CSA audit conducted in 2013 of the City of Hopewell CSA program. The Hopewell CSA Office subsequently reported to OCS that the quality improvement plan submitted in response to the observations reported had been implemented. The CPMT, as the governing body, is responsible for on-going monitoring of the quality improvement plan to ensure

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Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: <u>Annette E. Larkin</u> Date Prepared: 8/3/2017

	timely implementation of the plan and the actions taken are continuously working as intended.				
Authority/ Criteria	Code of Virginia (COV) § 2.2-5206 items 1 and 3; 2.2-5208 items 2, 3 and 6; §2.2-5210; § 2.2-5212 A.3-4 and B CSA Policy Manual 3.3; 3.5; 4.5.4				
Recommendation	 The FAPT and/or the CSA Coordinator should ensure that minimum documentation requirements are met and maintained in client case files. Key documents include but are not limited to: completed consent to exchange information forms. In addition, IFSPS should contain measurable goals and objectives, strategies, and discharge planning. As required by CSA statute, the CPMT should ensure families (biological, foster, or any other natural supports) are involved in all aspects of service planning and implementation of services. Periodic case file reviews should be performed at least annually to establish quality control of client records and to ensure compliance with CSA statutory requirements. The CPMT should monitor the implementation of all quality improvement plans and ensure the intended changes are operating as intended. 				
	CLIENT RESPONSE				
CSA Coordinator	Concur Signature:				
	Do not concur				
CDA 4T	No opinion at this time Date:				
CPMT	Concur Signature:				
Chairperson					
No opinion at this time Date: COMMENTS: (Attach additional sheets if necessary)					
COMMINICATION (ACCOUNT	Reviewed By: Click here to enter text. Date: Click here to enter a date.				

Office of Comprehensive Services

CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: <u>Annette E. Larkin</u> Date Prepared: 7/6/2017

Discussion Point #:	MDP 1	Final Disposition: Verbal Report Dropped			
Cross References: I	D.1.1	Explanations for verbal/dropped:			
Condition/ Control Weakness	The composition of members serving on Hopewell CPMT and FAPT does not meet the membership requirements established by CSA statute and local policy. Hopewell CPMT does not have a representative from the Health Department and the FAPT is missing the parent representative. The absence of the Health Department and the parent representative from the responsible for the administration and implementation of the local CSA could potentially impede the achievement of the highest degree of multi-disciplinary collaboration as oversight, governance, and service planning are contingent upon active participation by all required members.				
Authority/ Criteria	COV § 2.2-5205 and COV§ 2.2-5207; CSA Policy Manual 3.2.2. Membership ; COV § 2.2-5200 COV City of Hopewell CSA program policies and procedures manual				
Recommendation	The CPMT should secure a representative from the Health Department to serve on the CPMT and appoint a parent representative to serve on FAPT in accordance with statute and local policy.				
		CLIENT RESPONSE			
CSA Coordinator	Concur Do not concur No opinion at this	Signature: Date:			
CPMT	Concur	Signature:			
Chairperson	irperson Do not concur No opinion at this time Date:				
COMMENTS: (Attach additional sheets if necessary)					
Reviewed By: Click here to enter text. Date: Click here to enter a date.					

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Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: <u>Annette E. Larkin</u> Date Prepared: 8/3/2017

ι	Adequate measures we	
ι	•	. 1 1 1 1 00 1 1 00 1
Condition/ Control Weakness	An assessment of prosts associated we ducation mandate documented. The assessments was a Hopewell CSA protected that the quality implemented. The monitoring of the quand the actions take. Early and Periodic explored as a possiprogram. EPSDT individuals under the Security Plan (FAI necessary treatmen Medicaid. The AT Teams (CPMT) to appropriate treatmen FAPT and CPMT exprogram, the Hopedollars expended dutagraph or utility or page 100 page	ere not always consistently applied to ensure effective and efficient roes that could be used to offset the costs incurred for CSA pool d on the results of the fifteen (15) client case files reviewed, the ed opportunities were identified: parental ability to share financial responsibility for non-educational with services provided to an eligible youth meeting the special e criteria for special education wraparound funding was not non-compliance observation pertaining to parental co-pay lso identified in the CSA audit conducted in 2013 of the City of ogram. The Hopewell CSA Office subsequently reported to OCS provement plan submitted in response to the observation reported was a CPMT, as the governing body, is responsible for on-going quality improvement plan to ensure timely implementation of the plan are continuously working as intended. Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) program was not ible funding source for a client that may have been eligible for the is a comprehensive and preventive child health program for the age of 21 who are Medicaid/Family Access to Medical Insurance MIS) eligible and require specialized services which are medically appropriations Act requires Community Policy and Management utilize Medicaid-funded services whenever they are available for the ent of children and youth receiving services under the CSA. Had the explored this funding source and the youth determined eligible for the explored this funding source and the youth determined eligible for the explored this funding source and the youth determined eligible for the explored this funding source and the youth determined eligible for the explored this funding streams is significant and could materially impact eligible for increase funding availability for services required to meet the year.
,	Code of Virginia (COV Chapter 780 Item 285.I	7) § 2.2-5206 item 3; § 2.2-5206 item 6; 2016 Appropriation Act

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Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: Annette E. Larkin Date Prepared: 8/3/2017

Recommendation	 The CPMT should ensure that the FAPT and the CSA Coordinator documents parental ability to pay, supported by verification of stated income or certification stating indigent status. The amount assessed should be reported to the CPMT along with the request for approval for funding of FAPT referred services. Such documentation should be retained in the case file for the required records retention period. The CPMT should ensure all appropriate Medicaid funded services have been explored prior to authorizing expenditures for pool fund reimbursement. 					
		CLIENT RESPONSE				
CSA Coordinator	Concur	Signature:				
	Do not concur					
	No opinion at this time	Date:				
CPMT	Concur	Signature:				
Chairperson	Do not concur					
	■ No opinion at this time	Date:				
COMMENTS: (Attach additional sheets if necessary)						
	Rev	iewed By: Click here to enter text.	Date: Click here to enter a date.			

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Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: <u>Annette E. Larkin</u> Date Prepared: 8/3/2017

Discussion Point #: MDP 8		Final Disposition: Verbal Report Dropped		
Cross References: D.3.1				
Condition/ Control Weakness	A formal process has not been established for the reconciliation of CSA reported balances to the locality's reported general ledger account balances. Standard industry best practices dictate cash receipts, appropriations, expenditures, adjustments, and fund balances are formally reconciled at least monthly, but no less than annually. Monthly reconciliations further enhance the reliability of information pertaining to the availability of pool funds and the financial position of the CSA program that is used for management decision- making.			
Authority/ Criteria	DOA Agency Risk Mana	gement and Internal Control Standards, Control Activities		
Recommendation	The CPMT should ensure that a process is established for fully reconciling CSA fund balances periodically, to include appropriations, expenditures, revenues, adjustments, and cash (where applicable) with local government general ledger accounts.			
		CLIENT RESPONSE		
CSA Coordinator	Concur Do not concur No opinion at this tim	Signature: e Date:		
CPMT	Concur	Signature:		
Chairperson	☐ Do not concur☐ No opinion at this tim	e Date:		
COMMENTS: (Attach additional sheets if necessary)				
	Re	viewed Bv: Click here to enter text. Date: Click here to enter a date.		

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Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: <u>Annette E. Larkin</u> Date Prepared: 8/3/2017

Discussion Point #:	MDP 7	Final Disposition: Verbal Report Dropped
Cross References: D.3.1		Explanations for verbal/dropped:
Condition/ Control Weakness	share) for payment of procedures pertaining to records of two (2) clie examined to validate compliance with eligible below and the specific • The specific of that that year serve specific of the specific o	ements were requested and processed totaling \$228,961.93 (state of services where compliance with CSA statutes, policies and to client eligibility to access state pool funds were not met. The case ents for which services were funded utilizing state pool funds were client eligibility. Per Code Virginia (COV) § 2.2-5212, non-bility requirements was based on the following applicable criteria exceptions detailed in Observations 1A and 1B: child or youth requires placement for purposes of cial education in approved private school educational grams, and purposes of determining eligibility for the state pool unds, "child" or "youth" means (i) a person younger 18 years of age or (ii) any individual through 21 as of age who is otherwise eligible for mandate ices of the participating state agencies including cial education and foster care services. ualized education program (IEP) did not document that extended services were required for the student's special educational case manager confirmed that the client did not require ESY services, at was provided from June 7, 2016 through September 5, 2016 was dent's IEP. The intent of CSA is to ensure provided services are restrictive environment, while protecting the welfare of children and of the public. The student did not require placement for purposes of get the period the services was provided and therefore was not eligible ads. The chart on the next page details the questioned costs resulting vices funded. of Social Services actively supported continued placement and foster care services for a youth older than 18 with significant thority to provide foster care services to a youth "in a permanent where the child shall remain until attaining majority or thereafter.

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Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: <u>Annette E. Larkin</u> Date Prepared: 8/3/2017

until the age of twenty-one years, if such placement is requisite to providing funds for the care of such child, so long as the child is a participant in an educational, treatment, or training program approved pursuant to regulations of the board." COV Section 63.2-905.1 requires that the LDSS provide independent living services to all youth turning 18 while in foster care who are not otherwise eligible for foster care services in per COV 63.2-908. VDSS issued Broadcast 9088 dated April 15, 2015 providing clarification regarding the provision of services of youth who turn 18 while in foster care. Despite the guidance issued, Hopewell DSS and the CPMT continued the placement of the youth and funding of treatment foster care without a permanent foster care agreement or coordinating independent living services. During the transition period, guardianship of the client was not awarded to the LDSS or foster parent nor was a guardian ad litem (GAL) sought to represent the client's interest. However, the LDSS case manager continued to sign individual services plans as the legal guardian with little to no participation in service plan meetings by the youth or foster parent. Each has participated in only one FAPT meeting since the child's 18th birthday. The chart below details the questioned costs resulting from the ineligible services funded.

Questioned Costs – Ineligible Services Fiscal Year 2015 - 2016					
Client	Services	Total Cost	State Share		
A	Treatment Foster Care Services	\$193,266.00	\$141,721.96		
	Independent Living Services	\$108,173.00	\$79,323.26		
	Summer Camp	\$2,556.00	1,874.31		
В	Congregate Education (ESY)	\$8,240.00	\$6,042.39		
		\$228,961.93			

Authority/ Criteria	§2.2-5200; Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA); COV §2.2-5211; 34CFR §300.323; CSA Policy Manual 10.3; and 10.5; VDSS Foster Care Manual			
	 The CPMT should ensure that all requirements for eligibly in accordance with federal, state and CSA policies and procedures are met prior to accessing CSA pool funds. The City of Hopewell CPMT should submit a quality improvement plan, for review by 			
Recommendation	the OCS Finance Office, to address whether the funds will be voluntarily restored. Upon review and recommendations presented by OCS Finance staff, the CPMT will be notified of the final determination made by the Executive Director of whether the			

identified actions are acceptable or any additional actions that may be required.



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Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: <u>Annette E. Larkin</u> Date Prepared: 8/3/2017

CLIENT RESPONSE					
CSA Coordinator	Concur		Signature:		
	Do not concur				
	No opinion at this	stime	Date:		
CPMT	Concur	:	Signature:		
Chairperson	Do not concur				
	No opinion at this	stime	Date:		
COMMENTS: (Attac	COMMENTS: (Attach additional sheets if necessary)				
	Reviewed By: Click here to enter text. Date: Click here to enter a date.				

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Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: <u>Annette E. Larkin</u> Date Prepared: 7/6/2017

Discussion Point #:	MDP 2	Final Disposition: Verbal Report Dropped		
Cross References: D.1.1		Explanations for verbal/dropped:		
	Internal controls established by CSA statutes were not effectively implemented by the			
	CPMT in order to safe	guard against conflicts of interest pertaining to the referral of services		
	and approval of access	to CSA pool funds by eligible youth and their families. Non-public		
Condition/	members serving on the	ne CPMT and FAPT did not complete the Statement of Economic		
Control	Interest (SOEI) form a	s required by statute. In addition, CPMT did not verify that team		
Weakness	members representing	public agencies that were required to file such forms complied with		
	the requirement. Bas	sed on the increased possibility that required parties may not have		
		d personal interests the effectiveness of the controls to ensure		
	accountability and appr	copriate use of CSA pool funds could be significantly reduced.		
Authority/	Code of Virginia (CO	V) Sections: § 2.2-3100; § 2.2-3101; § 2.2-3115; § 2.2-3117; § 2.2		
Criteria	5205; DOA Agency Ri	sk Management and Internal Control Standards, Control Activities		
	The CPMT should en	sure that the SOEI forms are completed immediately for all non-		
		ag on the CPMT and FAPT, and verify that all public members on		
Recommendation				
	statute. They should also ensure that disclosure statements are completed annually thereafter, by the established due date of February 1 st .			
		CLIENT RESPONSE		
CSA Coordinator	Concur	Signature:		
	Do not concur			
	No opinion at this time	Date:		
CPMT	Concur	Signature:		
Chairperson	Do not concur			
No opinion at this time Date:				
COMMENTS: (Attach additional sheets if necessary)				
	Reviewed By: Click here to enter text. Date: Click here to enter a date.			

°CSA

Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: <u>Annette E. Larkin</u> Date Prepared: 7/6/2017

Discussion Point #:	MDP 3	Final Disposition: Verbal Report Dropped
Cross References: D.1.1		Explanations for verbal/dropped:
Condition/ Control Weakness	guidance, and/or best established to govern I and procedures manual improvement. • The policies and • Policies have no • While there is align with the Executive Cour Memorandum of provide ICC set updated since In the requirement removed the line services may be model. Outdated polices and prompliance with statut be reviewed at least an The non-compliance of conducted in 2013 of subsequently reported the observation reported for on-going monitorir of the plan and the activation reported the plan activation reported the plan and the activation reported the pla	practices which direct the CPMT to ensure that procedures are ocal CSA programs. A review of City of Hopewell CPMT policies of noted the following criteria were not met and opportunities for a procedures manual has not been updated since May 2014; but been established to govern records management/retention. The policy governing Intensive Care Coordination (ICC), it does not high fidelity wraparound (HFW) model adopted by the State ocil (SEC) in April 2013. In addition, Hopewell CSA provided a fixed from the MoA and the scope of services has not been March 2011 and does not address the provisions necessary to fulfill so of the HFW model. The current ICC policy adopted by the SEC nitation of ICC services only being provided through the CSB. ICC is provided by any provider trained in the high fidelity wraparound procedure increases the likelihood of employee's action being out of the organization pertaining to ICC was also identified in the CSA audit the City of Hopewell CSA program. The Hopewell CSA office to OCS that the quality improvement plan submitted in response to dwas in progress. The CPMT, as the governing body, is responsible to of the quality improvement plan to ensure timely implementation constaken are continuously working as intended.
Authority/	e ·	(7) § 2.2-5206; CSA Policy Manual 3.5 Records Management; 6.1 lation; Appropriation Act Chapter 780 item 285 C.3d; Department of
Criteria	Accounts Agency Risk	Management Internal Control Standards (ARMICS): Control Activities
Recommendation	The CPMT should init	iate an immediate review of their policies and procedures and update

[©]CSA

Office of Comprehensive Services CSA Program Audits

Audit Name: City of Hopewell CSA Program Audit No: 02-2017; Period: 5/1/16 -4/30/17

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION POINTS

Prepared By: <u>Annette E. Larkin</u> Date Prepared: 7/6/2017

	the policies where applicable to ensure full compliance with all Code of Virginia (COV)				
	and CSA mandates and best practices.				
		CLIENT RESPONSE			
CSA Coordinator	Concur	Signature:			
	Do not concur				
	No opinion at this t	ime Date:			
CPMT	Concur	Signature:			
Chairperson	Do not concur				
	No opinion at this t	ime Date:			
COMMENTS: (Attac	COMMENTS: (Attach additional sheets if necessary)				
		Reviewed By: Click here to enter text. Date: Click here to enter a date.			

Ronnieye Arrington

From: Wanda L. Brown

Sent: Tuesday, July 16, 2019 1:06 PM

To: Ronnieye Arrington

Subject:Quality Improvement PlanAttachments:List of changes to CSA.docx

Ms. Arrington,

I called Stephanie Bacote from OCS pertaining to a quality improvement plan submitted. She reminded me that I had completed a "List of Changes" as a corrective action plan during this time. She was too busy to look today however, she will look through the files tomorrow and forward any documentation if necessary.

I am sending this over but I am still looking to make certain I did not miss anything. It's just taking time because CSA does not keep hard copies and computer copies.

Wanda L. Brown, MA Children's Services Act Manager

City of Hopewell 316 E. Cawson Street Suite 119 Hopewell, Virginia Office (804)-541-2470 Fax (804)-541-2474

Email: wbrown@hopewellva.gov

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CSA and CPMT CHANGES

- The CSA Manager does not provide individual case management services for any cases funded through CSA.
- The CSA manager does not pay any invoices until they have been reviewed by the case managers and initialed.
- All FAPT documentation is required 7 days before the meeting. This is to ensure all required FAPT documentation is turned into the CSA office. Some allowances are made for DSS regarding emergency foster care placements.
- The CSA Manager does make suggestions regarding unknown vendors. The case managers make all vendor choices with final approval by FAPT.
- The CSA Manager will assist with updating the local CSA policy manual, which must be approved by CPMT before distribution to all CPMT members.
- Parents must sign off all ISFPs before services can begin.
- The CSA Manager will assess all eligible services copays. No services will begin until CPMT approval and co-pay assessment is completed.
- All vendors must sign a yearly contract with CPMT to include all accompanying documentation before becoming a vendor with the City of Hopewell.
- The CPMT team receives two reports during the monthly meeting. One report focuses on the monthly expenditures and the other report is year-to date expenditures.
- No community-based services will begin initially without CPMT approval.
- Hopewell CPMT has added a member of the City Council and Health Department to the CPMT meetings. Woody Harris (CSU) first CPMT meeting began after the potential fraudulent activity occurred. Mr. Harris has years of experience and knowledge pertaining to CPMT.

SB-5

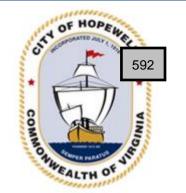


CITY OF HOPEWELL CITY COUNCIL ACTION FORM

tegic Operating Plan Vision Theme: Evic Engagement Culture & Recreation Conomic Development Culture ducation Cousing C	Order of Business: Consent Agenda Public Hearing Presentation-Boards/Commissions Unfinished Business Citizen/Councilor Request Regular Business Reports of Council Committees	Action: Approve and File Take Appropriate Action Receive & File (no motion required) Approve Ordinance 1 st Reading Approve Ordinance 2 nd Reading Set a Public Hearing Approve on Emergency Measure
COUNCIL AGENDA ITEM	TITLE:	
Audit Actions by Council		
ISSUE: Council is requested to include any and all necessary	to discuss actions to be taken regay voting.	arding the CAFRs, such actions
RECOMMENDATION:		
TIMING:		
BACKGROUND:		
ENCLOSED DOCUMENTS:	:	
• None		
STAFF:		
City Council		
MOTION:	FOR IN MEETING USE ONLY	, -
Roll Call		
SUMMARY: Y N Councilor Debbie Randolph, Ward Councilor Arlene Holloway, Ward Councilor John B. Partin, Ward #3 Mayor Jasmine Gore, Ward #4	#2	or Janice Denton, Ward #5 or Brenda Pelham, Ward #6 yor Patience Bennett, Ward #7

SB-6

Strategic Planning 2019 - 2021



City Council Strategic Plan

-working draft-

June, 2019

Strategic Planning 2019 - 2021

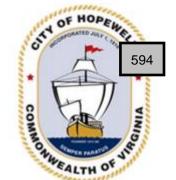
Original Strategic Themes 2014 - 2024



Strategic Planning 2019 - 2021

2020 – 24 Revised Strategic Goals/Objectives

*Same domain as prior plan but enhanced/revised objective



Housing: Ensure high quality affordable housing options for renters and home owners at all income levels and stages of life.

Health and Wellness: Enhance resources and conditions that affect where residents live, learn, work, and play that affect their mental, spiritual and physical health outcomes and life expectancy.

Infrastructure: Improve the overall appearance, functionality and perception of the City by providing excellent facilities, core services and neighborhood investment.*

Public Safety: Provide a safe and secure environment to strengthen internal and external perceptions of the city by improving cross-collaboration with strategic partner and enhance community relationships.*

Economic Development: Fully implement an integrated economic development plan that yields equitable job opportunities for all Hopewell citizens, enhances our tax base, and increases internal and external foot traffic in all commercial areas of the city*

Education/Workforce Development: Strengthen the education system and workforce development pipeline to promote higher graduation rates, enhanced learning opportunities, and a skilled workforce prepared for high quality job opportunities.*

Community and Cultural Development: Enhance resources to support citizens from all walks of life with comprehensive community services, civic events and opportunities for civic engagement. Implement strategic plans and initiatives that promote equity in all polices and cross-collaboration between the City, service providers and stakeholders.

Strategic Planning 2019 - 2021

Cross-Cutting Implementation Strategies

The following implementation strategies will build sustainable Council and administration capacity to achieve all strategic goals and objectives.



- 1. Establish clear roles, accountabilities and *guidelines* between City Council and administration
- 2. Establish key initiatives under each established Strategic Plan Domain
- 3. Implement branding/marketing campaign to internal and external audiences
- 4. Establish data-driven decision-making and accountability processes, grounded in a City-wide Data Dashboard
- 5. Establish mechanism to foster collaborative services and resources (Community Enhancement Initiative)
- 6. Increase opportunities for civic engagement
- 7. Enhance City-to-Citizen communication channels
- 8. Adopt *Equity-in-All-Policies* Framework

2020 - 2024 - Potential Strategic Initiatives/Priorities

Housing



Discussion from Council Advance:

- Much of the existing housing stock in antiquated and not attractive to homebuyers this is an obstacle to attracting new middle- upper-income residents
- In the past, there has been significant pushback to replace antiquated neighborhoods
- Old workforce housing is primarily rental with a lot of transient renters
- Blight and landlord accountability is a challenge
- Home ownership is inaccessible to people at different income levels (NEED DATA TO BACK-UP STATEMENT)
 - Credit Worthiness Issue (30-35% of income max for housing)
- A comprehensive housing improvement plan is already completed; while dated, it can be relooked at and updated for today's context

2020 - 2024 - Potential Strategic Initiatives/Priorities

Housing

- 1. Update and implement comprehensive housing blueprint that addresses housing needs for all segments of the community
 - Update data of current housing plan
 - Work with HRHA to partner
 - Use property maintenance inspection/spot blight data to identify areas/opportunities
 - Develop list of resources
- Strengthen policies to shift responsibility of paying wastewater fees to landlords from tenants
- 3. Require business licenses to operate individual rental properties
- 4. Rewrite of Current Zoning Ordinance to a Form Based Code
- 5. Rental Inspection Program Revisions short term goal
- 6. Renters Rights Advocacy
- 7. Plan for Public Housing
 - 1. Increase Security
 - 2. Disperse Units
- 8. Path to Homeownership in Public Housing (partner with DSS, concern loss of benefits ex. Richmond)
- 9. Homesteading Program for Employees (community grant programs)
- 10. 1st time Homebuyer Program Citywide (partner with Federal Home Loan Bank ATL)
- 11. "Brand" Neighborhood Use the Neighborhood Names/Signage



2020 - 2024 - Potential Strategic Initiatives/Priorities

Health and Wellness



Guidance from Council Advance:

- Access to healthy food across the city is a challenge with only three (3) full service grocery stores, most of the City can be considered a food desert
- While the City has invested in significant outdoor recreation opportunities (e.g. Riverwalk and park), it is important to continue to improve accessibility and quality to ensure equitable recreational opportunities for all Hopewell citizens
- There is a general lack of access to behavioral health resources

2020 - 2024 - Potential Strategic Initiatives/Priorities

Health and Wellness

- Recruit full-service grocery store(s) to accessible City location(s)
- Improve physical accessibility and public awareness of healthy eating and active living
- One-Stop Services Center that includes enhanced behavioral health services (built out District 19)
- Medi-cad Expansion additional resources (not case workers) to assist/develop programs
- Expand HEAL
- Local Foods Local Places expand effort/implement plan
- Implement Comp Plan Goals RE: Community Health and Care
 - "Health In All Policies" Policy
- Build partnership with JRMC increase community engagement
- Additional Resources to Assist City RC&D, Virginia Environmental Endowment, Ag Extension Agent
- Extension of Riverwalk to Bluffs Property
- Work with FOLAR & VDOT to connect Atwater Park connection to Appomattox River Regional Park
- Develop/Expand Trail System Citywide Trail Plan
- Outdoor Fitness Opportunities



2020 - 2024 - Potential Strategic Initiatives/Priorities

Infrastructure

Guidance from Advance:

- Prior plan focused on infrastructure/beautification in downtown area this has been a long-term effort with great results
- Investments in infrastructure and related economic development activities should broaden to other areas of the city with a focus on the Ft. Lee/Route 36 corridor



2020 - 2024 - Potential Strategic Initiatives/Priorities

Infrastructure

- Comprehensive Ft. Lee/Route 36 infrastructure and economic development plan
- Implement Complete Streets Resolution
 - ADA Accessible Sidewalks
- City Engineering Citywide Street Evaluation (DATA SOURCE)
- Citywide Paving Program Pave Each Street Once Every 10 years
 - Engineering Plan Citywide Cost (Previously Presented Revise)
- Citywide Curb & Gutter Program Construct C&G where possible
- Sidewalk Improvements
- Stormwater Improvements coordinated with Road Improvements
- Enhance Street-sweeping Operation Neighborhood Notification
- Developing Funding Policy to Earmark % of New Revenue for Infrastructure
- Develop 5-year CIP include "neighborhood" level improvements & funding/financing
- Incentives for Property Owners Stormwater Improvements
- Public Transportation New/Revised Routes
- Safe Routes to Schools Crosswalks/Sidewalks
- "Pothole Tracker"
- Environmentally Responsible Construction for Public Buildings (LEAD)
- Marina Maintenance and Expansion



2020 - 2024 - Potential Strategic Initiatives/Priorities

Public Safety

Guidance from Council Advance:

- While violent crime is up in very specific areas, overall crime is down and lower than the state
- Much of the violent crime is committed by people who live outside the City
- Fear of crime and public perception is a a significant problem

- Community Policing in targeted areas
- Comprehensive prevention programs in targeted areas (Community Enhancement project)
- Messaging campaign on safety statistics (incorporate into branding/marketing campaign and City-to-Citizen communication channels)
- Revision of Crime Statistics to reflect actual activity (shots fired, overdose, sexual assaults, etc.)
- Education/coordination of new ordinances with enforcement agencies to ensure ability to enforce



2020 - 2024 - Potential Strategic Initiatives/Priorities

Economic Development

Guidance from Council Advance:

- Continue to build on downtown revitalization but expand focus to Ft. Lee/Route 36 areas
- Immediate focus should be grow current industry base (industrial, healthcare)
 but establish longer-term goals of recruiting new industry (e.g. tech)

- Comprehensive Ft. Lee/Route 36 infrastructure and economic development plan
 - Colonial Corner/I-295 Gateway
- Increase Funding of Legacy Grant Program
- Increase Funding of Façade Improvement Program
- Review Grant Programs to provide opportunities in areas that are not included in Enterprise or Opportunity Zones – Equitable Economic Development
- Implement City Point Historic District Plan Tourism Emphasis (VCU Plan)
- "Brand" our Districts to Create an Identity Historic, Arts & Culture, etc.
- Support Weston Manor Expansion
- Re-establish City Tourism Office/Department



2020 - 2024 - Potential Strategic Initiatives/Priorities

Education/Workforce Development

Discussion from Council Advance:

- Significant progress has been made in K-12 education with accreditation of school system (can we say something in here about need for school readiness?)
- Lack of skilled, productive workforce has resulted in many unfilled jobs in current industry (industrial, public sector and healthcare) as well as an obstacle to recruiting new industries (e.g. tech)
- While there are a number of potential workforce development building blocks, today's system is fragmented and does not support effective career pipelines
- Workforce development initiatives should focus in the <u>short term</u> on preparing and recruiting workers for existing jobs, but work towards a longer-term goal of creating a skilled workforce for new industries

- Expand City Youth Workforce Development Programs
- Implement comprehensive regional service career development center with connections to other social supports (Community Enhancement project) – Local Industry and School CET Program
- Early Learning Nation Initiative
- After School Programming



2020 - 2024 - Potential Strategic Initiatives/Priorities

Community and Cultural Development

Discussion from Council Advance:

- Individuals, families and communities throughout Hopewell are challenged with lower education levels, lower incomes, and other social challenges
- In addition, there is a lack of citizen and community engagement throughout the city

- Comprehensive social service hub that includes behavioral health supports (District 19) and connections to an array of supports (Community Enhancement project)
- Expand early home visitation and parenting support programs for at-risk families
- Implement Citizen Education and Engagement processes throughout City departments and programs
- Beacon Theatre Strategic Plan
- High Quality Childcare
- Community Branding Initiative
- Mallonee Gym Renovation Youth and Family Resource Center; MOU with Schools
- Extend Work Week and Holiday Hours at the Convenience Center
- City Museum City Point
- Event Coordination Cultural Events
- Communication Tools Council Newsletter, Citizen Complaints, etc.



SB-7

SB-8



CITY OF HOPEWELL CITY COUNCIL ACTION FORM

Strategic Operating Plan Vision Theme:	Order of Business:	Action:
⊠Civic Engagement	Consent Agenda	Approve and File
Culture & Recreation	☐Public Hearing	
Economic Development	Presentation-Boards/Commissions	Receive & File (no motion required)
Education	Unfinished Business	☐ Approve Ordinance 1 st Reading
Housing	Citizen/Councilor Request	☐ Approve Ordinance 2 nd Reading
Safe & Healthy Environment	Regular Business	Set a Public Hearing
None (Does not apply)	Reports of Council Committees	Approve on Emergency Measure
None (Does not apply)		<u>=</u>

COUNCIL AGENDA ITEM TITLE:

"I Love Hopewell" National Night Out City Council contribution.

ISSUE: The City Council Workforce Intern has been working with Hopewell citizens and City staff to develop the "I Love Hopewell" Community Showcase. City Council has been briefed on the idea to create a showcase to be supportive of the National League of Cities (NLC) Summer of Love- I Love My City initiative. This initiative is asking for all member City's to encourage civic engagement, work towards building a community for all generations, uplifting legacy cities and ensuring housing for all.

To date the City Council has supported the Strategic Plan Town Halls, Summer Workforce Program and History with a Mystery App. The entire itinerary will be released to City Council for support by September.

We would like to request from City Council to purchase "I Love Hopewell" giveaways for this upcoming National Night Out event. The items purchased will be divided evenly between the wards, whose City Councilor participates in the group purchasing.

The current items priced include:

- 1. Stress Ball
- 2. Metal Keychains
- 3. Cup Koozies
- 4. Plastic Wristbands
- 5. Cellphone Ring Stands
- 6. Cellphone Wallets

We are asking for each member of City Councilor to contribute up to \$400.00 from their

SUMMARY:

Y N

Councilor Debbie Randolph, Ward #1

Councilor Arlene Holloway, Ward #2

□ Councilor John B. Partin, Ward #3

□ Mayor Jasmine Gore, Ward #4

YN

□ Councilor Janice Denton, Ward #5

□ □ Councilor Brenda Pelham, Ward #6

□ □ Vice Mayor Patience Bennett, Ward #7



Marketing Fund allocation for this group project. Each City Councilor will receive at least 50 pieces of each item listed to hand out within their ward for National Night Out or any other community event.

RECOMMENDATION: Request City Council approve using up to \$400.00 from their respective Marketing Fund allocation to purchase "I Love Hopewell" community giveaways for the upcoming National Night Out event.

TIMING: Immediate

BACKGROUND: https://www.accela.com/accela-insights-blog/love-my-city/

MOTION:	FOR IN MEETING USE ONLY		
Roll Call			

SUMMARY:

Y N

□ □ Councilor Debbie Randolph, Ward #1
□ □ Councilor Arlene Holloway, Ward #2

□ □ Councilor John B. Partin, Ward #3
□ □ Mayor Jasmine Gore, Ward #4

Y N

Councilor Janice Denton, Ward #5
 Councilor Brenda Pelham, Ward #6

□ □ Vice Mayor Patience Bennett, Ward #7

REPORTS OF THE CITY COUNCIL

- COMMITTEES
- INDIVIDUAL REQUEST
- ANY OTHER COUNCILOR

ADJOURN